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**LONG TITLE** 

**General Description:** 

REPATRIATION TAX AMENDMENTS

2018 SECOND SPECIAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason** 

Senate Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson



	AMENDS:
	59-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 69
	59-7-118, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 405
	ENACTS:
	<b>59-7-624</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	<b>59-10-1041</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>59-7-101</b> is amended to read:
	59-7-101. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
	and 59-7-106.
	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
1	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
	requirements:
	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
(	common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
ć	and
	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
	corporations in the group.
	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business
	but are not otherwise doing business in this state.
	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which
	is limited and preferred as to dividends.
	(3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of
	related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
	(4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the
	apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
	(5) "Business income" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
	59-7-302.

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57	(6) (a) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust if:
58	(i) the shares or beneficial interests of the real estate investment trust are not regularly
59	traded on an established securities market; and
60	(ii) more than 50% of the voting power or value of the shares or beneficial interests of
61	the real estate investment trust are directly, indirectly, or constructively:
62	(A) owned by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust; or
63	(B) controlled by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust.
64	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
65	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
66	(7) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more
67	than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of:
68	(i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
69	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%;
70	(ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
71	Code; or
72	(iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations
73	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii), and one of which is:
74	(A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in
75	Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
76	(B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
77	(b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563,
78	Internal Revenue Code.
79	(8) (a) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" means an entity
80	that:
81	(i) is treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal Revenue
82	Code;
83	(ii) is not exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(a), Internal Revenue
84	Code; and
85	(iii) directly, indirectly, or constructively holds more than 50% of:
86	(A) the voting power of a captive real estate investment trust; or
87	(B) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of a captive real estate investment

88	trust.
89	(b) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" does not include:
90	(i) a real estate investment trust, except for a captive real estate investment trust;
91	(ii) a qualified real estate investment subsidiary described in Section 856(i), Internal
92	Revenue Code, except for a qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary of a captive real
93	estate investment trust; or
94	(iii) a foreign real estate investment trust.
95	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
96	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
97	(9) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.
98	(10) "Corporation" includes:
99	(a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue
100	Code; and
101	(b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes
102	under the Internal Revenue Code.
103	(11) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property,
104	made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after
105	December 31, 1930.
106	(12) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business by a
107	domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate business in
108	this state.
109	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(3), "doing business" includes:
110	(i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification;
111	(ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and
112	(iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the
113	performance of which takes place in this state.
114	(13) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized
115	under the laws of this state.
116	(14) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
117	organization that is:
118	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of [:(I)] farmers [;] or [(II)] fruit

119	growers; or
120	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association,
121	corporation, or organization described in Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A); and
122	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:
123	(A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other
124	producers; and
125	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
126	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or
127	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
128	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or
129	other persons; and
130	(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at
131	actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons.
132	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (14)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (14), the
133	commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
134	Rulemaking Act, shall define:
135	(A) the terms[:(I)] "member"[;] and [(II)] "producer"; and
136	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
137	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A).
138	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection (14)(b) shall be consistent with the filing
139	requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
140	(15) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized
141	under the laws of this state.
142	(16) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation [if] that:
143	(i) [the corporation] is incorporated in the United States;
144	(ii) conducts at least 80% of the corporation's business activity, as determined under
145	Section 59-7-401, [is conducted] outside the United States; and
146	(iii) as calculated in accordance with Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income
147	Utah UDITPA Provisions, [the corporation] has:
148	(A) at least \$1,000,000 of payroll located outside the United States; and
149	(B) at least \$2,000,000 of property located outside the United States.

150	(b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the
151	Puerto Rico and possession tax credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code.
152	(17) (a) "Foreign real estate investment trust" means:
153	(i) a business entity organized outside the laws of the United States if:
154	(A) at least 75% of the business entity's total asset value at the close of the business
155	entity's taxable year is represented by:
156	(I) real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B), Internal Revenue Code;
157	(II) cash or cash equivalents; or
158	(III) one or more securities issued or guaranteed by the United States;
159	(B) the business entity is:
160	(I) not subject to income taxation:
161	(Aa) on amounts distributed to the business entity's beneficial owners; and
162	(Bb) in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized; or
163	(II) exempt from income taxation on an entity level in the jurisdiction in which the
164	business entity is organized;
165	(C) the business entity distributes at least 85% of the business entity's taxable income,
166	as computed in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized, to the holders of the
167	business entity's:
168	(I) shares or beneficial interests; and
169	(II) on an annual basis;
170	(D) (I) not more than 10% of the following is held directly, indirectly, or constructively
171	by a single person:
172	(Aa) the voting power of the business entity; or
173	(Bb) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of the business entity; or
174	(II) the shares of the business entity are regularly traded on an established securities
175	market; and
176	(E) the business entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United
177	States; or
178	(ii) a listed Australian property trust.
179	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
180	commission may make rules defining:

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181	(i) "cash or cash equivalents";
182	(ii) "established securities market"; or
183	(iii) "listed Australian property trust."
184	(18) "Income" includes losses.
185	(19) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as effective
186	during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined.
187	(20) "Nonbusiness income" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
188	59-7-302.
189	(21) "Real estate investment trust" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
190	Section 856, Internal Revenue Code.
191	(22) "Related expenses" means:
192	(a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and
193	(b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness
194	and business income [which] that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest
195	or other expense, determined without regard to this Subsection (22), as the average amount of
196	the asset producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the
197	taxpayer within the taxable year.
198	[(24)] (23) "S corporation" means an S corporation as defined in Section 1361, Internal
199	Revenue Code.
200	$\left[\frac{(23)}{24}\right]$ "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under
201	Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.
202	(25) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of
203	Columbia.
204	(26) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during such
205	calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
206	(b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or
207	under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such
208	return is made.
209	(27) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.
210	(28) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United States

equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined under

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212	Section 59-7-401.
213	(29) (a) "Unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a
214	separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue
215	Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions for dividends received.
216	(b) For the last taxable year of a taxpayer beginning on or before December 31, 2017,
217	"unadjusted income" includes deferred foreign income described in Section 965(a), Internal
218	Revenue Code.
219	(30) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
220	(i) are related through common ownership; and
221	(ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent
222	jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as
223	demonstrated by the following factors:
224	(A) centralized management;
225	(B) functional integration; and
226	(C) economies of scale.
227	(b) "Unitary group" includes a captive real estate investment trust.
228	(c) "Unitary group" does not include an S corporation.
229	(31) "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
230	(32) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net loss
231	deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
232	(33) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other taxable
233	years that may be carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year in accordance with
234	Section 59-7-110.
235	(34) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss deduction
236	less Utah net loss deduction.
237	(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
238	or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
239	commerce.
240	(35) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income plus
241	nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.

(36) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income and

243	activities of:
244	(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
245	(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
246	corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
247	936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection (36)(b); and
248	(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
249	threshold level of business activity; and
250	(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
251	59-7-402(2).
252	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
253	Rico and possession tax credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
254	unitary group.
255	(37) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and activities
256	of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the corporations are
257	incorporated or conduct business activity.
258	Section 2. Section 59-7-118 is amended to read:
259	59-7-118. Section 965, Internal Revenue Code Installment payments.
260	(1) As used in this section:
261	(a) "Deferred foreign income" means income described in Section 965(a), Internal
262	Revenue Code.
263	(b) "Originally calculated" means the calculation of state tax liability under this
264	chapter:
265	(i) after making:
266	(A) the subtractions described in Subsection 59-7-106(1)(k); and
267	(B) the adjustments allowed under Subsection 59-7-106(3); and
268	(ii) without making the adjustments described in Subsection (4).
269	[(1)] (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation may pay in eight
270	installments the tax owed under this chapter on deferred foreign income [described in Section
271	965, Internal Revenue Code].
272	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Subsection $\left[\frac{(1)}{(2)}\right]$ applies:
273	(a) to a corporation that:

274	(i) is authorized to make an election under Section 965(h), Internal Revenue Code; and
275	(ii) apportions deferred foreign income [described in Section 965, Internal Revenue
276	Code,] to this state; and
277	(b) for a tax year in which a corporation makes an election under Section 965(h),
278	Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of the corporation's federal income tax.
279	[(3) The same provisions that apply to an election made under Section 965(h), Internal
280	Revenue Code, for federal purposes apply to an installment payment made under this section.]
281	(4) (a) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019, but beginning on or
282	before December 31, 2019, a corporation that owed a tax under this chapter on deferred foreign
283	income shall recalculate the corporation's state tax liability for the last taxable year that began
284	on or before December 31, 2017, by:
285	(i) subtracting 80% of the amount of deferred foreign income that is included in
286	unadjusted income from the amount of deferred foreign income that is included in unadjusted
287	income;
288	(ii) calculating the portion of the amount calculated in Subsection (4)(a)(i) that is
289	apportioned to the state using the apportionment fraction:
290	(A) without the adjustments allowed under Subsection 59-7-106(3); and
291	(B) for the taxable year in which the tax on deferred foreign income was due; and
292	(iii) multiplying the amount calculated in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) by 5%.
293	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (4), deferred foreign income described in Section
294	965(a), Internal Revenue Code:
295	(i) is not a dividend considered to be received or received under Subsection
296	59-7-106(1)(k); and
297	(ii) does not include any deductions allowed under Section 965(c), Internal Revenue
298	Code.
299	(5) (a) A corporation that elected to pay the tax owed on deferred foreign income under
300	this chapter in installments shall pay the tax as follows:
301	(i) for the first two installments, 8% of the tax liability as originally calculated;
302	(ii) for the third installment, 8% of the tax liability remaining after:
303	(A) making the calculation described in Subsection (4); and
304	(B) subtracting from the liability calculated in accordance with Subsection (4), the

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303	amount of tax paid in any previous instanments,
306	(iii) for the fourth and fifth installments, 8% of the tax liability after;
307	(A) making the calculation described in Subsection (4); and
308	(B) subtracting from the liability calculated in accordance with Subsection (4), the
309	amount of tax paid in the first two installments;
310	(iv) for the sixth installment, 15% of the tax liability remaining after:
311	(A) making the calculation described in Subsection (4); and
312	(B) subtracting from the liability calculated in accordance with Subsection (4), the
313	amount of tax paid in the first two installments;
314	(iv) for the seventh installment, 20% of the tax liability remaining after:
315	(A) making the calculation described in Subsection (4); and
316	(B) subtracting from the liability calculated in accordance with Subsection (4), the
317	amount of tax paid in the first two installments; and
318	(v) for the final installment, the balance of the tax liability remaining after:
319	(A) making the calculation described in Subsection (4); and
320	(B) subtracting from the liability calculated in accordance with Subsection (4), the
321	amount of tax paid in any previous installments.
322	(b) A corporation may claim the tax credit described in Section 59-7-624 if the
323	corporation paid the entire tax owed on deferred foreign income:
324	(i) as originally calculated; and
325	(ii) on or before the due date, including extensions, of the income tax return for the
326	taxable year beginning on or before December 31, 2018.
327	Section 3. Section <b>59-7-624</b> is enacted to read:
328	59-7-624. Nonrefundable tax credit for deferred foreign income.
329	(1) As used in this section:
330	(a) "Deferred foreign income" means income described in Section 965(a), Internal
331	Revenue Code.
332	(b) "Originally calculated" means the calculation of state tax liability under this chapter
333	on deferred foreign income:
334	(i) after making the subtractions described in Subsections 59-7-106(1)(k) and (3); and
335	(ii) without making the adjustments described in Subsection 59-7-118(4).

336	(c) "Qualifying corporation" means a corporation that:
337	(i) paid income tax:
338	(A) to the state;
339	(B) on deferred foreign income; and
340	(C) for a taxable year that began on or before December 31, 2017; and
341	(ii) has paid the entire tax owed on deferred foreign income:
342	(A) as originally calculated; and
343	(B) on or before the due date, including extensions, for the income tax return for the
344	taxable year beginning on or before December 31, 2018.
345	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019, but beginning on or
346	before December 31, 2019, a qualifying corporation may claim a nonrefundable tax credit
347	equal to the amount calculated by subtracting the amount calculated in Subsection
348	59-7-118(4)(a)(iii) from the amount of the tax liability as originally calculated.
349	(3) A taxpayer:
350	(a) may carry forward the amount of the tax credit described in this section that
351	exceeds the qualifying taxpayer's liability under this chapter to a future taxable year; and
352	(b) may not carry back the amount of the tax credit described in this section that
353	exceeds the qualifying taxpayer's liability under this chapter.
354	Section 4. Section <b>59-10-1041</b> is enacted to read:
355	59-10-1041. Nonrefundable tax credit for deferred foreign income.
356	(1) As used in this section:
357	(a) "Deferred foreign income" means income described in Section 965(a), Internal
358	Revenue Code.
359	(b) "Qualifying claimant, estate, or trust" means a claimant, estate, or trust that paid
360	income tax:
361	(i) to the state;
362	(ii) on deferred foreign income; and
363	(iii) for a taxable year that began on or before December 31, 2017.
364	(c) "Qualifying deferred foreign income" means the amount calculated by multiplying
365	(i) deferred foreign income; and
366	(ii) the difference between:

367	(A) 80%; and
368	(B) the percentage deduction allowed under Section 965(c), Internal Revenue Code.
369	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019, but beginning on or
370	before December 31, 2019, a qualifying claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable
371	tax credit equal the amount calculated by multiplying:
372	(a) the qualifying deferred foreign income; and
373	(b) 5%.
374	(3) A claimant, estate, or trust:
375	(a) may carry forward the amount of the tax credit described in this section that
376	exceeds the qualifying claimant's, estate's, or trust's liability under this chapter to a future
377	taxable year; and
378	(b) may not carry back the amount of the tax credit described in this section that
379	exceeds the qualifying claimant's, estate's, or trust's liability under this chapter.
380	Section 5. Effective date.
381	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
382	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
383	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
384	the date of veto override.
385	Section 6. Retrospective operation.
386	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill has retrospective operation for the
387	last taxable year of a taxpayer beginning on or before December 31, 2017.
388	(2) The amendments to Section 59-7-118 have retrospective operation for a taxable
389	year beginning on or after January 1, 2017.
390	(3) The amendments to the following sections have retrospective operation for a
391	taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019:
392	(a) Section 59-7-624; and
393	(b) Section 59-10-1041.