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COUNTY GOVERNMENT CHANGE ELECTION AMENDMENTS

2018 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

plan to be approved by the county legislative body or subjected to a petition before



26	the optional plan is submitted to the voters;
27	<ul> <li>requires a county clerk to post an optional plan on the county's website for a</li> </ul>
28	specified period of time before an election on the optional plan;
29	<ul> <li>provides that an optional plan is adopted if approved by a majority of voters that</li> </ul>
30	vote on the optional plan;
31	<ul> <li>provides for the appointment of a chair of a study committee;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>requires a study committee to submit a report to the county clerk;</li> </ul>
33	<ul> <li>provides that if a study committee recommends that the form of a county's</li> </ul>
34	government not change, the process to change the county's form of government is
35	concluded;
36	<ul> <li>establishes a deadline after which an optional plan may not be repealed without</li> </ul>
37	initiating a new process to change the county's form of government;
38	<ul> <li>provides a grandfather provision for counties that have initiated the process to</li> </ul>
39	change the county's form of government as of the effective date of this bill;
40	<ul> <li>requires a county that operates under a form of government that is not authorized by</li> </ul>
41	statute to change the county's form of government;
42	<ul> <li>establishes repeal dates for provisions that will become obsolete;</li> </ul>
43	<ul> <li>removes obsolete and superfluous provisions; and</li> </ul>
44	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
45	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
46	None
47	Other Special Clauses:
48	This bill provides a special effective date.
49	This bill provides revisor instructions.
50	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
51	AMENDS:
52	17-15-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 171
53	17-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 16
54	17-19a-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 17
55	17-31-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 70
56	17-43-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 113

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57
             17-43-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 113
58
             17-53-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 133
59
             17B-2a-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 176
60
             17C-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
61
             17D-2-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
62
             20A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 111 and 352
            20A-1-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 54
63
            20A-9-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 54 and 91
64
65
             26A-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 113
66
            59-2-919, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 341 and 367
67
            631-2-217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 84 and further amended by
68
     Revisor Instructions, Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 448, and 448
69
             68-3-12.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 141 and 152
70
     ENACTS:
71
            17-52a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
72
     RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
73
             17-52a-101, (Renumbered from 17-52-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
74
     Chapter 17)
75
             17-52a-102, (Renumbered from 17-52-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
76
     Chapter 241)
77
             17-52a-201, (Renumbered from 17-52-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
78
     Chapter 54)
79
             17-52a-202, (Renumbered from 17-52-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
80
     Chapter 54)
81
             17-52a-203, (Renumbered from 17-52-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
82
     Utah 2000, Chapter 133)
83
             17-52a-204, (Renumbered from 17-52-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
84
     Chapter 209)
85
            17-52a-301, (Renumbered from 17-52-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
86
     Chapter 250)
87
             17-52a-302, (Renumbered from 17-52-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004,
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88
      Chapter 371)
 89
             17-52a-303, (Renumbered from 17-52-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
 90
      Chapters 37 and 134)
 91
             17-52a-304, (Renumbered from 17-52-203.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004,
 92
      Chapter 371)
 93
             17-52a-401, (Renumbered from 17-52-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
 94
      Chapter 241)
 95
             17-52a-402, (Renumbered from 17-52-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
 96
      Chapter 241)
 97
             17-52a-403, (Renumbered from 17-52-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
 98
      Chapter 241)
 99
             17-52a-404, (Renumbered from 17-52-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
100
      Chapter 54)
101
             17-52a-405, (Renumbered from 17-52-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
102
      Chapter 216)
103
             17-52a-406, (Renumbered from 17-52-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
104
      Chapter 241)
             17-52a-501, (Renumbered from 17-52-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
105
106
      Chapter 37)
107
             17-52a-502, (Renumbered from 17-52-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
108
      Chapter 241)
             17-52a-503. (Renumbered from 17-52-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012.
109
110
      Chapter 17)
             17-52a-504, (Renumbered from 17-52-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
111
112
      Utah 2000, Chapter 133)
113
             17-52a-505, (Renumbered from 17-52-405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter
      134)
114
115
      REPEALS:
116
             17-52-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 241
117
      Utah Code Sections Affected by Revisor Instructions:
118
             17-52a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17-15-27 is amended to read:
17-15-27. Appointment of legal counsel by county executive and county legislative
body.
(1) (a) An elected county executive in a county that has adopted a county
executive-council form of county government under Chapter 52a, Changing Forms of County
Government, may appoint an attorney to advise and represent the county executive.
(b) An attorney appointed under Subsection (1)(a):
(i) serves at the pleasure of the county executive; and
(ii) may not perform any of the functions of a county attorney or district attorney under
this title, except as provided in this section.
(c) An attorney appointed under this Subsection (1) may represent the county executive
in cases and controversies before courts and administrative agencies and tribunals when a
conflict exists that precludes the county or district attorney from representing the county
executive.
(2) (a) The legislative body of a county that has adopted a county executive-council
form of county government under Chapter 52a, Changing Forms of County Government, may
appoint an attorney to advise and represent the county legislative body.
(b) An attorney appointed under Subsection (2)(a):
(i) serves at the pleasure of the county legislative body; and
(ii) may not perform any of the functions of a county attorney or district attorney under
this title, except as provided in this section.
(c) An attorney appointed under this Subsection (2) may represent the county
legislative body in cases and controversies before courts and administrative agencies and
tribunals when a conflict exists that precludes the county or district attorney from representing
the county legislative body.
Section 2. Section 17-16-6 is amended to read:
17-16-6. County officers Time of holding elections County commissioners
Terms of office.
(1) Except as otherwise provided in an optional plan adopted under Chapter 52a,

150 Changing Forms of County Government: 151 (a) each elected county officer shall be elected at the regular general election every four 152 years in accordance with Section 20A-1-201, except as otherwise provided in this title; (b) county commissioners shall be elected at the times, in the manner, and for the terms 153 154 provided in Section [<del>17-52-501</del>] 17-52a-201; and 155 (c) an elected officer shall hold office for the term for which the officer is elected, 156 beginning at noon on the first Monday in January following the officer's election and until a 157 successor is elected or appointed and qualified, except as provided in Section 17-16-1. 158 (2) (a) The terms of county officers shall be staggered in accordance with this 159 Subsection (2). 160 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), in the 2014 general election: 161 (i) the following county officers shall be elected to one six-year term and thereafter 162 elected to a four-year term: 163 (A) county treasurer; 164 (B) county recorder; 165 (C) county surveyor; and 166 (D) county assessor; and 167 (ii) all other county officers shall be elected to a four-year term. 168 (c) If a county legislative body consolidates two or more county offices in accordance 169 with Section 17-16-3, and the consolidated offices are on conflicting election schedules, the 170 county legislative body shall pass an ordinance that sets the election schedule for the 171 consolidated offices in a reasonable manner that staggers the terms of county officers as 172 provided in this Subsection (2). 173 Section 3. Section 17-19a-203 is amended to read: 174 17-19a-203. Budget officer. 175 The budget officer of a county is designated by: 176 (1) in a county commission form of government described in Section [17-52-501] 177 17-52a-201 or an expanded county commission form of government described in Section 178  $[\frac{17-52-502}{17-52a-202}]$  17-52a-202, the county commission; 179 (2) in the county executive-council form of government described in Section

 $[\frac{17-52-504}{17-52a-203}]$  17-52a-203, the county executive; or

on an annual basis.

181 (3) in the council-manager form of government described in Section [17-52-505] 182 17-52a-204, the county council. 183 Section 4. Section 17-31-8 is amended to read: 184 17-31-8. Tourism tax advisory boards. 185 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), any county that collects the following 186 taxes shall operate a tourism tax advisory board: 187 (i) the tax allowed under Section 59-12-301; or 188 (ii) the tax allowed under Section 59-12-603. 189 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a county is exempt from Subsection (1)(a) if the 190 county has an existing board, council, committee, convention visitor's bureau, or body that 191 substantially conforms with Subsections (2), (3), and (4). 192 (2) A tourism tax advisory board created under Subsection (1) shall consist of at least 193 five members. 194 (3) A tourism tax advisory board shall be composed of the following members that are 195 residents of the county: 196 (a) a majority of the members shall be current employees of entities in the county that 197 are subject to the taxes referred to in Section 59-12-301 or 59-12-603; and 198 (b) the balance of the board's membership shall be employees of recreational facilities, 199 convention facilities, museums, cultural attractions, or other tourism related industries located 200 within the county. 201 (4) (a) Each tourism tax advisory board shall advise the county legislative body on the 202 best use of revenues collected from the tax allowed under Section 59-12-301 by providing the 203 legislative body with a priority listing for proposed expenditures based on projected available 204 tax revenues supplied to the board by the county legislative body on an annual basis. (b) Each tourism tax advisory board in a county operating under the county 205 206 commission form of government under Section [17-52-501] 17-52a-201 or the expanded county commission form under Section [17-52-502] 17-52a-202 shall advise the county 207 208 legislative body on the best use of revenues collected from the tax allowed under Section 209 59-12-603 by providing the legislative body with a priority listing for proposed expenditures 210 based on projected available tax revenues supplied to the board by the county legislative body

212	(3) A member of any county tourism tax advisory board:
213	(a) may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's services; and
214	(b) may receive per diem and travel expenses incurred in the performance of the
215	member's official duties, in accordance with Section 11-55-103.
216	Section 5. Section 17-43-201 is amended to read:
217	17-43-201. Local substance abuse authorities Responsibilities.
218	(1) (a) (i) In each county operating under a county executive-council form of
219	government under Section [ <del>17-52-504</del> ] <u>17-52a-203</u> , the county legislative body is the local
220	substance abuse authority, provided however that any contract for plan services shall be
221	administered by the county executive.
222	(ii) In each county operating under a council-manager form of government under
223	Section [ <del>17-52-505</del> ] <u>17-52a-204</u> , the county manager is the local substance abuse authority.
224	(iii) In each county other than a county described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii), the
225	county legislative body is the local substance abuse authority.
226	(b) Within legislative appropriations and county matching funds required by this
227	section, and under the direction of the division, each local substance abuse authority shall:
228	(i) develop substance abuse prevention and treatment services plans;
229	(ii) provide substance abuse services to residents of the county; and
230	(iii) cooperate with efforts of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health to
231	promote integrated programs that address an individual's substance abuse, mental health, and
232	physical healthcare needs, as described in Section 62A-15-103.
233	(c) Within legislative appropriations and county matching funds required by this
234	section, each local substance abuse authority shall cooperate with the efforts of the Department
235	of Human Services to promote a system of care, as defined in Section 62A-1-104, for minors
236	with or at risk for complex emotional and behavioral needs, as described in Section 62A-1-111
237	(2) (a) By executing an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
238	Cooperation Act, two or more counties may join to:
239	(i) provide substance abuse prevention and treatment services; or
240	(ii) create a united local health department that provides substance abuse treatment
241	services, mental health services, and local health department services in accordance with
242	Subsection (3).

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243 (b) The legislative bodies of counties joining to provide services may establish 244 acceptable ways of apportioning the cost of substance abuse services. 245 (c) Each agreement for joint substance abuse services shall: 246 (i) (A) designate the treasurer of one of the participating counties or another person as 247 the treasurer for the combined substance abuse authorities and as the custodian of money 248 available for the joint services; and 249 (B) provide that the designated treasurer, or other disbursing officer authorized by the 250 treasurer, may make payments from the money for the joint services upon audit of the 251 appropriate auditing officer or officers representing the participating counties; 252 (ii) provide for the appointment of an independent auditor or a county auditor of one of 253 the participating counties as the designated auditing officer for the combined substance abuse 254 authorities; 255 (iii) (A) provide for the appointment of the county or district attorney of one of the 256 participating counties as the designated legal officer for the combined substance abuse 257 authorities; and 258 (B) authorize the designated legal officer to request and receive the assistance of the 259 county or district attorneys of the other participating counties in defending or prosecuting 260 actions within their counties relating to the combined substance abuse authorities; and 261 (iv) provide for the adoption of management, clinical, financial, procurement, 262 personnel, and administrative policies as already established by one of the participating 263 counties or as approved by the legislative body of each participating county or interlocal board. 264 (d) An agreement for joint substance abuse services may provide for joint operation of 265 services and facilities or for operation of services and facilities under contract by one 266 participating local substance abuse authority for other participating local substance abuse 267 authorities. 268 (3) A county governing body may elect to combine the local substance abuse authority 269 with the local mental health authority created in Part 3, Local Mental Health Authorities, and 270 the local health department created in Title 26A, Chapter 1, Part 1, Local Health Department

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Act, to create a united local health department under Section 26A-1-105.5. A local substance

(4) (a) Each local substance abuse authority is accountable to the department, the

abuse authority that joins a united local health department shall comply with this part.

- Department of Health, and the state with regard to the use of state and federal funds received from those departments for substance abuse services, regardless of whether the services are provided by a private contract provider.
- (b) Each local substance abuse authority shall comply, and require compliance by its contract provider, with all directives issued by the department and the Department of Health regarding the use and expenditure of state and federal funds received from those departments for the purpose of providing substance abuse programs and services. The department and Department of Health shall ensure that those directives are not duplicative or conflicting, and shall consult and coordinate with local substance abuse authorities with regard to programs and services.
  - (5) Each local substance abuse authority shall:
- (a) review and evaluate substance abuse prevention and treatment needs and services, including substance abuse needs and services for individuals incarcerated in a county jail or other county correctional facility;
- (b) annually prepare and submit to the division a plan approved by the county legislative body for funding and service delivery that includes:
- (i) provisions for services, either directly by the substance abuse authority or by contract, for adults, youth, and children, including those incarcerated in a county jail or other county correctional facility; and
  - (ii) primary prevention, targeted prevention, early intervention, and treatment services;
- (c) establish and maintain, either directly or by contract, programs licensed under Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities;
- (d) appoint directly or by contract a full or part time director for substance abuse programs, and prescribe the director's duties;
  - (e) provide input and comment on new and revised rules established by the division;
- (f) establish and require contract providers to establish administrative, clinical, procurement, personnel, financial, and management policies regarding substance abuse services and facilities, in accordance with the rules of the division, and state and federal law;
  - (g) establish mechanisms allowing for direct citizen input;
- (h) annually contract with the division to provide substance abuse programs and services in accordance with the provisions of Title 62A, Chapter 15, Substance Abuse and

303	Mental Health Act,
306	(i) comply with all applicable state and federal statutes, policies, audit requirements,
307	contract requirements, and any directives resulting from those audits and contract requirements;
308	(j) promote or establish programs for the prevention of substance abuse within the
309	community setting through community-based prevention programs;
310	(k) provide funding equal to at least 20% of the state funds that it receives to fund
311	services described in the plan;
312	(l) comply with the requirements and procedures of Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
313	Cooperation Act, Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts, and Title
314	51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and
315	Other Local Entities Act;
316	(m) for persons convicted of driving under the influence in violation of Section
317	41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, conduct the following as defined in Section 41-6a-501:
318	(i) a screening;
319	(ii) an assessment;
320	(iii) an educational series; and
321	(iv) substance abuse treatment; and
322	(n) utilize proceeds of the accounts described in Subsection 62A-15-503(1) to
323	supplement the cost of providing the services described in Subsection (5)(m).
324	(6) Before disbursing any public funds, each local substance abuse authority shall
325	require that each entity that receives any public funds from the local substance abuse authority
326	agrees in writing that:
327	(a) the entity's financial records and other records relevant to the entity's performance
328	of the services provided to the local substance abuse authority shall be subject to examination
329	by:
330	(i) the division;
331	(ii) the local substance abuse authority director;
332	(iii) (A) the county treasurer and county or district attorney; or
333	(B) if two or more counties jointly provide substance abuse services under an
334	agreement under Subsection (2), the designated treasurer and the designated legal officer;
335	(iv) the county legislative body; and

(A) prenatal care; and

336 (v) in a county with a county executive that is separate from the county legislative 337 body, the county executive; 338 (b) the county auditor may examine and audit the entity's financial and other records 339 relevant to the entity's performance of the services provided to the local substance abuse 340 authority; and 341 (c) the entity will comply with the provisions of Subsection (4)(b). (7) A local substance abuse authority may receive property, grants, gifts, supplies, 342 materials, contributions, and any benefit derived therefrom, for substance abuse services. If 343 344 those gifts are conditioned upon their use for a specified service or program, they shall be so 345 used. 346 (8) (a) As used in this section, "public funds" means the same as that term is defined in 347 Section 17-43-203. 348 (b) Public funds received for the provision of services pursuant to the local substance 349 abuse plan may not be used for any other purpose except those authorized in the contract 350 between the local substance abuse authority and the provider for the provision of plan services. 351 (9) Subject to the requirements of the federal Substance Abuse Prevention and 352 Treatment Block Grant, Pub. L. No. 102-321, a local substance abuse authority shall ensure 353 that all substance abuse treatment programs that receive public funds: 354 (a) accept and provide priority for admission to a pregnant woman or a pregnant minor; 355 and 356 (b) if admission of a pregnant woman or a pregnant minor is not possible within 24 357 hours of the time that a request for admission is made, provide a comprehensive referral for 358 interim services that: 359 (i) are accessible to the pregnant woman or pregnant minor; 360 (ii) are best suited to provide services to the pregnant woman or pregnant minor; 361 (iii) may include: 362 (A) counseling; 363 (B) case management; or 364 (C) a support group; and 365 (iv) shall include a referral for:

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367 (B) counseling on the effects of alcohol and drug use during pregnancy. 368 (10) If a substance abuse treatment program described in Subsection (9) is not able to 369 accept and admit a pregnant woman or pregnant minor under Subsection (9) within 48 hours of 370 the time that request for admission is made, the local substance abuse authority shall contact 371 the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health for assistance in providing services to the 372 pregnant woman or pregnant minor. 373 Section 6. Section 17-43-301 is amended to read: 374 17-43-301. Local mental health authorities -- Responsibilities. 375 (1) (a) (i) In each county operating under a county executive-council form of 376 government under Section [17-52-504] 17-52a-203, the county legislative body is the local 377 mental health authority, provided however that any contract for plan services shall be 378 administered by the county executive. 379 (ii) In each county operating under a council-manager form of government under 380 Section [<del>17-52-505</del>] 17-52a-204, the county manager is the local mental health authority. 381 (iii) In each county other than a county described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii), the 382 county legislative body is the local mental health authority. (b) Within legislative appropriations and county matching funds required by this 383 384 section, under the direction of the division, each local mental health authority shall: 385 (i) provide mental health services to persons within the county; and 386 (ii) cooperate with efforts of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health to promote integrated programs that address an individual's substance abuse, mental health, and 387 388 physical healthcare needs, as described in Section 62A-15-103. 389 (c) Within legislative appropriations and county matching funds required by this 390 section, each local mental health authority shall cooperate with the efforts of the Department of 391 Human Services to promote a system of care, as defined in Section 62A-1-104, for minors with 392 or at risk for complex emotional and behavioral needs, as described in Section 62A-1-111. 393 (2) (a) By executing an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal 394 Cooperation Act, two or more counties may join to: 395 (i) provide mental health prevention and treatment services; or

(ii) create a united local health department that combines substance abuse treatment

services, mental health services, and local health department services in accordance with

398 Subsection (3).

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- (b) The legislative bodies of counties joining to provide services may establish acceptable ways of apportioning the cost of mental health services.
  - (c) Each agreement for joint mental health services shall:
- (i) (A) designate the treasurer of one of the participating counties or another person as the treasurer for the combined mental health authorities and as the custodian of money available for the joint services; and
- (B) provide that the designated treasurer, or other disbursing officer authorized by the treasurer, may make payments from the money available for the joint services upon audit of the appropriate auditing officer or officers representing the participating counties;
- (ii) provide for the appointment of an independent auditor or a county auditor of one of the participating counties as the designated auditing officer for the combined mental health authorities;
- (iii) (A) provide for the appointment of the county or district attorney of one of the participating counties as the designated legal officer for the combined mental health authorities; and
- (B) authorize the designated legal officer to request and receive the assistance of the county or district attorneys of the other participating counties in defending or prosecuting actions within their counties relating to the combined mental health authorities; and
- (iv) provide for the adoption of management, clinical, financial, procurement, personnel, and administrative policies as already established by one of the participating counties or as approved by the legislative body of each participating county or interlocal board.
  - (d) An agreement for joint mental health services may provide for:
- (i) joint operation of services and facilities or for operation of services and facilities under contract by one participating local mental health authority for other participating local mental health authorities; and
- (ii) allocation of appointments of members of the mental health advisory council between or among participating counties.
- (3) A county governing body may elect to combine the local mental health authority with the local substance abuse authority created in Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities, and the local health department created in Title 26A, Chapter 1, Part 1, Local Health

- Department Act, to create a united local health department under Section 26A-1-105.5. A local mental health authority that joins with a united local health department shall comply with this part.
  - (4) (a) Each local mental health authority is accountable to the department, the Department of Health, and the state with regard to the use of state and federal funds received from those departments for mental health services, regardless of whether the services are provided by a private contract provider.
  - (b) Each local mental health authority shall comply, and require compliance by its contract provider, with all directives issued by the department and the Department of Health regarding the use and expenditure of state and federal funds received from those departments for the purpose of providing mental health programs and services. The department and Department of Health shall ensure that those directives are not duplicative or conflicting, and shall consult and coordinate with local mental health authorities with regard to programs and services.
    - (5) (a) Each local mental health authority shall:
  - (i) review and evaluate mental health needs and services, including mental health needs and services for persons incarcerated in a county jail or other county correctional facility;
  - (ii) as provided in Subsection (5)(b), annually prepare and submit to the division a plan approved by the county legislative body for mental health funding and service delivery, either directly by the local mental health authority or by contract;
  - (iii) establish and maintain, either directly or by contract, programs licensed under Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities;
  - (iv) appoint, directly or by contract, a full-time or part-time director for mental health programs and prescribe the director's duties;
    - (v) provide input and comment on new and revised rules established by the division;
  - (vi) establish and require contract providers to establish administrative, clinical, personnel, financial, procurement, and management policies regarding mental health services and facilities, in accordance with the rules of the division, and state and federal law;
    - (vii) establish mechanisms allowing for direct citizen input;
  - (viii) annually contract with the division to provide mental health programs and services in accordance with the provisions of Title 62A, Chapter 15, Substance Abuse and

460	Mental Health Act;
461	(ix) comply with all applicable state and federal statutes, policies, audit requirements,
462	contract requirements, and any directives resulting from those audits and contract requirements;
463	(x) provide funding equal to at least 20% of the state funds that it receives to fund
464	services described in the plan;
465	(xi) comply with the requirements and procedures of Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
466	Cooperation Act, Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts, and Title
467	51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and
468	Other Local Entities Act; and
469	(xii) take and retain physical custody of minors committed to the physical custody of
470	local mental health authorities by a judicial proceeding under Title 62A, Chapter 15, Part 7,
471	Commitment of Persons Under Age 18 to Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health.
472	(b) Each plan under Subsection (5)(a)(ii) shall include services for adults, youth, and
473	children, which shall include:
474	(i) inpatient care and services;
475	(ii) residential care and services;
476	(iii) outpatient care and services;
477	(iv) 24-hour crisis care and services;
478	(v) psychotropic medication management;
479	(vi) psychosocial rehabilitation, including vocational training and skills development;
480	(vii) case management;
481	(viii) community supports, including in-home services, housing, family support
482	services, and respite services;
483	(ix) consultation and education services, including case consultation, collaboration
484	with other county service agencies, public education, and public information; and
485	(x) services to persons incarcerated in a county jail or other county correctional facility.
486	(6) Before disbursing any public funds, each local mental health authority shall require
487	that each entity that receives any public funds from a local mental health authority agrees in
488	writing that:
489	(a) the entity's financial records and other records relevant to the entity's performance
490	of the services provided to the mental health authority shall be subject to examination by:

491	(i) the division;
492	(ii) the local mental health authority director;
493	(iii) (A) the county treasurer and county or district attorney; or
494	(B) if two or more counties jointly provide mental health services under an agreement
495	under Subsection (2), the designated treasurer and the designated legal officer;
496	(iv) the county legislative body; and
497	(v) in a county with a county executive that is separate from the county legislative
498	body, the county executive;
499	(b) the county auditor may examine and audit the entity's financial and other records
500	relevant to the entity's performance of the services provided to the local mental health
501	authority; and
502	(c) the entity will comply with the provisions of Subsection (4)(b).
503	(7) A local mental health authority may receive property, grants, gifts, supplies,
504	materials, contributions, and any benefit derived therefrom, for mental health services. If those
505	gifts are conditioned upon their use for a specified service or program, they shall be so used.
506	(8) (a) As used in this section, "public funds" means the same as that term is defined in
507	Section 17-43-303.
508	(b) Public funds received for the provision of services pursuant to the local mental
509	health plan may not be used for any other purpose except those authorized in the contract
510	between the local mental health authority and the provider for the provision of plan services.
511	Section 7. Section 17-52a-101, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-101 is
512	renumbered and amended to read:
513	CHAPTER 52a. CHANGING FORMS OF COUNTY GOVERNMENT
514	Part 1. General Provisions
515	$[\frac{17-52-101}{2}]$ . <u>17-52a-101.</u> Definitions.
516	As used in this chapter:
517	(1) "Appointment council" means [a group of persons consisting of:] a
518	commission-initiated appointment council or a petition-initiated appointment council.
519	(2) "Commission-initiated appointment council" means, for a process to change a
520	county's form of government that is initiated by the county legislative body under Section
521	17-52a-302, a group of five individuals consisting of:

522	(a) a resident of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated by a
523	majority of all state senators and representatives whose districts include any part of the county
524	in which the optional plan is proposed;
525	(b) a resident of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated by the
526	county legislative body; and
527	(c) (i) if registered voters qualify to select a member of an appointment council under
528	Subsection 17-52a-303(6):
529	[(c)] (A) a resident of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated by
530	the petition sponsors; and
531	[(d)] (B) two other residents of the county in which the optional plan is proposed,
532	designated by majority vote of the three other members of the appointment council[-]; or
533	(ii) if registered voters do not qualify to select a member of an appointment council
534	under Subsection 17-52a-303(6), three other residents of the county in which the optional plan
535	is proposed, designated individually by:
536	(A) a unanimous vote of the commission-initiated appointment council members
537	described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); or
538	(B) if the commission-initiated appointment council members described in Subsections
539	(2)(a) and (b) cannot reach a unanimous vote to fill an appointment council member position,
540	the legislators described in Subsection (2)(a), who shall, by a majority vote, designate an
541	individual to fill the appointment council member position.
542	[(2)] (3) "Optional plan" means a plan establishing an alternate form of government for
543	a county as provided in Section $[\frac{17-52-401}{17-52a-404}]$ .
544	[(3) "Reasonable notice" means, at a minimum:]
545	[ <del>(a) publication:</del> ]
546	[(i) (A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county at least once a week for
547	at least two consecutive weeks ending no more than 10 and no fewer than three days before the
548	event that is the subject of the notice; or]
549	[(B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the county, posting at least
550	one notice per 1,000 population within the county, for at least a week ending no more than
551	three days before the event that is the subject of the notice, at locations throughout the county
552	that are most likely to give actual notice to county residents; and]

553	[(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks before the event that is the
554	subject of the notice; and]
555	[(b) if the county has an Internet home page, posting an electronic notice on the
556	Internet for at least seven days immediately before the event that is the subject of the notice.]
557	(4) "Petition-initiated appointment council" means, for a process to change a county's
558	form of government that registered voters initiate under Section 17-52a-303, the five sponsors
559	described in Subsection 17-52a-303(1)(b)(i).
560	[(4)] (5) "Study committee" means [a group of persons] the committee that has seven
561	members:
562	(a) appointed under Section $[\frac{17-52-301}{2}]$ $\frac{17-52a-401}{2}$ ; and
563	(b) charged with the duties provided in Section [ <del>17-52-303</del> ] <u>17-52a-403</u> .
564	Section 8. Section 17-52a-102, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-102 is
565	renumbered and amended to read:
566	[ <del>17-52-102</del> ]. <u>17-52a-102.</u> Forms of county government County
567	commission form required unless another is adopted Restrictions on form of county
568	government.
569	(1) [Each] Subject to Subsections (2), each county shall operate under one of the
570	following forms of county government:
571	(a) the county commission form under Section [ <del>17-52-501</del> ] <u>17-52a-201</u> ;
572	(b) the expanded county commission form under Section [ <del>17-52-502</del> ] <u>17-52a-202</u> ;
573	(c) the county executive and council form under Section [ <del>17-52-504</del> ] <u>17-52a-203</u> ; or
574	(d) the council-manager form under Section [ <del>17-52-505</del> ] <u>17-52a-204</u> .
575	(2) Unless [it] a county adopts another form of government as provided in this chapter
576	[each] the county shall operate under the county commission form of government under
577	Section [ <del>17-52-501</del> ] <u>17-52a-201</u> .
578	(3) (a) In a county that operates under a form of government that is not described in
579	Subsection (2):
580	(i) the county's legislative body shall, before July 1, 2018, initiate the process under
581	Section 17-52a-302 of changing the county's form of government;
582	(ii) a special election described in Section 17-52a-304 shall be held on November 6,
583	<u>2018;</u>

584	(iii) if the voters approve the appointment of a study committee at the special election
585	described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii):
586	(A) the study committee may not recommend under Section 17-52a-403 that the county
587	retain the county's current form of government; and
588	(B) the county shall hold an election described in Section 17-52a-501 before December
589	31, 2020 on an optional plan that the study committee creates; and
590	(iv) the registered voters of the county may not repeal an optional plan under Section
591	17-52a-505 that is adopted at an election described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(B).
592	(b) If, before December 31, 2020, the voters of a county described in Subsection (3)(a)
593	do not approve a change in the county's form of government at an election described in Section
594	<u>17-52a-501:</u>
595	(i) the county shall operate under the county commission form of government under
596	Section 17-52a-201 in the same manner that a county is required under
597	Subsection17-52a-102(2) to operate under that form of government if the county does not
598	adopt another form of government; and
599	(ii) the county shall transition to the form of government described in Subsection
600	(3)(b)(i) in the same manner as if the voters of the county had approved the change in form of
601	government described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) in the 2020 general election.
602	Section 9. Section 17-52a-103 is enacted to read:
603	17-52a-103. Applicability of former provisions to pending process.
604	(1) If, on the effective date of this bill, a county is under a pending process described in
605	Subsection (2) to change the county's form of government:
606	(a) except as provided in this section, the provision of this bill do not apply to that
607	pending process; and
608	(b) that pending process is governed by:
609	(i) the provisions of law that were in effect on the day immediately before the day on
610	which this bill takes effect;
611	(ii) Subsection 17-52a-301(3); and
612	(iii) Subsection (3).
613	(2) A process of changing a county's form of government is pending under Subsection
614	(1) if, as of the effective date of this bill:

615	(a) (i) the county legislative body had adopted a resolution in accordance with the
616	provisions of law that were in effect on the day immediately before the day on which this bill
617	takes effect to change the county's form of government; or
618	(ii) registered voters had begun collecting signatures in accordance with the provisions
619	of law that were in effect on the day immediately before the day on which this bill takes effect
620	for a petition to change the county's form of government; and
621	(b) the process of changing the county's form of government initiated under Subsection
622	(2)(a) has not concluded.
623	(3) (a) To continue a pending process described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), registered
624	voters that initiated the process shall submit a sufficient number of valid signatures to the
625	county clerk within 180 days after the effective date of this bill.
626	(b) If the registered voters fail to comply with Subsection (3)(a), the pending process is
627	concluded under Subsection 17-52a-301(3)(a)(vi)(A).
628	Section 10. Section 17-52a-201, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-501 is
629	renumbered and amended to read:
630	Part 2. Forms of County Government
631	[ <del>17-52-501</del> ]. <u>17-52a-201.</u> County commission form of government
632	Commission member elections.
633	(1) As used in this section:
634	(a) "Midterm vacancy" means a county commission position that is being filled at an
635	election for less than the position's full term as established in:
636	(i) Subsection (4)(a); or
637	(ii) a county's optional plan under Subsection [ <del>17-52-401</del> ] <u>17-52a-404</u> (5)(b).
638	(b) "Open position" means a county commission position that is being filled at a
639	regular general election for the position's full term as established in:
640	(i) Subsection (4)(a); or
641	(ii) a county's optional plan under Subsection [ <del>17-52-401</del> ] <u>17-52a-404</u> (5)(b).
642	(c) "Opt-in county" means a county that has, in accordance with Subsection (6)(a),
643	chosen to conduct county commissioner elections in accordance with Subsection (6).
644	(2) [Each] A county commission consisting of three members shall govern each county
645	operating under the county commission form of government [shall be governed by a county

646 commission consisting of three members].

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- (3) A county commission under a county commission form of government is both the county legislative body and the county executive and has the powers, duties, and functions of a county legislative body under Chapter 53, Part 2, County Legislative Body, and the powers, duties, and functions of a county executive under Chapter 53, Part 3, County Executive.
  - (4) Except as otherwise provided in an optional plan adopted under this chapter:
  - (a) the term of office of each county commission member is four years;
- (b) the terms of county commission members shall be staggered so that two members are elected at a regular general election date that alternates with the regular general election date of the other member; and
  - (c) each county commission member shall be elected:
  - (i) at large, unless otherwise required by court order; and
- 658 (ii) subject to the provisions of this section, in accordance with Title 20A, Election 659 Code.
  - (5) Except as provided in Subsection (6):
  - (a) if two county commission positions are vacant for an election, the positions shall be designated "county commission seat A" and "county commission seat B";
  - (b) each candidate who files a declaration of candidacy when two positions are vacant shall designate on the declaration of candidacy form whether the candidate is a candidate for seat A or seat B; and
  - (c) no person may file a declaration of candidacy for, be a candidate for, or be elected to two county commission positions in the same election.
  - (6) (a) A county of the first or second class may, through an [alternate] optional plan as described in Subsection [17-52-401] 17-52a-404(5) or by ordinance, choose to conduct county commissioner elections in accordance with this Subsection (6).
  - (b) When issuing the notice of election required by Subsection 20A-5-101(2), the clerk of an opt-in county shall, if there is at least one open position and at least one midterm vacancy, designate:
    - (i) each open position as "open position"; and
- (ii) each midterm vacancy as "midterm vacancy."
- 676 (c) An individual who files a declaration of candidacy for the office of county

<u>17-52a-201</u>.

677	commissioner in an opt-in county:
678	(i) if there is more than one open position, is not required to indicate which open
679	position the individual is running for;
680	(ii) if there is at least one open position and at least one midterm vacancy, shall
681	designate on the declaration of candidacy whether the individual is filing for an open position
682	or a midterm vacancy; and
683	(iii) may not file a declaration of candidacy for an open position and a midterm
684	vacancy in the same election.
685	(d) If there is an open position and a midterm vacancy being voted upon in the same
686	election in an opt-in county, the county clerk shall indicate on the ballot for the election which
687	positions are open positions and which positions are midterm vacancies.
688	(e) In an opt-in county:
689	(i) the candidates for open positions, in a number equal to the number of open
690	positions, who receive the highest number of votes are:
691	(A) for the purposes of a regular primary election, nominated by the candidates' party
692	for the open positions; and
693	(B) for the purposes of a regular general election, elected to fill the open positions; and
694	(ii) the candidates for midterm vacancies, in a number equal to the number of midterm
695	vacancies, who receive the highest number of votes are:
696	(A) for the purposes of a regular primary election, nominated by the candidates' party
697	for the midterm vacancies; and
698	(B) for the purposes of a regular general election, elected to fill the midterm vacancies.
699	Section 11. Section 17-52a-202, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-502 is
700	renumbered and amended to read:
701	[17-52-502]. Expanded county commission form of
702	government Commission member elections.
703	(1) As used in this section:
704	(a) "Midterm vacancy" means the same as that term is defined in Section [17-52-501]
705	17-52a-201.

(b) "Open position" means the same as that term is defined in Section [17-52-501]

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- 708 (c) "Opt-in county" means a county that has, in accordance with Subsection (6)(a), 709 chosen to conduct county commissioner elections in accordance with Subsection (6).
  - (2) [Each] A county commission consisting of five or seven members shall govern each county operating under an expanded county commission form of government [shall be governed by a county commission consisting of five or seven members].
  - (3) A county commission under the expanded county commission form of government is both the county legislative body and the county executive and has the powers, duties, and functions of a county legislative body under Chapter 53, Part 2, County Legislative Body, and the powers, duties, and functions of a county executive under Chapter 53, Part 3, County Executive.
    - (4) Except as otherwise provided in an optional plan adopted under this chapter:
    - (a) the term of office of each county commission member is four years;
  - (b) the terms of county commission members shall be staggered so that approximately half the members are elected at alternating regular general election dates; and
    - (c) each county commission member shall be elected:
    - (i) at large, unless otherwise required by court order; and
  - (ii) subject to the provisions of this section, in accordance with Title 20A, Election Code.
    - (5) Except as provided in Subsection (6):
  - (a) if multiple at-large county commission positions are vacant for an election, the positions shall be designated "county commission seat A," "county commission seat B," and so on as necessary for the number of vacant positions;
  - (b) each candidate who files a declaration of candidacy when multiple positions are vacant shall designate the letter of the county commission seat for which the candidate is a candidate; and
  - (c) no person may file a declaration of candidacy for, be a candidate for, or be elected to two county commission positions in the same election.
  - (6) (a) A county of the first or second class may, through an [alternate] optional plan as described in Subsection [17-52-401] 17-52a-404(5) or by ordinance, choose to conduct county commissioner elections in accordance with this Subsection (6).
    - (b) When issuing the notice of election required by Subsection 20A-5-101(2), the clerk

739	of an opt-in county shall, if there is at least one open position and at least one midterm vacancy
740	designate:
741	(i) each open position as "open position"; and
742	(ii) each midterm vacancy as "midterm vacancy."
743	(c) An individual who files a declaration of candidacy for the office of county
744	commissioner in an opt-in county:
745	(i) if there is more than one open position, is not required to indicate which open
746	position the individual is running for;
747	(ii) if there is at least one open position and at least one midterm vacancy, shall
748	designate on the declaration of candidacy whether the individual is filing for an open position
749	or a midterm vacancy; and
750	(iii) may not file a declaration of candidacy for an open position and a midterm
751	vacancy in the same election.
752	(d) If there is an open position and a midterm vacancy being voted upon in the same
753	election in an opt-in county, the county clerk shall indicate on the ballot for the election which
754	positions are open positions and which positions are midterm vacancies.
755	(e) In an opt-in county:
756	(i) the candidates for open positions, in a number equal to the number of open
757	positions, who receive the highest number of votes are:
758	(A) for the purposes of a regular primary election, nominated by the candidates' party
759	for the open positions; and
760	(B) for the purposes of a regular general election, elected to fill the open positions; and
761	(ii) the candidates for midterm vacancies, in a number equal to the number of midterm
762	vacancies, who receive the highest number of votes are:
763	(A) for the purposes of a regular primary election, nominated by the candidates' party
764	for the midterm vacancies; and
765	(B) for the purposes of a regular general election, elected to fill the midterm vacancies.
766	Section 12. Section 17-52a-203, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-504 is
767	renumbered and amended to read:
768	[ <del>17-52-504</del> ]. <u>17-52a-203.</u> County executive-council form of county
769	government.

770	(1) (a) [A] The following shall govern a county operating under the form of
771	government known as the "county executive-council" form [shall be governed by]:
772	(i) an elected county council[5];
773	(ii) an elected county executive[;]; and [such]
774	(iii) other officers and employees [as are] authorized by law.
775	(b) The optional plan shall provide for the qualifications, time, and manner of election
776	term of office and compensation of the county executive.
777	(2) The county executive [shall be] is the chief executive officer or body of the county.
778	(3) In the county executive-council form of county government:
779	(a) the county council is the county legislative body and [shall have] has the powers,
780	duties, and functions of a county legislative body under Chapter 53, Part 2, County Legislative
781	Body; and
782	(b) the county executive [shall have] has the powers, duties, and functions of a county
783	executive under Chapter 53, Part 3, County Executive.
784	(4) References in any statute or state rule to the "governing body" or the "board of
785	county commissioners" of the county, in the county executive-council form of county
786	government, means:
787	(a) the county council, with respect to legislative functions, duties, and powers; and
788	(b) the county executive, with respect to executive functions, duties, and powers.
789	Section 13. Section 17-52a-204, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-505 is
790	renumbered and amended to read:
791	[ <del>17-52-505</del> ]. <u>17-52a-204.</u> Council-manager form of county government.
792	(1) (a) [A] The following shall govern a county operating under the form of
793	government known as the "council-manager" form [shall be governed by]:
794	(i) an elected county council[7];
795	(ii) a county manager appointed by the council[7]; and [such]
796	(iii) other officers and employees [as are] authorized by law.
797	(b) The optional plan shall provide for the qualifications, time and manner of
798	appointment subject to Subsections (6) and (7), term of office, compensation, and removal of
799	the county manager.
800	(2) The county manager [shall be] is the administrative head of the county government

301	and [shall have] has the powers, functions, and duties of a county executive, except:
302	(a) as the county legislative body otherwise provides by ordinance; and
303	(b) that the county manager may not veto any ordinances enacted by the council.
304	(3) (a) $[No] \underline{A}$ member of the council $[shall]$ $\underline{may not}$ directly or indirectly, by
305	suggestion or otherwise[ <del>-</del> ;]:
306	(i) attempt to influence or coerce the manager in [the]:
307	(A) making [of] any appointment [or removal of];
808	(B) removing any officer or employee [or in the purchase of]; or
309	(C) purchasing supplies[ <del>,</del> ];
310	(ii) attempt to exact any promise relative to any appointment from any candidate for
311	manager[;]; or
312	(iii) discuss directly or indirectly with [him] the manager the matter of specific
313	appointments to any county office or employment.
314	(b) (i) A person who violates the provisions of this Subsection (3) shall forfeit the
315	office of the offending member of the council.
316	(ii) Nothing in this section shall be construed, however, as prohibiting the council
317	while in open session from fully and freely discussing with or suggesting to the manager
818	anything pertaining to county affairs or the interests of the county.
319	(iii) Neither manager nor any person in the employ of the county shall take part in
320	securing, or contributing any money toward, the nomination or election of any candidate for a
321	county office.
322	(iv) The optional plan may provide procedures for implementing this Subsection (3).
323	(4) In the council-manager form of county government[]:
324	(a) the legislative powers of the county [shall be] are vested in the county council[-];
325	and
326	(b) the executive powers of the county [shall be] are vested in the county manager.
327	(5) A reference in statute or state rule to the "governing body" or the "board of county
328	commissioners" of the county, in the council-manager form of county government, means:
329	(a) the county council, with respect to legislative functions, duties, and powers; and
330	(b) the county manager, with respect to executive functions, duties, and powers.
331	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "interim vacancy period" means the period of

032	time that:
833	(i) begins on the day on which a general election described in Section 17-16-6 is held
834	to elect a council member; and
835	(ii) ends on the day on which the council member-elect begins the council member's
836	term.
837	(b) (i) The county council may not appoint a county manager during an interim vacancy
838	period.
839	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b)(i):
840	(A) the county council may appoint an interim county manager during an interim
841	vacancy period; and
842	(B) the interim county manager's term shall expire once a new county manager is
843	appointed by the new administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.
844	(c) Subsection (6)(b) does not apply if all the county council members who held office
845	on the day of the county general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are
846	re-elected to the council for the following term.
847	(7) A county council that appoints a county manager in accordance with this section
848	may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an
849	automatic renewal provision with the county manager.
850	Section 14. Section 17-52a-301, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-201 is
851	renumbered and amended to read:
852	Part 3. Procedure for Initiating Adoption of Optional Plan
853	[ <del>17-52-201</del> ]. <u>17-52a-301.</u> Procedure for initiating adoption of optional
854	plan Limitations Pending proceedings.
855	(1) An optional plan proposing an alternate form of government for a county may be
856	adopted as provided in this chapter.
857	(2) The process to adopt an optional plan establishing an alternate form of county
858	government may be initiated by:
859	(a) the county legislative body as provided in Section [ <del>17-52-202</del> ] <u>17-52a-302</u> ; or
860	(b) registered voters of the county as provided in Section [ <del>17-52-203</del> ] <u>17-52a-303</u> .
861	(3) (a) If the process to adopt an optional plan [has been] is initiated under Laws of
862	Utah 1973 Chanter 26 Section 3.4 or 5 or Section [ <del>17-52-202 or 17-52-203</del> ] 17-52a-302 or

863	<u>17-52a-303</u> , or under a provision described in Subsection <u>17-52a-103(2)</u> , the county legislative
864	body may not initiate the process again under Section [ <del>17-52-202 unless the earlier proceeding</del> ]
865	17-52a-302, and registered voters may not initiate the process again under Section 17-52a-303,
866	<u>until</u> :
867	[(i) has been concluded by an affirmative or negative vote of registered voters; or]
868	(i) the first initiated process concludes with an election under Section 17-52a-502;
869	(ii) the first initiated process concludes under Subsection 17-52a-403(7) because the
870	study committee recommended that the county's form of government not change;
871	[(iii)] (iii) the first initiated process has not [been] concluded but has been pending for
872	at least two years[-] after the day on which the voters approved the appointment of a study
873	committee in an election described in Section 17-52a-304;
874	(iv) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(iii), if an election on an optional plan under the
875	first initiated process is scheduled under Section 17-52a-501, the conclusion of that election;
876	(v) the first initiated process concludes because registered voters fail to submit a
877	sufficient number of valid signatures for a petition before the deadline described in Subsection
878	<u>17-52a-303(2)(c); or</u>
879	(vi) for a process governed by Subsection 17-52a-103, the first initiated process
880	concludes:
881	(A) because registered voters fail to submit a sufficient number of valid signatures for a
882	petition before the deadline described in Subsection 17-52a-103(3); or
883	(B) under a provision of described in Subsection 17-52a-103(1)(b).
884	(b) A county legislative body may not initiate the process to adopt an optional plan
885	under Section [ <del>17-52-202</del> ] <u>17-52a-302</u> within four years of an election at which voters
886	approved or rejected an optional plan proposed as a result of a process initiated by the county
887	legislative body.
888	(c) Registered voters of a county may not initiate the process to adopt an optional plan
889	under Section [ $\frac{17-52-203}{2}$ ] $\frac{17-52a-303}{2}$ within four years of an election at which voters
890	approved or rejected an optional plan proposed as a result of a process initiated by registered
891	voters.
892	Section 15. Section 17-52a-302, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-202 is
893	renumbered and amended to read:

894	$[\frac{17-52-202}{}].$	17-52a-302. County legislative body initiation of adoption of
895	optional plan Procedure	·.
896	(1) A county legisla	tive body may initiate the process of adopting an optional plan by
897	adopting a resolution to sub	mit to the voters the question of whether a study committee should
898	be established as provided i	n Section [ <del>17-52-301</del> ] <u>17-52a-401</u> .
899	(2) [Each] The cour	nty legislative body shall ensure that a resolution adopted under
900	Subsection (1) [shall require	e] requires the question to be submitted to the registered voters of
901	the county at the next specia	al election scheduled [pursuant to] under Section 20A-1-204 after
902	adoption of the resolution u	nder Subsection (1).
903	Section 16. Section	17-52a-303, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-203 is
904	renumbered and amended to	o read:
905	[ <del>17-52-203</del> ].	17-52a-303. Registered voter initiation of adoption of
906	optional plan Procedure	÷.
907	(1) (a) Registered v	oters of a county may initiate the process of adopting an optional
908	plan by filing with the coun	ty clerk a notice of intent to gather signatures for a petition for the
909	establishment of a study con	mmittee [as provided in] described in Section [17-52-301]
910	<u>17-52a-401</u> .	
911	[(2) Each petition u	nder Subsection (1) shall:
912	(b) A notice of inter	nt described in Subsection (1)(a) shall:
913	(i) designate five sp	onsors for the petition;
914	(ii) designate a cont	act sponsor to serve as the primary contact for the petition
915	sponsors;	
916	(iii) list the mailing	address and telephone number of each of the sponsors; and
917	(iv) be signed by ea	ch of the petition sponsors.
918	(c) Registered votes	rs of a county may not file a notice of intent to gather signatures in
919	bad faith.	
920	(2) (a) The sponsors	s of a petition for the establishment of a study committee may
921	circulate the petition after fi	iling a notice of intent to gather signatures under Subsection (1).
922	[ <del>(a) be</del> ] <u>(b)</u> To be co	onsidered valid, the petition is required to be signed by registered
923	voters residing in the county	y equal in number to at least $[10\%]$ 5% of the total number of votes
924	cast in the county for all car	ndidates for president of the United States at the most recent

925	election [for] at which a president of the United States[f] was elected.
926	[(b) designate up to five of the petition signers as sponsors, one of whom shall be
927	designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each; and]
928	[(c) be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the petition signers reside.]
929	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the sponsors of the petition shall submit
930	the completed petition and any amended or supplemental petition described in Subsection
931	(3)(b) with the county clerk not more than 180 days after the day on which the sponsors file the
932	notice described in Subsection (1).
933	(3) [(a)] Within 30 days [of the filing of a] after the day on which the sponsors submit a
934	petition under Subsection [(1)] (2)(c) or an amended or supplemental petition under Subsection
935	$\left[\frac{(3)(b)}{(4)}\right]$ (4), the county clerk shall:
936	[(i)] (a) determine whether the petition or amended or supplemental petition has been
937	signed by the required number of registered voters; and
938	[ <del>(ii) (A) if so,</del> ]
939	(b) (i) if the petition was signed by a sufficient number of registered voters:
940	(A) certify the petition [or amended or supplemental petition and];
941	(B) deliver [it] the petition to the county legislative body; and
942	(C) notify [in writing] the contact sponsor in writing of the certification; or
943	[(B) if not,] (ii) if the petition was not signed by a sufficient number of registered
944	voters:
945	(A) reject the petition [or the amended or supplemental petition]; and
946	(B) notify [in writing] the county legislative body and the contact sponsor in writing of
947	the rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
948	[(b) If a county clerk rejects a petition or an amended or supplemental petition under
949	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B), the petition may be amended or supplemented or an amended or
950	supplemental petition may be further amended or supplemented with additional signatures and
951	refiled within 20 days of the date of rejection.]
952	(4) The sponsors of a petition circulated under this section may amend the petition or
953	submit supplemental signatures for the petition:
954	(a) if the county clerk rejects the petition under Subsection (3)(b)(ii); and
955	(b) before the earlier of:

956	(i) the deadline described in Subsection (2)(c); or
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
957	(ii) 20 days after the day on which the county clerk rejects the petition under
958	Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
959	[4] (5) With the unanimous approval of petition sponsors, a petition filed under
960	[Subsection (1)] this section may be withdrawn at any time within 90 days after [petition
961	certification but] the day on which the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection
962	(3)(b)(i) and no later than 45 days before an election under Section [17-52-206] 17-52a-501 if:
963	(a) the petition [notified signers] included a notification to petition signers, in
964	conspicuous language and in a conspicuous location, that the petition sponsors are authorized
965	to withdraw the petition; and
966	(b) [there are at least three sponsors of] the petition has at least three sponsors.
967	(6) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 17-52a-301(3), registered voters of a county may
968	circulate a petition under this section after a county legislative body initiates the process to
969	adopt an optional plan under Section 17-52a-302 in order to qualify to select a member of an
970	appointment committee that is formed as a result of the process initiated by the county
971	legislative body.
972	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c), registered voters who circulate a petition
973	described in Subsection (6)(a) shall submit the completed petition not more than 30 days before
974	the day of the election described in Section 17-52a-304.
975	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), registered voters who circulate a petition described
976	in Subsection (6)(a) may not amend or submit supplemental signatures for the petition unless:
977	(i) the county clerk makes the determination described in Subsection (3) before the
978	deadline described in Subsection (6)(b); and
979	(ii) the registered voters submit the amended or supplemented petition before the
980	deadline described in Subsection (6)(b).
981	Section 17. Section 17-52a-304, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-203.5 is
982	renumbered and amended to read:
983	[ <del>17-52-203.5</del> ]. <u>17-52a-304.</u> Election to determine whether study committee
984	should be established.
985	(1) The county legislative body shall hold an election under this section if:
986	(a) the county legislative body adopts a resolution under [Subsection 17-52-202(1)]

987	<u>Section 17-52a-302</u> ; or
988	(b) [a petition filed under Subsection 17-52-203(1) is certified by] the county clerk
989	certifies a petition under Subsection [17-52-203] 17-52a-303(3).
990	(2) [Each] An election [under] described in Subsection (1) shall be a special election,
991	called and held [as required by] in accordance with Sections 20A-1-203 and 20A-1-204
992	[ <del>after:</del> ] <u>.</u>
993	[(a) adoption of a resolution under Subsection 17-52-202(1); or]
994	[(b) certification of a petition under Subsection 17-52-203(3).]
995	(3) The county clerk shall prepare the ballot for [each] an election [under] described in
996	Subsection (1) with a question that asks substantially [as follows] the following:
997	"Shall a study committee be appointed to consider and possibly recommend a change in
998	[the] County's form of government [of
999	County]?"
1000	Section 18. Section 17-52a-401, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-301 is
1001	renumbered and amended to read:
1002	Part 4. Study Committee and Optional Plan
1002 1003	[17-52-301]. Procedure for appointing members to study
	· · ·
1003	[17-52-301]. Procedure for appointing members to study
1003 1004	[ <del>17-52-301</del> ]. <u>17-52a-401.</u> Procedure for appointing members to study committee.
1003 1004 1005	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council
1003 1004 1005 1006	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a study committee as provided in this section.
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a study committee as provided in this section.  [(2) (a) The county executive shall convene a meeting of the three members of the
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a study committee as provided in this section.  [(2) (a) The county executive shall convene a meeting of the three members of the appointment council referred to in Subsections 17-52-101(1) (a), (b), and (c) within 10 days
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a study committee as provided in this section.  [(2) (a) The county executive shall convene a meeting of the three members of the appointment council referred to in Subsections 17-52-101(1) (a), (b), and (c) within 10 days after the canvass of an election under Section 17-52-203.5 if a majority of those voting voted in
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a study committee as provided in this section.  [(2) (a) The county executive shall convene a meeting of the three members of the appointment council referred to in Subsections 17-52-101(1) (a), (b), and (c) within 10 days after the canvass of an election under Section 17-52-203.5 if a majority of those voting voted in favor of establishing a study committee.]
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014	[17-52-301]. 17-52a-401. Procedure for appointing members to study committee.  [(1) Each member of a study committee shall be appointed by an appointment council as provided in this section.]  (1) If a majority of voters voting in an election described in Section 17-52a-304 vote in favor of appointing a study committee, an appointment council shall appoint the members of a study committee as provided in this section.  [(2) (a) The county executive shall convene a meeting of the three members of the appointment council referred to in Subsections 17-52-101(1) (a), (b), and (c) within 10 days after the canvass of an election under Section 17-52-203.5 if a majority of those voting voted in favor of establishing a study committee.]  (2) (a) The county executive shall, within 10 days after the canvass of an election

1018	if applicable, (c)(1)(A); or
1019	(ii) for a petition-initiated appointment council, Subsection 17-52a-101(4).
1020	(b) Within 10 days of the convening of the first meeting under Subsection (2)(a)(i), the
1021	[three] members of the appointment council described in Subsection (2)(a) shall designate the
1022	remaining [two] members [referred to in Subsection 17-52-101(1)(d)] of the appointment
1023	council.
1024	(3) (a) Within 30 days [of the designation of the remaining two members] after the day
1025	on which the appointment council meets under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), or the last appointment
1026	council member is appointed under Subsection (2)(b), the appointment council shall:
1027	(i) appoint the members to the study committee; and
1028	(ii) notify in writing the appointees, the county executive, and the county legislative
1029	body of the appointments.
1030	(b) In making appointments to the study committee, the appointment council shall
1031	work to achieve a broadly representative membership.
1032	(c) The appointment council may not appoint [a person] an individual to the study
1033	committee unless that [person] individual:
1034	(i) is a registered voter in the county whose form of government will be studied by the
1035	study committee; and
1036	(ii) does not hold any public office or employment other than membership on the
1037	appointment council.
1038	Section 19. Section 17-52a-402, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-302 is
1039	renumbered and amended to read:
1040	[17-52-302]. 17-52a-402. Convening of first meeting of study committee.
1041	(1) The county executive shall convene the first meeting of the study committee within
1042	10 days after [receipt of notification] the county executive receives the notification described in
1043	Subsection 17-52a-401(3)(a) of the study committee members' appointment [under Subsection
1044	<del>17-52-301(3)(a)</del> ].
1045	(2) (a) At the study committee's first meeting, the study committee shall select a chair
1046	from among the members of the study committee.
1047	(b) The chair of the study committee is responsible for convening each future meeting
1048	of the study committee.

1049	Section 20. Section 17-52a-403, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-303 is
1050	renumbered and amended to read:
1051	[ <del>17-52-303</del> ]. <u>17-52a-403.</u> Study committee Members Powers and
1052	duties Report Services provided by county.
1053	(1) (a) [Each] A study committee [shall consist of at least seven but no more than 11]
1054	consists of seven members.
1055	(b) A member of a study committee may not receive compensation for service on the
1056	committee.
1057	(c) The county legislative body shall reimburse each member of a study committee for
1058	necessary expenses incurred in performing the member's duties on the study committee.
1059	(2) A study committee may:
1060	(a) adopt rules for [its] the study committee's own organization and procedure and to
1061	fill a vacancy in its membership;
1062	(b) establish advisory boards or committees and include on [them] the advisory boards
1063	or committees persons who are not members of the study committee; and
1064	(c) request the assistance and advice of any officers or employees of any agency of
1065	state or local government.
1066	(3) [Each] $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ study committee shall:
1067	(a) study the form of government within the county and compare it with other forms
1068	available under this chapter;
1069	(b) determine whether the administration of local government in the county could be
1070	strengthened, made more clearly responsive or accountable to the people, or significantly
1071	improved in the interest of economy and efficiency by a change in the form of county
1072	government;
1073	(c) hold public hearings and community forums and other means the committee
1074	considers appropriate to disseminate information and stimulate public discussion of the
1075	committee's purposes, progress, and conclusions; and
1076	(d) file a written report of [its] the study committee's findings and recommendations
1077	with the county executive [and], the county legislative body, and the county clerk no later than
1078	one year after the convening of [its] the study committee's first meeting under Section
1079	$[\frac{17-52-302}{17-52a-402}]$

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committee fulfill its duties.

1080 (4) Each study committee report under Subsection (3)(d) shall include: 1081 (a) the study committee's recommendation as to whether the form of county 1082 government should be changed to another form authorized under this chapter; 1083 (b) if the study committee recommends changing the form of government, a complete 1084 detailed draft of a proposed plan to change the form of county government, including all 1085 necessary implementing provisions; and 1086 (c) any additional recommendations the study committee considers appropriate to 1087 improve the efficiency and economy of the administration of local government within the 1088 county. 1089 (5) (a) If the study committee's report recommends a change in the form of county 1090 government, the study committee may conduct additional public hearings after filing the report 1091 under Subsection (3)(d) and, following the hearings and subject to Subsection (5)(b), alter the 1092 report. 1093 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the study committee may not make an alteration 1094 to the report: 1095 (i) that would recommend the adoption of an optional form different from that 1096 recommended in the original report; or 1097 (ii) within the 120-day period before the election under Section [17-52-206] 1098 17-52a-501. 1099 (6) Each meeting [held by] that the study committee holds shall be open to the public. 1100 (7) If the study committee's report does not recommend a change in the form of county 1101 government, the report is final, the study committee is dissolved, and the process to change the 1102 county's form of government is concluded. 1103  $[\frac{7}{1}]$  (8) The county legislative body shall provide for the study committee: 1104 (a) suitable meeting facilities; 1105 (b) necessary secretarial services; 1106 (c) necessary printing and photocopying services; 1107 (d) necessary clerical and staff assistance; and 1108 (e) adequate funds for the employment of independent legal counsel and professional

consultants that the study committee reasonably determines to be necessary to help the study

1111	Section 21. Section 17-52a-404, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-401 is
1112	renumbered and amended to read:
1113	[ <del>17-52-401</del> ]. <u>17-52a-404.</u> Contents of proposed optional plan.
1114	(1) [Each] The study committee shall ensure that each optional plan [proposed] the
1115	committee proposes under this chapter:
1116	(a) [shall propose] proposes the adoption of one of the forms of county government
1117	listed in Subsection [ <del>17-52-402</del> ] <u>17-52a-405(1)(a);</u>
1118	(b) [shall contain] contains detailed provisions relating to the transition from the
1119	existing form of county government to the form proposed in the optional plan, including
1120	provisions relating to the:
1121	(i) election or appointment of officers specified in the optional plan for the new form of
1122	county government;
1123	(ii) retention, elimination, or combining of existing offices and, if an office is
1124	eliminated, the division or department of county government responsible for performing the
1125	duties of the eliminated office;
1126	(iii) continuity of existing ordinances and regulations;
1127	(iv) continuation of pending legislative, administrative, or judicial proceedings;
1128	(v) making of interim and temporary appointments; and
1129	(vi) preparation, approval, and adjustment of necessary budget appropriations;
1130	(c) [shall specify] specifies the date [it is to become] the optional plan becomes
1131	effective if adopted, which may not be earlier than the first day of January next following the
1132	election of officers under the new plan; and
1133	(d) notwithstanding any other provision of this title and except with respect to an
1134	optional plan that proposes the adoption of the county commission or expanded county
1135	commission form of government, with respect to the county budget [shall provides] provides
1136	that <u>:</u>
1137	(i) the county executive's role is to prepare and present a proposed budget to the county
1138	legislative body[ <del>,</del> ]; and
1139	(ii) the county legislative body's role is to adopt a final budget.
1140	(2) Subject to Subsection (3), an optional plan may include provisions that are
1141	considered necessary or advisable to the effective operation of the proposed optional plan.

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staggered;

- 1142 (3) An optional plan may not include any provision that is inconsistent with or 1143 prohibited by the Utah Constitution or any statute. 1144 (4) [Each] The study committee shall ensure that each optional plan proposing to 1145 change the form of government to a form under Section [<del>17-52-504 or 17-52-505 shall</del>] 1146 17-52a-203 or 17-52a-204: 1147 (a) [provide] provides for the same executive and legislative officers as are specified in the applicable section for the form of government [being proposed by] that the optional plan 1148 1149 proposes; 1150 (b) [provide] provides for the election of the county council; 1151 (c) [specify] specifies the number of county council members, which shall be an odd 1152 number from three to nine; 1153 (d) [specify] specifies whether the members of the county council are to be elected 1154 from districts, at large, or by a combination of at large and by district; 1155 (e) [specify] specifies county council members' qualifications and terms and whether 1156 the terms are to be staggered; 1157 (f) [contain] contains procedures for filling vacancies on the county council, consistent with the provisions of Section 20A-1-508; and 1158 (g) [state] states the initial compensation, if any, of county council members and 1159 1160 procedures for prescribing and changing compensation. 1161 (5) [Each] The study committee shall ensure that each optional plan proposing to 1162 change the form of government to the county commission form under Section [17-52-501] 17-52a-201 or the expanded county commission form under Section [17-52-502 shall specify] 1163 1164 17-52a-202 specifies: 1165 (a) (i) for the county commission form of government, that the county commission 1166 shall have three members; or 1167 (ii) for the expanded county commission form of government, whether the county 1168 commission shall have five or seven members;
  - (c) whether members of the county commission are to be elected from districts, at large, or by a combination of at large and from districts;

(b) the terms of office for county commission members and whether the terms are to be

1173 (d) if any members of the county commission are to be elected from districts, the 1174 district residency requirements for those commission members; and 1175 (e) if any members of the county commission are to be elected at large, whether the 1176 election of county commission members is subject to the provisions of Subsection [17-52-501] 1177 17-52a-201(6) or Subsection [<del>17-52-502</del>] 17-52a-202(6). Section 22. Section 17-52a-405, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-402 is 1178 1179 renumbered and amended to read: 1180  $[\frac{17-52-402}{}].$ 17-52a-405. Plan may propose changing forms of county 1181 government -- Plan may propose change of structural form -- Partisan elections. (1) (a) [Each] The study committee shall ensure that each optional plan [shall propose] 1182 1183 proposes changing the form of county government to: 1184 (i) the county commission form under Section [<del>17-52-501</del>] 17-52a-201; (ii) the expanded county commission form under Section [<del>17-52-502</del>] 17-52a-202; 1185 (iii) the county executive and council form under Section [17-52-504] 17-52a-203; or 1186 (iv) the council-manager form under Section [17-52-505] 17-52a-204. 1187 1188 (b) [An] The study committee may not recommend an optional plan [adopted after May 1189 1, 2000, may not] that: 1190 (i) [propose] proposes changing the form of government to a form not included in 1191 Subsection (1)(a); 1192 (ii) [provide] provides for the nonpartisan election of elected officers: 1193 (iii) [impose] imposes a limit on the number of terms or years that an elected officer 1194 may serve; [or] 1195 (iv) [provide] provides for elected officers to be subject to a recall election[-]; or (v) provides, in a county of the first, second, or third class, for a full-time county 1196 commission in an expanded county commission form of government under Section 1197 1198 17-52a-202. 1199 (2) In addition to proposing the adoption of any one of the optional forms of county government under Subsection (1)(a), an optional plan may also propose the adoption of any 1200 1201 one of the structural forms of county government provided under Chapter 35b, Part 3, 1202 Structural Forms of County Government. 1203 (3) A county that [provided] provides for the election of the county's elected officers

through a partisan election [in or after the 2000 general election] may not change to a process
that provides for the election of the county's elected officers through a nonpartisan election.

- Section 23. Section **17-52a-406**, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-204 is renumbered and amended to read:
- [17-52-204]. 17-52a-406. County or district attorney review of proposed optional plan -- Conflict with statutory or constitutional provisions -- Processing of optional plan after attorney review.
- (1) Within 10 days after the day on which the study committee submits [its] the study committee's report under Subsection [17-52-303] 17-52a-403(3)(d) to the county legislative body [recommending], if the report recommends a change in the form of county government, the county clerk shall send to the county attorney [of the county in which the optional plan is proposed] or, if the county does not have a county attorney, to the district attorney, a copy of each optional plan recommended [by the study committee in its] in the report [under Subsection 17-52-303(3)(d)].
- (2) Within 45 days after [receipt of] the day on which the county or district attorney receives the recommended optional plan from the county clerk under Subsection (1), the county or district attorney shall send a written report to the county clerk containing the information [required under] described in Subsection (3).
  - (3) [Each]  $\underline{A}$  report from the county or district attorney under Subsection (2) shall:
- (a) state the attorney's opinion as to whether implementation of the optional plan [as prepared by] that the study committee prepared would result in a violation of any applicable statutory or constitutional provision;
  - (b) if the attorney concludes that a violation would result:
- (i) identify specifically each statutory or constitutional provision that [would be violated by] implementation of the optional plan [as prepared by the study committee] would violate;
- (ii) identify specifically each provision or feature of the proposed optional plan that would result in a statutory or constitutional violation if the plan is implemented [as prepared by the study committee]; and
- [(iii) state whether, in the attorney's opinion, any of the provisions or features identified in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) are so integral to the proposed optional plan that having previously

1235	changed the specified provision or feature to avoid the violation would have affected the
1236	decision of a study committee member who favored the proposed optional plan; and]
1237	[(iv) if all the provisions or features identified in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) do not meet the
1238	standard of Subsection (3)(b)(iii),]
1239	(iii) recommend how the proposed optional plan may be modified to avoid the
1240	statutory or constitutional violation.
1241	(4) (a) [If the attorney's statement under Subsection (3) identifies provisions or features
1242	under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) that meet the standard of Subsection (3)(b)(iii), Except as provided
1243	in Subsection (4)(b), if the attorney determines under Subsection (3) that a violation would
1244	occur, the proposed optional plan may not be the subject of [a resolution or petition under
1245	Subsection 17-52-206(1), except that the an election under Section 17-52a-501.
1246	(b) The study committee may modify [the] an optional plan to avoid [the] a violation
1247	that a county or district attorney's report describes under Subsection (3) and [then] file a new
1248	report under Subsection [17-52-303] 17-52a-403(3)(d) [that will be treated as any other report
1249	under that subsection].
1250	[(b) If the attorney's statement under Subsection (3) identifies provisions or features
1251	under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) that do not meet the standard of Subsection (3)(b)(iii), the optional
1252	plan may be modified by the study committee to avoid the statutory or constitutional violations
1253	and then be the subject of a resolution or petition under Subsection 17-52-206(1).]
1254	(c) If a study committee files a new report under Subsection 17-52a-403(3)(d), the
1255	county executive, county legislative body, county or district attorney, and county clerk shall
1256	treat the new report in the same manner as an original report.
1257	(5) If the attorney's [statement] report under Subsection (3) does not identify any
1258	provisions or features of the proposed optional plan that, if implemented, would violate a
1259	statutory or constitutional provision, the proposed optional plan [may be the subject of a
1260	resolution or petition under Subsection 17-52-206(1)] is subject to the provisions described in
1261	Section 17-52a-501.
1262	Section 24. Section 17-52a-501, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-206 is
1263	renumbered and amended to read:
1264	Part 5. Adoption and Implementation of Optional Plan
1265	[ <del>17-52-206</del> ]. <u>17-52a-501.</u> Election on recommended optional plan

1200	Resolution or petition to submit plan to voters in certain counties.
1267	[(1) (a) The county legislative body shall hold an election on an optional plan
1268	recommended in a study committee report filed under Subsection 17-52-303(3)(d) if:]
1269	[(i) the county or district attorney has completed the review of the recommended
1270	optional plan and has submitted the attorney's report to the county clerk as provided in Section
1271	<del>17-52-204;</del> ]
1272	[(ii) the recommended optional plan may, under Subsection 17-52-204(3), be the
1273	subject of a resolution or petition under this Subsection (1); and]
1274	[(iii) after the county or district attorney has submitted the attorney's report under
1275	Section 17-52-204:]
1276	(1) If the county or district attorney finds that a proposed optional plan does not violate
1277	a statutory or constitutional provision under Section 17-52a-406:
1278	(a) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the county legislative body shall hold
1279	an election on the optional plan under Subsection (3); or
1280	(b) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, an election may not be held for the
1281	optional plan under Subsection (3) until:
1282	[(A)] (i) the county legislative body adopts a resolution to submit the [recommended]
1283	optional plan to voters; or
1284	[(B) a petition is filed with the county clerk that:]
1285	(ii) the county clerk certifies a petition under Subsection (2).
1286	(2) (a) In a county of fourth, fifth, or sixth class, to qualify the proposed optional plan
1287	described in Subsection (1) for an election described in Subsection (3), registered voters may
1288	file a petition with the county clerk that:
1289	(i) requests that the proposed optional plan be submitted to voters; and
1290	[(1)] (ii) is signed by registered voters residing in the county equal in number to at least
1291	$[\frac{10\%}{5}]$ of the total number of votes cast in the county for all candidates for president of the
1292	<u>United States</u> at the most recent election [for] <u>at which a</u> president of the United States[;] <u>was</u>
1293	<u>elected.</u>
1294	(b) Registered voters who file a petition under Subsection (2)(a) shall, at the time the
1295	registered voters file the petition:
1296	[(II) designates] (i) designate up to five of the petition signers as sponsors[, one of

1297	whom shan be designated as the contact sponsor, j.
1298	(ii) provide the county clerk with the mailing address and telephone number of each
1299	petition sponsor; and
1300	[(III) requests that the recommended optional plan be submitted to voters.]
1301	[(b) The process for certifying a petition filed under Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B) shall be
1302	the same as that provided in Subsection 17-52-203(3).
1303	[(2) Each election under Subsection (1) shall be held at the next regular general or
1304	municipal general election date that is no less than two months after:]
1305	[(a) the county legislative body's adoption of a resolution under Subsection
1306	<del>(1)(a)(iii)(A); or</del> ]
1307	[(b) certification of a petition filed under Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B).]
1308	(iii) designate one of the petition sponsors as the contact sponsor.
1309	(b) The county clerk shall certify or reject a petition filed under this Subsection (2) in
1310	the same manner as the county clerk certifies or rejects a petition under Subsection
1311	<u>17-52a-303(3).</u>
1312	(3) When the conditions described in Subsection (1) are met, a county shall hold an
1313	election on the optional plan at the next regular general or municipal general election that is not
1314	less than 60 days after:
1315	(a) for a county of the first, second, or third class, the day on which the county or
1316	district attorney submits the attorney's report described in Subsection 17-52a-406(5) to the
1317	county clerk; or
1318	(b) for a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the day on which:
1319	(i) the county legislative body adopts a resolution under Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
1320	(ii) the county clerk certifies a petition under Subsection (2)(b).
1321	$[\frac{(3)}{(4)}]$ The county clerk shall prepare the ballot for $[\frac{each}{an}]$ an election under
1322	[Subsection (1)] this section so that the question on the ballot states substantially [as follows]
1323	the following:
1324	"Shall County adopt the alternate form of government known
1325	as the [](insert the proposed form of government)[] that [ <del>has been recommended by</del> ] the
1326	study committee has recommended?"
1327	[ <del>(4)</del> ] (5) The county clerk shall:

1328	(a) [cause] publish the complete text of the proposed optional plan [to be published] in
1329	a newspaper of general circulation within the county at least once during two different calendar
1330	weeks within the 30-day period immediately before the date of the election [under] described in
1331	Subsection (1); [and]
1332	(b) post the complete text of the proposed optional plan in a conspicuous place on the
1333	county's website during the 45-day period that immediately precedes the election on the
1334	optional plan; and
1335	[(b)] (c) make a complete copy of the optional plan and the study committee report
1336	available free of charge to any member of the public who requests a copy.
1337	(6) A county clerk shall declare an optional plan as adopted by the voters if a majority
1338	of voters voting on the optional plan vote in favor of the optional plan.
1339	Section 25. Section 17-52a-502, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-205 is
1340	renumbered and amended to read:
1341	[17-52-205]. <u>17-52a-502.</u> Voter information pamphlet.
1342	(1) In anticipation of an election under Section [ <del>17-52-206</del> ] <u>17-52a-501</u> , the county
1343	clerk may prepare a voter information pamphlet to inform the public of the proposed optional
1344	plan.
1345	(2) In preparing a voter information pamphlet under this section, the county clerk may:
1346	(a) allow proponents and opponents of the proposed optional plan to provide written
1347	statements to be included in the pamphlet; and
1348	(b) use as a guideline the provisions of Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 7, Voter Information
1349	Pamphlet.
1350	(3) [Each] A county clerk [preparing] who prepares a voter information pamphlet
1351	under this section shall cause the publication and distribution of the pamphlet in a manner
1352	[determined by] that the county clerk [to be] determines is adequate.
1353	Section 26. Section 17-52a-503, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-403 is
1354	renumbered and amended to read:
1355	[ <del>17-52-403</del> ]. <u>17-52a-503.</u> Adoption of optional plan Election of new
1356	county officers Effect of adoption.
1357	(1) If a proposed optional plan is approved at an election held under Section
1358	[ <del>17-52-206</del> ] <u>17-52a-501</u> :

1339	(a) the elected county officers specified in the plan shall be elected at the flext regular
1360	general election following the election under Section 17-52a-501, according to the procedure
1361	and schedule established under Title 20A, Election Code, for the election of county officers;
1362	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> the proposed optional plan:
1363	(i) becomes effective according to [its] the optional plan's terms [and,];
1364	(ii) subject to Subsection $[\frac{17-52-401}{2}]$ $\frac{17-52a-404}{2}(1)(c)$ , at the time specified in $[it]$ the
1365	optional plan, is a public record open to inspection by the public[7]; and
1366	(iii) is judicially noticeable by all courts;
1367	[(b)] (c) the county clerk shall, within 10 days of the canvass of the election, file with
1368	the lieutenant governor a copy of the optional plan, certified by the clerk to be a true and
1369	correct copy;
1370	[(c)] (d) all public officers and employees shall cooperate fully in making the transition
1371	between forms of county government; and
1372	[(d)] (e) the county legislative body may enact and enforce necessary ordinances to
1373	bring about an orderly transition to the new form of government, including any transfer of
1374	power, records, documents, properties, assets, funds, liabilities, or personnel that are consistent
1375	with the approved optional plan and necessary or convenient to place it into full effect.
1376	(2) Adoption of an optional plan changing only the form of county government without
1377	adopting one of the structural forms under Chapter 35b, Part 3, Structural Forms of County
1378	Government, does not alter or affect the boundaries, organization, powers, duties, or functions
1379	of any:
1380	(a) school district;
1381	(b) justice court;
1382	(c) local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local
1383	Districts;
1384	(d) special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
1385	(e) city or town; or
1386	(f) entity created by an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
1387	Cooperation Act.
1388	(3) After the adoption of an optional plan, the county remains vested with all powers
1389	and duties vested generally in counties by statute.

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1390	Section 27. Section 17-52a-504, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-404 is
1391	renumbered and amended to read:
1392	[ <del>17-52-404</del> ]. <u>17-52a-504.</u> Amendment of optional plan.
1393	(1) Subject to [Subsection] Subsections (2) and (3), an optional plan, after going into
1394	effect following an election held under Section [ <del>17-52-206</del> ] <u>17-52a-501</u> , may be amended by
1395	an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the county legislative body.
1396	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an amendment to an optional plan that is in effect
1397	may not take effect until [approved by] a majority of registered voters voting in a general or
1398	special election at which the amendment is proposed approve the amendment, if the
1399	amendment changes:
1400	(a) the size or makeup of the legislative body, except for adjustments necessary due to
1401	decennial reapportionment;
1402	(b) the distribution of powers between the executive and legislative branches of county
1403	government; or
1404	(c) the status of the county executive or legislative body from full-time to part-time or
1405	vice versa.
1406	Section 28. Section 17-52a-505, which is renumbered from Section 17-52-405 is
1407	renumbered and amended to read:
1408	$[\frac{17-52-405}{2}]$ . Repeal of optional plan.
1409	(1) An optional plan [adopted] that the voters in an election adopt under this chapter
1410	may be repealed as provided in this section.
1411	(2) Registered voters of a county that has adopted an optional plan may initiate the
1412	process of repealing an optional plan by filing a petition for the repeal of the optional plan.
1413	(3) (a) [A] Registered voters of a county may not file a petition to repeal an optional
1414	plan [may not be filed] sooner than four years or more than five years after the election of
1415	county officers under Section $\left[\frac{17-52-207}{17-52a-503}\right]$ .
1416	(b) (i) If the registered voters file a petition to repeal an optional plan under this
1417	section, the petition is certified, and the optional plan is not repealed at an election described in
1418	Subsection (8), the voters may not circulate or file a subsequent petition to repeal until at least

(ii) If, after four years, the voters file a subsequent petition [as described in] under

four, and not more than five, years after the certification of the original petition.

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1421	Subsection (3)(b)(i), the voters:
1422	(A) may not circulate or file another petition to repeal until at least four, and not more
1423	than five, years after certification of the subsequent petition; and
1424	(B) shall wait an additional four, and not more than five, years after the date of
1425	certification of the previous petition for each petition filed thereafter.
1426	(4) [Each] A petition [under] described in Subsection (2) shall:
1427	(a) be signed by registered voters residing in the county:
1428	(i) equal in number to at least 15% of the total number of votes cast in each precinct
1429	described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) for all candidates for president of the United States at the
1430	most recent election [for] in which a president of the United States was elected; and
1431	(ii) who represent at least 85% of the voting precincts located within the county;
1432	(b) designate up to five of the petition signers as sponsors, [one of whom shall be
1433	designated] designating one petition signer as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and
1434	telephone number of each; and
1435	(c) be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the petition signers reside.
1436	(5) Within 30 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (2) or an amended
1437	petition under Subsection (6), the county clerk shall:
1438	(a) determine whether the required number of voters have signed the petition or
1439	amended petition has been signed by the required number of registered voters; and
1440	(b) (i) if [so] a sufficient number of voters have signed the petition, certify the petition
1441	or amended petition and deliver it to the county legislative body, and notify in writing the
1442	contact sponsor of the certification; or
1443	(ii) if [not] a sufficient number of voters have not signed the petition, reject the petition
1444	or the amended petition and notify [in writing] the county legislative body and the contact
1445	sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
1446	(6) If a county clerk rejects a petition or an amended petition under Subsection
1447	(5)(b)(ii), the petition may be amended or an amended petition may be further amended with
1448	additional signatures and refiled within 20 days of the date of rejection.
1449	(7) [(a)] If a county clerk certifies a petition under Subsection (2) [is certified], the

county legislative body shall [within 60 days after petition certification adopt a resolution

granting the petition and deciding to hold an election on the proposal to repeal the optional

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- 1452 plan[. (b) The county legislative body shall hold the election] at the next regular general 1453 election [date] that is at least [two months after the legislative body's decision] 60 days after the 1454 day on which the county clerk certifies the petition. 1455 (8) If, at an election held under Subsection (7)[(b)], a majority of voters voting on the 1456 proposal to repeal the optional plan vote in favor of repealing: 1457 (a) the optional plan is repealed, effective January 1 of the year following the election 1458 of county officers under Subsection (8)(c); 1459 (b) upon the effective date of the repeal under Subsection (8)(a), the form of 1460 government under which the county operates reverts to the form it had before the optional plan 1461 was adopted; and 1462 (c) the county officers under the form of government to which the county reverts, who 1463 are different than the county officers under the repealed optional plan, shall be elected at the 1464 next regular general election following the election under Subsection (7)[(b)]. 1465 Section 29. Section 17-53-101 is amended to read: 1466 17-53-101. County officers enumerated. (1) The elected officers of a county are: 1467 1468 (a) (i) in a county operating under a county commission or expanded county 1469 commission form of government, county commission members; or 1470 (ii) in a county operating under one of the other forms of county government under 1471 Subsection [17-52-402] 17-52a-405(1)(a), county legislative body members and the county 1472 executive; 1473 (b) a county treasurer, a sheriff, a county clerk, a county auditor, a county recorder, a 1474 county attorney, a district attorney in a county which is part of a prosecution district, a county 1475 surveyor, and a county assessor; and 1476 (c) any others provided by law. 1477 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), in counties having a taxable value of less than 1478 \$100,000,000 the county clerk shall be ex officio auditor of the county and shall perform the 1479 duties of the office without extra compensation. 1480 Section 30. Section 17B-2a-1106 is amended to read:
  - (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and notwithstanding any other provision of

17B-2a-1106. Municipal services district board of trustees -- Governance.

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17-52a-203.

1483 law regarding the membership of a local district board of trustees, the initial board of trustees 1484 of a municipal services district shall consist of the county legislative body. 1485 (2) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law regarding the membership of a local 1486 district board of trustees or the governance of a local district, and, except as provided in 1487 Subsection (3), if a municipal services district is created in a county of the first class with the 1488 county executive-council form of government, the initial governance of the municipal services 1489 district is as follows: 1490 (i) subject to Subsection (2)(b), the county council is the municipal services district 1491 board of trustees; and (ii) subject to Subsection (2)(c), the county executive is the executive of the municipal 1492 1493 services district. 1494 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the board of trustees of a municipal 1495 services district described in Subsection (2)(a) shall: 1496 (i) act as the legislative body of the district; and 1497 (ii) exercise legislative branch powers and responsibilities established for county 1498 legislative bodies in: 1499 (A) Title 17, Counties; and 1500 (B) an optional plan, as defined in Section [17-52-101] 17-52a-101, adopted for a 1501 county executive-council form of county government as described in Section [17-52-504] 1502 17-52a-203. 1503 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a municipal services district 1504 described in Subsection (2)(a), the executive of the district shall: 1505 (i) act as the executive of the district; 1506 (ii) nominate a general manager of the municipal services district, subject to the advice 1507 and consent of the board of trustees; and 1508 (iii) exercise executive branch powers and responsibilities established for a county 1509 executive in: (A) Title 17, Counties; and 1510

(B) an optional plan, as defined in Section [17-52-101] 17-52a-101, adopted for a

county executive-council form of county government as described in Section [17-52-504]

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1514 (3) (a) If, after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area within the 1515 district is incorporated as a municipality as defined in Section 10-1-104 and the area is not 1516 withdrawn from the district in accordance with Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, or an area 1517 within the municipality is annexed into the municipal services district in accordance with 1518 Section 17B-2a-1103, the district's board of trustees shall be as follows: 1519 (i) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a member of that municipality's governing body; 1520 (ii) subject to Subsection (4), two members of the county council of the county in 1521 which the municipal services district is located; and 1522 (iii) the total number of board members shall be an odd number. 1523 (b) A member described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be: 1524 (i) for a municipality other than a metro township, designated by the municipal 1525 legislative body; and 1526 (ii) for a metro township, the chair of the metro township. 1527 (c) A member of the board of trustees has the powers and duties described in 1528 Subsection (2)(b). 1529 (d) The county executive is the executive and has the powers and duties as described in 1530 Subsection (2)(c). 1531 (4) (a) The number of county council members may be increased or decreased to meet 1532 the membership requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) but may not be less than one. 1533 (b) The number of county council members described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) does not 1534 include the county mayor. 1535 (5) For a board of trustees described in Subsection (3), each board member's vote is 1536 weighted using the proportion of the municipal services district population that resides: 1537 (a) for each member described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), within that member's 1538 municipality; and 1539 (b) for each member described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), within the unincorporated 1540 county, with the members' weighted vote divided evenly if there is more than one member on 1541 the board described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).

(6) The board may adopt a resolution providing for future board members to be

(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections 17B-1-309(1) or 17B-1-310(1), the board of

appointed, as provided in Section 17B-1-304, or elected, as provided in Section 17B-1-306.

1545	trustees may adopt a resolution to determine the internal governance of the board.
1546	(b) A resolution adopted under Subsection (7)(a) may not alter or impair the board of
1547	trustees' duties, powers, or responsibilities described in Subsection (2)(b) or the executive's
1548	duties, powers, or responsibilities described in Subsection (2)(c).
1549	(8) The municipal services district and the county may enter into an agreement for the
1550	provision of legal services to the municipal services district.
1551	Section 31. Section 17C-1-203 is amended to read:
1552	17C-1-203. Agency board Quorum.
1553	(1) The governing body of an agency is a board consisting of the current members of
1554	the community legislative body.
1555	(2) A majority of board members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of agency
1556	business.
1557	(3) A board may not adopt a resolution, pass a motion, or take any other official board
1558	action without the concurrence of at least a majority of the board members present at a meeting
1559	at which a quorum is present.
1560	(4) (a) The mayor or the mayor's designee of a municipality operating under a
1561	council-mayor form of government, as defined in Section 10-3b-102:
1562	(i) serves as the executive director of an agency created by the municipality; and
1563	(ii) exercises the agency's executive powers.
1564	(b) The county executive or the county executive's designee of a county operating
1565	under a county executive-council form of government, as described in Section [17-52-504]
1566	<u>17-52a-203</u> :
1567	(i) serves as the executive director of an agency created by the county; and
1568	(ii) exercises the agency's executive powers.
1569	Section 32. Section 17D-2-203 is amended to read:
1570	17D-2-203. Local building authority board of directors.
1571	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the members of the governing body of the
1572	creating local entity constitute the authority board of the local building authority created by the
1573	creating local entity.
1574	(2) An authority board may be referred to as a board of trustees.
1575	(3) (a) For a local building authority whose creating local entity is a county that

1576	operates under the county commission form of government under Section [ <del>17-52-501</del> ]
1577	17-52a-201, two members of the authority board may appoint an elected officer of the county
1578	to serve temporarily as a member of the authority board if the other authority board member:
1579	(i) is, as a member of the county commission, placed on paid administrative leave
1580	under Section 17-16-10.5;
1581	(ii) is unable to serve due to a disability;
1582	(iii) has a conflict of interest with respect to a matter before the authority board that
1583	disqualifies the authority board member or causes the member to abstain from participating in
1584	action on that matter; or
1585	(iv) is unable for any other reason to serve temporarily on the authority board or to
1586	participate in a matter before the board.
1587	(b) An elected county officer appointed to an authority board under Subsection (3)(a)
1588	may serve only until the condition under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) causing the need
1589	for the appointment is no longer present.
1590	Section 33. Section <b>20A-1-203</b> is amended to read:
1591	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections Two-thirds vote
1592	limitations.
1593	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
1594	law.
1595	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
1596	general elections.
1597	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted
1598	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.
1599	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
1600	that designates:
1601	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1602	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1603	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
1604	concurrent resolution that designates:
1605	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1606	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.

1607	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special
1608	election only for:
1609	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
1610	(ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section 53A-16-110 or 53A-17a-133;
1611	(iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;
1612	(iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
1613	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
1614	legal boundaries should be changed;
1615	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1616	(vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
1617	remaining school district, as defined in Section 53A-2-117, following the creation of a new
1618	school district under Section 53A-2-118.1;
1619	(viii) a vote on a municipality providing cable television services or public
1620	telecommunications services under Section 10-18-204;
1621	(ix) a vote to create a new county under Section 17-3-1;
1622	(x) a vote on the creation of a study committee under Sections [ <del>17-52-202 and</del>
1623	<del>17-52-203.5</del> ] <u>17-52a-302</u> and <u>17-52a-304</u> ;
1624	(xi) a vote on a special property tax under Section 53A-16-110;
1625	(xii) a vote on the incorporation of a city in accordance with Section 10-2a-210;
1626	(xiii) a vote on the incorporation of a town in accordance with Section 10-2a-304; or
1627	(xiv) a vote on incorporation or annexation as described in Section 10-2a-404.
1628	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
1629	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
1630	(i) the date for the local special election as authorized by Section 20A-1-204; and
1631	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
1632	(c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
1633	ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
1634	two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
1635	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
1636	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
1637	(iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection

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1638	(5)(a)(vi).
1639	Section 34. Section <b>20A-1-508</b> is amended to read:
1640	20A-1-508. Midterm vacancies in county elected offices.
1641	(1) As used in this section:
1642	(a) (i) "County offices" includes the county executive, members of the county
1643	legislative body, the county treasurer, the county sheriff, the county clerk, the county auditor,
1644	the county recorder, the county surveyor, and the county assessor.
1645	(ii) "County offices" does not mean the offices of president and vice president of the
1646	United States, United States senators and representatives, members of the Utah Legislature,
1647	state constitutional officers, county attorneys, district attorneys, and judges.
1648	(b) "Party liaison" means the political party officer designated to serve as a liaison with
1649	each county legislative body on all matters relating to the political party's relationship with a
1650	county as required by Section 20A-8-401.
1651	(2) (a) Until a replacement is selected as provided in this section and has qualified, the
1652	county legislative body shall appoint an interim replacement to fill the vacant office by
1653	following the procedures and requirements of this Subsection (2).
1654	(b) (i) To appoint an interim replacement, the county legislative body shall give notice
1655	of the vacancy to the party liaison of the same political party of the prior office holder and
1656	invite that party liaison to submit the name of a person to fill the vacancy.
1657	(ii) That party liaison shall, within 30 days, submit the name of the person selected in
1658	accordance with the party constitution or bylaws as described in Section 20A-8-401 for the
1659	interim replacement to the county legislative body.
1660	(iii) The county legislative body shall no later than five days after the day on which a
1661	party liaison submits the name of the person for the interim replacement appoint the person to
1662	serve out the unexpired term.
1663	(c) (i) If the county legislative body fails to appoint an interim replacement to fill the
1664	vacancy in accordance with Subsection (2)(b)(iii), the county clerk shall send to the governor a
1665	letter that:
1666	(A) informs the governor that the county legislative body has failed to appoint a

(B) contains the name of the person to fill the vacancy submitted by the party liaison.

replacement within the statutory time period; and

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shall file a declaration of candidacy.

1669	(ii) The governor shall appoint the person named by the party liaison as an interim
1670	replacement to fill the vacancy within 30 days after receipt of the letter.
1671	(d) A person appointed as interim replacement under this Subsection (2) shall hold
1672	office until their successor is elected and has qualified.
1673	(3) (a) The requirements of this Subsection (3) apply to all county offices that become
1674	vacant if:
1675	(i) the vacant office has an unexpired term of two years or more; and
1676	(ii) the vacancy occurs after the election at which the person was elected but before
1677	April 10 of the next even-numbered year.
1678	(b) (i) When the conditions established in Subsection (3)(a) are met, the county clerk
1679	shall notify the public and each registered political party that the vacancy exists.
1680	(ii) An individual intending to become a candidate for the vacant office shall file a
1681	declaration of candidacy in accordance with:
1682	(A) Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy; and
1683	(B) for a county commission office, Subsection [ <del>17-52-501(6) or 17-52-502</del> ]
1684	<u>17-52a-201(6)</u> or <u>17-52a-202(6)</u> , if applicable.
1685	(iii) An individual who is nominated as a party candidate for the vacant office or
1686	qualified as an independent or write-in candidate under Chapter 8, Political Party Formation
1687	and Procedures, for the vacant office shall run in the regular general election.
1688	(4) (a) The requirements of this Subsection (4) apply to all county offices that become
1689	vacant if:
1690	(i) the vacant office has an unexpired term of two years or more; and
1691	(ii) the vacancy occurs after April 9 of the next even-numbered year but more than 75
1692	days before the regular primary election.
1693	(b) (i) When the conditions established in Subsection (4)(a) are met, the county clerk
1694	shall notify the public and each registered political party that:
1695	(A) the vacancy exists; and
1696	(B) identifies the date and time by which a person interested in becoming a candidate

(ii) An individual intending to become a candidate for a vacant office shall, within five

days after the date that the notice is made, ending at the close of normal office hours on the

vacancy to the county legislative body.

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1700 fifth day, file a declaration of candidacy for the vacant office in accordance with: 1701 (A) Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy; and 1702 (B) for a county commission office, Subsection [17-52-501(6) or 17-52-502] 1703 17-52a-201(6) or 17-52a-202(6), if applicable. 1704 (iii) The county central committee of each party shall: 1705 (A) select a candidate or candidates from among those qualified candidates who have 1706 filed declarations of candidacy; and 1707 (B) certify the name of the candidate or candidates to the county clerk at least 60 days before the regular primary election. 1708 1709 (5) (a) The requirements of this Subsection (5) apply to all county offices that become 1710 vacant: 1711 (i) if the vacant office has an unexpired term of two years or more; and 1712 (ii) when 75 days or less remain before the regular primary election but more than 65 days remain before the regular general election. 1713 1714 (b) When the conditions established in Subsection (5)(a) are met, the county central 1715 committees of each political party registered under this title that wishes to submit a candidate 1716 for the office shall summarily certify the name of one candidate to the county clerk for 1717 placement on the regular general election ballot. 1718 (6) (a) The requirements of this Subsection (6) apply to all county offices that become 1719 vacant: 1720 (i) if the vacant office has an unexpired term of less than two years; or 1721 (ii) if the vacant office has an unexpired term of two years or more but 65 days or less 1722 remain before the next regular general election. 1723 (b) (i) When the conditions established in Subsection (6)(a) are met, the county 1724 legislative body shall give notice of the vacancy to the party liaison of the same political party 1725 as the prior office holder and invite that party liaison to submit the name of a person to fill the 1726 vacancy.

(ii) That party liaison shall, within 30 days, submit the name of the person to fill the

(iii) The county legislative body shall no later than five days after the day on which a

party liaison submits the name of the person to fill the vacancy appoint the person to serve out

the unexpired term.

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- 1732 (c) (i) If the county legislative body fails to appoint a person to fill the vacancy in 1733 accordance with Subsection (6)(b)(iii), the county clerk shall send to the governor a letter that:
  - (A) informs the governor that the county legislative body has failed to appoint a person to fill the vacancy within the statutory time period; and
    - (B) contains the name of the person to fill the vacancy submitted by the party liaison.
  - (ii) The governor shall appoint the person named by the party liaison to fill the vacancy within 30 days after receipt of the letter.
  - (d) A person appointed to fill the vacancy under this Subsection (6) shall hold office until their successor is elected and has qualified.
  - (7) Except as otherwise provided by law, the county legislative body may appoint replacements to fill all vacancies that occur in those offices filled by appointment of the county legislative body.
  - (8) Nothing in this section prevents or prohibits independent candidates from filing a declaration of candidacy for the office within the same time limits.
  - (9) (a) Each person elected under Subsection (3), (4), or (5) to fill a vacancy in a county office shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term of the person who created the vacancy and until a successor is elected and qualified.
  - (b) Nothing in this section may be construed to contradict or alter the provisions of Section 17-16-6.
- Section 35. Section **20A-9-409** is amended to read:
  - 20A-9-409. Primary election provisions relating to qualified political party.
  - (1) The fourth Tuesday of June of each even-numbered year is designated as a regular primary election day.
  - (2) (a) A qualified political party that nominates one or more candidates for an elective office under Section 20A-9-407 and does not have a candidate qualify as a candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-408, may, but is not required to, participate in the primary election for that office.
  - (b) A qualified political party that has only one candidate qualify as a candidate for an elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-407, may, but is not required to, participate in the primary election for

that office.

- (c) A qualified political party that nominates one or more candidates for an elective office under Section 20A-9-407 and has one or more candidates qualify as a candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-408 shall participate in the primary election for that office.
- (d) A qualified political party that has two or more candidates qualify as candidates for an elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-407 shall participate in the primary election for that office.
- (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in an opt-in county, as defined in Section [17-52-501 or Section 17-52-502] 17-52a-201 or 17-52a-202, a qualified political party shall participate in the primary election for a county commission office if:
  - (a) there is more than one:
  - (i) open position as defined in Section [<del>17-52-501</del>] <u>17-52a-201</u>; or
  - (ii) midterm vacancy as defined in Section [<del>17-52-501</del>] <u>17-52a-201</u>; and
- (b) the number of candidates nominated under Section 20A-9-407 or qualified under Section 20A-9-408 for the respective open positions or midterm vacancies exceeds the number of respective open positions or midterm vacancies.
  - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
- (i) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification, from the appropriate filing officer, for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party for a particular elective office; or
- (ii) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the number of candidates who receive certification, from the appropriate filing officer, for the regular primary election of the candidate's registered political party does not exceed the total number of candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.
- (b) By 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after the third Saturday in April, the lieutenant governor shall:
  - (i) provide to the county clerks:
- (A) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have received certifications from the appropriate filing officer, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and

1793 (B) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a 1794 registered political party; and 1795 (ii) instruct the county clerks to exclude unopposed candidates from the primary 1796 election ballot. 1797 Section 36. Section **26A-1-102** is amended to read: 1798 26A-1-102. Definitions. 1799 As used in this part: 1800 (1) "Board" means a local board of health established under Section 26A-1-109. 1801 (2) "County governing body" means one of the types of county government provided 1802 for in Title 17, Chapter 52a, Part [5] 2, Forms of County Government. (3) "County health department" means a local health department that serves a county 1803 1804 and municipalities located within that county. (4) "Department" means the Department of Health created in Title 26, Chapter 1, 1805 1806 Department of Health Organization. 1807 (5) "Local health department" means: 1808 (a) a single county local health department: 1809 (b) a multicounty local health department; 1810 (c) a united local health department; or 1811 (d) a multicounty united local health department. (6) "Mental health authority" means a local mental health authority created in Section 1812 1813 17-43-301. (7) "Multicounty local health department" means a local health department that is 1814 1815 formed under Section 26A-1-105 and that serves two or more contiguous counties and 1816 municipalities within those counties. 1817 (8) "Multicounty united local health department" means a united local health 1818 department that is formed under Section 26A-1-105.5 and that serves two or more contiguous 1819 counties and municipalities within those counties. 1820 (9) "Single county local health department" means a local health department that is 1821 created by the governing body of one county to provide services to the county and the 1822 municipalities within that county. 1823 (10) "Substance abuse authority" means a local substance abuse authority created in

1824	Section 17-43-201.
1825	(11) "United local health department":
1826	(a) means a substance abuse authority, a mental health authority, and a local health
1827	department that join together under Section 26A-1-105.5; and
1828	(b) includes a multicounty united local health department.
1829	Section 37. Section <b>59-2-919</b> is amended to read:
1830	59-2-919. Notice and public hearing requirements for certain tax increases
1831	Exceptions.
1832	(1) As used in this section:
1833	(a) "Additional ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue
1834	generated by the portion of the tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate.
1835	(b) "Ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue not including
1836	revenue from:
1837	(i) eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924; or
1838	(ii) personal property that is:
1839	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
1840	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
1841	(c) "Calendar year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year
1842	that begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.
1843	(d) "County executive calendar year taxing entity" means a calendar year taxing entity
1844	that operates under the county executive-council form of government described in Section
1845	$[\frac{17-52-504}]$ $\frac{17-52a-203}$ .
1846	(e) "Current calendar year" means the calendar year immediately preceding the
1847	calendar year for which a calendar year taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
1848	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate.
1849	(f) "Fiscal year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year that
1850	begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.
1851	(g) "Last year's property tax budgeted revenue" does not include revenue received by a
1852	taxing entity from a debt service levy voted on by the public.
1853	(2) A taxing entity may not levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax
1854	rate unless the taxing entity meets:

1855	(a) the requirements of this section that apply to the taxing entity; and
1856	(b) all other requirements as may be required by law.
1857	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), a calendar
1858	year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax
1859	rate if the calendar year taxing entity:
1860	(i) 14 or more days before the date of the regular general election or municipal general
1861	election held in the current calendar year, states at a public meeting:
1862	(A) that the calendar year taxing entity intends to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
1863	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate;
1864	(B) the dollar amount of and purpose for additional ad valorem tax revenue that would
1865	be generated by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate; and
1866	(C) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing entity
1867	based on the proposed increase described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B);
1868	(ii) provides notice for the public meeting described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) in
1869	accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including providing a
1870	separate item on the meeting agenda that notifies the public that the calendar year taxing entity
1871	intends to make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
1872	(iii) meets the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7) before the
1873	calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(a)(v);
1874	(iv) provides notice by mail:
1875	(A) seven or more days before the regular general election or municipal general
1876	election held in the current calendar year; and
1877	(B) as provided in Subsection (3)(c); and
1878	(v) conducts a public hearing that is held:
1879	(A) in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9); and
1880	(B) in conjunction with the public hearing required by Section 17-36-13 or 17B-1-610.
1881	(b) (i) For a county executive calendar year taxing entity, the statement described in
1882	Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made by the:
1883	(A) county council;
1884	(B) county executive; or
1885	(C) both the county council and county executive.

1886	(ii) If the county council makes the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or the
1887	county council states a dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that is greater than
1888	the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue previously stated by the county executive in
1889	accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county executive calendar year taxing entity shall:
1890	(A) make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) 14 or more days before the
1891	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing under Subsection
1892	(3)(a)(v); and
1893	(B) provide the notice required by Subsection (3)(a)(iv) 14 or more days before the
1894	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by
1895	Subsection (3)(a)(v).
1896	(c) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
1897	(i) shall be mailed to each owner of property:
1898	(A) within the calendar year taxing entity; and
1899	(B) listed on the assessment roll;
1900	(ii) shall be printed on a separate form that:
1901	(A) is developed by the commission;
1902	(B) states at the top of the form, in bold upper-case type no smaller than 18 point
1903	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE"; and
1904	(C) may be mailed with the notice required by Section 59-2-1317;
1905	(iii) shall contain for each property described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
1906	(A) the value of the property for the current calendar year;
1907	(B) the tax on the property for the current calendar year; and
1908	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(d), for the calendar year for which the calendar year
1909	taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax
1910	rate, the estimated tax on the property;
1911	(iv) shall contain the following statement:
1912	"[Insert name of taxing entity] is proposing a tax increase for [insert applicable calendar
1913	year]. This notice contains estimates of the tax on your property and the proposed tax increase
1914	on your property as a result of this tax increase. These estimates are calculated on the basis of
1915	[insert previous applicable calendar year] data. The actual tax on your property and proposed
1916	tax increase on your property may vary from this estimate.";

1917 (v) shall state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection 1918 (3)(a)(v); and 1919 (vi) may contain other property tax information approved by the commission. 1920 (d) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(C), a calendar year taxing entity shall 1921 calculate the estimated tax on property on the basis of: 1922 (i) data for the current calendar year; and 1923 (ii) the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated in accordance with this 1924 section. 1925 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a fiscal year taxing entity may levy a tax rate 1926 that exceeds the fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate if the fiscal year taxing entity: 1927 (a) provides notice by meeting the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and 1928 (7) before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts the public meeting at which the fiscal year 1929 taxing entity's annual budget is adopted; and (b) conducts a public hearing in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9) before the 1930 1931 fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted. 1932 (5) (a) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice or public hearing requirements 1933 of Subsection (3) or (4) if the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from complying with 1934 the requirements of this section. 1935 (b) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice requirements of Subsection (3) or (4) if: 1936 1937 (i) Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that exceeds that 1938 certified tax rate without having to comply with the notice provisions of this section; or 1939 (ii) the taxing entity: 1940 (A) budgeted less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year; 1941 and 1942 (B) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem tax 1943 revenues. 1944 (6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this 1945 section shall be published: 1946 (i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of 1947 general circulation in the taxing entity;

1948	(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
1949	(iii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701.
1950	(b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
1951	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
1952	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
1953	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
1954	(c) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed in that
1955	portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
1956	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
1957	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) appear in a
1958	newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
1959	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
1960	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
1961	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
1962	(e) (i) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
1963	(A) except as provided in Subsection (6)(f), be run once each week for the two weeks
1964	before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described under Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b);
1965	and
1966	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
1967	advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is
1968	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
1969	the reasons for the proposed increase.
1970	(ii) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:
1971	(A) be published two weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described
1972	in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); and
1973	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
1974	advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is
1975	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
1976	the reasons for the proposed increase.
1977	(f) If a fiscal year taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county
1978	auditor in accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the fiscal year taxing entity is not subject to the

1979	requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection (6)(e)(i), but shall run
1980	the advertisement once during the week before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts a public
1981	hearing at which the taxing entity's annual budget is discussed.
1982	(g) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (4)(a), the form and content of an
1983	advertisement shall be substantially as follows:
1984	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
1985	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
1986	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
1987	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
1988	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
1989	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
1990	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
1991	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
1992	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
1993	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase
1994	its property tax budgeted revenue by% above last year's property tax
1995	budgeted revenue excluding eligible new growth.
1996	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
1997	PUBLIC HEARING
1998	Date/Time: (date) (time)
1999	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
2000	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
2001	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
2002	(7) The commission:
2003	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2004	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement described in Subsection (6) by
2005	two or more taxing entities; and
2006	(b) subject to Section 45-1-101, may authorize:
2007	(i) the use of a weekly newspaper:
2008	(A) in a county having both daily and weekly newspapers if the weekly newspaper
2009	would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and

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- 2010 (B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or 2011 (ii) the use by a taxing entity of a commission approved direct notice to each taxpayer 2012 if: 2013 (A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship; 2014 (B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section 2015 59-2-919.1; and 2016 (C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission approved 2017 direct notice. 2018 (8) (a) (i) (A) A fiscal year taxing entity shall, on or before March 1, notify the county 2019 legislative body in which the fiscal year taxing entity is located of the date, time, and place of 2020 the first public hearing at which the fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed. 2021 (B) A county that receives notice from a fiscal year taxing entity under Subsection 2022 (8)(a)(i)(A) shall include on the notice required by Section 59-2-919.1 the date, time, and place 2023 of the public hearing described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A). 2024 (ii) A calendar year taxing entity shall, on or before October 1 of the current calendar 2025 year, notify the county legislative body in which the calendar year taxing entity is located of the 2026 date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the calendar year taxing entity's annual 2027 budget will be discussed. 2028 (b) (i) A public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall be open to the 2029 public. 2030 (ii) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a public hearing described in 2031 Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall provide an interested party desiring to be heard an 2032 opportunity to present oral testimony within reasonable time limits. (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c)(ii), a taxing entity may not schedule a 2033 2034 public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) at the same time as the public hearing 2035 of another overlapping taxing entity in the same county. 2036 (ii) The taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same
  - (d) A county legislative body shall resolve any conflict in public hearing dates and times after consultation with each affected taxing entity.

governing board or authority may consolidate the public hearings described in Subsection

(3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) into one public hearing.

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- 2041 (e) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or 2042 (4)(b) beginning at or after 6 p.m.
  - (9) (a) If a taxing entity does not make a final decision on budgeting additional ad valorem tax revenue at a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the taxing entity shall announce at that public hearing the scheduled time and place of the next public meeting at which the taxing entity will consider budgeting the additional ad valorem tax revenue.
  - (b) A calendar year taxing entity may not adopt a final budget that budgets an amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that exceeds the largest amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated at a public meeting under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
  - (c) A public hearing on levying a tax rate that exceeds a fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate may coincide with a public hearing on the fiscal year taxing entity's proposed annual budget.
    - Section 38. Section **63I-2-217** is amended to read:
- 2055 **63I-2-217.** Repeal dates -- Title 17.
- 2056 (1) Subsection 17-27a-102(1)(b), the language that states "or a designated mountainous planning district" is repealed June 1, 2020.
  - (2) (a) Subsection 17-27a-103(15)(b) is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2059 (b) Subsection 17-27a-103(37) is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2060 (3) Subsection 17-27a-210(2)(a), the language that states "or the mountainous planning district area" is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2062 (4) (a) Subsection 17-27a-301(1)(b)(iii) is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2063 (b) Subsection 17-27a-301(1)(c) is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2064 (c) Subsection 17-27a-301(2)(a), the language that states "described in Subsection 2065 (1)(a) or (c)" is repealed June 1, 2020.
  - (5) Subsection 17-27a-302(1), the language that states ", or mountainous planning district" and "or the mountainous planning district," is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2068 (6) Subsection 17-27a-305(1)(a), the language that states "a mountainous planning district or" and ", as applicable" is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2070 (7) (a) Subsection 17-27a-401(1)(b)(ii) is repealed June 1, 2020.
- 2071 (b) Subsection 17-27a-401(6) is repealed June 1, 2020.

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(8) (a) Subsection 17-27a-403(1)(b)(ii) is repealed June 1, 2020. 2072 2073 (b) Subsection 17-27a-403(1)(c)(iii) is repealed June 1, 2020. 2074 (c) Subsection (2)(a)(iii), the language that states "or the mountainous planning 2075 district" is repealed June 1, 2020. 2076 (d) Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(c)(i), the language that states "or mountainous planning 2077 district" is repealed June 1, 2020. 2078 (9) Subsection 17-27a-502(1)(d)(i)(B) is repealed June 1, 2020. 2079 (10) Subsection 17-27a-505.5(2)(a)(iii) is repealed June 1, 2020. 2080 (11) Subsection 17-27a-602(1)(b), the language that states "or, in the case of a 2081 mountainous planning district, the mountainous planning district" is repealed June 1, 2020. 2082 (12) Subsection 17-27a-604(1)(b)(i)(B) is repealed June 1, 2020. 2083 (13) Subsection 17-27a-605(1), the language that states "or mountainous planning 2084 district land" is repealed June 1, 2020. 2085 (14) Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 9, Mountainous Planning District, is repealed June 1, 2020. 2086 2087 (15) On June 1, 2020, when making the changes in this section, the Office of 2088 Legislative Research and General Counsel shall: 2089 (a) in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make corrections 2090 necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified in this section are complete 2091 sentences and accurately reflect the office's understanding of the Legislature's intent; and 2092 (b) identify the text of the affected sections and subsections based upon the section and 2093 subsection numbers used in Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 448. 2094 (16) On June 1, 2020: (a) Section 17-52a-103 is repealed; 2095 2096 (b) in Subsection 17-52a-301(3)(a), the language that states "or under a provision 2097 described in Subsection 17-52a-103(2)," is repealed; and 2098 (c) Subsection 17-52a-301(3)(a)(vi) is repealed. 2099 (17) On January 1, 2028, Subsection 17-52a-102(3) is repealed.

Section 39. Section **68-3-12.5** is amended to read:

68-3-12.5. Definitions for Utah Code.

(1) The definitions listed in this section apply to the Utah Code, unless:

2103 (a) the definition is inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Legislature or repugnant 2104 to the context of the statute; or 2105 (b) a different definition is expressly provided for the respective title, chapter, part, 2106 section, or subsection. 2107 (2) "Adjudicative proceeding" means: 2108 (a) an action by a board, commission, department, officer, or other administrative unit of the state that determines the legal rights, duties, privileges, immunities, or other legal 2109 interests of one or more identifiable persons, including an action to grant, deny, revoke, 2110 2111 suspend, modify, annul, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, or license; and (b) judicial review of an action described in Subsection (2)(a). 2112 2113 (3) "Administrator" includes "executor" when the subject matter justifies the use. 2114 (4) "Advisory board," "advisory commission," and "advisory council" mean a board, 2115 commission, committee, or council that: 2116 (a) is created by, and whose duties are provided by, statute or executive order; 2117 (b) performs its duties only under the supervision of another person as provided by 2118 statute; and 2119 (c) provides advice and makes recommendations to another person that makes policy 2120 for the benefit of the general public. 2121 (5) "Armed forces" means the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, 2122 and Coast Guard. 2123 (6) "County executive" means: 2124 (a) the county commission, in the county commission or expanded county commission 2125 form of government established under Title 17, Chapter 52a, Changing Forms of County 2126 Government; 2127 (b) the county executive, in the county executive-council optional form of government 2128 authorized by Section [<del>17-52-504</del>] 17-52a-203; or 2129 (c) the county manager, in the council-manager optional form of government authorized by Section [<del>17-52-505</del>] 17-52a-204. 2130 2131 (7) "County legislative body" means: 2132 (a) the county commission, in the county commission or expanded county commission 2133 form of government established under Title 17, Chapter 52a, Changing Forms of County

2134	Government;
2135	(b) the county council, in the county executive-council optional form of government
2136	authorized by Section [ <del>17-52-504</del> ] <u>17-52a-203</u> ; and
2137	(c) the county council, in the council-manager optional form of government authorized
2138	by Section [ <del>17-52-505</del> ] <u>17-52a-204</u> .
2139	(8) "Depose" means to make a written statement made under oath or affirmation.
2140	(9) "Executor" includes "administrator" when the subject matter justifies the use.
2141	(10) "Guardian" includes a person who:
2142	(a) qualifies as a guardian of a minor or incapacitated person pursuant to testamentary
2143	or court appointment; or
2144	(b) is appointed by a court to manage the estate of a minor or incapacitated person.
2145	(11) "Highway" includes:
2146	(a) a public bridge;
2147	(b) a county way;
2148	(c) a county road;
2149	(d) a common road; and
2150	(e) a state road.
2151	(12) "Intellectual disability" means a significant, subaverage general intellectual
2152	functioning that:
2153	(a) exists concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior; and
2154	(b) is manifested during the developmental period as defined in the current edition of
2155	the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American
2156	Psychiatric Association.
2157	(13) "Intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability" means an
2158	intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, as defined in Title XIX of the Social
2159	Security Act.
2160	(14) "Land" includes:
2161	(a) land;
2162	(b) a tenement;
2163	(c) a hereditament;
2164	(d) a water right:

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2165	(e) a possessory right; and
2166	(f) a claim.
2167	(15) "Month" means a calendar month, unless otherwise expressed.
2168	(16) "Oath" includes "affirmation."
2169	(17) "Person" means:
2170	(a) an individual;
2171	(b) an association;
2172	(c) an institution;
2173	(d) a corporation;
2174	(e) a company;
2175	(f) a trust;
2176	(g) a limited liability company;
2177	(h) a partnership;
2178	(i) a political subdivision;
2179	(j) a government office, department, division, bureau, or other body of government;
2180	and
2181	(k) any other organization or entity.
2182	(18) "Personal property" includes:
2183	(a) money;
2184	(b) goods;
2185	(c) chattels;
2186	(d) effects;
2187	(e) evidences of a right in action;
2188	(f) a written instrument by which a pecuniary obligation, right, or title to property is
2189	created, acknowledged, transferred, increased, defeated, discharged, or diminished; and
2190	(g) a right or interest in an item described in Subsections (18)(a) through (f).
2191	(19) "Personal representative," "executor," and "administrator" include:
2192	(a) an executor;
2193	(b) an administrator;
2194	(c) a successor personal representative;
2195	(d) a special administrator; and

2196	(e) a person who performs substantially the same function as a person described in
2197	Subsections (19)(a) through (d) under the law governing the person's status.
2198	(20) "Policy board," "policy commission," or "policy council" means a board,
2199	commission, or council that:
2200	(a) is authorized to make policy for the benefit of the general public;
2201	(b) is created by, and whose duties are provided by, the constitution or statute; and
2202	(c) performs its duties according to its own rules without supervision other than under
2203	the general control of another person as provided by statute.
2204	(21) "Population" is shown by the most recent state or national census, unless expressly
2205	provided otherwise.
2206	(22) "Process" means a writ or summons issued in the course of a judicial proceeding.
2207	(23) "Property" includes both real and personal property.
2208	(24) "Real estate" or "real property" includes:
2209	(a) land;
2210	(b) a tenement;
2211	(c) a hereditament;
2212	(d) a water right;
2213	(e) a possessory right; and
2214	(f) a claim.
2215	(25) "Review board," "review commission," and "review council" mean a board,
2216	commission, committee, or council that:
2217	(a) is authorized to approve policy made for the benefit of the general public by another
2218	body or person;
2219	(b) is created by, and whose duties are provided by, statute; and
2220	(c) performs its duties according to its own rules without supervision other than under
2221	the general control of another person as provided by statute.
2222	(26) "Road" includes:
2223	(a) a public bridge;
2224	(b) a county way;
2225	(c) a county road;
2226	(d) a common road; and

2227	(e) a state road.
2228	(27) "Signature" includes a name, mark, or sign written with the intent to authenticate
2229	an instrument or writing.
2230	(28) "State," when applied to the different parts of the United States, includes a state,
2231	district, or territory of the United States.
2232	(29) "Swear" includes "affirm."
2233	(30) "Testify" means to make an oral statement under oath or affirmation.
2234	(31) "Uniformed services" means:
2235	(a) the armed forces;
2236	(b) the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration;
2237	and
2238	(c) the commissioned corps of the United States Public Health Service.
2239	(32) "United States" includes each state, district, and territory of the United States of
2240	America.
2241	(33) "Utah Code" means the 1953 recodification of the Utah Code, as amended, unless
2242	the text expressly references a portion of the 1953 recodification of the Utah Code as it existed
2243	(a) on the day on which the 1953 recodification of the Utah Code was enacted; or
2244	(b) (i) after the day described in Subsection (33)(a); and
2245	(ii) before the most recent amendment to the referenced portion of the 1953
2246	recodification of the Utah Code.
2247	(34) "Vessel," when used with reference to shipping, includes a steamboat, canal boat,
2248	and every structure adapted to be navigated from place to place.
2249	(35) (a) "Veteran" means an individual who:
2250	(i) has served in the United States Armed Forces for at least 180 days:
2251	(A) on active duty; or
2252	(B) in a reserve component, to include the National Guard; or
2253	(ii) has incurred an actual service-related injury or disability while in the United States
2254	Armed Forces regardless of whether the individual completed 180 days; and
2255	(iii) was separated or retired under conditions characterized as honorable or general.
2256	(b) This definition is not intended to confer eligibility for benefits.
2257	(36) "Will" includes a codicil.

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2258	(37) "Writ" means an order or precept in writing, issued in the name of:
2259	(a) the state;
2260	(b) a court; or
2261	(c) a judicial officer.
2262	(38) "Writing" includes:
2263	(a) printing;
2264	(b) handwriting; and
2265	(c) information stored in an electronic or other medium if the information is retrievable
2266	in a perceivable format.
2267	Section 40. Repealer.
2268	This bill repeals:
2269	Section 17-52-207, Election of officers under optional plan.
2270	Section 41. Effective date.
2271	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
2272	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
2273	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
2274	the date of veto override.
2275	Section 42. Revisor instructions.
2276	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
2277	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace the following references:
2278	(1) in Section 17-52a-103, from "the effective date of this bill" with the bill's actual
2279	effective date;
2280	(2) in Subsection 17-52a-103(1)(a), from "this bill" to the bill's designated chapter
2281	number in the Laws of Utah; and
2282	(3) in Subsection 17-52a-103(1)(b)(i), (2)(a)(i), and (2)(a)(ii), from "the day
2283	immediately before the day on which this bill takes effect" to the actual date before the day that
2284	the bill takes effect