1	INCENTIVES FOR STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT
2	PERFORMANCE
3	2019 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Mike Winder
6	Senate Sponsor: Keith Grover
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions related to the use of student assessments.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	► allows a $\hat{H}$ $\rightarrow$ [school district or charter school] teacher $\leftarrow$ $\hat{H}$ to use a student's score on
	certain
14	assessments to improve the student's academic grade or demonstrate the student's
15	competency;
16	<ul> <li>prohibits a local education agency from providing a nonacademic reward to a</li> </ul>
17	student for taking certain assessments; and
18	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
24	AMENDS:
25	53E-4-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
26	53E-4-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
27	53E-4-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1



28 29	53G-6-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
.9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
1	Section 1. Section <b>53E-4-303</b> is amended to read:
2	53E-4-303. Utah standards assessments Administration Review committee.
3	(1) As used in this section, "computer adaptive assessment" means an assessment that
4	measures the range of a student's ability by adapting to the student's responses, selecting more
5	difficult or less difficult questions based on the student's responses.
6	(2) The board shall:
57	(a) adopt a standards assessment that:
8	(i) measures a student's proficiency in:
9	(A) mathematics for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
0.	(B) English language arts for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
-1	(C) science for students in each of grades 4 through 8; and
-2	(D) writing for students in at least grades 5 and 8; and
-3	(ii) except for the writing measurement described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(D), is a
4	computer adaptive assessment; and
-5	(b) ensure that an assessment described in Subsection (2)(a) is:
-6	(i) a criterion referenced assessment;
.7	(ii) administered online;
8	(iii) aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools; and
.9	(iv) adaptable to competency-based education as defined in Section 53F-5-501.
0	(3) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the standards
1	assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (2) to all students in the subjects and grade
52	levels described in Subsection (2).
3	(4) [A] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a student's score on the standards
4	assessment adopted under Subsection (2) may not be considered in determining:
5	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> the student's academic grade for a course; or
6	[(b)] (ii) whether the student may advance to the next grade level.
7	(b) A $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{school \ district \ or \ charter \ school}}]$ teacher $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ may use a student's score on the
'a	<u>standards</u>
8	assessment adopted under Subsection (2) to improve the student's academic grade $\mathbf{\hat{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{for} \leftarrow \mathbf{\hat{H}}$ or

39	demonstrate the student's competency $\mathbf{H} \rightarrow [\frac{\mathbf{H}}{\mathbf{H}}]$ within $\mathbf{H} \rightarrow [\frac{\mathbf{H}}{\mathbf{H}}]$
60	(5) (a) The board shall establish a committee consisting of 15 parents of Utah public
61	education students to review all standards assessment questions.
62	(b) The committee established in Subsection (5)(a) shall include the following parent
63	members:
64	(i) five members appointed by the chair of the board;
65	(ii) five members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives or the
66	speaker's designee; and
67	(iii) five members appointed by the president of the Senate or the president's designee.
68	(c) The board shall provide staff support to the parent committee.
69	(d) The term of office of each member appointed in Subsection (5)(b) is four years.
70	(e) The chair of the board, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
71	president of the Senate shall adjust the length of terms to stagger the terms of committee
72	members so that approximately half of the committee members are appointed every two years.
73	(f) No member may receive compensation or benefits for the member's service on the
74	committee.
75	Section 2. Section <b>53E-4-304</b> is amended to read:
76	53E-4-304. High school assessments.
77	(1) The board shall adopt a high school assessment that:
78	(a) is predictive of a student's college readiness as measured by the college readiness
79	assessment described in Section 53E-4-305; and
80	(b) provides a growth score for a student from grade 9 to 10.
81	(2) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the high school
82	assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (1) to all students in grades 9 and 10.
83	(3) A $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{school \ district \ or \ charter \ school}}] \underline{\mathbf{teacher}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \underline{\mathbf{may \ use \ a \ student's \ score \ on \ the}}$
83a	high school
84	assessment adopted under Subsection (1) to improve the student's academic grade $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{for}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ or
85	demonstrate the student's competency $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{for}}]$ within $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ a relevant course.
86	Section 3. Section <b>53E-4-305</b> is amended to read:
87	53E-4-305. College readiness assessments.
88	(1) The Legislature recognizes the need for the board to develop and implement
89	standards and assessment processes to ensure that student progress is measured and that school

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is:

90	boards and school personnel are accountable.
91	(2) The board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:
92	(a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities;
93	and
94	(b) may include:
95	(i) the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery; or
96	(ii) a battery of assessments that are predictive of success in higher education.
97	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a school district or charter school shall
98	annually administer the college readiness assessment adopted under Subsection (2) to all
99	students in grade 11.
100	(b) A student with an IEP may take an appropriate college readiness assessment other
101	than the assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (2), as determined by the student's
102	IEP.
103	(4) A Ĥ→ [school district or charter school] teacher ←Ĥ may use a student's score on the
103a	college
104	readiness assessment adopted under Subsection (2) to improve the student's academic grade $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{for}$
104a	<b>←Ĥ</b> <u>or</u>
105	demonstrate the student's competency $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{for}}]$ within $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ a relevant course.
106	[(4)] (5) In accordance with Section 53F-4-202, the board shall contract with a provider
107	to provide an online college readiness diagnostic tool.
108	Section 4. Section <b>53G-6-803</b> is amended to read:
109	53G-6-803. Parental right to academic accommodations.
110	(1) (a) A student's parent or guardian is the primary person responsible for the
111	education of the student, and the state is in a secondary and supportive role to the parent or
112	guardian. As such, a student's parent or guardian has the right to reasonable academic
113	accommodations from the student's LEA as specified in this section.
114	(b) Each accommodation shall be considered on an individual basis and no student
115	shall be considered to a greater or lesser degree than any other student.
116	(c) The parental rights specified in this section do not include all the rights or
117	accommodations that may be available to a student's parent or guardian as a user of the public
118	education system.