AGGRAVATED MURDER AMENDMENTS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
House Sponsor: Paul Ray
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill clarifies and makes additions to the designation of aggravated murder victims,
and creates a task force to study the Criminal Code.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 adds correctional officers, special function officers, search and rescue personnel,
emergency medical personnel, ambulance personnel, and security officers to the list
of potential aggravated murder victims;
 clarifies that all peace officers and emergency responders as defined in Utah Code
are also to be designated as potential victims of aggravated murder; and
 creates a task force to study the criminal code.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
76-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 454
ENACTS:
36-29-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

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30	Section 1. Section 36-29-103 is enacted to read:
31	<u>36-29-103.</u> Criminal Code Evaluation Task Force.
32	(1) As used in this section, "task force" means the Criminal Code Evaluation Task
33	Force created in this section.
34	(2) There is created the Criminal Code Evaluation Task Force consisting of the
35	following 15 members:
36	(a) three members of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate, no more than
37	two of whom may be from the same political party;
38	(b) three members of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the
39	House of Representatives, no more than two of whom may be from the same political party;
40	(c) the executive director of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice or the
41	executive director's designee;
42	(d) the director Utah Sentencing Commission or the director's designee;
43	(e) one member appointed by the presiding officer of the Utah Judicial Council;
44	(f) one member of the Utah Prosecution Council appointed by the chair of the Utah
45	Prosecution Council;
46	(g) the executive director of the Utah Department of Corrections or the executive
47	director's designee;
48	(h) the commissioner of the Utah Department of Public Safety or the commissioner's
49	designee;
50	(i) the director of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime or the director's designee;
51	(j) an individual who represents an association of criminal defense attorneys, appointed
52	by the president of the Senate; and
53	(k) an individual who represents an association of victim advocates, appointed by the
54	speaker of the House of Representatives.
55	(3) (a) The president of the Senate shall designate a member of the Senate appointed
56	under Subsection (2)(a) as a cochair of the task force.
57	(b) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate a member of the House

58	of Representatives appointed under Subsection (2)(b) as a cochair of the task force.
59	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum.
60	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the task force.
61	(5) (a) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall
62	be paid in accordance with Section <u>36-2-2</u> and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3,
63	Legislator Compensation.
64	(b) A member of the task force who is not a legislator:
65	(i) may not receive compensation for the member's work associated with the task force;
66	and
67	(ii) may receive per diem and reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member
68	of the task force at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106
69	and 63A-3-107.
70	(6) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff support
71	to the task force.
72	(7) The task force shall review the state's criminal code and make recommendations
73	regarding the proper classification of crimes by degrees of felony and misdemeanor.
74	(8) On or before November 30, 2018, the task force shall provide a report, including
75	any proposed legislation, to:
76	(a) the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee; and
77	(b) the Legislative Management Committee.
78	Section 2. Section 76-5-202 is amended to read:
79	76-5-202. Aggravated murder.
80	(1) Criminal homicide constitutes aggravated murder if the actor intentionally or
81	knowingly causes the death of another under any of the following circumstances:
82	(a) the homicide was committed by a person who is confined in a jail or other
83	correctional institution;
84	(b) the homicide was committed incident to one act, scheme, course of conduct, or
85	criminal episode during which two or more persons were killed, or during which the actor

86 attempted to kill one or more persons in addition to the victim who was killed; 87 (c) the actor knowingly created a great risk of death to a person other than the victim 88 and the actor; 89 (d) the homicide was committed incident to an act, scheme, course of conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor committed or attempted to commit aggravated robbery. 90 91 robbery, rape, rape of a child, object rape, object rape of a child, forcible sodomy, sodomy upon 92 a child, forcible sexual abuse, sexual abuse of a child, aggravated sexual abuse of a child, child 93 abuse as defined in Subsection 76-5-109(2)(a), or aggravated sexual assault, aggravated arson, arson, aggravated burglary, burglary, aggravated kidnapping, or kidnapping, or child 94 95 kidnapping; 96 (e) the homicide was committed incident to one act, scheme, course of conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor committed the crime of abuse or desecration of a dead 97 98 human body as defined in Subsection 76-9-704(2)(e): (f) the homicide was committed for the purpose of avoiding or preventing an arrest of 99 100 the defendant or another by a peace officer acting under color of legal authority or for the 101 purpose of effecting the defendant's or another's escape from lawful custody; 102 (g) the homicide was committed for pecuniary gain; 103 (h) the defendant committed, or engaged or employed another person to commit the homicide pursuant to an agreement or contract for remuneration or the promise of remuneration 104 105 for commission of the homicide; 106 (i) the actor previously committed or was convicted of: (i) aggravated murder under this section: 107 108 (ii) attempted aggravated murder under this section; 109 (iii) murder, Section 76-5-203; 110 (iv) attempted murder, Section 76-5-203; or (v) an offense committed in another jurisdiction which if committed in this state would 111 be a violation of a crime listed in this Subsection (1)(i); 112 113 (i) the actor was previously convicted of:

114	(i) aggravated assault, Subsection 76-5-103(2);
115	(ii) mayhem, Section 76-5-105;
116	(iii) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301;
117	(iv) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
118	(v) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302;
119	(vi) rape, Section 76-5-402;
120	(vii) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
121	(viii) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
122	(ix) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
123	(x) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
124	(xi) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
125	(xii) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.1;
126	(xiii) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
127	(xiv) aggravated arson, Section 76-6-103;
128	(xv) aggravated burglary, Section 76-6-203;
129	(xvi) aggravated robbery, Section 76-6-302;
130	(xvii) felony discharge of a firearm, Section 76-10-508.1; or
131	(xviii) an offense committed in another jurisdiction which if committed in this state
132	would be a violation of a crime listed in this Subsection (1)(j);
133	(k) the homicide was committed for the purpose of:
134	(i) preventing a witness from testifying;
135	(ii) preventing a person from providing evidence or participating in any legal
136	proceedings or official investigation;
137	(iii) retaliating against a person for testifying, providing evidence, or participating in
138	any legal proceedings or official investigation; or
139	(iv) disrupting or hindering any lawful governmental function or enforcement of laws;
140	(l) the victim is or has been a local, state, or federal public official, or a candidate for
141	public office, and the homicide is based on, is caused by, or is related to that official position,

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142	act, capacity, or candidacy;
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	(m) the victim is [or has been a peace officer,] <u>on duty in a verified position or the</u>
144	homicide is based on, is caused by, or is related to the victim's position, and the actor knew, or
145	reasonably should have known, that the victim holds or has held the position of:
146	(i) a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, special function officer, or any other
147	peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications;
148	(ii) an executive officer, prosecuting officer, jailer, or prison official[;];
149	(iii) a firefighter, search and rescue personnel, emergency medical personnel,
150	ambulance personnel, or any other emergency responder as defined in Section 53-2b-102;
151	(iv) a judge or other court official, juror, probation officer, or parole officer[, and the
152	victim is either on duty or the homicide is based on, is caused by, or is related to that official
153	position, and the actor knew, or reasonably should have known, that the victim holds or has
154	held that official position]; or
155	(v) a security officer contracted to secure, guard, or otherwise protect tangible personal
156	property, real property, or the life and well-being of human or animal life in the area of the
157	offense;
158	(n) the homicide was committed:
159	(i) by means of a destructive device, bomb, explosive, incendiary device, or similar
160	device which was planted, hidden, or concealed in any place, area, dwelling, building, or
161	structure, or was mailed or delivered;
162	(ii) by means of any weapon of mass destruction as defined in Section 76-10-401; or
163	(iii) to target a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 76-5-210;
164	(o) the homicide was committed during the act of unlawfully assuming control of any
165	aircraft, train, or other public conveyance by use of threats or force with intent to obtain any
166	valuable consideration for the release of the public conveyance or any passenger, crew
167	member, or any other person aboard, or to direct the route or movement of the public
168	conveyance or otherwise exert control over the public conveyance;
169	(p) the homicide was committed by means of the administration of a poison or of any

170 lethal substance or of any substance administered in a lethal amount, dosage, or quantity;

- 171 (q) the victim was a person held or otherwise detained as a shield, hostage, or for172 ransom;
- (r) the homicide was committed in an especially heinous, atrocious, cruel, or
 exceptionally depraved manner, any of which must be demonstrated by physical torture, serious
- 175 physical abuse, or serious bodily injury of the victim before death;
- (s) the actor dismembers, mutilates, or disfigures the victim's body, whether before orafter death, in a manner demonstrating the actor's depravity of mind; or
- 178 (t) the victim, at the time of the death of the victim:
- (i) was younger than 14 years of age; and
- 180 (ii) was not an unborn child.
- 181 (2) Criminal homicide constitutes aggravated murder if the actor, with reckless

182 indifference to human life, causes the death of another incident to an act, scheme, course of

183 conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor is a major participant in the commission or184 attempted commission of:

- 185 (a) child abuse, Subsection 76-5-109(2)(a);
- 186 (b) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
- 187 (c) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
- 188 (d) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
- 189 (e) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1; or
- 190 (f) sexual abuse or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.1.
- (3) (a) If a notice of intent to seek the death penalty has been filed, aggravated murderis a capital felony.
- (b) If a notice of intent to seek the death penalty has not been filed, aggravated murderis a noncapital first degree felony punishable as provided in Section 76-3-207.7.
- (c) (i) Within 60 days after arraignment of the defendant, the prosecutor may file notice
 of intent to seek the death penalty. The notice shall be served on the defendant or defense
 counsel and filed with the court.

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- (ii) Notice of intent to seek the death penalty may be served and filed more than 60
 days after the arraignment upon written stipulation of the parties or upon a finding by the court
 of good cause.
- (d) Without the consent of the prosecutor, the court may not accept a plea of guilty to
 noncapital first degree felony aggravated murder during the period in which the prosecutor may
 file a notice of intent to seek the death penalty under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
- (e) If the defendant was younger than 18 years of age at the time the offense was
 committed, aggravated murder is a noncapital first degree felony punishable as provided in
 Section 76-3-207.7.
- (4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of aggravated murder or attempted
 aggravated murder that the defendant caused the death of another or attempted to cause the
 death of another under a reasonable belief that the circumstances provided a legal justification
 or excuse for the conduct although the conduct was not legally justifiable or excusable under
 the existing circumstances.
- (b) The reasonable belief of the actor under Subsection (4)(a) shall be determined fromthe viewpoint of a reasonable person under the then existing circumstances.
- 214 (c) This affirmative defense reduces charges only as follows:
- 215 (i) aggravated murder to murder; and
- 216 (ii) attempted aggravated murder to attempted murder.
- 217 (5) (a) Any aggravating circumstance described in Subsection (1) or (2) that constitutes
- a separate offense does not merge with the crime of aggravated murder.
- (b) A person who is convicted of aggravated murder, based on an aggravating
- circumstance described in Subsection (1) or (2) that constitutes a separate offense, may also be
- 221 convicted of, and punished for, the separate offense.
- 222 Section 3. Effective date.
- 223 This bill takes effect on May 8, 2018, except that the amendments to Section 76-5-202
- 224 <u>in this bill take effect on July 1, 2019.</u>