	TAX AMENDMENTS
	2018 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
	House Sponsor: Adam Robertson
LONG T	ITLE
General	Description:
T	his bill amends provisions related to property valuation adjustments made by the
county be	pard of equalization.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
T	his bill:
•	defines "significant adjustment";
•	requires the county board of equalization to list separately a significant adjustment
on an age	nda for a public hearing and provide certain property information; and
•	makes technical and conforming changes.
Money A	appropriated in this Bill:
Ν	one
Other Sp	oecial Clauses:
Ν	one
Utah Co	de Sections Affected:
AMEND	S:
59	0-2-1004 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 98
Be it ena	cted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Se	ection 1. Section 59-2-1004 is amended to read:
59	9-2-1004. Appeal to county board of equalization Real property Time



S.B. 101

28 period for appeal -- Decision of board -- Extensions approved by commission -- Appeal to 29 commission. (1) (a) A taxpayer dissatisfied with the valuation or the equalization of the taxpayer's 30 31 real property may make an application to appeal by: (i) filing the application with the county board of equalization within the time period 32 33 described in Subsection (2): or (ii) making an application by telephone or other electronic means within the time 34 35 period described in Subsection (2) if the county legislative body passes a resolution under 36 Subsection (7) authorizing [applications to be made] a taxpayer to make an application by 37 telephone or other electronic means. 38 (b) The county board of equalization shall make a rule describing the contents of the 39 application [shall be prescribed by rule of the county board of equalization]. 40 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)[-] and for purposes of Subsection (1), a 41 taxpayer shall make an application to appeal the valuation or the equalization of the taxpayer's 42 real property on or before the later of: 43 (i) September 15 of the current calendar year: or 44 (ii) the last day of a 45-day period beginning on the day on which the county auditor 45 provides the notice under Section 59-2-919.1. 46 (b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), in] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 47 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules providing for circumstances under which the county board of equalization is required to accept an application 48 49 to appeal that is filed after the time period prescribed in Subsection (2)(a). 50 (3) The owner shall include in the application under Subsection (1)(a)(i) the owner's 51 estimate of the fair market value of the property and any evidence [which] that may indicate that the assessed valuation of the owner's property is improperly equalized with the assessed 52 53 valuation of comparable properties. 54 (4) In reviewing evidence submitted to a county board of equalization by or on behalf 55 of an owner or a county assessor, the county board of equalization shall consider and weigh: (a) the accuracy, reliability, and comparability of the evidence presented by the owner 56 or the county assessor; 57 58 (b) if submitted, the sales price of relevant property that was under contract for sale as

01-22-18 2:19 PM

59	of the lien date but sold after the lien date;
60	(c) if submitted, the sales offering price of property that was offered for sale as of the
61	lien date but did not sell, including considering and weighing the amount of time for which,
62	and manner in which, the property was offered for sale; and
63	(d) if submitted, other evidence that is relevant to determining the fair market value of
64	the property.
65	(5) (a) The county board of equalization shall meet and hold public hearings as
66	[prescribed] described in Section 59-2-1001.
67	(b) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (5)(b), "significant adjustment" means a
68	proposed adjustment to the valuation of real property that:
69	(A) is to be made by a county board of equalization; and
70	(B) would result in a valuation that differs from the original assessed value by at least
71	<u>20% and \$1,000,000.</u>
72	(ii) When a county board of equalization is going to consider a significant adjustment,
73	the county board of equalization shall:
74	(A) list the significant adjustment as a separate item on the agenda of the public
75	hearing at which the county board of equalization is going to consider the significant
76	adjustment; and
77	(B) for purposes of the agenda described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), provide a
78	description of the property for which the county board of equalization is considering a
79	significant adjustment.
80	[(b)] (c) The county board of equalization shall make a decision on each appeal filed in
81	accordance with this section within [a 60-day period] 60 days after the day on which the
82	taxpayer makes an application [is made].
83	[(c)] (d) The commission may approve the extension of a time period provided for in
84	Subsection (5)(b) for a county board of equalization to make a decision on an appeal.
85	[(d)] (e) Unless the commission approves the extension of a time period under
86	Subsection (5)[(c)](d), if a county board of equalization fails to make a decision on an appeal
87	within the time period described in Subsection (5)[(b)](c), the county legislative body shall:
88	(i) list the appeal, by property owner and parcel number, on the agenda for the next
89	meeting [of] the county legislative body [that is held] holds after the expiration of the time

S.B. 101

01-22-18 2:19 PM

90 period described in Subsection (5)[(b)](c); and 91 (ii) hear the appeal at the meeting described in Subsection (5)[(d)](e)(i). 92 [(e)] (f) The decision of the county board of equalization shall contain: 93 (i) a determination of the valuation of the property based on fair market value[;]; and 94 (ii) a conclusion that the fair market value is properly equalized with the assessed value 95 of comparable properties. 96 [(f)] (g) If no evidence is presented before the county board of equalization, [it will be 97 presumed] the county board of equalization shall presume that the equalization issue has been 98 met. 99 $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ (h) (i) If the fair market value of the property that is the subject of the appeal 100 deviates plus or minus 5% from the assessed value of comparable properties, the county board 101 of equalization shall adjust the valuation of the appealed property [shall be adjusted] to reflect 102 a value equalized with the assessed value of comparable properties. 103 (ii) Subject to Sections 59-2-301.1, 59-2-301.2, 59-2-301.3, and 59-2-301.4, equalized value established under Subsection (5)[(g)](h)(i) shall be the assessed value for property tax 104 105 purposes until the county assessor is able to evaluate and equalize the assessed value of all 106 comparable properties to bring [them] all comparable properties into conformity with full fair 107 market value. 108 (6) If any taxpayer is dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization, 109 the taxpayer may file an appeal with the commission as [prescribed] described in Section 110 59-2-1006. 111 (7) A county legislative body may pass a resolution authorizing taxpayers owing taxes 112 on property assessed by that county to file property tax appeals applications under this section

113 by telephone or other electronic means.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel