	APPOINTMENT OF CONSTABLES AMENDMENTS
	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Logan Wilde
	Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
L	ONG TITLE
G	eneral Description:
	This bill enacts authority for certain counties and cities to appoint constables.
H	ighlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	• enacts authority and provides a process for counties of the third through sixth class
an	nd cities of the third through sixth class to appoint constables; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
M	loney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
O	ther Special Clauses:
	None
U	tah Code Sections Affected:
A	MENDS:
	17-25a-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapters 38 and 234
Ве	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 17-25a-1 is amended to read:
	17-25a-1. Constables Nomination Appointment Authority.
	(1) (a)(i) The legislative governing bodies of counties and cities [of the first or second
cla	ass] shall determine whether to appoint constables.



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28	(ii) If a county or city [of the first or second class] decides to appoint constables, [they]
29	the county or city shall [be nominated and appointed under] nominate and appoint constables in
30	accordance with this chapter.
31	(b)(i) [However] Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a constable holding office on
32	[April 23, 1990] July 1, 2019, may complete [his] the constable's term.
33	(ii) [Any] A constable shall serve any subsequent terms [he] the constable may serve
34	[shall be] in accordance with this chapter.
35	(2) To nominate a constable, the <u>legislative body of a county of the first or second class</u>
36	or the legislative body of a city of the first or second class shall establish a nominating
37	commission.
38	(a) The county nominating commission shall consist of:
39	(i) one member of the county legislative governing body[5] or the member's designee;
40	(ii) one judge[7] or the judge's designee;
41	(iii) the county attorney[7] or the county attorney's designee;
42	(iv) the district attorney[5] or the district attorney's designee;
43	(v) the sheriff of the county[, or their designees,] or the sheriff's designee; and
44	(vi) one private citizen.
45	(b) The city nominating commission shall consist of:
46	(i) one member of the city legislative governing body[7] or the member's designee;
47	(ii) one judge[;] or the judge's designee;
48	(iii) the city attorney[;] or the city attorney's designee;
49	(iv) the chief of police[, or their designees,] or the chief's designee; and
50	(v) one private citizen.
51	(c) The nominating commission described in this Subsection (2) shall review each
52	applicant's credentials and, by majority vote, recommend to the legislative governing body of
53	the county or city the nominees [it] the nominating commission finds most qualified [by
54	majority vote].
55	[(3)] (d) The county or city legislative governing body shall either appoint or reject any
56	nominee that the nominating commission recommends under Subsection (2)(c).
57	(3) The legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class or the
58	legislative body of a city of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class may appoint a constable on a

- recommendation from $\hat{H} \rightarrow :$
- 59a (a) for a county, $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the county sheriff $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\bar{1}]$ and $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the county attorney $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\bar{1}]$; $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ or
- 59b $\hat{H} \rightarrow$ (b) for a city, $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the chief of police.
- 60 (4) [The] A county or city legislative governing body that appoints a constable under
- 61 this section may withdraw the authority of [a] the constable [may be withdrawn by the county
- or city legislative governing body] for cause, including if the constable's peace officer
- certification is suspended or revoked under Section 53-6-211.