	VICTIM TARGETING PENALTY ENHANCEMENTS
	2018 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Daniel W. Thatcher
	House Sponsor:
LONG	TITLE
Genera	l Description:
	This bill modifies the Utah Criminal Code regarding sentencing for offenses committed
against	individuals selected because of certain personal attributes.
Highlig	shted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>provides for an enhanced penalty for a criminal offense if the offender acted against</li> </ul>
an indiv	vidual because of the offender's perception of the individual's ancestry,
disabili	ty, ethnicity, gender, gender identity, national origin, race, religion, or sexual
orientat	ion;
	<ul> <li>provides the same enhancement provisions if the criminal offense damages property</li> </ul>
and the	offender acted against the property because of the offender's perception of
the prop	perty owner's ancestry, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity, national
origin,	race, religion, or sexual orientation; and
	<ul> <li>provides that this bill does not affect an individual's constitutional right of free</li> </ul>
speech	or any other constitutional rights.
Money	Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Other \$	Special Clauses:
	None
Utah C	ode Sections Affected:



## **S.B. 86**

ENACTS:
76-3-203.13, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>76-3-203.13</b> is enacted to read:
76-3-203.13. Victim targeting penalty enhancement Penalties.
(1) An actor is subject to enhanced penalties under Subsection (2) if the actor
intentionally selects:
(a) the individual against whom the offense is committed in whole or in part because of
the actor's belief or perception regarding an individual's ancestry, disability, ethnicity, gender,
gender identity, national origin, race, religion, or sexual orientation, or the association of that
individual with another individual or group of individuals who have one or more of these
characteristics, regardless of whether the actor's belief or perception is correct; or
(b) the property damaged or otherwise affected by the offense in whole or in part
because of the actor's belief or perception regarding the ancestry, disability, ethnicity, gender,
gender identity, national origin, race, religion, or sexual orientation of the property's owner,
possessor, or occupant, or the association or relationship of the property's owner, possessor, or
occupant with another individual or group of individuals having one or more of these
characteristics, regardless of whether the actor's belief or perception is correct.
(2) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that an actor has committed a
crime and selected the individual or property in the manner described in Subsection (1), the
actor is subject to an enhanced penalty for the offense as follows:
(a) a class C misdemeanor is a class B misdemeanor;
(b) a class B misdemeanor is a class A misdemeanor;
(c) a class A misdemeanor is a third degree felony;
(d) a third degree felony is a third degree felony punishable by an indeterminate term of
imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; and
(e) a second degree felony is a second degree felony punishable by an indeterminate
term of imprisonment for not less than two years nor more than fifteen years.
(3) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that the actor has committed a
first degree felony and selected the individual or property in the manner described in

58 first degree felony and selected the individual or property in the manner described in

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Subsection (1), the sentencing judge or the Board of Pardons and Parole shall consider:
(a) the actor's selection of the individual or property as an aggravating factor; and
(b) whether the penalty for the first degree felony is increased under another provision
of state law.
(4) This section does not apply to:
(a) the actor's selection of a victim because of the victim's gender in the commission of
a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses; or
(b) a class B or class C misdemeanor enhanced under Subsection 76-3-203.3(2).
(5) This section does not prevent the court from imposing alternative sanctions as the
court finds appropriate.
(6) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the
lawful expression of free speech or other recognized rights secured by the Utah Constitution or
the laws of the state, or by the United States Constitution or the laws of the United States.
(7) Subsection (1)(a) does not create a special or protected class for any purpose other
than a criminal penalty enhancement under this section.

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