

HB0181S02 compared with HB0181S01

~~text~~ shows text that was in HB0181S01 but was deleted in HB0181S02.

Inserted text shows text that was not in HB0181S01 but was inserted into HB0181S02.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Marc K. Roberts proposes the following substitute bill:

HOME CONSUMPTION AND HOMEMADE FOOD ACT

2018 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Marc K. Roberts

Senate Sponsor: Daniel Hemmert

Cosponsors:

Ken Ivory

Jeremy A. Peterson

Kim F. Coleman

A. Cory Maloy

Brian M. Greene

Michael E. Noel

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies Title 4, Utah Agricultural Code.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms; and
- ▶ states that home-based producers may be exempt from certain state, county, or city regulations regarding the preparation, serving, use, consumption, or storage of food and food products that are:

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- produced and sold within the state;
- sold directly to an informed final consumer; and
- for home consumption.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

ENACTS:

4-5a-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953

4-5a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953

4-5a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953

4-5a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953

4-5a-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **4-5a-101** is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 5a. HOME CONSUMPTION AND HOMEMADE FOOD ACT

4-5a-101. Title.

This chapter is known as the "Home Consumption and Homemade Food Act."

Section 2. Section **4-5a-102** is enacted to read:

4-5a-102. Definitions.

For purposes of this chapter:

(1) (a) "Commercial establishment" means a wholesale or retail business that displays, sells, manufactures, processes, packs, holds, or stores food, drugs, devices, or cosmetics.

(b) "Commercial establishment" does not include a:

(i) direct-to-sale location; or

(ii) direct-to-sale farmers market.

(2) "Direct-to-sale farmers market" means a public or private facility or area where producers gather on a regular basis to sell directly to an informed final consumer fresh food, locally grown products, and other food items that have not been certified, licensed, regulated,

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or inspected by state or local authorities.

(3) "Direct-to-sale location" means a farm, ranch, ~~direct-to-sale~~ farmers market, home, office, or any location agreed upon by both a producer and the informed final consumer where a producer sells a food or food product to an informed final consumer.

(4) "Home consumption" means the use or ingestion of homemade food or a homemade food product within a private home by a family member, an employee, or a nonpaying guest.

(5) "Homemade food product" means a ~~substance~~ food product that is prepared in a private home kitchen that can be used, or prepared for use, as food or nonalcoholic drink, subject to the limitation described in Subsection 4-5a-105(1).

(6) "Informed final consumer" means an individual who:

(a) purchases the product directly from the producer;

(b) does not resell the product; and

(c) has been informed that the product is not certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by the state.

(7) "Producer" means a person who harvests or produces homemade food or a homemade food product.

Section 3. Section **4-5a-103** is enacted to read:

4-5a-103. Regulation of a direct-to-sale farmers market.

(1) A direct-to-sale farmers market selling homemade food under this chapter shall:

(a) display signage indicating to an informed final consumer that the homemade food and food products sold by producers at the market have not been certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by state or local authorities; and

(b) only include products for sale that have not been certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by state or local authorities.

(2) If the direct-to-sale farmers market is in any way associated with a farmers market as defined in Subsection 4-5-102(5), the direct-to-sale farmers market section selling homemade food under this chapter shall comply with the following requirements:

(a) the direct-to-sale farmers market section shall be separated from the farmers market section; and

(b) the separate direct-to-sale farmers market section shall include signs or other

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markings clearly indicating which space is the farmers market space offering inspected items for sale and which space is the direct-to-sale farmers market space offering items that are uninspected.

(3) The department may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the signage described in Subsection (1).

Section 4. Section **4-5a-104** is enacted to read:

4-5a-104. Home producer direct sales -- Exempt from regulation.

(1) A producer is exempt from state, county, or city licensing, permitting, certification, inspection, packaging, and labeling requirements, except as described in this section, related to the preparation, serving, use, consumption, or storage of food and food products if:

(a) the producer complies with the requirements of this chapter; and

(b) the homemade food or homemade food product is:

(i) produced and sold within the state;

(ii) sold directly to an informed final consumer;

(iii) for home consumption; and

(iv) not exempted under Subsection 4-5a-105(1).

(2) notwithstanding Subsection (1), a producer shall comply with business license requirements pursuant to Section 10-1-203.

~~(2)~~³ Food or food products sold under this section shall be labeled with:

(a) the producer's name and address;

(b) a disclosure statement indicating that the product is:

(i) not for resale; and

(ii) processed and prepared without state or local inspection; and

(c) a statement listing whether the food or food product contains, or was prepared in a location that also handles, common allergens including milk, soy, wheat, eggs, peanuts~~(1)~~ or tree nuts, fish, or shellfish.

~~(3)~~⁴ (a) Except as provided in Subsection ~~(3)~~⁴(b), homemade food or a homemade food product that is exempt from certain regulations as described in this chapter may not be sold to, or used by, a restaurant or commercial establishment.

(b) A producer may sell a raw, unprocessed fruit or vegetable to a restaurant or commercial establishment.

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~~(4)~~(5) A producer selling homemade food or homemade food products exempt under this section shall inform the final consumer that the food or food product is not certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by the state or any county or city.

Section 5. Section **4-5a-105** is enacted to read:

4-5a-105. Limitations.

(1) This chapter does not apply to the sale of:

(a) raw dairy or raw dairy products; or

(b) meat products, with the following exceptions:

(i) the sale of poultry and poultry products if the producer:

(A) slaughters no more than 1,000 birds per year in accordance with the ~~U.S.D.A.~~ United States Department of Agriculture 1,000 bird exemption; and

(B) follows the United States Department of ~~Agriculture~~ Agriculture's, Food Safety and Inspection Service document titled "Guidance for Determining Whether A Poultry Slaughter or Processing Operation is Exempt from Inspection Requirements of the Poultry Products Inspection Act"; and

(ii) the sale of domesticated rabbit meat, pending approval from the United States Department of Agriculture that the state's role in meat inspection is preserved.

(2) Nothing in this chapter:

(a) means that the department relinquishes its authority to administer the state's program at a standard level at least equal to the standards imposed under the Federal Meat and Poultry Products Inspection Act;

(b) shall be construed to impede the Department of Health in an investigation of ~~food borne~~ foodborne illness;

(c) prohibits a state agency from providing assistance, consulting, or inspecting when requested by a producer; or

(d) affects the authority of the Department of Health or the Department of Agriculture and Food to certify, license, regulate, or inspect food or food products that are not exempt from certification, licensing, regulation, or inspection as described in this chapter.

(3) The department may not, by rule, impose an additional limit, requirement, or restriction on a producer selling food or a food product under this chapter.