

## HB0218S06 compared with HB0218S05

~~{deleted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0218S05 but was deleted in HB0218S06.

Inserted text shows text that was not in HB0218S05 but was inserted into HB0218S06.

**DISCLAIMER:** This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

~~{Representative Karianne Lisonbee}~~Senator Deidre M. Henderson proposes the following substitute bill:

### MODIFICATIONS TO ELECTION LAW

2018 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Rebecca Chavez-Houck**

Senate Sponsor: ~~{~~ Deidre M. Henderson

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#### LONG TITLE

##### General Description:

This bill amends provisions of the Election Code.

##### Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ amends definitions;
- ▶ provides that an otherwise eligible voter may register to vote, and vote, by casting a provisional ballot on election day or during the early voting period;
- ▶ amends provisions relating to voter registration deadlines and the information provided to applicants for voter registration;
- ▶ changes the deadline for filing an absentee ballot application and for casting an absentee ballot in person;

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- ▶ amends provisions for removing a voter from the absentee ballot list;
- ▶ requires the lieutenant governor to report to the Government Operations Interim Committee regarding implementation of the provisions of this bill;
- ▶ simplifies the process by which an individual may register to vote when the individual applies for or renews the individual's driver license or state identification card;
- ▶ allows an individual to register as an absentee voter when the individual applies for or renews the individual's driver license or state identification card;
- ▶ allows any individual to request that the individual's voter registration record be classified as a private record;
- ▶ allows certain information in a driver license or state identification card application form to be used for voter registration purposes;
- ▶ amends provisions relating to the process by which a voter may request that the voter's voter registration record be classified as a private record;
- ▶ requires a county clerk to send certain information to an individual who registers to vote;
- ▶ provides certain requirements for conducting an election by absentee ballot;
- ▶ requires a county that conducts an election by absentee ballot to provide a certain number of polling places on the date of an election; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

### Other Special Clauses:

~~{ None }~~ This bill provides a coordination clause.

### Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

**20A-2-102.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 98 and 231

**20A-2-104**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130

**20A-2-108**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130

**20A-2-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 130 and 394

**20A-2-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130

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20A-2-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130  
20A-2-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130  
20A-2-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130  
20A-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 91  
20A-2-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 52  
20A-2-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 79  
20A-3-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 235, 327 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 327  
20A-3-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 394  
20A-3-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 124  
20A-3-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 58  
20A-3-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 320  
20A-4-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 98, 231 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 231  
20A-6-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 373  
63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 168 and 282

### ENACTS:

20A-2-207, Utah Code Annotated 1953

### Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:

20A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 130

20A-3-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 58

20A-4-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 98, 231 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 231

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*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

Section 1. Section **20A-2-102.5** is amended to read:

#### **20A-2-102.5. Voter registration deadline.**

(1) Except as provided in Section 20A-2-201, 20A-2-204, 20A-2-206, 20A-2-207, or 20A-4-107[5] or Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act, a person who fails to submit a correctly completed voter registration form on or before the voter registration deadline may not vote in the election.

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(2) The voter registration deadline is 30 calendar days before the date of the election.

Section 2. Section **20A-2-104** is amended to read:

**20A-2-104. Voter registration form -- Registered voter lists -- Fees for copies.**

(1) An individual applying for voter registration, or an individual preregistering to vote, shall complete a voter registration form in substantially the following form:

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**UTAH ELECTION REGISTRATION FORM**

Are you a citizen of the United States of America? Yes No

If you checked "no" to the above question, do not complete this form.

Will you be 18 years of age on or before election day? Yes No

If you checked "no" to the above question, are you 16 or 17 years of age and preregistering to vote? Yes No

If you checked "no" to both of the prior two questions, do not complete this form.

Name of Voter

\_\_\_\_\_  
First Middle Last

Utah Driver License or Utah Identification Card Number \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

Street Address of Principal Place of Residence

\_\_\_\_\_  
City County State Zip Code

Telephone Number (optional) \_\_\_\_\_

Last four digits of Social Security Number \_\_\_\_\_

Last former address at which I was registered to vote (if known) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
City County State Zip Code

Political Party

(a listing of each registered political party, as defined in Section 20A-8-101 and maintained by the lieutenant governor under Section 67-1a-2, with each party's name preceded by a checkbox)

Unaffiliated (no political party preference)  Other (Please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

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I do swear (or affirm), subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the information contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state of Utah, residing at the above address. Unless I have indicated above that I am preregistering to vote in a later election, I will be at least 18 years of age and will have resided in Utah for 30 days immediately before the next election. I am not a convicted felon currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.

Signed and sworn

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Voter's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_ (month/day/year).

"The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's driver license or identification card number, Social Security number, and email address is a private record. The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's date of birth is a private record, the use of which is restricted to government officials, government employees, political parties, or certain other persons.

~~[If you believe that disclosure of any information contained in this voter registration form to a person other than a government official or government employee is likely to put you or a member of your household's life or safety at risk, or to put you or a member of your household at risk of being stalked or harassed, you]~~ You may apply to the lieutenant governor or your county clerk to have your entire voter registration record classified as private."

### CITIZENSHIP AFFIDAVIT

Name:

Name at birth, if different:

Place of birth:

Date of birth:

Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):

I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and correct.

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Signature of Applicant

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In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or allowing yourself to be registered or preregistered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register or preregister to vote is up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500.

NOTICE: IN ORDER TO BE ALLOWED TO VOTE, YOU MUST PRESENT VALID VOTER IDENTIFICATION TO THE POLL WORKER BEFORE VOTING, WHICH MUST BE A VALID FORM OF PHOTO IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOWS YOUR NAME AND PHOTOGRAPH; OR

TWO DIFFERENT FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOW YOUR NAME AND CURRENT ADDRESS.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Type of I.D. \_\_\_\_\_

Voting Precinct \_\_\_\_\_

Voting I.D. Number \_\_\_\_\_

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(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (2)(b), the county clerk shall retain a copy of each voter registration form in a permanent countywide alphabetical file, which may be electronic or some other recognized system.

(b) The county clerk may transfer a superseded voter registration form to the Division of Archives and Records Service created under Section 63A-12-101.

(3) (a) Each county clerk shall retain lists of currently registered voters.

(b) The lieutenant governor shall maintain a list of registered voters in electronic form.

(c) If there are any discrepancies between the two lists, the county clerk's list is the official list.

(d) The lieutenant governor and the county clerks may charge the fees established under the authority of Subsection 63G-2-203(10) to individuals who wish to obtain a copy of the list of registered voters.

(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "qualified person" means:

(i) a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or a government employee;

(ii) a health care provider, as defined in Section 26-33a-102, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a health care provider;

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(iii) an insurance company, as defined in Section 67-4a-102, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of an insurance company;

(iv) a financial institution, as defined in Section 7-1-103, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a financial institution;

(v) a political party, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a political party; or

(vi) a person, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of the person, who:

(A) provides the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters only to a person who is a qualified person;

(B) verifies that a person, described in Subsection (4)(a)(vi)(A), to whom a date of birth that is obtained from the list of registered voters is provided, is a qualified person;

(C) ensures, using industry standard security measures, that the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters may not be accessed by a person other than a qualified person;

(D) verifies that each qualified person, other than a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) or (v), to whom the person provides the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters, will only use the date of birth to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse;

(E) verifies that each qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), to whom the person provides the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters, will only use the date of birth in the qualified person's capacity as a government official or government employee; and

(F) verifies that each qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v), to whom the person provides the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters, will only use the date of birth for a political purpose.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j)(iv), and except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k), the lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall, when providing the list of registered voters to a qualified person under this section, include, with the list, the dates of birth of the registered voters, if:

(i) the lieutenant governor or a county clerk verifies the identity of the person and that

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the person is a qualified person; and

(ii) the qualified person signs a document that includes the following:

(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the list of registered voters;

(B) an indication of the type of qualified person that the person requesting the list claims to be;

(C) a statement regarding the purpose for which the person desires to obtain the dates of birth;

(D) a list of the purposes for which the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters may be used;

(E) a statement that the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters may not be provided or used for a purpose other than a purpose described under Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D);

(F) a statement that if the person obtains the date of birth of a registered voter from the list of registered voters under false pretenses, or provides or uses the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a manner that is prohibited by law, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and is subject to a civil fine;

(G) an assertion from the person that the person will not provide or use the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a manner that is prohibited by law; and

(H) notice that if the person makes a false statement in the document, the person is punishable by law under Section 76-8-504.

(c) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the date of birth of a registered voter to a person that the lieutenant governor or county clerk reasonably believes:

(i) is not a qualified person or a person described in Subsection (4)(~~k~~)(j); or

(ii) will provide or use the date of birth in a manner prohibited by law.

(d) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the voter registration form of a person, or information included in the person's voter registration form, whose voter registration form is classified as private under Subsection (4)(f) to a person other than a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or government employee.

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(e) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the person:

(i) obtains the date of birth of a registered voter from the list of registered voters under false pretenses; or

(ii) uses or provides the date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters, in a manner that is not permitted by law.

(f) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall classify the voter registration record of a voter as a private record if the voter submits~~[(+)]~~ a written application, created by the lieutenant governor, requesting that the voter's voter registration record be classified as private~~[; and]~~.

~~[(ii) provides evidence to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk establishing that release of the information on the voter's voter registration record is likely to put the voter or a member of the voter's household's life or safety at risk, or to put the voter or a member of the voter's household at risk of being stalked or harassed.]~~

~~[(g) The evidence described in Subsection (4)(f) may include:]~~

~~[(i) a protective order;]~~

~~[(ii) a police report; or]~~

~~[(iii) other evidence designated by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, by the director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.]~~

~~[(h)]~~ (g) In addition to any criminal penalty that may be imposed under this section, the lieutenant governor may impose a civil fine against a person who obtains the date of birth of a registered voter from the list of registered voters under false pretenses, or provides or uses a date of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a manner that is not permitted by law, in an amount equal to the greater of:

(i) the product of 30 and the square root of the total number of dates of birth obtained, provided, or used unlawfully, rounded to the nearest whole dollar; or

(ii) \$200.

~~[(+)]~~ (h) A qualified person may not obtain, provide, or use the date of birth of a registered voter, if the date of birth is obtained from the list of registered voters or from a voter registration record, unless the person:

(i) is a government official or government employee who obtains, provides, or uses the

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date of birth in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or government employee;

(ii) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), (iii), or (iv) and obtains or uses the date of birth only to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse;

(iii) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) and obtains, provides, or uses the date of birth for a political purpose; or

(iv) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(vi) and obtains, provides, or uses the date of birth to provide the date of birth to another qualified person to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse.

~~(f)~~ (i) A person who is not a qualified person may not obtain, provide, or use the date of birth of a registered voter, if the date of birth is obtained from the list of registered voters or from a voter registration record, unless the person:

(i) is a candidate for public office and uses the date of birth only for a political purpose; or

(ii) obtains the date of birth from a political party or a candidate for public office and uses the date of birth only for the purpose of assisting the political party or candidate for public office to fulfill a political purpose.

~~(k)~~ (j) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may provide a date of birth to a member of the media, in relation to an individual designated by the member of the media, in order for the member of the media to verify the identity of the individual.

(5) When political parties not listed on the voter registration form qualify as registered political parties under Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party Formation and Procedures, the lieutenant governor shall inform the county clerks about the name of the new political party and direct the county clerks to ensure that the voter registration form is modified to include that political party.

(6) Upon receipt of a voter registration form from an applicant, the county clerk or the clerk's designee shall:

(a) review each voter registration form for completeness and accuracy; and

(b) if the county clerk believes, based upon a review of the form, that an individual

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may be seeking to register or preregister to vote who is not legally entitled to register or preregister to vote, refer the form to the county attorney for investigation and possible prosecution.

Section 3. Section **20A-2-108** is amended to read:

**20A-2-108. Driver license or state identification card registration form --**

### **Transmittal of information.**

(1) As used in this section, "qualifying form" means:

(a) a driver license application form; or

(b) a state identification card application form.

~~[(1)] (2) The lieutenant governor and the Driver License Division shall design [the driver license application and renewal forms to include the following questions:] each qualifying form to include:~~

(a) the following question, which an applicant is required to answer: "Do you authorize the use of information in this form for voter registration purposes? YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_\_\_";

(b) the following question, which an applicant is required to answer if the applicant answers "yes" to the question described in Subsection (2)(a): "Any voter may register as an absentee voter to receive ballots by mail. A voter may change this designation at any time. Would you like to be registered as an absentee voter to receive your ballots by mail? YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_\_\_"; and

(c) the following statement: "You may request that your voter registration record be classified as a private record by indicating here: \_\_\_\_\_ Yes, I would like to request that my voter registration record be classified as a private record."

~~[(a) "If you are not registered to vote where you live now, would you like to register to vote today?"; and]~~

~~[(b) "If you are 16 or 17 years of age, and will not be 18 years of age before the date of the next election, would you like to preregister to vote today?"]~~

~~[(2)(a) The lieutenant governor and the Driver License Division shall design a motor voter registration form to be used in conjunction with driver license application and renewal forms:]~~

~~[(b) Each driver license application and renewal form shall contain:]~~

~~[(i) a place for the applicant to decline to register or preregister to vote;]~~

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~~[(ii) an eligibility statement in substantially the following form:]~~

~~["I do swear (or affirm), subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the information contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state of Utah, residing at the above address. Unless I have indicated above that I am preregistering to vote in a later election, I will be at least 18 years of age and will have resided in Utah for 30 days immediately before the next election.]"~~

~~[Signed and sworn]~~

~~[\_\_\_\_\_]~~

~~[Voter's Signature]~~

~~[\_\_\_\_\_(month\day\year)";]~~

~~[(iii) a citizenship affidavit in substantially the following form:]~~

~~["CITIZENSHIP AFFIDAVIT]~~

~~[Name:]~~

~~[Name at birth, if different:]~~

~~[Place of birth:]~~

~~[Date of birth:]~~

~~[Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):]~~

~~[I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and correct.]~~

~~[\_\_\_\_\_]~~

~~[Signature of Applicant]~~

~~[In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or allowing yourself to be registered or preregistered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register or preregister to vote is up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500";]~~

(3) The lieutenant governor and the Driver License Division shall ensure that a qualifying form contains:

(a) a place for an individual to affirm the individual's citizenship, voting eligibility, and Utah residency, and that the information provided in the form is true;

(b) a records disclosure that is similar to the records disclosure on a voter registration form described in Section 20A-2-104;

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~~[(iv)]~~ (c) a statement that if an applicant declines to register or preregister to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to register or preregister will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes;

~~[(v)]~~ (d) a statement that if an applicant does register or preregister to vote, the office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes; and

(e) if the applicant answers "yes" to the question described in Subsection (2)(a), a space where an individual may, if desired:

(i) indicate the individual's desired political affiliation from a listing of each registered political party, as defined in Section 20A-8-101;

(ii) specify a political party that is not listed under Subsection (3)(e)(i) with which the individual desires to affiliate; or

(iii) indicate that the individual does not wish to affiliate with a political party.

~~[(vi) the following statement:]~~

~~["The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's driver license or identification card number, Social Security number, and email address is a private record. The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's date of birth is a private record, the use of which is restricted to government officials, government employees, political parties, or certain other persons.]~~

~~[If you believe that disclosure of any information contained in this voter registration form to a person other than a government official or government employee is likely to put you or a member of your household's life or safety at risk, or to put you or a member of your household at risk of being stalked or harassed, you may apply to the lieutenant governor or your county clerk to have your entire voter registration record classified as private."]~~

~~[(3) Upon receipt of a voter registration form from an applicant, the county clerk or the clerk's designee shall:]~~

~~[(a) review the voter registration form for completeness and accuracy, and]~~

~~[(b) if the county clerk believes, based upon a review of the form, that a person may be seeking to register or preregister to vote who is not legally entitled to register or preregister to vote, refer the form to the county attorney for investigation and possible prosecution.]~~

Section 4. Section **20A-2-201** is amended to read:

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### 20A-2-201. Registering to vote at office of county clerk.

(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the county clerk shall register to vote each individual who registers in person at the county clerk's office during designated office hours if the individual will, on the date of the election, be legally eligible to vote in a voting precinct in the county in accordance with Section 20A-2-101.

(2) If an individual who is registering to vote submits a registration form in person at the office of the county clerk during designated office hours, during the period beginning on the date after the voter registration deadline and ending on the date that is 15 calendar days before the date of the election, the county clerk shall:

(a) accept the form if the individual, on the date of the election, will be legally qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the county; and

(b) inform the individual that the individual will be registered to vote in the pending election.

(3) If an individual who is registering to vote and who will be legally qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the county on the date of an election appears in person, during designated office hours, and submits a registration form on the date of the election or during the 14 calendar days before an election, the county clerk shall:

(a) accept the registration form; and

(b) (i) if ~~it is~~ the individual submits the registration form seven or more calendar days before the date of an election, inform the individual that:

(A) ~~inform the individual that~~ the individual is registered to vote in the pending election; and

(B) for the pending election, the individual must vote on the day of the election ~~[and is not eligible to vote using early voting under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early Voting]~~ or by provisional ballot, under Section 20A-2-207, during the early voting period described in Section 20A-3-601, because the individual registered [too] late; or

(ii) ~~[except as provided in Subsection 20A-4-108(5), if it is]~~ if the individual submits the registration form on the date of an election or during the six calendar days before an election, inform the individual ~~[that the individual]:~~

(A) of each manner still available to the individual to timely register to vote in the current election; and

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(B) that, if the individual does not timely register in a manner described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A), the individual will be registered to vote but may not vote in the pending election because the individual registered [too] late.

Section 5. Section **20A-2-202** is amended to read:

### **20A-2-202. Registration by mail.**

(1) (a) A citizen who will be qualified to vote at the next election may register by mail.

(b) To register by mail, a citizen shall complete and sign the by-mail registration form and mail or deliver it to the county clerk of the county in which the citizen resides.

(c) In order to register to vote in a particular election, the citizen shall:

(i) address the by-mail voter registration form to the county clerk; and

(ii) ensure that [it] the by-mail voter registration form is postmarked on or before the voter registration deadline or is otherwise marked by the post office as received by the post office on or before the voter registration deadline.

(d) The citizen has effectively registered to vote under this section only when the county clerk's office has received a correctly completed by-mail voter registration form.

(2) Upon receipt of a correctly completed by-mail voter registration form, the county clerk shall, unless the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote:

(a) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in which the applicant resides; and

(b) mail confirmation of registration to the newly registered voter after entering the applicant's voting precinct number on that copy.

(3) [(a)] If the county clerk receives a correctly completed by-mail voter registration form that is postmarked after the voter registration deadline, and is not otherwise marked by the post office as received by the post office before the voter registration deadline, the county clerk shall [~~unless~~]:

(a) if the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote[:(t)], comply with Section 20A-2-101.1; or

(b) (i) unless the individual timely registers to vote in the current election in a manner that permits registration after the voter registration deadline, register the [applicant] individual after the next election; and

(ii) if possible, promptly [~~phone or~~] mail a notice to, or otherwise notify, the

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[applicant] individual before the election, informing the [applicant that his] individual:

(A) of each manner still available to the individual to timely register to vote in the current election; and

(B) that, if the individual does not timely register in a manner described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A), the individual's registration will not be effective until after the election.

~~[(b)]~~ (4) When the county clerk receives a correctly completed by-mail voter registration form at least seven days before an election that is postmarked on or before the date of the voter registration deadline, or is otherwise marked by the post office as received by the post office on or before the voter registration deadline, the county clerk shall:

~~[(i)]~~ (a) process the by-mail voter registration form; and

~~[(ii)]~~ (b) record the new voter in the official register.

~~[(4)]~~ (5) If the county clerk determines that a registration form received by mail or otherwise is incorrect because of an error or because it is incomplete, the county clerk shall mail notice to the person attempting to register or preregister, stating that the person has not been registered or preregistered because of an error or because the form is incomplete.

Section 6. Section **20A-2-204** is amended to read:

### **20A-2-204. Registering to vote when applying for or renewing a driver license.**

(1) As used in this section, "voter registration form" means ~~[the driver license application/voter registration form and the driver license renewal/voter registration form required by Section 20A-2-108.],~~ when an individual named on a qualifying form, as defined in Section 20A-2-108, answers "yes" to the question described in Subsection 20A-2-108(2)(a), the information on the qualifying form that can be used for voter registration purposes.

(2) (a) ~~[Any]~~ A citizen who is qualified to vote may register to vote, and ~~[any]~~ a citizen who is qualified to preregister to vote may preregister to vote, by answering "yes" to the question described in Subsection 20A-2-108(2)(a) and completing the voter registration form.

(3) The Driver License Division shall:

(a) assist ~~[applicants]~~ an individual in completing the voter registration form unless the ~~[applicant]~~ individual refuses assistance;

~~[(b)]~~ accept a completed voter registration form and transmit the form to the county clerk of the county in which the applicant resides within five days after the day on which the division receives the form;

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~~[(c)] (b) electronically transmit each address change to the lieutenant governor within five days after the day on which the division receives the address change; and~~

~~[(d) transmit electronically to the lieutenant governor's office the name, address, birth date, and driver license number of each individual who answers "yes" to a question described in Subsection 20A-2-108(1), and indicate whether the individual is registering or preregistering to vote.]~~

~~[(4)(a) Upon receipt of a correctly completed voter registration form from an individual who is registering to vote, the county clerk shall:]~~

~~[(i) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in which the applicant resides; and]~~

~~[(ii) notify the applicant of registration:]~~

~~[(b) Upon receipt of a correctly completed voter registration form from an individual who is preregistering to vote, the county clerk shall]~~

(c) within five days after the day on which the division receives a voter registration form, electronically transmit the form to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, including the following for the individual named on the form:

(i) the name, date of birth, driver license or state identification card number, last four digits of the social security number, Utah residential address, place of birth, and signature;

(ii) a mailing address, if different from the individual's Utah residential address;

(iii) an email address and phone number, if available;

(iv) the desired political affiliation, if indicated; and

(v) an indication of whether the individual requested that the individual's voter registration record be classified as a private record under Subsection 20A-2-108(2)(c).

(4) Upon receipt of an individual's voter registration form from the Driver License Division under Subsection (3), the lieutenant governor shall:

(a) enter the information into the statewide voter registration database; and

(b) if the individual requests on the individual's voter registration form that the individual's voter registration record be classified as a private record, classify the individual's voter registration record as a private record.

(5) The county clerk of an individual whose information is entered into the statewide voter registration database under Subsection (4) shall:

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(a) ensure that the individual meets the qualifications to be registered or preregistered to vote; and

(b) (i) if the individual meets the qualifications to be registered to vote:

(A) ensure that the individual is assigned to the proper voting precinct; and

(B) send the individual the notice described in Section 20A-2-304; or

(ii) if the individual meets the qualifications to be preregistered to vote, process the form in accordance with the requirements of Section 20A-2-101.1.

~~[(5) (a) If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form that is dated after the voter registration deadline, the county clerk shall, unless]~~

~~[the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote: (i)]~~

~~[register the applicant after the next election; and]~~

~~[(ii) if possible, promptly phone or mail a notice to the applicant before the election, informing the applicant that his]~~

~~[registration will not be effective until after the election.]~~

~~[(b) When the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form at least seven days before an election that is dated on or before the voter registration deadline, the county clerk shall, unless the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote:]~~

~~[(i) process the voter registration form; and]~~

~~[(ii) record the new voter in the official register.]~~

(6) An individual shall submit the application and evidence described in Subsection (5)(c)(i)(B) to the county clerk within 30 days after the day on which the county clerk sends the notice described in Subsection (5)(c)(i).

(7) (a) When the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form under this section, the clerk shall:

(i) comply with the applicable provisions of this Subsection (7); or

(ii) if the individual is preregistering to vote, comply with Section 20A-2-101.1.

(b) If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form under this section during the period beginning on the date after the voter registration deadline and ending on the date that is 15 calendar days before the date of an election, the county clerk shall:

(i) accept the voter registration form; and

(ii) unless the individual is preregistering to vote, inform the individual that the

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individual is registered to vote in the pending election.

(c) If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form under this section during the period beginning on the date that is 14 calendar days before the election and ending on the date that is seven calendar days before the election, the county clerk shall:

(i) accept the voter registration form; and

(ii) unless the individual is preregistering to vote, inform the individual that:

(A) the individual is registered to vote in the pending election; and

(B) for the pending election, the individual must vote on the day of the election or by provisional ballot, under Section 20A-2-207, during the early voting period described in Section 20A-3-601 because the individual registered late.

(d) If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form under this section during the six calendar days before an election, the county clerk shall:

(i) accept the application for registration if the individual; and

(ii) unless the individual is preregistering to vote, inform the individual:

(A) of each manner still available to the individual to timely register to vote in the current election; and

(B) that, if the individual does not timely register in a manner described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A), the individual is registered to vote but may not vote in the pending election because the individual registered late.

~~[(6)]~~ (8) (a) If the county clerk determines that [a] an individual's voter registration form received from the Driver License Division is incorrect because of an error [or], because [it] the form is incomplete, or because the individual does not meet the qualifications to be registered to vote, the county clerk shall mail notice to the individual [~~attempting to register or preregister to vote;~~] stating that the individual has not been registered or preregistered because of an error [or], because the form is incomplete, or because the individual does not meet the qualifications to be registered to vote.

(b) If a county clerk believes, based upon a review of a voter registration form, that an individual, who knows that the individual is not legally entitled to register or preregister to vote, may be intentionally seeking to register or preregister to vote, the county clerk shall refer the form to the county attorney for investigation and possible prosecution.

Section 7. Section **20A-2-205** is amended to read:

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### 20A-2-205. Registration at voter registration agencies.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Discretionary voter registration agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-2-300.5.

(b) "Public assistance agency" means each office in Utah that provides:

(i) public assistance; or

(ii) state funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to people with disabilities.

(2) An individual may obtain and complete a by-mail registration form at a public assistance agency or discretionary voter registration agency.

(3) Each public assistance agency and discretionary voter registration agency shall provide, either as part of existing forms or on a separate form, the following information in substantially the following form:

#### "REGISTERING TO VOTE

If you are not registered to vote where you live now, would you like to apply to register or preregister to vote here today? (The decision of whether to register or preregister to vote will not affect the amount of assistance that you will be provided by this agency.) Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_

IF YOU DO NOT CHECK EITHER BOX, YOU WILL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE

DECIDED NOT TO REGISTER OR PREREGISTER TO VOTE AT THIS TIME. If you

would like help in filling out the voter registration form, we will help you. The decision about

whether to seek or accept help is yours. You may fill out the application form in private. If

you believe that someone has interfered with your right to register or preregister or to decline to

register or preregister to vote, your right to privacy in deciding whether to register or

preregister, or in applying to register or preregister to vote, or your right to choose your own

political party or other political preference, you may file a complaint with the Office of the

Lieutenant Governor, State Capitol Building, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114. (The phone number

of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor)."

(4) Unless a person applying for service or assistance from a public assistance agency or discretionary voter registration agency declines, in writing, to register or preregister to vote, each public assistance agency and discretionary voter registration agency shall:

(a) distribute a by-mail voter registration form with each application for service or

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assistance provided by the agency or office;

(b) assist applicants in completing the voter registration form unless the applicant refuses assistance;

(c) accept completed forms for transmittal to the appropriate election official; and

(d) transmit a copy of each voter registration form to the appropriate election official within five days after it is received by the division.

(5) A person in a public assistance agency or a discretionary voter registration agency that helps a person complete the voter registration form may not:

(a) seek to influence an applicant's political preference or party registration;

(b) display any political preference or party allegiance;

(c) make any statement to an applicant or take any action that has the purpose or effect of discouraging the applicant from registering to vote; or

(d) make any statement to an applicant or take any action that has the purpose or effect of leading the applicant to believe that a decision of whether to register or preregister has any bearing upon the availability of services or benefits.

(6) Upon receipt of a correctly completed voter registration form, the county clerk shall, unless the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote:

(a) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in which the applicant resides; and

(b) notify the applicant of registration.

(7) ~~(a)~~ If the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form that is dated after the voter registration deadline, the county clerk shall ~~unless~~:

(a) if the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote~~(i)~~, comply with Section 20A-2-101.1; or

(b) (i) unless the individual timely registers to vote in the current election in a manner that permits registration after the voter registration deadline, register the [applicant] individual after the next election; and

(ii) if possible, promptly phone or mail a notice to the [applicant] individual before the election, informing the [applicant that his] individual:

(A) of each manner still available to the individual to timely register to vote in the current election; and

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(B) that, if the individual does not timely register in a manner described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(A), the individual's registration will not be effective until after the election.

~~[(b)]~~ (8) When the county clerk receives a correctly completed voter registration form at least seven days before an election that is dated on or before the voter registration deadline, the county clerk shall:

~~[(i)]~~ (a) process the voter registration form; and

~~[(ii)]~~ (b) record the new voter in the official register.

~~[(8)]~~ (9) If the county clerk determines that a voter registration form received from a public assistance agency or discretionary voter registration agency is incorrect because of an error or because it is incomplete, the county clerk shall mail notice to the individual attempting to register or preregister to vote, stating that the individual has not been registered or preregistered to vote because of an error or because the form is incomplete.

Section 8. Section **20A-2-206** is amended to read:

### **20A-2-206. Electronic registration -- Requests for absentee ballot application.**

(1) The lieutenant governor may create and maintain an electronic system that is publicly available on the Internet for an individual to apply for voter registration or preregistration and for an individual to request an absentee ballot.

(2) An electronic system for voter registration or preregistration shall require:

(a) that an applicant have a valid driver license or identification card, issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, that reflects the applicant's current principal place of residence;

(b) that the applicant provide the information required by Section 20A-2-104, except that the applicant's signature may be obtained in the manner described in Subsections (2)(d) and (4);

(c) that the applicant attest to the truth of the information provided; and

(d) that the applicant authorize the lieutenant governor's and county clerk's use of the applicant's:

(i) driver license or identification card signature, obtained under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, for voter registration purposes; or

(ii) signature on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-109.

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(3) Notwithstanding Section 20A-2-104, an applicant using the electronic system for voter registration or preregistration created under this section is not required to complete a printed registration form.

(4) A system created and maintained under this section shall provide the notices concerning a voter's presentation of identification contained in Subsection 20A-2-104(1).

(5) The lieutenant governor shall:

(a) obtain a digital copy of the applicant's driver license or identification card signature from the Driver License Division; or

(b) ensure that the applicant's signature is already on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-109.

(6) The lieutenant governor shall send the information to the county clerk for the county in which the applicant's principal place of residence is found for further action as required by Section 20A-2-304 after:

(a) receiving all information from an applicant; and

(b) (i) receiving all information from the Driver License Division; or

(ii) ensuring that the applicant's signature is already on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-109.

(7) The lieutenant governor may use additional security measures to ensure the accuracy and integrity of an electronically submitted voter registration.

(8) ~~(a)~~ If an individual applies to register under this section during the period beginning on the date after the voter registration deadline and ending on the date that is 15 calendar days before the date of an election, the county clerk shall, unless the individual is preregistering to vote:

~~(i)~~ (a) accept the application for registration if the individual, on the date of the election, will be legally qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the state; and

~~(ii)~~ (b) inform the individual that the individual is registered to vote in the pending election.

~~(b)~~ (9) If an individual applies to register under this section during the period beginning on the date that is 14 calendar days before the election and ending on the date that is seven calendar days before the election, the county clerk shall, unless the individual is preregistering to vote:

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~~[(†)]~~ (a) accept the application for registration if the individual, on the date of the election, will be legally qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the state; and

~~[(††)]~~ (b) inform the individual that:

~~[(A)]~~ (i) the individual is registered to vote in the pending election; and

~~[(B)]~~ (ii) for the pending election, the individual must vote on the day of the election ~~[and is not eligible to vote using early voting under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early Voting, because the individual registered too late]~~ or by provisional ballot, under Section 20A-2-207, during the early voting period described in Section 20A-3-601 because the individual registered late.

~~[(↔)]~~ (10) If an individual applies to register under this section during the six calendar days before an election, the county clerk shall ~~[-unless]~~:

(a) if the individual is preregistering to vote~~[-(†)], comply with Section 20A-2-101.1;~~

or

(b) (i) accept the application for registration if the individual, on the date of the election, will be legally qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the state; and

(ii) unless the individual timely registers to vote in the current election in a manner that permits registration after the voter registration deadline, inform the individual ~~[that the individual]~~:

(A) of each manner still available to the individual to timely register to vote in the current election; and

(B) that, if the individual does not timely register in a manner described in Subsection (10)(b)(ii)(A), the individual is registered to vote but may not vote in the pending election because the individual registered ~~[too]~~ late.

~~[(↔)]~~ (11) (a) A registered voter may file an application for an absentee ballot in accordance with Section 20A-3-304 on the electronic system for voter registration established under this section.

(b) The lieutenant governor shall provide a means by which a registered voter shall sign the application form as provided in Section 20A-3-304.

Section 9. Section **20A-2-207** is enacted to read:

**20A-2-207. Registration by provisional ballot.**

(1) An individual who is not registered to vote may register to vote, and vote, on election day or during the early voting period described in Section 20A-3-601, by voting a

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provisional ballot, if:

- (a) the individual is otherwise legally entitled to vote the ballot;
- (b) the ballot is identical to the ballot for the precinct in which the individual resides;
- (c) the information on the provisional ballot form is complete; and
- (d) the individual provides valid voter identification and proof of residence to the poll

worker.

(2) If a provisional ballot and the individual who voted the ballot comply with the requirements described in Subsection (1), the election officer shall:

- (a) consider the provisional ballot a voter registration form;
- (b) place the ballot with the absentee ballots, to be counted with those ballots at the canvass; and

(c) as soon as reasonably possible, register the individual to vote.

(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the election officer shall retain a provisional ballot form, uncounted, for the period specified in Section 20A-4-202, if the election officer determines that the individual who voted the ballot:

- (a) is not registered to vote and is not eligible for registration under this section; or
- (b) is not legally entitled to vote the ballot that the individual voted.

(4) Subsection (3) does not apply if a court orders the election officer to produce or count the provisional ballot.

(5) The lieutenant governor shall report to the Government Operations Interim Committee on or before October 31, 2018, and on or before October 31, 2020, regarding:

(a) implementation of registration by provisional ballot, as described in this section, on a statewide basis;

(b) any difficulties resulting from the implementation described in Subsection (5)(a);

(c) the effect of registration by provisional ballot on voter participation in Utah;

(d) the number of ballots cast by voters who registered by provisional ballot:

(i) during the early voting period described in Section 20A-3-601; and

(ii) on election day; and

(e) suggested changes in the law relating to registration by provisional ballot.

Section 10. Section **20A-2-304** is amended to read:

**20A-2-304. County clerk's responsibilities -- Notice of disposition.**

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Each county clerk shall:

- (1) register to vote each ~~[applicant for registration]~~ individual who meets the requirements for registration and who:
  - (a) submits a completed voter registration form to the county clerk ~~[on or before the voter registration deadline]~~;
  - (b) submits a completed voter registration form, as defined in Section 20A-2-204, to the Driver License Division~~;~~;
  - (c) submits a completed voter registration form to a public assistance agency~~;~~ or a discretionary voter registration agency ~~[on or before the voter registration deadline]~~; or
  - ~~[(c)]~~ (d) mails a completed by-mail voter registration form to the county clerk ~~[on or before the voter registration deadline]~~; and
- (2) within 30 days after the day on which the county clerk processes a voter registration ~~[application]~~ form, send a notice to the individual who submits the ~~[application]~~ form that:
  - (a) (i) informs the individual that the individual's ~~[application for]~~ voter registration form has been accepted and that the individual is registered to vote;
  - (ii) informs the individual of the procedure for designating or changing the individual's political affiliation; and
  - (iii) informs the individual of the procedure to cancel a voter registration;
- (b) informs the individual that the individual's ~~[application for]~~ voter registration form has been rejected and the reason for the rejection; or
- (c) (i) informs the individual that the ~~[application for]~~ individual's voter registration form is being returned to the individual for further action because the ~~[application]~~ form is incomplete; and
- (ii) gives instructions to the individual on how to properly complete the ~~[application]~~ form.

Section 11. Section **20A-2-306** is amended to read:

**20A-2-306. Removing names from the official register -- Determining and confirming change of residence.**

- (1) A county clerk may not remove a voter's name from the official register on the grounds that the voter has changed residence unless the voter:
  - (a) confirms in writing that the voter has changed residence to a place outside the

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county; or

(b) (i) has not voted in an election during the period beginning on the date of the notice required by Subsection (3), and ending on the day after the date of the second regular general election occurring after the date of the notice; and

(ii) has failed to respond to the notice required by Subsection (3).

(2) (a) When a county clerk obtains information that a voter's address has changed and it appears that the voter still resides within the same county, the county clerk shall:

(i) change the official register to show the voter's new address; and

(ii) send to the voter, by forwardable mail, the notice required by Subsection (3) printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form.

(b) When a county clerk obtains information that a voter's address has changed and it appears that the voter now resides in a different county, the county clerk shall verify the changed residence by sending to the voter, by forwardable mail, the notice required by Subsection (3) printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form.

(3) Each county clerk shall use substantially the following form to notify voters whose addresses have changed:

"VOTER REGISTRATION NOTICE

We have been notified that your residence has changed. Please read, complete, and return this form so that we can update our voter registration records. What is your current street address?

---

Street	City	County	State	Zip
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If you have not changed your residence or have moved but stayed within the same county, you must complete and return this form to the county clerk so that it is received by the county clerk no later than 30 days before the date of the election. If you fail to return this form within that time:

- you may be required to show evidence of your address to the poll worker before being allowed to vote in either of the next two regular general elections; or

- if you fail to vote at least once from the date this notice was mailed until the passing of two regular general elections, you will no longer be registered to vote. If you have changed your residence and have moved to a different county in Utah, you may register to vote by

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contacting the county clerk in your county.

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Signature of Voter"

"The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's driver license or identification card number, social security number, and email address is a private record. The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's date of birth is a private record, the use of which is restricted to government officials, government employees, political parties, or certain other persons.

~~[If you believe that disclosure of any information contained in this voter registration form to a person other than a government official or government employee is likely to put you or a member of your household's life or safety at risk, or to put you or a member of your household at risk of being stalked or harassed, you]~~ You may apply to the lieutenant governor or your county clerk to have your entire voter registration record classified as private."

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the county clerk may not remove the names of any voters from the official register during the 90 days before a regular primary election and the 90 days before a regular general election.

(b) The county clerk may remove the names of voters from the official register during the 90 days before a regular primary election and the 90 days before a regular general election if:

- (i) the voter requests, in writing, that the voter's name be removed; or
- (ii) the voter has died.

(c) (i) After a county clerk mails a notice as required in this section, the county clerk may list that voter as inactive.

(ii) If a county clerk receives a returned voter identification card, determines that there was no clerical error causing the card to be returned, and has no further information to contact the voter, the county clerk may list that voter as inactive.

(iii) An inactive voter shall be allowed to vote, sign petitions, and have all other privileges of a registered voter.

(iv) A county is not required to send routine mailings to an inactive voter and is not required to count inactive voters when dividing precincts and preparing supplies.

Section 12. Section **20A-2-307** is amended to read:

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### 20A-2-307. County clerks' instructions to election judges.

(1) Each county clerk shall instruct election judges to allow a voter to vote a regular ballot if:

(a) the voter has moved from one address within a voting precinct to another address within the same voting precinct; and

(b) the voter affirms the change of address orally or in writing before the election judges.

(2) Each county clerk shall instruct election judges to allow ~~[a person]~~ an individual to vote a provisional ballot if:

(a) the individual is not registered to vote, but is otherwise legally entitled to vote under Section 20A-2-207;

~~[(a)]~~ (b) the voter's name does not appear on the official register; or

~~[(b)]~~ (c) the voter is challenged as provided in Section 20A-3-202.

Section 13. Section **20A-3-302** is amended to read:

### **20A-3-302. Conducting election by absentee ballot prohibited -- Exception.**

(1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 17B-1-306, an election officer may administer an election ~~[entirely]~~ by absentee ballot under this section.

(b) An election officer who administers an election ~~[entirely]~~ by absentee ballot, except for an election conducted under Section 20A-7-609.5, shall, before the following dates, notify the lieutenant governor that the election will be administered ~~[entirely]~~ by absentee ballot:

(i) February 1 of an even-numbered year if the election is a regular general election; or

(ii) May 1 of an odd-numbered year if the election is a municipal general election.

(2) ~~[If the]~~ An election officer ~~[decides to administer]~~ who administers an election ~~[entirely]~~ by absentee ballot~~[- the election officer]~~:

(a) shall mail to each ~~[registered]~~ active voter within ~~[that]~~ a voting precinct:

~~[(a)]~~ (i) an absentee ballot;

~~[(b)]~~ (ii) for an election administered by a county clerk, information regarding the location and hours of operation of any election day voting center at which the voter may vote;

~~[(c)]~~ (iii) a courtesy reply mail envelope;

~~[(d)]~~ (iv) instructions for returning the ballot that include an express notice about any relevant deadlines that the voter must meet in order for the voter's vote to be counted; and

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~~(e)~~ (v) for an election administered by an election officer other than a county clerk, if the election officer does not operate a polling location or an election day voting center, a warning, on a separate page of colored paper in bold face print, indicating that if the voter fails to follow the instructions included with the absentee ballot, the voter will be unable to vote in that election because there will be no polling place in the voting precinct on the day of the election[-]; and

(b) may not mail an absentee ballot under this section to:

(i) an inactive voter; or

(ii) a voter whom the election officer is prohibited from sending an absentee ballot under Subsection (8)(c)(ii).

(3) A voter who votes by absentee ballot under this section is not required to apply for an absentee ballot as required by this part.

(4) An election officer who administers an election [~~entirely~~] by absentee ballot shall:

(a) (i) obtain, in person, the signatures of each voter within that voting precinct before the election; or

(ii) obtain the signature of each voter within the voting precinct from the county clerk; and

(b) maintain the signatures on file in the election officer's office.

(5) Upon receipt of a returned absentee ballot, the election officer shall review and process the ballot under Section 20A-3-308.

(6) A county that administers an election [~~entirely~~] by absentee ballot:

(a) shall provide at least one election day voting center in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 3, Part 7, Election Day Voting Center, for every 5,000 active voters in the county who will not receive an absentee ballot, but not fewer than one election day voting center;

(b) shall ensure that [~~an~~] each election day voting center operated by the county has at least one voting device that is accessible, in accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-252, for individuals with disabilities;

(c) may reduce the early voting period described in Section 20A-6-301, if:

(i) the county clerk conducts early voting on at least four days;

(ii) the early voting days are within the period beginning on the date that is 14 days before the date of the election and ending on the day before the election; and

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(iii) the county clerk provides notice of the reduced early voting period in accordance with Section 20A-3-604;

~~[(c)]~~ (d) is not required to pay return postage for an absentee ballot; and

~~[(d)]~~ (e) is subject to an audit conducted under Subsection (7).

(7) (a) The lieutenant governor shall:

(i) develop procedures for conducting an audit of affidavit signatures on ballots cast in an election conducted under this section; and

(ii) after each primary, general, or special election conducted under this section, select a number of ballots, in varying jurisdictions, to audit in accordance with the procedures developed under Subsection (7)(a)(i).

(b) The lieutenant governor shall post the results of an audit conducted under this Subsection (7) on the lieutenant governor's website.

(8) (a) An individual in a jurisdiction that conducts an election by absentee ballot may request that the election officer not send the individual a ballot by mail in the next and subsequent elections by submitting a written request to the election officer.

(b) An individual shall submit the request described in Subsection (8)(a) to the election officer at least 60 days before an election if the individual does not wish to receive an absentee ballot in that election.

(c) An election officer who receives a request from an individual under Subsection (8)(a):

(i) shall remove the individual's name from the list of voters who will receive an absentee ballot; and

(ii) may not send the individual an absentee ballot for:

(A) the next election, if the individual submits the request described in Subsection (8)(a) before the deadline described in Subsection (8)(b); or

(B) an election after the election described in Subsection (8)(c)(ii)(A).

(d) An individual who submits a request under Subsection (8)(a) may resume the individual's receipt of an absentee ballot in an election conducted under this section by filing an absentee ballot request under Section 20A-3-304.

Section 14. Section **20A-3-304** is amended to read:

**20A-3-304. Application for absentee ballot -- Time for filing and voting.**

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(1) (a) [~~Any~~] A registered voter who wishes to vote an absentee ballot may [~~either:(i)~~] file an absentee ballot application:

[~~(A)~~] (i) on the electronic system maintained by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-2-206; [~~or~~]

[~~(B)~~] (ii) with the appropriate election officer for an official absentee ballot as provided in this section; or

(iii) by answering "yes" to the question described in Subsection 20A-2-108(2)(a) when registering to vote while filing a driver license or state identification card application.

[~~(ii)~~] (b) An absentee voter may vote in person at the office of the appropriate election officer as provided in Section 20A-3-306.

[~~(b)~~] (c) A person that collects a completed absentee ballot application from a registered voter shall file the completed absentee ballot application with the appropriate election official before the earlier of:

(i) 14 days after the day on which the registered voter signed the absentee ballot form;

or

(ii) the [~~Thursday~~] Tuesday before the next election.

(2) As it relates to an absentee ballot application to be filled out entirely by the voter:

(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the lieutenant governor or election officer shall approve an application form for absentee ballot applications:

(i) in substantially the following form:

"I, \_\_\_\_\_, a qualified elector, residing at \_\_\_\_\_ Street, \_\_\_\_\_ City, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Utah apply for an official absentee ballot to be voted by me at the election.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ (month\day\year) Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Voter"; and

(ii) that asks the voter to indicate whether the voter wishes to maintain absentee voter status:

(A) until the voter requests otherwise at a future date; or

(B) until a date specified by the voter in the application form; and

(b) the lieutenant governor or election officer shall approve an application form for regular primary elections and for the Western States Presidential Primary:

(i) in substantially the following form:

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"I, \_\_\_\_\_, a qualified elector, residing at \_\_\_\_\_ Street, \_\_\_\_\_ City, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Utah apply for an official absentee ballot for the \_\_\_\_\_ political party to be voted by me at the primary election.

I understand that I must be affiliated with or authorized to vote the political party's ballot that I request.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ (month\day\year) \_\_\_\_\_ Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Voter"; and

(ii) that asks the voter to indicate whether the voter wishes to maintain absentee voter status:

(A) until the voter requests otherwise at a future date; or

(B) until a date specified by the voter in the application form.

(3) If requested by the applicant, the election officer shall:

(a) mail or fax the application form to the absentee voter; or

(b) deliver the application form to any voter who personally applies for it at the office of the election officer.

(4) As it relates to an absentee ballot application to be filled out for, and finished and signed by, a voter:

(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the lieutenant governor or election officer shall approve an application form for absentee ballot applications:

(i) in substantially the following form:

"I, \_\_\_\_\_, a qualified elector, residing at \_\_\_\_\_ Street, \_\_\_\_\_ City, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Utah apply for an official absentee ballot to be voted by me at the election.

I understand that a person that collects this absentee ballot application is required to file it with the appropriate election official before the earlier of fourteen days after the day on which I sign the application or the [~~Thursday~~ Tuesday] before the next election.

This form is provided by (insert name of person or organization).

I have verified that the information on this application is correct.

I understand that I will receive a ballot at the following address: (insert address and an adjacent check box);

OR

I request that the ballot be mailed to the following address: (insert blank space for an

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address and an adjacent check box).

Date \_\_\_\_\_ (month\day\year) Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Voter"; and

(ii) that asks the voter to indicate whether the voter wishes to maintain absentee voter status:

(A) until the voter requests otherwise at a future date; or

(B) until a date specified by the voter in the application form; and

(b) the lieutenant governor or election officer shall approve an application form for regular primary elections and for the Western States Presidential Primary:

(i) in substantially the following form:

"I, \_\_\_\_\_, a qualified elector, residing at \_\_\_\_\_ Street, \_\_\_\_\_ City, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Utah apply for an official absentee ballot for the \_\_\_\_\_ political party to be voted by me at the primary election.

I understand that I must be affiliated with or authorized to vote the political party's ballot that I request. I understand that a person that collects this absentee ballot application is required to file it with the appropriate election official before the earlier of fourteen days after the day on which I sign the application or the [~~Thursday~~ Tuesday] before the next primary election.

This form is provided by (insert name of person or organization).

I have verified that the information on this application is correct.

I understand that I will receive a ballot at the following address: (insert address and an adjacent check box);

OR

I request that the ballot be mailed to the following address: (insert blank space for an address and an adjacent check box).

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ (month\day\year) \_\_\_\_\_ Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Voter"; and

(ii) that asks the voter to indicate whether the voter wishes to maintain absentee voter status:

(A) until the voter requests otherwise at a future date; or

(B) until a date specified by the voter in the application form.

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(5) The forms described in Subsections (2) and (4) shall contain instructions on how a voter may cancel an absentee ballot application.

(6) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3-306(2)(a), a voter who wishes to vote by absentee ballot shall file the application for an absentee ballot with the lieutenant governor or appropriate election officer no later than the [~~Thursday~~] Tuesday before election day.

(7) (a) A county clerk shall establish an absentee voter list containing the name of each voter who:

- (i) requests absentee voter status; and
- (ii) meets the requirements of this section.

(b) A county clerk may not remove a voter's name from the list described in Subsection (7)(a) unless:

- (i) the voter is no longer listed in the official register;
- (ii) the voter cancels the voter's absentee status; [~~or~~]
- (iii) the voter's name is removed on the date specified by the voter on the absentee ballot application form[-:]; or

(iv) the county clerk is required to remove the voter's name from the list under Subsection (7)(c) or 20A-3-302(8)(c)(ii).

(c) A county clerk shall remove a voter's name from the list described in Subsection (7)(a) if the voter fails to vote in two consecutive regular general elections.

[~~(d)~~] (d) (i) Each year, the clerk shall mail a questionnaire to each voter whose name is on the absentee voter list.

- (ii) The questionnaire shall allow the voter to:
  - (A) verify the voter's residence; or
  - (B) cancel the voter's absentee status.

[~~(d)~~] (e) The clerk shall provide a copy of the absentee voter list to election officers for use in elections.

Section 15. Section **20A-3-306** is amended to read:

### **20A-3-306. Voting ballot -- Returning ballot.**

(1) (a) Except as provided by Section 20A-1-308, to vote a mail-in absentee ballot, the absentee voter shall:

- (i) complete and sign the affidavit on the envelope;

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(ii) mark the votes on the absentee ballot;  
(iii) place the voted absentee ballot in the envelope;  
(iv) securely seal the envelope; and  
(v) attach postage, unless voting in accordance with Section 20A-3-302, and deposit the envelope in the mail or deliver it in person to the election officer from whom the ballot was obtained.

(b) Except as provided by Section 20A-1-308, to vote an absentee ballot in person at the office of the election officer, the absent voter shall:

- (i) complete and sign the affidavit on the envelope;
- (ii) mark the votes on the absent-voter ballot;
- (iii) place the voted absent-voter ballot in the envelope;
- (iv) securely seal the envelope; and
- (v) give the ballot and envelope to the election officer.

(2) Except as provided by Section 20A-1-308, an absentee ballot is not valid unless:

(a) in the case of an absentee ballot that is voted in person, the ballot is:

(i) applied for and cast in person at the office of the appropriate election officer no later than the [~~Thursday~~] Tuesday before election day; or

(ii) submitted on election day at a polling location in the political subdivision where the absentee voter resides;

(b) in the case of an absentee ballot that is submitted by mail, the ballot is:

(i) clearly postmarked before election day, or otherwise clearly marked by the post office as received by the post office before election day; and

(ii) received in the office of the election officer before noon on the day of the official canvass following the election; or

(c) in the case of a military-overseas ballot, the ballot is submitted in accordance with Section 20A-16-404.

(3) An absentee voter may submit a completed absentee ballot at a polling location in a political subdivision holding the election, if the absentee voter resides in the political subdivision.

(4) An absentee voter may submit an incomplete absentee ballot at a polling location for the voting precinct where the voter resides, request that the ballot be declared spoiled, and

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vote in person.

Section 16. Section **20A-3-601** is amended to read:

### **20A-3-601. Early voting.**

(1) (a) An individual who is registered to vote may vote before the election date in accordance with this section.

(b) An individual who is not registered to vote may register to vote and vote before the election date in accordance with this section if the individual:

(i) is otherwise legally entitled to vote the ballot [~~in a jurisdiction that is approved by the lieutenant governor to participate in the pilot project described in Section 20A-4-108~~]; and

(ii) casts a provisional ballot in accordance with Section [~~20A-4-108~~] 20A-2-207.

(2) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308 or Subsection (3), the early voting period shall:

(a) begin on the date that is 14 days before the date of the election; and

(b) continue through the Friday before the election if the election date is a Tuesday.

(3) An election officer may extend the end of the early voting period to the day before the election date if the election officer provides notice of the extension in accordance with Section 20A-3-604.

(4) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, during the early voting period, the election officer:

(a) for a local special election, a municipal primary election, and a municipal general election:

(i) shall conduct early voting on a minimum of four days during each week of the early voting period; and

(ii) shall conduct early voting on the last day of the early voting period; and

(b) for all other elections:

(i) shall conduct early voting on each weekday; and

(ii) may elect to conduct early voting on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

(5) Except as specifically provided in this Part 6, Early Voting, or Section 20A-1-308, early voting shall be administered according to the requirements of this title.

Section 17. Section **20A-3-605** is amended to read:

### **20A-3-605. Exemptions from early voting.**

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(1) (a) This part does not apply to an election of a board member of a local district.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a local district may, at its discretion, provide early voting in accordance with this part for an election of a board member.

(2) Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 20A-3-601, a municipality of the fifth class or a town as described in Section 10-2-301 may provide early voting as provided under this part for:

(a) a municipal primary election; or

(b) a municipal general election.

(3) A municipality [~~or county~~] that administers an election entirely by absentee ballot, in accordance with Section 20A-3-302, is not required to conduct early voting for the election.

Section 18. Section **20A-4-107** is amended to read:

### **20A-4-107. Review and disposition of provisional ballot envelopes.**

(1) As used in this section, a person is "legally entitled to vote" if:

(a) the person:

(i) is registered to vote in the state;

(ii) votes the ballot for the voting precinct in which the person resides; and

(iii) provides valid voter identification to the poll worker;

(b) the person:

(i) is registered to vote in the state;

(ii) (A) provided valid voter identification to the poll worker; or

(B) either failed to provide valid voter identification or the documents provided as valid voter identification were inadequate and the poll worker recorded that fact in the official register but the county clerk verifies the person's identity and residence through some other means; and

(iii) did not vote in the person's precinct of residence, but the ballot that the person voted was from the person's county of residence and includes one or more candidates or ballot propositions on the ballot voted in the person's precinct of residence; or

(c) the person:

(i) is registered to vote in the state;

(ii) either failed to provide valid voter identification or the documents provided as valid voter identification were inadequate and the poll worker recorded that fact in the official

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register; and

(iii) (A) the county clerk verifies the person's identity and residence through some other means as reliable as photo identification; or

(B) the person provides valid voter identification to the county clerk or an election officer who is administering the election by the close of normal office hours on Monday after the date of the election.

(2) (a) Upon receipt of a provisional ballot [~~envelopes~~] form, the election officer shall review the affirmation on the [~~face of each~~] provisional ballot [~~envelope~~] form and determine if the person signing the affirmation is:

(i) registered to vote in this state; and

(ii) legally entitled to vote:

(A) the ballot that the person voted; or

(B) if the ballot is from the person's county of residence, for at least one ballot proposition or candidate on the ballot that the person voted.

(b) [~~Hf~~] Except as provided in Section 20A-2-207, if the election officer determines that the person is not registered to vote in this state or is not legally entitled to vote in the county or for any of the ballot propositions or candidates on the ballot that the person voted, the election officer shall retain the ballot [~~envelope, unopened~~] form, uncounted, for the period specified in Section 20A-4-202 unless ordered by a court to produce or count it.

(c) If the election officer determines that the person is registered to vote in this state and is legally entitled to vote in the county and for at least one of the ballot propositions or candidates on the ballot that the person voted, the election officer shall [~~remove the ballot from the provisional ballot envelope and~~] place the provisional ballot with the absentee ballots to be counted with those ballots at the canvass.

(d) The election officer may not count, or allow to be counted a provisional ballot unless the person's identity and residence is established by a preponderance of the evidence.

(3) If the election officer determines that the person is registered to vote in this state, or if the voter registers to vote in accordance with Section 20A-2-207, the election officer shall ensure that the voter registration records are updated to reflect the information provided on the provisional ballot [~~envelope~~] form.

(4) [~~Hf~~] Except as provided in Section 20A-2-207, if the election officer determines that

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the person is not registered to vote in this state and the information on the provisional ballot [~~envelope~~] form is complete, the election officer shall:

(a) consider the provisional ballot [~~envelope~~] form a voter registration form for the person's county of residence; and

(b) (i) register the person if the voter's county of residence is within the county; or

(ii) forward the voter registration form to the election officer of the person's county of residence, which election officer shall register the person.

(5) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the election officer shall [~~remove the ballot from~~] place a provisional ballot [~~envelope and place the ballot~~] with the absentee ballots to be counted with those ballots at the canvass, if:

(a) (i) the election officer determines, in accordance with the provisions of this section, that the sole reason a provisional ballot may not otherwise be counted is because the voter registration was filed less than [~~eight~~] seven days before the election;

(ii) [~~eight~~] seven or more days before the election, the individual who cast the provisional ballot:

(A) completed and signed the voter registration; and

(B) provided the voter registration to another person to file;

(iii) the late filing was made due to the person described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(B) filing the voter registration less than [~~eight~~] seven days before the election; and

(iv) the election officer receives the voter registration no later than one day before the day of the election; or

(b) the provisional ballot is cast on or before election day [~~in a county or municipality that is approved by the lieutenant governor to participate in the pilot project and the provisional ballot~~] and is not otherwise prohibited from being counted under the provisions of this chapter.

Section 19. Section **20A-6-105** is amended to read:

### **20A-6-105. Provisional ballot envelopes.**

(1) Each election officer shall ensure that provisional ballot envelopes are printed in substantially the following form:

"AFFIRMATION

Are you a citizen of the United States of America? Yes No

Will you be 18 years old on or before election day? Yes No

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If you checked "no" in response to either of the two above questions, do not complete this form.

Name of Voter \_\_\_\_\_

First

Middle

Last

Driver License or Identification Card Number \_\_\_\_\_

State of Issuance of Driver License or Identification Card Number \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

Street Address of Principal Place of Residence

\_\_\_\_\_  
City County State Zip Code

Telephone Number (optional) \_\_\_\_\_

Last four digits of Social Security Number \_\_\_\_\_

Last former address at which I was registered to vote (if known)

\_\_\_\_\_  
City County State Zip Code

Voting Precinct (if known)

\_\_\_\_\_  
I, (please print your full name) \_\_\_\_\_ do solemnly swear or affirm:

That I am currently registered to vote in the state of Utah and am eligible to vote in this election; that I have not voted in this election in any other precinct; that I am eligible to vote in this precinct; and that I request that I be permitted to vote in this precinct; and

Subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the information contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of Utah, residing at the above address; and that I am at least 18 years old and have resided in Utah for the 30 days immediately before this election.

Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Dated \_\_\_\_\_

In accordance with Section 20A-3-506, wilfully providing false information above is a class B misdemeanor under Utah law and is punishable by imprisonment and by fine."

"The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's driver license or

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identification card number, social security number, and email address is a private record. The portion of a voter registration form that lists a person's date of birth is a private record, the use of which is restricted to government officials, government employees, political parties, or certain other persons.

~~[If you believe that disclosure of any information contained in this voter registration form to a person other than a government official or government employee is likely to put you or a member of your household's life or safety at risk, or to put you or a member of your household at risk of being stalked or harassed, you]~~ You may apply to the lieutenant governor or your county clerk to have your entire voter registration record classified as private."

### "CITIZENSHIP AFFIDAVIT

Name:

Name at birth, if different:

Place of birth:

Date of birth:

Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):

I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and correct.

---

Signature of Applicant

In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or allowing yourself to be registered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register to vote is up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500."

(2) The provisional ballot envelope shall include:

(a) a unique number;

(b) a detachable part that includes the unique number; and

(c) a telephone number, internet address, or other indicator of a means, in accordance with Section 20A-6-105.5, where the voter can find out if the provisional ballot was counted.

Section 20. Section **63G-2-302** is amended to read:

### **63G-2-302. Private records.**

(1) The following records are private:

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- (a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits, social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
- (b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
- (c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records identify a patron;
- (d) records received by or generated by or for:
  - (i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
    - (A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and
    - (B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
  - (ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints, unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
- (e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
- (f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
  - (i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
    - (A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the committee; or
    - (B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or impartial hearing; and
  - (ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
- (g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address, home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll deductions;
- (h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
- (i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 31A-26-202,

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58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;

(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:

(i) driver license or identification card number;

(ii) Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security number;

(iii) email address; or

(iv) date of birth;

(k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-104(4)(f) [~~or~~], 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), or 20A-2-204(4)(b);

(l) a record that:

(i) contains information about an individual;

(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and

(iii) goes into an electronic database that:

(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information Officer; and

(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;

(m) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:

(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);

(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or

(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);

(n) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter 40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;

(o) information provided by an offender that is:

(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry or Title 77, Chapter 43, Child Abuse Registry; and

(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4) or 77-43-108(4);

(p) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing involves homeland security;

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(q) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer travel data;

(r) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 20A-16-501;

(s) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title 20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;

(t) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission established in Section 11-49-201, except for:

(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 11-49-202; and

(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 49, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;

(u) a record described in Subsection 53A-11a-203(3) that verifies that a parent was notified of an incident or threat; and

(v) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with Section 63A-3-201.

(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:

(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b);

(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:

(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);

(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with a financial assurance requirement; or

(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;

(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

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(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;

(f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services, created in Section 62A-3-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; and

(g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section 77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for recordings that:

(i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;

(ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;

(iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

(iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Section 76-2-408(1)(d);

or

(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.

(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.

(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics, doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:

(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or

(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.

(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.

**Section 21. Coordinating H.B. 218 with S.B. 74 -- Substantive amendments.**

## **HB0218S06 compared with HB0218S05**

If this H.B. 218 and S.B. 74, Voter Privacy Amendments, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that, when the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication, Subsection 20A-2-104(6) in S.B. 74, is amended to read:

"(6) (a) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall classify the voter registration record of a voter as a private record if the voter submits a written application, created by the lieutenant governor, requesting that the voter's voter registration record be classified as private.

(b) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the voter registration form of an individual, or information included in the individual's voter registration form, whose voter registration form is classified as private under Subsection (6)(a) to a person, other than a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or government employee. "

### Section 22. Coordinating H.B. 218 with S.B. 17 -- Technical amendments.

If this H.B. 218 and S.B. 17, Election Law Modifications, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendments to Section 20A-4-107 in this H.B. 218 supersede the amendments to Section 20A-4-107 in S.B. 17, when the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication.

### Section 23. Coordinating H.B. 218 with S.B. 116 -- Technical amendments.

If this H.B. 218 and S.B. 116, Revisor's Technical Corrections to Utah Code, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendments to Sections 20A-3-601 and 20A-4-107 in this H.B. 218 supersede the amendments to Sections 20A-3-601 and 20A-4-107 in S.B. 116, when the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication.

### Section 24. Coordinating H.B. 218 with H.B. 141 -- Technical amendments.

If this H.B. 218 and H.B. 141, Early Voting Amendments, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendments to Subsection 20A-3-601(1) in this H.B. 218 supersede the amendments to Subsection 20A-3-601(1) in H.B. 141, when the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication.