1	WOMEN'S CANCER SCREENING NOTIFICATION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2018 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: LaVar Christensen
6	Senate Sponsor:
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions of the Mammogram Quality Assurance Act.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 requires a facility that performs screening or diagnostic mammography to provide a
14	patient who has dense breast tissue with a notification of that fact and options for
15	additional cancer screening examinations.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	None
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	26-21a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 338
23	26-21a-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
24	ENACTS:
25	26-21a-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
26	



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

27

H.B. 258 01-29-18 9:58 AM

28	Section 1. Section 26-21a-203 is amended to read:
29	26-21a-203. Department rulemaking authority.
30	The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
31	Rulemaking Act:
32	(1) establishing quality assurance standards for all facilities performing screening or
33	diagnostic mammography and developing mammogram x-ray films, including notification
34	procedures for clinical follow-up of abnormal mammograms;
35	(2) providing for:
36	(a) collection and periodic reporting of mammography examinations and clinical
37	follow-up data to the department;
38	(b) certification and revocation of certification of mammogram facilities;
39	(c) inspection of mammogram facilities, including entry of agents of the department
40	into the facilities for inspections;
41	(d) setting fees for certification; and
42	(e) an appeal process regarding department certification decisions; and
43	[(3) the following information may be included in mammography results sent to a
44	patient with dense breast tissue:]
45	["Mammography is the only breast cancer screening examination which has been
46	shown in multiple randomized clinical trials to reduce death rate from breast cancer. However,
47	it is not a perfect test, specifically in women with dense breast tissue. Because your
48	mammogram demonstrates that you have dense breast tissue, you may benefit from
49	supplementary screening tests, depending on your personal risk factors and family history.
50	Although other screening tests may find additional cancers, they may not necessarily increase
51	survival. Nevertheless, you should discuss your mammography results with your health care
52	provider. A copy of your mammography report has been sent to your health care provider's
53	office. Please contact your health care provider if you have any questions or concerns about
54	this notice."]
55	(3) requiring a facility that is certified under Section 26-21a-204 to comply with the
56	notification requirement described in Section 26-21a-206.
57	Section 2. Section 26-21a-205 is amended to read:
58	26-21a-205. Department duties.

59	The department shall:
60	(1) enforce rules established under this part;
61	(2) enforce the notice requirement in Section 26-21a-206;
62	[(2)] (3) authorize qualified department agents to conduct inspections of mammogram
63	facilities under department rules;
64	[(3)] (4) collect and credit fees for certification [under] established by the department
65	in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
66	[(4)] (5) provide necessary administrative and staff support to the committee.
67	Section 3. Section 26-21a-206 is enacted to read:
68	26-21a-206. Women's cancer screening notification requirement.
69	(1) As used in this section, "dense breast tissue" means heterogeneously dense tissue or
70	extremely dense tissue as defined in the Breast Imaging and Reporting Data System established
71	by the American College of Radiology.
72	(2) A facility that is certified under Section 26-21a-204 shall include the following
73	information with a mammography result provided to a patient with dense breast tissue:
74	"Your mammogram indicates that you have dense breast tissue. Dense breast tissue is
75	common and is found in as many as half of all women. However, dense breast tissue can make
76	it more difficult to fully and accurately evaluate your mammogram and detect early signs of
77	possible cancer in the breast. You might benefit from additional professionally recognized
78	forms of cancer screening examinations, depending on your personal risk factors and family
79	history. This information is being provided to inform and encourage you to discuss your dense
80	breast tissue and other breast cancer risk factors with your physician or health care provider.
81	Together, you can decide which screening options are best and most effective for you. A copy
82	of your mammography report has been sent to your physician and health care provider. Please
83	contact them if you have any questions or concerns about this notice."

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel