MODERATE INCOME HOUSING AMENDMENTS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Logan Wilde
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions of the Municipal Land Use, Development, and
Management Act and the County Land Use, Development, and Management Act
relating to moderate income housing.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
requires that the general plan of a county or municipality, other than a town, allow
and plan for moderate income housing growth;
 relocates code provisions that prohibit damages in a civil action claiming that a
county or municipality is in violation of the requirement to adopt a plan to provide a
realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing;
► limits the circumstances under which a county or municipality may deny a land use
application for moderate income housing;
 repeals provisions requiring a biennial review of the moderate income housing
element of a general plan; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None



28	Otan Code Sections Affected:
29	AMENDS:
30	10-9a-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
31	10-9a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 212
32	10-9a-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
33	10-9a-509, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 84, 410, and 428
34	17-27a-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 265
35	17-27a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 265
36	17-27a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 265
37	17-27a-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 84, 410, and 428
38	35A-8-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 371
39	REPEALS:
40	10-9a-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 212
41	17-27a-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 212
42	
43	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
44	Section 1. Section 10-9a-401 is amended to read:
45	10-9a-401. General plan required Content.
46	(1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each municipality shall prepare
47	and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for:
48	(a) present and future needs of the municipality; and
49	(b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the municipality.
50	(2) The general plan may provide for:
51	(a) health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic
52	activities, aesthetics, and recreational, educational, and cultural opportunities;
53	(b) the reduction of the waste of physical, financial, or human resources that result
54	from either excessive congestion or excessive scattering of population;
55	(c) the efficient and economical use, conservation, and production of the supply of:
56	(i) food and water; and
57	
	(ii) drainage, sanitary, and other facilities and resources;

(e) the protection of urban development;

60	(f) if the municipality is a town, the protection or promotion of moderate income
61	housing;
62	(g) the protection and promotion of air quality;
63	(h) historic preservation;
64	(i) identifying future uses of land that are likely to require an expansion or significant
65	modification of services or facilities provided by each affected entity; and
66	(j) an official map.
67	(3) (a) The general plan of a municipality, other than a town, shall allow and plan for
68	moderate income housing growth.
69	(b) On or before July 1, 2018, a municipality, other than a town, with a general plan
70	that does not comply with Subsection (3)(a) shall amend the general plan to comply with
71	Subsection (3)(a).
72	[(3)] (4) Subject to Subsection 10-9a-403(2), the municipality may determine the
73	comprehensiveness, extent, and format of the general plan.
74	Section 2. Section 10-9a-403 is amended to read:
75	10-9a-403. General plan preparation.
76	(1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section
77	10-9a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the municipal legislative body for a
78	general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission
79	initiates the process of preparing its recommendation.
80	(b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a
81	proposed general plan for the area within the municipality.
82	(c) The plan may include areas outside the boundaries of the municipality if, in the
83	planning commission's judgment, those areas are related to the planning of the municipality's
84	territory.
84 85	territory. (d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of
	•
85	(d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of
85 86	(d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of eminent domain, when the plan of a municipality involves territory outside the boundaries of
85 86 87	(d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of eminent domain, when the plan of a municipality involves territory outside the boundaries of the municipality, the municipality may not take action affecting that territory without the

and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:

(i) a land use element that:

- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
- (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, mass transit, and any other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate, all correlated with the population projections and the proposed land use element of the general plan; and
- (iii) for [cities, an estimate of the need for the development of additional moderate income housing within the city, and] a municipality, other than a town, a plan to provide a realistic opportunity to meet [estimated needs] the need for additional moderate income housing [if long-term projections for land use and development occur].
 - (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission:
- (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that [cities] municipalities shall facilitate a reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing:
 - (A) to meet the needs of people desiring to live there; and
- (B) to allow persons with moderate incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all aspects of neighborhood and community life; and
- (ii) <u>for a town</u>, may include, <u>and for other municipalities</u>, <u>shall include</u>, an analysis of why the recommended means, techniques, or combination of means and techniques provide a realistic opportunity for the development of moderate income housing within the planning horizon, which means or techniques may include a recommendation to:
- 119 (A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income 120 housing;

(i) historic preservation;

121	(B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the
122	construction of moderate income housing;
123	(C) encourage the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate
124	income housing;
125	(D) consider general fund subsidies to waive construction related fees that are
126	otherwise generally imposed by the city;
127	(E) consider utilization of state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the
128	construction of moderate income housing;
129	(F) consider utilization of programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within
130	that agency's funding capacity; and
131	(G) consider utilization of affordable housing programs administered by the
132	Department of Workforce Services.
133	(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
134	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the municipality; and
135	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is
136	inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.
137	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
138	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
139	(i) the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including
140	the quality of air, forests, soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals,
141	and other natural resources; and
142	(ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of
143	streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
144	environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,
145	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
146	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
147	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
148	police and fire protection, and other public services;
149	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
150	programs for:

152	(ii) the diminution or elimination of blight; and
153	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
154	public building sites;
155	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
156	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected municipal
157	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
158	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
159	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
160	the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and
161	promotion, and any other appropriate action;
162	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 10-9a-401(2) or (3);
163	and
164	(g) any other element the municipality considers appropriate.
165	Section 3. Section 10-9a-404 is amended to read:
166	10-9a-404. Public hearing by planning commission on proposed general plan or
167	amendment Notice Revisions to general plan or amendment Adoption or rejection
168	by legislative body.
169	(1) (a) After completing its recommendation for a proposed general plan, or proposal to
170	amend the general plan, the planning commission shall schedule and hold a public hearing on
171	the proposed plan or amendment.
172	(b) The planning commission shall provide notice of the public hearing, as required by
173	Section 10-9a-204.
174	(c) After the public hearing, the planning commission may modify the proposed
175	general plan or amendment.
176	(2) The planning commission shall forward the proposed general plan or amendment to
177	the legislative body.
178	(3) The legislative body may make any revisions to the proposed general plan or
179	amendment that it considers appropriate.
180	(4) (a) The municipal legislative body may adopt or reject the proposed general plan or
181	amendment either as proposed by the planning commission or after making any revision that

the municipal legislative body considers appropriate.

183	(b) If the municipal legislative body rejects the proposed general plan or amendment, it
184	may provide suggestions to the planning commission for its consideration.
185	(5) The legislative body shall adopt:
186	(a) a land use element as provided in Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(a)(i);
187	(b) a transportation and traffic circulation element as provided in Subsection
188	10-9a-403(2)(a)(ii); and
189	(c) for [all cities] a municipality, other than a town, after considering the factors
190	included in Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(b)(ii), a plan to provide a realistic opportunity to meet
191	[estimated needs] the need for additional moderate income housing [if long-term projections
192	for land use and development occur].
193	(6) In a civil action seeking enforcement or claiming a violation of Subsection (5)(c), a
194	plaintiff may not recover damages but may be awarded only injunctive or other equitable relief
195	Section 4. Section 10-9a-509 is amended to read:
196	10-9a-509. Applicant's entitlement to land use application approval
197	Municipality's requirements and limitations Vesting upon submission of development
198	plan and schedule.
199	(1) (a) (i) An applicant who has filed a complete land use application, including the
200	payment of all application fees, is entitled to substantive land use review of the land use
201	application under the land use regulations in effect on the date that the application is complete
202	and as further provided in this section.
203	(ii) An applicant is entitled to approval of a land use application if the application
204	conforms to the requirements of the municipality's land use regulations in effect when a
205	complete application is submitted and all application fees have been paid, unless:
206	(A) the land use authority, on the record, finds that a compelling, countervailing public
207	interest would be jeopardized by approving the application; or
208	(B) in the manner provided by local ordinance and before the application is submitted,
209	the municipality has formally initiated proceedings to amend the municipality's land use
210	regulations in a manner that would prohibit approval of the application as submitted.
211	(b) The municipality shall process an application without regard to proceedings
212	initiated to amend the municipality's ordinances as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) if:
213	(i) 180 days have passed since the proceedings were initiated; and

214	(ii) the proceedings have not resulted in an enactment that prohibits approval of the
215	application as submitted.
216	(c) An application for a land use approval is considered submitted and complete when
217	the application is provided in a form that complies with the requirements of applicable
218	ordinances and all applicable fees have been paid.
219	(d) The continuing validity of an approval of a land use application is conditioned upon
220	the applicant proceeding after approval to implement the approval with reasonable diligence.
221	(e) A municipality may not impose on an applicant who has submitted a complete
222	application for preliminary subdivision approval a requirement that is not expressed in:
223	(i) this chapter;
224	(ii) a municipal ordinance; or
225	(iii) a municipal specification for public improvements applicable to a subdivision or
226	development that is in effect on the date that the applicant submits an application.
227	(f) A municipality may not impose on a holder of an issued land use permit or a final,
228	unexpired subdivision plat a requirement that is not expressed:
229	(i) in a land use permit;
230	(ii) on the subdivision plat;
231	(iii) in a document on which the land use permit or subdivision plat is based;
232	(iv) in the written record evidencing approval of the land use permit or subdivision
233	plat;
234	(v) in this chapter; or
235	(vi) in a municipal ordinance.
236	(g) A municipality may not withhold issuance of a certificate of occupancy or
237	acceptance of subdivision improvements because of an applicant's failure to comply with a
238	requirement that is not expressed:
239	(i) in the building permit or subdivision plat, documents on which the building permit
240	or subdivision plat is based, or the written record evidencing approval of the land use permit or
241	subdivision plat; or
242	(ii) in this chapter or the municipality's ordinances.
243	(h) A municipality may not deny a land use application for moderate income housing
244	unless:

245	(i) the applicant has not filed a complete land use application, including the payment of
246	all application fees; or
247	(ii) the municipality demonstrates that approval of the land use application is contrary
248	to the health, safety, or welfare of the municipality.
249	(2) A municipality is bound by the terms and standards of applicable land use
250	regulations and shall comply with mandatory provisions of those regulations.
251	(3) A municipality may not, as a condition of land use application approval, require a
252	person filing a land use application to obtain documentation regarding a school district's
253	willingness, capacity, or ability to serve the development proposed in the land use application.
254	(4) Upon a specified public agency's submission of a development plan and schedule as
255	required in Subsection 10-9a-305(8) that complies with the requirements of that subsection, the
256	specified public agency vests in the municipality's applicable land use maps, zoning map,
257	hookup fees, impact fees, other applicable development fees, and land use regulations in effect
258	on the date of submission.
259	Section 5. Section 17-27a-401 is amended to read:
260	17-27a-401. General plan required Content Resource management plan
261	Provisions related to radioactive waste facility.
262	(1) To accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a
263	comprehensive, long-range general plan:
264	(a) for present and future needs of the county;
265	(b) (i) for growth and development of all or any part of the land within the
266	unincorporated portions of the county; or
267	(ii) if a county has designated a mountainous planning district, for growth and
268	development of all or any part of the land within the mountainous planning district; and
269	(c) as a basis for communicating and coordinating with the federal government on land
270	and resource management issues.
271	(2) To promote health, safety, and welfare, the general plan may provide for:
272	(a) health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic
273	activities, aesthetics, and recreational, educational, and cultural opportunities;
274	(b) the reduction of the waste of physical, financial, or human resources that result
275	from either excessive congestion or excessive scattering of population:

276	(c) the efficient and economical use, conservation, and production of the supply of:
277	(i) food and water; and
278	(ii) drainage, sanitary, and other facilities and resources;
279	(d) the use of energy conservation and solar and renewable energy resources;
280	(e) the protection of urban development;
281	[(f) the protection or promotion of moderate income housing;]
282	[(g)] (f) the protection and promotion of air quality;
283	[(h)] (g) historic preservation;
284	[(i)] (h) identifying future uses of land that are likely to require an expansion or
285	significant modification of services or facilities provided by each affected entity; and
286	[(j)] <u>(i)</u> an official map.
287	(3) (a) The general plan shall:
288	(i) allow and plan for moderate income housing growth; and
289	(ii) contain a resource management plan for the public lands, as defined in Section
290	63L-6-102, within the county.
291	(b) On or before July 1, 2018, a county with a general plan that does not comply with
292	Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall amend the general plan to comply with Subsection (3)(a)(i).
293	[(b)] (c) The resource management plan described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall
294	address:
295	(i) mining;
296	(ii) land use;
297	(iii) livestock and grazing;
298	(iv) irrigation;
299	(v) agriculture;
300	(vi) fire management;
301	(vii) noxious weeds;
302	(viii) forest management;
303	(ix) water rights;
304	(x) ditches and canals;
305	(xi) water quality and hydrology;
306	(xii) flood plains and river terraces;

307	(xiii) wetlands;
308	(xiv) riparian areas;
309	(xv) predator control;
310	(xvi) wildlife;
311	(xvii) fisheries;
312	(xviii) recreation and tourism;
313	(xix) energy resources;
314	(xx) mineral resources;
315	(xxi) cultural, historical, geological, and paleontological resources;
316	(xxii) wilderness;
317	(xxiii) wild and scenic rivers;
318	(xxiv) threatened, endangered, and sensitive species;
319	(xxv) land access;
320	(xxvi) law enforcement;
321	(xxvii) economic considerations; and
322	(xxviii) air.
323	$[\underline{(c)}]$ (d) For each item listed under Subsection (3) $[\underline{(b)}]$ (c), a county's resource
324	management plan shall:
325	(i) establish findings pertaining to the item;
326	(ii) establish defined objectives; and
327	(iii) outline general policies and guidelines on how the objectives described in
328	Subsection (3)[(e)](d)(ii) are to be accomplished.
329	(4) (a) The general plan shall include specific provisions related to any areas within, or
330	partially within, the exterior boundaries of the county, or contiguous to the boundaries of a
331	county, which are proposed for the siting of a storage facility or transfer facility for the
332	placement of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive nuclear waste, as
333	these wastes are defined in Section 19-3-303. The provisions shall address the effects of the
334	proposed site upon the health and general welfare of citizens of the state, and shall provide:
335	(i) the information identified in Section 19-3-305;
336	(ii) information supported by credible studies that demonstrates that the provisions of
337	Subsection 19-3-307(2) have been satisfied; and

(iii) specific measures to mitigate the effects of high-level nuclear waste and greater than class C radioactive waste and guarantee the health and safety of the citizens of the state.
(b) A county may, in lieu of complying with Subsection (4)(a), adopt an ordinance indicating that all proposals for the siting of a storage facility or transfer facility for the placement of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste wholly or

- (c) A county may adopt the ordinance listed in Subsection (4)(b) at any time.
- (d) The county shall send a certified copy of the ordinance described in Subsection (4)(b) to the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality by certified mail within 30 days of enactment.
 - (e) If a county repeals an ordinance adopted under Subsection (4)(b) the county shall:
 - (i) comply with Subsection (4)(a) as soon as reasonably possible; and
- (ii) send a certified copy of the repeal to the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality by certified mail within 30 days after the repeal.
- (5) The general plan may define the county's local customs, local culture, and the components necessary for the county's economic stability.
- (6) Subject to Subsection 17-27a-403(2), the county may determine the comprehensiveness, extent, and format of the general plan.
- (7) If a county has designated a mountainous planning district, the general plan for the mountainous planning district is the controlling plan and takes precedence over a municipality's general plan for property located within the mountainous planning district.
- (8) Nothing in this part may be construed to limit the authority of the state to manage and protect wildlife under Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code of Utah.
 - Section 6. Section 17-27a-403 is amended to read:

17-27a-403. Plan preparation.

partially within the county are rejected.

- (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section 17-27a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the county legislative body for a general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission initiates the process of preparing its recommendation.
- (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a proposed general plan for:

- (i) the unincorporated area within the county; or
- (ii) if the planning commission is a planning commission for a mountainous planning district, the mountainous planning district.
- (c) (i) The plan may include planning for incorporated areas if, in the planning commission's judgment, they are related to the planning of the unincorporated territory or of the county as a whole.
- (ii) Elements of the county plan that address incorporated areas are not an official plan or part of a municipal plan for any municipality, unless it is recommended by the municipal planning commission and adopted by the governing body of the municipality.
- (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), if property is located in a mountainous planning district, the plan for the mountainous planning district controls and precedes a municipal plan, if any, to which the property would be subject.
- (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:
 - (i) a land use element that:
- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
- (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, mass transit, and any other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate, all correlated with the population projections and the proposed land use element of the general plan;
- (iii) [an estimate of the need] a plan for the development of additional moderate income housing within the unincorporated area of the county or the mountainous planning district, and a plan to provide a realistic opportunity to meet [estimated needs] the need for additional moderate income housing [if long-term projections for land use and development

	11.D. 259 U1-29-10 10:02 Al
400	occur]; and
401	(iv) before May 1, 2017, a resource management plan detailing the findings, objectives,
402	and policies required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3).
403	(b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission:
404	(i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that counties should facilitate a
405	reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing:
406	(A) to meet the needs of people desiring to live there; and
407	(B) to allow persons with moderate incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all
408	aspects of neighborhood and community life; and
409	(ii) [may] shall include an analysis of why the recommended means, techniques, or
410	combination of means and techniques provide a realistic opportunity for the development of
411	moderate income housing within the planning horizon, which means or techniques may include
412	a recommendation to:
413	(A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income
414	housing;
415	(B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the
416	construction of moderate income housing;
417	(C) encourage the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate
418	income housing;
419	(D) consider county general fund subsidies to waive construction related fees that are
420	otherwise generally imposed by the county;
421	(E) consider utilization of state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the
422	construction of moderate income housing;
423	(F) consider utilization of programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within
424	that agency's funding capacity; and
425	(G) consider utilization of affordable housing programs administered by the
426	Department of Workforce Services.

(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:

of the county or mountainous planning district; and

427

428429

430

(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the unincorporated area

(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is

431	inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.
432	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
433	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
434	(i) to the extent not covered by the county's resource management plan, the protection,
435	conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including the quality of air, forests,
436	soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals, and other natural resources;
437	and
438	(ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of
439	streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
440	environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,
441	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
442	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
443	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
444	police and fire protection, and other public services;
445	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
446	programs for:
447	(i) historic preservation;
448	(ii) the diminution or elimination of blight; and
449	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
450	public building sites;
451	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
452	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected county
453	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
454	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
455	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
456	the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and
457	promotion, and any other appropriate action;
458	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 17-27a-401(2) or
459	(3)(a)(i); and

(g) any other element the county considers appropriate.

Section 7. Section 17-27a-404 is amended to read:

460

- 17-27a-404. Public hearing by planning commission on proposed general plan or amendment -- Notice -- Revisions to general plan or amendment -- Adoption or rejection by legislative body.
- (1) (a) After completing its recommendation for a proposed general plan, or proposal to amend the general plan, the planning commission shall schedule and hold a public hearing on the proposed plan or amendment.
- (b) The planning commission shall provide notice of the public hearing, as required by Section 17-27a-204.
- (c) After the public hearing, the planning commission may modify the proposed general plan or amendment.
- (2) The planning commission shall forward the proposed general plan or amendment to the legislative body.
- (3) (a) As provided by local ordinance and by Section 17-27a-204, the legislative body shall provide notice of its intent to consider the general plan proposal.
- (b) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsections (1), (2), and (3)(a), the legislative body shall hold a public hearing in Salt Lake City on provisions of the proposed county plan regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(4). The hearing procedure shall comply with this Subsection (3)(b).
- (ii) The hearing format shall allow adequate time for public comment at the actual public hearing, and shall also allow for public comment in writing to be submitted to the legislative body for not fewer than 90 days after the date of the public hearing.
- (c) (i) The legislative body shall give notice of the hearing in accordance with this Subsection (3) when the proposed plan provisions required by Subsection 17-27a-401(4) are complete.
- (ii) Direct notice of the hearing shall be given, in writing, to the governor, members of the state Legislature, executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality, the state planning coordinator, the Resource Development Coordinating Committee, and any other citizens or entities who specifically request notice in writing.
 - (iii) Public notice shall be given by publication:
 - (A) in at least one major Utah newspaper having broad general circulation in the state;
- (B) in at least one Utah newspaper having a general circulation focused mainly on the

523

493	county where the proposed high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste
494	site is to be located; and
495	(C) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701.
496	(iv) The notice shall be published to allow reasonable time for interested parties and
497	the state to evaluate the information regarding the provisions of Subsection 17-27a-401(4),
498	including:
499	(A) in a newspaper described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(A), no less than 180 days before
500	the date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3); and
501	(B) publication described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(B) or (C) for 180 days before the
502	date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3).
503	(4) (a) After the public hearing required under this section, the legislative body may
504	make any revisions to the proposed general plan that it considers appropriate.
505	(b) The legislative body shall respond in writing and in a substantive manner to all
506	those providing comments as a result of the hearing required by Subsection (3).
507	(5) (a) The county legislative body may adopt or reject the proposed general plan or
508	amendment either as proposed by the planning commission or after making any revision the
509	county legislative body considers appropriate.
510	(b) If the county legislative body rejects the proposed general plan or amendment, it
511	may provide suggestions to the planning commission for its consideration.
512	(6) The legislative body shall adopt:
513	(a) a land use element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(i);
514	(b) a transportation and traffic circulation element as provided in Subsection
515	17-27a-403(2)(a)(ii);
516	(c) after considering the factors included in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(b), a plan to
517	provide a realistic opportunity to meet [estimated needs] the need for additional moderate
518	income housing [if long-term projections for land use and development occur]; and
519	(d) before August 1, 2017, a resource management plan as provided by Subsection
520	17-27a-403(2)(a)(iv).

(7) In a civil action seeking enforcement or claiming a violation of Subsection (6)(c), a

plaintiff may not recover damages but may be awarded only injunctive or other equitable relief.

Section 8. Section 17-27a-508 is amended to read:

H.B. 259 17-27a-508. Applicant's entitlement to land use application approval --Application relating to land in a high priority transportation corridor -- County's requirements and limitations -- Vesting upon submission of development plan and schedule. (1) (a) (i) An applicant who has filed a complete land use application, including the payment of all application fees, is entitled to substantive land use review of the land use application under the land use regulations in effect on the date that the application is complete and as further provided in this section. (ii) An applicant is entitled to approval of a land use application if the application conforms to the requirements of the county's land use regulations in effect when a complete application is submitted and all application fees have been paid, unless: (A) the land use authority, on the record, finds that a compelling, countervailing public interest would be jeopardized by approving the application; or (B) in the manner provided by local ordinance and before the application is submitted, the county has formally initiated proceedings to amend the county's land use regulations in a manner that would prohibit approval of the application as submitted. (b) The county shall process an application without regard to proceedings initiated to

- amend the county's ordinances as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) if:
 - (i) 180 days have passed since the proceedings were initiated; and
- (ii) the proceedings have not resulted in an enactment that prohibits approval of the application as submitted.
- (c) An application for a land use approval is considered submitted and complete when the application is provided in a form that complies with the requirements of applicable ordinances and all applicable fees have been paid.
- (d) The continuing validity of an approval of a land use application is conditioned upon the applicant proceeding after approval to implement the approval with reasonable diligence.
- (e) A county may not impose on an applicant who has submitted a complete application for preliminary subdivision approval a requirement that is not expressed:
 - (i) in this chapter;

524

525

526

527

528

529

530

531

532

533

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546 547

548

549

550

551

552

- (ii) in a county ordinance; or
- 554 (iii) in a county specification for public improvements applicable to a subdivision or

585

555	development that is in effect on the date that the applicant submits an application.
556	(f) A county may not impose on a holder of an issued land use permit or a final,
557	unexpired subdivision plat a requirement that is not expressed:
558	(i) in a land use permit;
559	(ii) on the subdivision plat;
560	(iii) in a document on which the land use permit or subdivision plat is based;
561	(iv) in the written record evidencing approval of the land use permit or subdivision
562	plat;
563	(v) in this chapter; or
564	(vi) in a county ordinance.
565	(g) A county may not withhold issuance of a certificate of occupancy or acceptance of
566	subdivision improvements because of an applicant's failure to comply with a requirement that
567	is not expressed:
568	(i) in the building permit or subdivision plat, documents on which the building permit
569	or subdivision plat is based, or the written record evidencing approval of the building permit or
570	subdivision plat; or
571	(ii) in this chapter or the county's ordinances.
572	(h) A county may not deny a land use application for moderate income housing unless:
573	(i) the applicant has not filed a complete land use application, including the payment of
574	all application fees; or
575	(ii) the county demonstrates that approval of the land use application is contrary to the
576	health, safety, or welfare of the county.
577	(2) A county is bound by the terms and standards of applicable land use regulations and
578	shall comply with mandatory provisions of those regulations.
579	(3) A county may not, as a condition of land use application approval, require a person
580	filing a land use application to obtain documentation regarding a school district's willingness,
581	capacity, or ability to serve the development proposed in the land use application.
582	(4) Upon a specified public agency's submission of a development plan and schedule as

required in Subsection 17-27a-305(8) that complies with the requirements of that subsection,

the specified public agency vests in the county's applicable land use maps, zoning map, hookup

fees, impact fees, other applicable development fees, and land use regulations in effect on the

general plan.

586	date of submission.
587	Section 9. Section 35A-8-804 is amended to read:
588	35A-8-804. Technical assistance to political subdivisions for housing plan.
589	(1) Within appropriations from the Legislature, the division shall establish a program
590	to assist municipalities to [meet the requirements of Section 10-9a-408] comply with the
591	moderate income housing requirements described in Section 10-9a-403 and counties to [meet
592	the requirements of Section 17-27a-408] comply with the moderate income housing
593	requirements described in Section 17-27a-403.
594	(2) Assistance under this section may include:
595	(a) financial assistance for the cost of developing a plan for low and moderate income
596	housing;
597	(b) information on how to meet present and prospective needs for low and moderate
598	income housing; and
599	(c) technical advice and consultation on how to facilitate the creation of low and
600	moderate income housing.
601	(3) The division shall submit an annual report to the department regarding the scope,
602	amount, and type of assistance provided to municipalities and counties under this section,
603	including the number of low and moderate income housing units constructed or rehabilitated
604	within the state, for inclusion in the department's annual written report described in Section
605	35A-1-109.
606	Section 10. Repealer.
607	This bill repeals:
608	Section 10-9a-408, Biennial review of moderate income housing element of general
609	plan.
610	Section 17-27a-408, Biennial review of moderate income housing element of

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel