Senator Lincoln Fillmore proposes the following substitute bill:

	SCHOOL FUNDING REVI	ISIONS
	2018 GENERAL SESSIO	N
	STATE OF UTAH	
	Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fi	llmore
	House Sponsor: Bradley C	ð. Last
Cosponsors:	Wayne A. Harper	Howard A. Stephenson
J. Stuart Adams	Daniel Hemmert	Daniel W. Thatcher
Curtis S. Bramble	Ann Millner	
LONG TITLE		
General Description:		
This bill amends an	d enacts provisions related to public	education funding.
Highlighted Provisions:		
This bill:		
 amends provision 	ons related to the Enhancement for A	t-Risk Students Program;
 directs the Legis 	lature, subject to future budget cons	traints, to appropriate funds to
increase the number of guar	ranteed local levy increments;	
 directs the State 	Board of Education to use the appro-	opriation to increase:
• the number	of guaranteed local levy increments	to 20, giving first priority to
guaranteed voted local levy	increments and second priority to g	uaranteed board
local levy increments; and		
e	ed amount for each local levy increm	
-	of guaranteed local levy increments	
 directs a local so 	chool board to use funds received fro	om the state local levy guarantee

25	programs for public education purposes;
26	 modifies the property tax rate cap for the school board local levy to subject all
27	school districts to the same rate cap;
28	 creates the Local Levy Growth Account;
29	 repeals the following outdated levies prohibited since January 1, 2012:
30	• the board-approved leeway;
31	• the capital outlay levy;
32	• the additional levy for debt service, school sites, buildings, buses, textbooks,
33	and supplies; and
34	• the board leeway for reading improvement;
35	 repeals outdated language, including language related to school capital outlay in
36	counties of the first class repealed December 31, 2016;
37	 provides legislative intent language related to certain appropriations; and
38	 makes technical and conforming changes.
39	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
40	This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2019:
41	 to the State Board of Education – Minimum School Program – Related to Basic
42	School Programs, as an ongoing appropriation:
43	• from the Education Fund, \$15,000,000;
44	 to the State Board of Education – Minimum School Program – Related to Basic
45	School Programs, as an ongoing appropriation:
46	• from the Education Fund, \$5,000,000;
47	 to the State Board of Education – Minimum School Program – Basic School
48	Program, as an ongoing appropriation:
49	• from the Education Fund, \$500,000;
50	 to the Education Fund Restricted Local Levy Growth Account, as an ongoing
51	appropriation:
52	• from the Education Fund, \$36,117,300; and
53	 to the State Board of Education Minimum School Program Voted and Board
54	Local Levy Programs, as an ongoing appropriation:
55	• from the Education Fund Restricted Local Levy Growth Account,

\$36,117,300.
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53F-2-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-410, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-2-704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-3-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-9-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53G-3-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
ENACTS:
53F-9-305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
REPEALS:
53F-2-602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
53F-8-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2

85 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

86 Section 1. Section **53F-2-201** is amended to read:

87	53F-2-201. Cost of operation and maintenance of minimum school program
88	Division between state and school districts.
89	(1) The total cost of operation and maintenance of the Minimum School Program in the
90	state is divided between the state and school districts as follows:
91	(a) Each school district shall impose a minimum basic tax rate on all taxable, tangible
92	property in the school district and shall contribute the tax proceeds toward the cost of the basic
93	program as provided in this chapter.
94	(b) Each school district may also impose a levy under Section 53F-8-301 or 53F-8-302
95	for the purpose of participating in the respective <u>local</u> levy <u>state</u> programs [provided] <u>described</u>
96	in Section 53F-2-601 [or 53F-2-602].
97	(c) The state shall contribute the balance of the total costs.
98	(2) The contributions by the school districts and by the state are computed separately
99	for the purpose of determining their respective contributions to:
100	(a) the basic program; and [to the levy programs provided in Section 53F-2-601 or
101	53F-2-602.]
102	(b) the local levy state guarantee programs described in Section 53F-2-601.
103	Section 2. Section 53F-2-203 is amended to read:
104	53F-2-203. Reduction of local education board allocation based on insufficient
105	revenues.
106	(1) As used in this section, "Minimum School Program funds" means the total of state
107	and local funds appropriated for the minimum school program, excluding:
108	[(a) the state-supported voted local levy program pursuant to Section 53F-2-601;]
109	[(b) the state-supported board local levy program pursuant to Section 53F-2-602; and]
110	(a) an appropriation for a state guaranteed local levy increment as described in Section
111	53F-2-601; and
112	[(c)] (b) the appropriation to charter schools to replace local property tax revenues
113	pursuant to Section 53F-2-704.
114	(2) If the Legislature reduces appropriations made to support public schools under this
115	chapter because an Education Fund budget deficit, as defined in Section 63J-1-312, exists, the
116	State Board of Education, after consultation with each local education board, shall allocate the
117	reduction among school districts and charter schools in proportion to each school district's or

118	charter school's percentage share of Minimum School Program funds.
119	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5) and subject to the requirements of Subsection
120	(7), a local education board shall determine which programs are affected by a reduction
121	pursuant to Subsection (2) and the amount each program is reduced.
122	(4) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6), the requirement to spend a specified
123	amount in any particular program is waived if reductions are made pursuant to Subsection (2).
124	(5) A local education board may not reduce or reallocate spending of funds distributed
125	to the school district or charter school for the following programs:
126	(a) educator salary adjustments provided in Section 53F-2-405;
127	(b) the Teacher Salary Supplement Program provided in Section 53F-2-504;
128	(c) the extended year for special educators provided in Section 53F-2-310;
129	(d) USTAR centers provided in Section 53F-2-505;
130	(e) the School LAND Trust Program created in Section 53F-2-404; or
131	(f) a special education program within the Basic School Program.
132	(6) A local education board may not reallocate spending of funds distributed to the
133	school district or charter school to a reserve account.
134	(7) A local education board that reduces or reallocates funds in accordance with this
135	section shall report all transfers into, or out of, Minimum School Program programs to the
136	State Board of Education as part of the school district or charter school's Annual Financial and
137	Program report.
138	Section 3. Section 53F-2-205 is amended to read:
139	53F-2-205. Powers and duties of State Board of Education to adjust Minimum
140	School Program allocations Use of remaining funds at the end of a fiscal year.
141	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section:
142	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
143	(b) "ESEA" means the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C.
144	Sec. 6301 et seq.
145	(c) "Program" means a program or allocation funded by a line item appropriation or
146	other appropriation designated as:
147	(i) Basic Program;
148	(ii) Related to Basic Programs;

149	(iii) Voted and Board Levy Programs; or
150	(iv) Minimum School Program.
151	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), if the number of weighted pupil units
152	in a program is underestimated, the board shall reduce the value of the weighted pupil unit in
153	that program so that the total amount paid for the program does not exceed the amount
154	appropriated for the program.
155	(3) If the number of weighted pupil units in a program is overestimated, the board shall
156	spend excess money appropriated for the following purposes giving priority to the purpose
157	described in Subsection (3)(a):
158	(a) to support the value of the weighted pupil unit in a program within the basic
159	state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated;
160	(b) to support the state [guarantee per weighted pupil unit provided under the voted
161	local levy program established in Section 53F-2-601 or the board local levy program
162	established in Section 53F-2-602] guaranteed local levy increments as defined in Section
163	<u>53F-2-601</u> , if:
164	(i) local contributions to the voted local levy program or board local levy program are
165	overestimated; or
166	(ii) the number of weighted pupil units within school districts qualifying for a
167	guarantee is underestimated;
168	(c) to support the state supplement to local property taxes allocated to charter schools,
169	if the state supplement is less than the amount prescribed by Section 53F-2-704; or
170	(d) to support a school district with a loss in student enrollment as provided in Section
171	53F-2-207.
172	(4) If local contributions from the minimum basic tax rate imposed under Section
173	53F-2-301 are overestimated, the board shall reduce the value of the weighted pupil unit for all
174	programs within the basic state-supported school program so the total state contribution to the
175	basic state-supported school program does not exceed the amount of state funds appropriated.
176	(5) If local contributions from the minimum basic tax rate imposed under Section
177	53F-2-301 are underestimated, the board shall:
178	(a) spend the excess local contributions for the purposes specified in Subsection (3),
179	giving priority to supporting the value of the weighted pupil unit in programs within the basic

180	state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated;
181	and
182	(b) reduce the state contribution to the basic state-supported school program so the
183	total cost of the basic state-supported school program does not exceed the total state and local
184	funds appropriated to the basic state-supported school program plus the local contributions
185	necessary to support the value of the weighted pupil unit in programs within the basic
186	state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated.
187	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), the board shall reduce the state
188	guarantee per weighted pupil unit provided under the [voted local levy program established]
189	local levy state guarantee program described in Section 53F-2-601 [or board local levy program
190	established in Section 53F-2-602], if:
191	(a) local contributions to the voted local levy program or board local levy program are
192	overestimated; or
193	(b) the number of weighted pupil units within school districts qualifying for a
194	guarantee is underestimated.
195	(7) Money appropriated to the board is nonlapsing.
196	(8) The board shall report actions taken by the board under this section to the Office of
197	the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and the Governor's Office of Management and Budget.
198	Section 4. Section 53F-2-303 is amended to read:
199	53F-2-303. Foreign exchange student weighted pupil units.
200	(1) A school district or charter school may include foreign exchange students in the
201	district's or school's membership and attendance count for the purpose of apportionment of
202	state money, except as provided in Subsections (2) through (4).
203	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Section $53F-2-302$, foreign exchange students may not be
204	included in average daily membership for the purpose of determining the number of weighted
205	pupil units in the grades 1-12 basic program.
206	(b) Subject to the limitation in Subsection (3), the number of weighted pupil units in
207	the grades 1-12 basic program attributed to foreign exchange students shall be equal to the
208	number of foreign exchange students who were:
209	(i) enrolled in a school district or charter school on October 1 of the previous fiscal
210	year; and

211	(ii) sponsored by an agency approved by the district's local school board or charter
212	school's governing board.
213	(3) (a) The total number of foreign exchange students in the state that may be counted
214	for the purpose of apportioning state money under Subsection (2) shall be the lesser of:
215	(i) the number of foreign exchange students enrolled in public schools in the state on
216	October 1 of the previous fiscal year; or
217	(ii) 328 foreign exchange students.
218	(b) The State Board of Education shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G,
219	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the cap on the number of
220	foreign exchange students that may be counted for the purpose of apportioning state money
221	under Subsection (2).
222	(4) Notwithstanding [Sections 53F-2-601 and 53F-2-602] Section 53F-2-601, weighted
223	pupil units in the grades 1-12 basic program for foreign exchange students, as determined by
224	Subsections (2) and (3), may not be included for the purposes of determining a school district's
225	state guarantee money under [the voted or board local levies] Section 53F-2-601.
226	Section 5. Section 53F-2-312 is amended to read:
227	53F-2-312. Appropriation for class size reduction.
228	(1) Money appropriated to the State Board of Education for class size reduction shall
229	be used to reduce the average class size in kindergarten through the eighth grade in the state's
230	public schools.
231	(2) Each school district or charter school shall receive an allocation based upon the
232	school district or charter school's prior year average daily membership in kindergarten through
233	grade 8 plus growth as determined under Subsection 53F-2-302(3) as compared to the total
234	prior year average daily membership in kindergarten through grade 8 plus growth of school
235	districts and charter schools that qualify for an allocation pursuant to Subsection (8).
236	(3) (a) A local education board may use an allocation to reduce class size in any one or
237	all of the grades referred to under this section, except as otherwise provided in Subsection
238	(3)(b).
239	(b) (i) Each local education board shall use 50% of an allocation to reduce class size in
240	any one or all of grades kindergarten through grade 2, with an emphasis on improving student
241	reading skills.

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242	(ii) If a school district's or charter school's average class size is below 18 in grades
243	kindergarten through grade 2, a local education board may petition the State Board of
244	Education for, and the State Board of Education may grant, a waiver to use an allocation under
245	Subsection (3)(b)(i) for class size reduction in the other grades.
246	(4) Schools may use nontraditional innovative and creative methods to reduce class
247	sizes with this appropriation and may use part of an allocation to focus on class size reduction
248	for specific groups, such as at risk students, or for specific blocks of time during the school
249	day.
250	(5) (a) A local education board may use up to 20% of an allocation under Subsection
251	(1) for capital facilities projects if such projects would help to reduce class size.
252	(b) If a school district's or charter school's student population increases by 5% or 700
253	students from the previous school year, the local education board may use up to 50% of any
254	allocation received by the respective school district or charter school under this section for
255	classroom construction.
256	(6) This appropriation is to supplement any other appropriation made for class size
257	reduction.
258	(7) The Legislature shall provide for an annual adjustment in the appropriation
259	authorized under this section in proportion to the increase in the number of students in the state
260	in kindergarten through grade eight.
261	(8) (a) For a school district or charter school to qualify for class size reduction money,
262	a local education board shall submit:
263	(i) a plan for the use of the allocation of class size reduction money to the State Board
264	of Education; and
265	(ii) beginning with the 2014-15 school year, a report on the local education board's use
266	of class size reduction money in the prior school year.
267	(b) The plan and report required pursuant to Subsection (8)(a) shall include the
268	following information:
269	(i) (A) the number of teachers employed using class size reduction money;
270	(B) the amount of class size reduction money expended for teachers; and
271	(C) if supplemental school district or charter school funds are expended to pay for
272	teachers employed using class size reduction money, the amount of the supplemental money;

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273	(ii) (A) the number of paraprofessionals employed using class size reduction money;
274	(B) the amount of class size reduction money expended for paraprofessionals; and
275	(C) if supplemental school district or charter school funds are expended to pay for
276	paraprofessionals employed using class size reduction money, the amount of the supplemental
277	money; and
278	(iii) the amount of class size reduction money expended for capital facilities.
279	(c) In addition to submitting a plan and report on the use of class size reduction money,
280	a local education board shall annually submit a report to the State Board of Education that
281	includes the following information:
282	(i) the number of teachers employed using K-3 Reading Improvement Program money
283	received pursuant to [Sections] Section 53F-2-503 [and 53F-8-406];
284	(ii) the amount of K-3 Reading Improvement Program money expended for teachers;
285	(iii) the number of teachers employed in kindergarten through grade 8 using Title I
286	money;
287	(iv) the amount of Title I money expended for teachers in kindergarten through grade
288	8; and
289	(v) a comparison of actual average class size by grade in grades kindergarten through 8
290	in the school district or charter school with what the average class size would be without the
291	expenditure of class size reduction, K-3 Reading Improvement Program, and Title I money.
292	(d) The information required to be reported in Subsections (8)(b)(i)(A) through (C),
293	(8)(b)(ii)(A) through (C), and (8)(c) shall be categorized by a teacher's or paraprofessional's
294	teaching assignment, such as the grade level, course, or subject taught.
295	(e) The State Board of Education may make rules specifying procedures and standards
296	for the submission of:
297	(i) a plan and a report on the use of class size reduction money as required by this
298	section; and
299	(ii) a report required under Subsection (8)(c).
300	(f) Based on the data contained in the class size reduction plans and reports submitted
301	by local education boards, and data on average class size, the State Board of Education shall
302	annually report to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the impact of class
303	size reduction, K-3 Reading Improvement Program, and Title I money on class size.

304	Section 6. Section 53F-2-410 is amended to read:
305	53F-2-410. Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program.
306	(1) (a) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (1)(b), the State Board of Education
307	shall distribute money appropriated for the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program to
308	school districts and charter schools according to a formula adopted by the State Board of
309	Education, after consultation with local education boards.
310	(b) (i) The State Board of Education shall appropriate \$1,200,000 from the
311	appropriation for Enhancement for At-Risk Students for a gang prevention and intervention
312	program designed to help students at-risk for gang involvement stay in school.
313	(ii) Money for the gang prevention and intervention program shall be distributed to
314	school districts and charter schools through a request for proposals process.
315	(2) In establishing a distribution formula under Subsection (1)(a), the State Board of
316	Education shall:
317	(a) use the following criteria:
318	[(a)] (i) low performance on statewide assessments described in Section 53E-4-301;
319	[(b)] <u>(ii)</u> poverty;
320	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> mobility; [and]
321	[(d)] (iv) limited English proficiency[-];
322	(v) chronic absenteeism; and
323	(vi) homelessness;
324	(b) ensure that the distribution formula distributes money on a per student and per
325	criterion basis; and
326	(c) ensure that the distribution formula provides funding for each criterion that a
327	student meets such that a student who meets:
328	(i) one criterion is counted once; and
329	(ii) more than one criterion is counted for each criterion the student meets.
330	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the amount appropriated for the Enhancement
331	for At-Risk Students Program shall increase annually with growth in the at-risk student
332	population and changes to the value of the weighted pupil unit as defined in Section 53F-9-305.
333	[(3)] (4) A local education board shall use money distributed under this section to
334	improve the academic achievement of students who are at risk of academic failure.

335	[(4)] (5) The State Board of Education shall develop performance criteria to measure
336	the effectiveness of the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program.
337	[(5)] (6) If a school district or charter school receives an allocation of less than \$10,000
338	under this section, the school district or charter school may use the allocation as described in
339	Section 53F-2-206.
340	(7) During the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2022, the Public Education Appropriations
341	Subcommittee shall evaluate:
342	(a) the impact of funding provided in this section to determine whether the funding has
343	improved educational outcomes for students who are at-risk for academic failure; and
344	(b) whether the funding should continue as established, be amended, or be consolidated
345	in the value of the weighted pupil unit.
346	Section 7. Section 53F-2-503 is amended to read:
347	53F-2-503. K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
348	(1) As used in this section:
349	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
350	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,
351	comprehension, and vocabulary.
352	(c) "Program" means the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
353	(d) "Program money" means:
354	(i) school district revenue allocated to the program from other money available to the
355	school district, except money provided by the state, for the purpose of receiving state funds
356	under this section; and
357	(ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the program.
358	(2) The K-3 Reading Improvement Program consists of program money and is created
359	to supplement other school resources to achieve the state's goal of having third graders reading
360	at or above grade level.
361	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
362	money to the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
363	(4) (a) For a school district or charter school to receive program money, a local
364	education board shall submit a plan to the board for reading proficiency improvement that
365	incorporates the following components:

366	(i) assessment;
367	(ii) intervention strategies;
368	(iii) professional development for classroom teachers in kindergarten through grade
369	three;
370	(iv) reading performance standards; and
371	(v) specific measurable goals that include the following:
372	(A) a growth goal for each school within a school district and each charter school
373	based upon student learning gains as measured by benchmark assessments administered
374	pursuant to Section 53E-4-307; and
375	(B) a growth goal for each school district and charter school to increase the percentage
376	of third grade students who read on grade level from year to year as measured by the third
377	grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-302.
378	(b) The board shall provide model plans that a local education board may use, or the
379	local education board may develop the local education board's own plan.
380	(c) Plans developed by a local education board shall be approved by the board.
381	(d) The board shall develop uniform standards for acceptable growth goals that a local
382	education board adopts for a school district or charter school as described in this Subsection
383	(4).
384	(5) (a) There is created within the K-3 Reading Achievement Program three funding
385	programs:
386	(i) the Base Level Program;
387	(ii) the Guarantee Program; and
388	(iii) the Low Income Students Program.
389	(b) The board may use no more than \$7,500,000 from an appropriation described in
390	Subsection (3) for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessment programs.
391	(6) Money appropriated to the board for the K-3 Reading Improvement Program and
392	not used by the board for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments as described
393	in Subsection (5)(b), shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows:
394	(a) 8% to the Base Level Program;
395	(b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and
396	(c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program.

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397 (7) (a) For a school district or charter school to participate in the Base Level Program, 398 the local education board shall submit a reading proficiency improvement plan to the board as 399 provided in Subsection (4) and must receive approval of the plan from the board. 400 (b) (i) The local school board of a school district qualifying for Base Level Program 401 funds and the governing boards of qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall 402 receive a base amount. 403 (ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be 404 allocated among each charter school in an amount proportionate to: 405 (A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten 406 through grade three; and 407 (B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through 408 grade three. 409 (8) (a) A local school board that applies for program money in excess of the Base Level 410 Program funds shall choose to first participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low 411 Income Students Program. 412 (b) A school district must fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low 413 Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to 414 either fully or partially participate in the other program. 415 (c) For a school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program, the local school 416 board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money 417 provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of 418 .000056. 419 (d) For a school district to fully participate in the Low Income Students Program, the 420 local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except 421 money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax 422 rate of .000065. 423 (e) (i) The board shall verify that a local school board allocates the money required in 424 accordance with Subsections (8)(c) and (d) before the local school board distributes funds in 425 accordance with this section. 426 (ii) The State Tax Commission shall provide the board the information the board needs 427 in order to comply with Subsection (8)(e)(i).

428 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), the local school board of a school 429 district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount 430 that is: 431 (i) equal to the difference between \$21 multiplied by the school district's total WPUs 432 and the revenue the local school board is required to allocate under Subsection (8)(c) for the 433 school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and 434 (ii) not less than \$0. 435 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), an elementary charter school shall receive 436 under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the elementary charter school's 437 total WPUs. 438 (c) The board may adjust the \$21 guarantee amount described in Subsections (9)(a) and 439 (b) to account for actual appropriations and money used by the board for computer-assisted 440 instructional learning and assessments. 441 (10) The board shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount 442 proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for 443 free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two. 444 (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low 445 Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of school district 446 revenue allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been 447 allocated if the school district had fully participated in the program. 448 (12) (a) A local education board shall use program money for reading proficiency 449 improvement interventions in grades kindergarten through grade 3 that have proven to 450 significantly increase the percentage of students reading at grade level, including: 451 (i) reading assessments; and 452 (ii) focused reading remediations that may include: 453 (A) the use of reading specialists; 454 (B) tutoring; 455 (C) before or after school programs; 456 (D) summer school programs; or 457 (E) the use of reading software; or 458 (F) the use of interactive computer software programs for literacy instruction and

459 assessments for students.

460 (b) A local education board may use program money for portable technology devices461 used to administer reading assessments.

462 (c) Program money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may463 be used to augment existing programs.

464 (13) (a) Each local education board shall annually submit a report to the board
465 accounting for the expenditure of program money in accordance with its plan for reading
466 proficiency improvement.

(b) If a local education board uses program money in a manner that is inconsistent with
Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the board for the
amount of program money improperly used, up to the amount of program money received from
the board.

471 (14) (a) The board shall make rules to implement the program.

472 (b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each local education board to
473 annually report progress in meeting goals stated in the school district's or charter school's plan
474 for student reading proficiency.

475 (ii) If a school does not meet or exceed the school's goals, the local education board476 shall prepare a new plan which corrects deficiencies.

477 (iii) The new plan described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii) shall be approved by the board
478 before the local education board receives an allocation for the next year.

(15) (a) If for two consecutive school years, a school district fails to meet the school
district's goal to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level as
measured by the third grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-302, the
school district [shall terminate any levy imposed under Section 53F-8-406 and] may not
receive money appropriated by the Legislature for the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.

(b) If for two consecutive school years, a charter school fails to meet the charter
school's goal to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level as
measured by the third grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-302, the
charter school may not receive money appropriated by the Legislature for the K-3 Reading
Improvement Program.

489

(16) The board shall make an annual report to the Public Education Appropriations

490	Subcommittee that:
491	(a) includes information on:
492	(i) student learning gains in reading for the past school year and the five-year trend;
493	(ii) the percentage of third grade students reading on grade level in the past school year
494	and the five-year trend;
495	(iii) the progress of schools and school districts in meeting goals stated in a school
496	district's or charter school's plan for student reading proficiency; and
497	(iv) the correlation between third grade students reading on grade level and results of
498	third grade language arts scores on a criterion-referenced test or computer adaptive test; and
499	(b) may include recommendations on how to increase the percentage of third grade
500	students who read on grade level.
501	Section 8. Section 53F-2-601 is amended to read:
502	53F-2-601. State guaranteed local levy increments Appropriation to increase
503	number of guaranteed local levy increments No effect of change of minimum basic tax
504	rate Voted and board local levy funding balance Use of guaranteed local levy
505	increment funds.
506	(1) As used in this section[, "voted]:
507	(a) "Board local levy" means a local levy described in Section 53F-8-302.
508	(b) "Guaranteed local levy increment" means a local levy increment guaranteed by the
509	state:
510	(i) for the board local levy, described in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(A) and (2)(b)(ii)(B); or
511	(ii) for the voted local levy, described in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(B) and (2)(b)(ii)(A).
512	(c) "Local levy increment" means .0001 per dollar of taxable value.
513	(d) (i) "Voted and board local levy funding balance" means the difference between:
514	[(a)] (A) the amount appropriated for the [voted and board local levy program]
515	guaranteed local levy increments in a fiscal year; and
516	[(b)] (B) the amount necessary to [provide the state guarantee per weighted pupil unit]
517	fund in the same fiscal year the guaranteed local levy increments as determined under this
518	section [and Section 53F-2-602 in the same fiscal year].
519	(ii) "Voted and board local levy funding balance" does not include appropriations
520	described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).

521	(e) "Voted local levy" means a local levy described in Section 53F-8-301.
522	(2) (a) (i) In addition to the revenue collected from the imposition of a [levy pursuant
523	to Section 53F-8-301] voted local levy or a board local levy, the state shall [contribute]
524	guarantee that a school district receives, subject to Subsections (2)(b)(ii)(C) and (3)(a), for each
525	guaranteed local levy increment, an amount sufficient to guarantee [\$35.55] for a fiscal year
526	that begins on July 1, 2018, \$43.10 per weighted pupil unit [for each .0001 of the first .0016
527	per dollar of taxable value].
528	[(3) The same dollar amount guarantee per weighted pupil unit for the .0016 per dollar
529	of taxable value under Subsection (2) shall apply to the portion of the board local levy
530	authorized in Section 53F-8-302, so that the guarantee shall apply up to a total of .002 per
531	dollar of taxable value if a local school board levies a tax rate under both programs.]
532	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the number of local levy increments
533	that are subject to the guarantee amount described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) are:
534	(A) for a board local levy, the first four local levy increments a local school board
535	imposes under the board local levy; and
536	(B) for a voted local levy, the first 16 local levy increments a local school board
537	imposes under the voted local levy.
538	(b) (i) Subject to future budget constraints and Subsection (2)(c), the Legislature shall
539	annually appropriate money from the Local Levy Growth Account established in Section
540	53F-9-305 for purposes described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
541	(ii) The State Board of Education shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
542	2018, and subject to Subsection (2)(c), allocate funds appropriated under Subsection (2)(b)(i)
543	in the following order of priority by increasing:
544	(A) by up to four increments the number of voted local levy guaranteed local levy
545	increments above 16;
546	(B) by up to 16 increments the number of board local levy guaranteed local levy
547	increments above four; and
548	(C) the guaranteed amount described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
549	(c) The number of guaranteed local levy increments under this Subsection (2) for a
550	school district may not exceed 20 guaranteed local levy increments, regardless of whether the
551	guaranteed local levy increments are from the imposition of a voted local levy, a board local

552	levy, or a combination of the two.
553	[(4) (a) Beginning July 1, 2015, the \$35.55 guarantee under Subsections (2) and (3)]
554	(3) (a) The guarantee described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall be indexed each year to the
555	value of the weighted pupil unit [for the grades 1 through 12 program] by making the value of
556	the guarantee equal to .011962 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit [for the
557	grades 1 through 12 program].
558	(b) The guarantee shall increase by .0005 times the value of the prior year's weighted
559	pupil unit [for the grades 1 through 12 program] for each [succeeding] year subject to the
560	Legislature appropriating funds for an increase in the guarantee.
561	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ (a) The amount of state guarantee money [to which] that a school district
562	would otherwise be entitled to receive under this section may not be reduced for the sole reason
563	that the school district's board local levy or voted local levy is reduced as a consequence of
564	changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property
565	valuation.
566	(b) Subsection [(5)] (4)(a) applies for a period of five years following [any such] <u>a</u>
567	change in the certified tax rate as described in Subsection (4)(a).
568	[(6)] (5) The guarantee provided under this section does not apply to the portion of a
569	voted local levy rate that exceeds the voted local levy rate that was in effect for the previous
570	fiscal year, unless an increase in the voted local levy rate was authorized in an election
571	conducted on or after July 1 of the previous fiscal year and before December 2 of the previous
572	fiscal year.
573	[(7)] (a) If a voted and board local levy funding balance exists for the prior fiscal
574	year, the State Board of Education shall:
575	(i) use the voted and board local levy funding balance to increase the value of the state
576	guarantee per weighted pupil unit described in Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) in the current fiscal year;
577	and
578	(ii) distribute [the state contribution to the voted and board local levy programs]
579	guaranteed local levy increment funds to school districts based on the increased value of the
580	state guarantee per weighted pupil unit described in Subsection $[(7)]$ (6)(a)(i).
581	(b) The State Board of Education shall report action taken under [this] Subsection [(7)]
582	(6)(a) to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and the Governor's Office of Management

583	and Budget.
584	(7) A local school board of a school district that receives funds described in this section
585	shall budget and expend the funds for public education purposes.
586	Section 9. Section 53F-2-704 is amended to read:
587	53F-2-704. Charter school levy state guarantee.
588	(1) As used in this section:
589	(a) "Charter school levy per pupil revenues" means the same as that term is defined in
590	Section 53F-2-703.
591	(b) "Charter school students' average local revenues" means the amount determined as
592	follows:
593	(i) for each student enrolled in a charter school on the previous October 1, calculate the
594	district per pupil local revenues of the school district in which the student resides;
595	(ii) sum the district per pupil local revenues for each student enrolled in a charter
596	school on the previous October 1; and
597	(iii) divide the sum calculated under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) by the number of students
598	enrolled in charter schools on the previous October 1.
599	(c) "District local property tax revenues" means the sum of a school district's revenue
600	received from the following:
601	(i) a voted local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-301;
602	(ii) a board local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-302, excluding revenues expended
603	for:
604	(A) pupil transportation, up to the amount of revenue generated by a .0003 per dollar of
605	taxable value of the school district's board local levy; and
606	(B) the K-3 Reading Improvement Program, up to the amount of revenue generated by
607	a .000121 per dollar of taxable value of the school district's board local levy;
608	(iii) a capital local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-303; and
609	(iv) a guarantee described in Section 53F-2-601, [53F-2-602,] 53F-3-202, or
610	53F-3-203.
611	(d) "District per pupil local revenues" means, using data from the most recently
612	published school district annual financial reports and state superintendent's annual report, an
613	amount equal to district local property tax revenues divided by the sum of:

614	(i) a school district's average daily membership; and
615	(ii) the average daily membership of a school district's resident students who attend
616	charter schools.
617	(e) "Resident student" means a student who is considered a resident of the school
618	district under Title 53G, Chapter 6, Part 3, School District Residency.
619	(f) "Statewide average debt service revenues" means the amount determined as
620	follows, using data from the most recently published state superintendent's annual report:
621	(i) sum the revenues of each school district from the debt service levy imposed under
622	Section 11-14-310; and
623	(ii) divide the sum calculated under Subsection (1)(f)(i) by statewide school district
624	average daily membership.
625	(2) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an
626	appropriation for charter schools for each charter school student enrolled on October 1 to
627	supplement the allocation of charter school levy per pupil revenues described in Subsection
628	53F-2-702(3)(a).
629	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the amount of money provided by the state
630	for a charter school student shall be the sum of:
631	(i) charter school students' average local revenues minus the charter school levy per
632	pupil revenues; and
633	(ii) statewide average debt service revenues.
634	(c) If the total of charter school levy per pupil revenues distributed by the State Board
635	of Education and the amount provided by the state under Subsection (2)(b) is less than \$1,427,
636	the state shall provide an additional supplement so that a charter school receives at least \$1,427
637	per student under Subsection 53F-2-702(3).
638	(d) (i) If the appropriation provided under this Subsection (2) is less than the amount
639	prescribed by Subsection (2)(b) or (c), the appropriation shall be allocated among charter
640	schools in proportion to each charter school's enrollment as a percentage of the total enrollment
641	in charter schools.
642	(ii) If the State Board of Education makes adjustments to Minimum School Program
643	allocations as provided under Section 53F-2-205, the allocation provided in Subsection
644	(2)(d)(i) shall be determined after adjustments are made under Section 53F-2-205.

645	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), of the money provided to a charter
646	school under Subsection 53F-2-702(3), 10% shall be expended for funding school facilities
647	only.
648	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to an online charter school.
649	Section 10. Section 53F-3-102 is amended to read:
650	53F-3-102. Definitions.
651	As used in this chapter:
652	(1) "ADM" or "pupil in average daily membership" is as defined in Section $53F-2-102$.
653	(2) "Base tax effort rate" means the average of:
654	(a) the highest combined capital levy rate; and
655	(b) the average combined capital levy rate for the school districts statewide.
656	(3) "Combined capital levy rate" means a rate that includes the sum of the following
657	property tax levies:
658	[(a) (i) the capital outlay levy authorized in Section 53F-8-401;]
659	[(ii) the portion of the 10% of basic levy described in Section 53F-8-405 that is
660	budgeted for debt service or capital outlay;]
661	[(iii)] (a) (i) the debt service levy authorized in Section 11-14-310; and
662	[(iv)] (ii) the voted capital outlay leeway authorized in Section 53F-8-402; or
663	(b) (i) the capital local levy authorized in Section 53F-8-303; and
664	(ii) the debt service levy authorized in Section 11-14-310.
665	(4) "Derived net taxable value" means the quotient of:
666	(a) the total property tax collections from April 1 through the following March 31 for a
667	school district for the calendar year preceding the March 31 date; divided by
668	(b) the school district's total tax rate for the calendar year preceding the March 31
669	referenced in Subsection (4)(a).
670	(5) "Highest combined capital levy rate" means the highest combined capital levy rate
671	imposed by a school district within the state for a fiscal year.
672	(6) "Property tax base per ADM" means the quotient of:
673	(a) a school district's derived net taxable value; divided by
674	(b) the school district's ADM.
675	(7) "Property tax yield per ADM" means:

676	(a) the product of:
677	(i) a school district's derived net taxable value; and
678	(ii) the base tax effort rate; divided by
679	(b) the school district's ADM.
680	(8) "Statewide average property tax base per ADM" means the quotient of:
681	(a) the sum of all school districts' derived net taxable value; divided by
682	(b) the sum of all school districts' ADM.
683	Section 11. Section 53F-8-302 is amended to read:
684	53F-8-302. Board local levy.
685	(1) The terms defined in Section $53F-2-102$ apply to this section.
686	(2) Subject to the other requirements of this section, [for a calendar year beginning on
687	or after January 1, 2012,] a local school board may levy a tax to fund the school district's
688	general fund.
689	(3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3), "combined rate" means the sum of:
690	(i) the rate imposed by a local school board under Subsection (2); and
691	(ii) the charter school levy rate, described in Section 53F-2-703, for the local school
692	board's school district.
693	[(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), beginning on January 1, 2017, a school
694	district's combined rate may not exceed .0018 per dollar of taxable value in any calendar year.]
695	[(c)] (b) Beginning on January 1, [2017] 2018, a school district's combined rate may
696	not exceed .0025 per dollar of taxable value in any calendar year [if, during the calendar year
697	beginning on January 1, 2011, the school district's total tax rate for the following levies was
698	greater than .0018 per dollar of taxable value:].
699	[(i) a recreation levy imposed under Section 11-2-7;]
700	[(ii) a transportation levy imposed under Section 53F-8-403;]
701	[(iii) a board-authorized levy imposed under Section 53F-8-404;]
702	[(iv) an impact aid levy imposed under Section 53F-2-515;]
703	[(v) the portion of a 10% of basic levy imposed under Section 53F-8-405 that is
704	budgeted for purposes other than capital outlay or debt service;]
705	[(vi) a reading levy imposed under Section 53F-8-406; and]
706	[(vii) a tort liability levy imposed under Section 63G-7-704.]

707 (4) In addition to the revenue a school district collects from the imposition of a levy 708 pursuant to this section, the state shall contribute an amount as described in Section 709 [53F-2-602] 53F-2-601. 710 (5) (a) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the State Tax 711 Commission shall adjust a board local levy rate imposed by a local school board under this 712 section by the amount necessary to offset the change in revenues from the charter school levy 713 imposed under Section 53F-2-703. 714 (b) A local school board is not required to comply with the notice and public hearing 715 requirements of Section 59-2-919 for an offset described in Subsection (5)(a) to the change in 716 revenues from the charter school levy imposed under Section 53F-2-703. 717 [(c) A local school board may not increase a board local levy rate under this section 718 before December 31, 2016, if the local school board did not give public notice on or before 719 March 4, 2016, of the local school board's intent to increase the board local levy rate.] $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (c) So long as the charter school levy rate does not exceed 25% of the charter 720 721 school levy per district revenues, a local school board may not increase a board local levy rate 722 under this section if the purpose of increasing the board local levy rate is to capture the 723 revenues assigned to the charter school levy through the adjustment in a board local levy rate 724 under Subsection (5)(a). 725 [(e)] (d) Before a local school board takes action to increase a board local levy rate 726 under this section, the local school board shall: 727 (i) prepare a written statement that attests that the local school board is in compliance 728 with Subsection (5)[(d)](c); 729 (ii) read the statement described in Subsection (5)[(e)](d)(i) during a local school board 730 public meeting where the local school board discusses increasing the board local levy rate; and 731 (iii) send a copy of the statement described in Subsection (5)[(e)](d)(i) to the State Tax 732 Commission. 733 Section 12. Section 53F-8-303 is amended to read: 734 53F-8-303. Capital local levy. 735 (1) [(a)] Subject to the other requirements of this section, a local school board may levy 736 a tax to fund the school district's capital projects. 737 [(b)] (2) A tax rate imposed by a school district pursuant to this section may not exceed

738	.0030 per dollar of taxable value in any calendar year.
739	[(2) A school district that imposes a capital local levy in the calendar year beginning on
740	January 1, 2012, is exempt from the public notice and hearing requirements of Section
741	59-2-919 if the school district budgets an amount of ad valorem property tax revenue equal to
742	or less than the sum of the following amounts:]
743	[(a) the amount of revenue generated during the calendar year beginning on January 1,
744	2011, from the sum of the following levies of a school district:]
745	[(i) a capital outlay levy imposed under Section 53F-8-401; and]
746	[(ii) the portion of the 10% of basic levy described in Section 53F-8-405 that is
747	budgeted for debt service or capital outlay; and]
748	[(b) revenue from eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924.]
749	[(3) (a) Subject to Subsections (3)(b), (c), and (d), for fiscal year 2013-14, a local
750	school board may utilize the proceeds of a maximum of .0024 per dollar of taxable value of the
751	local school board's annual capital local levy for general fund purposes if the proceeds are not
752	committed or dedicated to pay debt service or bond payments.]
753	[(b) If a local school board uses the proceeds described in Subsection (3)(a) for general
754	fund purposes, the local school board shall notify the public of the local school board's use of
755	the capital local levy proceeds for general fund purposes:]
756	[(i) before the local school board's budget hearing in accordance with the notification
757	requirements described in Section 53G-7-303; and]
758	[(ii) at a budget hearing required in Section 53G-7-303.]
759	[(c) A local school board may not use the proceeds described in Subsection (3)(a) to
760	fund the following accounting function classifications as provided in the Financial Accounting
761	for Local and State School Systems guidelines developed by the National Center for Education
762	Statistics:]
763	[(i) 2300 Support Services - General District Administration; or]
764	[(ii) 2500 Support Services - Central Services.]
765	Section 13. Section 53F-8-402 is amended to read:
766	53F-8-402. Special tax to buy school building sites, build and furnish
767	schoolhouses, or improve school property.
768	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6), a local school board may, by following

769	the process for special elections established in Sections 20A-1-203 and 20A-1-204, call a
770	special election to determine whether a special property tax should be levied for one or more
771	years to buy building sites, build and furnish schoolhouses, or improve the school property
772	under its control.
773	(b) The tax may not exceed .2% of the taxable value of all taxable property in the
774	district in any one year.
775	(2) The board shall give reasonable notice of the election and follow the same
776	procedure used in elections for the issuance of bonds.
777	(3) If a majority of those voting on the proposition vote in favor of the tax, it is [levied
778	in addition to a levy authorized under Section 53F-8-405 and] computed on the valuation of the
779	county assessment roll for that year.
780	(4) (a) Within 20 days after the election, the board shall certify the amount of the
781	approved tax to the governing body of the county in which the school district is located.
782	(b) The governing body shall acknowledge receipt of the certification and levy and
783	collect the special tax.
784	(c) It shall then distribute the collected taxes to the business administrator of the school
785	district at the end of each calendar month.
786	(5) The special tax becomes due and delinquent and attaches to and becomes a lien on
787	real and personal property at the same time as state and county taxes.
788	(6) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), beginning January 1, 2012, a local school
789	board may not levy a tax in accordance with this section.
790	Section 14. Section 53F-9-302 is amended to read:
791	53F-9-302. Minimum Basic Growth Account.
792	(1) As used in this section, "account" means the Minimum Basic Growth Account
793	created in this section.
794	(2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the
795	"Minimum Basic Growth Account."
796	(3) The account shall be funded by amounts deposited into the account in accordance
797	with Section 53F-2-301.
798	(4) The account shall earn interest.
799	(5) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.

800	(6) Upon appropriation by the Legislature:
801	(a) 75% of the money from the account shall be used to fund the state's contribution to
802	the voted local levy guarantee described in Section 53F-2-601;
803	(b) 20% of the money from the account shall be used to fund the Capital Outlay
804	Foundation Program as provided in Section 53F-3-203; and
805	(c) 5% of the money from the account shall be used to fund the Capital Outlay
806	Enrollment Growth Program as provided in Section 53F-3-203.
807	Section 15. Section 53F-9-305 is enacted to read:
808	<u>53F-9-305.</u> Local Levy Growth Account.
809	(1) As used in this section:
810	(a) "Account" means the Local Levy Growth Account created in this section.
811	(b) "Growth threshold" means the product of:
812	(i) the total state cost to increase by 1% the prior year value of the weighted pupil unit;
813	and
814	<u>(ii) 3.</u>
815	(c) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the amount established each year in the
816	enacted public education budget that is multiplied by the number of weighted pupil units to
817	yield the funding level for the basic state-supported school program.
818	(2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the
819	"Local Levy Growth Account."
820	(3) (a) For a fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2019, and each July 1 thereafter, if
821	revenues collected from the individual income tax and the corporate franchise tax over the
822	previous fiscal year are greater than the growth threshold, $\hat{S} \rightarrow [$ the Tax Commission shall, subject to
823	Subsection (3)(b), upon appropriation by the Legislature, the Division of Finance shall $\leftarrow \hat{S}$
823a	transfer from the Education Fund to the account an amount equal to the
824	product of:
825	(i) the total state cost to increase by 1% the prior year value of the weighted pupil unit;
826	and
827	<u>(ii)</u> 1.02.
828	Ŝ→ [(b) The Tax Commission shall consult with the State Board of Education on the
829	amount to transfer under Subsection (3)(a).
830	(\mathbf{e}) (b) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ The account may also be funded by other legislative appropriations.

831	(4) The account shall earn interest.
832	(5) The interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
833	(6) The Legislature shall appropriate money in the account to the State Board of
834	Education for purposes described in Section 53F-2-601.
835	Section 16. Section 53G-3-304 is amended to read:
836	53G-3-304. Property tax levies in new district and remaining district
837	Distribution of property tax revenue.
838	(1) Notwithstanding terms defined in Section 53G-3-102, as used in this section:
839	(a) "Divided school district" or "existing district" means a school district from which a
840	new district is created.
841	(b) "New district" means a school district created under Section 53G-3-302 after May
842	10, 2011.
843	(c) "Property tax levy" means a property tax levy that a school district is authorized to
844	impose, except:
845	(i) the minimum basic \underline{tax} rate imposed under Section 53F-2-301;
846	(ii) a debt service levy imposed under Section 11-14-310; or
847	(iii) a judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1330.
848	(d) "Qualifying taxable year" means the calendar year in which a new district begins to
849	provide educational services.
850	(e) "Remaining district" means an existing district after the creation of a new district.
851	(2) A new district and remaining district shall continue to impose property tax levies
852	that were imposed by the divided school district in the taxable year prior to the qualifying
853	taxable year.
854	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), a property tax levy that a new district and
855	remaining district are required to impose under Subsection (2) shall be set at a rate that:
856	(a) is uniform in the new district and remaining district; and
857	(b) generates the same amount of revenue that was generated by the property tax levy
858	within the divided school district in the taxable year prior to the qualifying taxable year.
859	(4) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the] The county treasurer of the
860	county in which a property tax levy is imposed under Subsection (2) shall distribute revenues
861	generated by the property tax levy to the new district and remaining district in proportion to the

862	percentage of the divided school district's enrollment on the October 1 prior to the new district
863	commencing educational services that were enrolled in schools currently located in the new
864	district or remaining district.
865	[(b) The county treasurer of a county of the first class shall distribute revenues
866	generated by a capital local levy of .0006 that a school district in a county of the first class is
867	required to impose under Section 53F-8-303 in accordance with the distribution method
868	specified in Section 53A-16-114.]
869	(5) On or before March 31, a county treasurer shall distribute revenues generated by a
870	property tax levy imposed under Subsection (2) in the prior calendar year to a new district and
871	remaining district as provided in Subsection (4).
872	(6) (a) Subject to the notice and public hearing requirements of Section 59-2-919, a
873	new district or remaining district may set a property tax rate higher than the rate required by
874	Subsection (3), up to:
875	(i) the maximum rate, if any, allowed by law; or
876	(ii) the maximum rate authorized by voters for a voted local levy under Section
877	53F-8-301.
878	(b) The revenues generated by the portion of a property tax rate in excess of the rate
879	required by Subsection (3) shall be retained by the district that imposes the higher rate.
880	Section 17. Repealer.
881	This bill repeals:
882	Section 53F-2-602, Board local levy state guarantee.
883	Section 53F-8-401, Capital outlay levy Authority to use proceeds of .0002 tax
884	rate for maintenance of school facilities Restrictions and procedure Limited
885	authority to use proceeds for general fund purposes Notification required when using
886	proceeds for general fund purposes Authority for small school districts to use levy
887	proceeds for operation and maintenance of plant services.
888	Section 53F-8-404, Board-approved leeway Purpose State support
889	Disapproval.
890	Section 53F-8-405, Additional levy by local school board for debt service, school
891	sites, buildings, buses, textbooks, and supplies.
892	Section 53F-8-406, Board leeway for reading improvement.

893	Section 18. Appropriation.
894	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
895	2018, and ending June 30, 2019. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
896	fiscal year 2019.
897	Subsection Ŝ→ [17] 18 ←Ŝ (a). Operating and Capital Budgets.
898	Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the
899	Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts indicated for
900	the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
901	ITEM 1
902	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program - Related to
903	Basic School Programs
904	From Education Fund \$15,000,000
905	Schedule of Programs:
906	Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program \$15,000,000
907	ITEM 2
908	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program - Related to
909	Basic School Programs
910	From Education Fund \$5,000,000
911	Schedule of Programs:
912	To and From School - Pupil Transportation \$5,000,000
913	The Legislature intends that the appropriation under this item:
914	(1) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, the total ongoing appropriation shall be
915	<u>\$10,000,000;</u>
916	(2) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the total ongoing appropriation shall be
917	<u>\$15,000,000;</u>
918	(3) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, the total ongoing appropriation shall be
919	<u>\$20,000,000; and</u>
920	(4) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, the total ongoing appropriation shall be
921	<u>\$25,000,000.</u>
922	ITEM 3
923	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program - Basic School Program

924	From Education Fund
925	Schedule of Programs:
926	Necessarily Existent Small Schools \$500,000
927	The Legislature intends that the appropriation under this item:
928	(1) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, the total ongoing appropriation shall be
929	<u>\$1,000,000; and</u>
930	(2) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the total ongoing appropriation shall be
931	<u>\$1,500,000.</u>
932	ITEM 4
933	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program Voted and
934	Board Local Levy Programs
935	From Education Fund Restricted Local Levy Growth Account \$36,117,300
936	Schedule of Programs:
937	Voted Local Levy Program\$18,050,600
938	Board Local Levy Program \$18,066,700
939	Subsection $\hat{S} \rightarrow [17] \underline{18} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ (b). Restricted fund and account transfers.
940	The Legislature authorizes the State Division of Finance to transfer the following
941	amounts between the following funds or accounts as indicated. Expenditures and outlays from
942	the funds to which the money is transferred must be authorized by an appropriation.
943	ITEM 5
944	To Education Fund Restricted Local Levy Growth Account
945	From Education Fund \$36,117,300
946	Schedule of Programs:
947	Education Fund Restricted Local Levy
948	<u>Growth Account</u> <u>\$36,117,300</u>