Representative Merrill F. Nelson proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ELECTION LAW AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Merrill F. Nelson
5	Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions in the Election Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 prohibits a voter from using a sticker or label to cast a vote on a paper ballot for a
13	write-in candidate;
14	 changes the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy as a write-in candidate;
15	 amends provisions related to municipal candidate nomination processes;
16	 establishes a filing fee for a write-in candidate; and
17	 makes technical and conforming changes.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	20A-3-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 187
25	20A-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 296



20A-9-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 11
20A-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 11 and 365
20A-9-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 187 and 274
20A-9-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 11 and 80
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 20A-3-105 is amended to read:
20A-3-105. Marking and depositing ballots.
(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), if a paper ballot is used, the voter, upon
receipt of the ballot, shall go to a voting booth and prepare the voter's ballot by marking the
appropriate position with a mark opposite the name of each candidate of the voter's choice for
each office to be filled.
(b) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6), a mark is not required opposite the
name of a write-in candidate.
(c) If a ballot proposition is submitted to a vote of the people, the voter shall mark in
the appropriate square with a mark opposite the answer the voter intends to make.
(d) Before leaving the booth, the voter shall:
(i) fold the ballot so that its contents are concealed and the stub can be removed; and
(ii) if the ballot is a provisional ballot, place the ballot in the provisional ballot
envelope and complete the information printed on the envelope.
(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5), if a punch card ballot is used, the voter shall insert
the ballot sheet into the voting device and mark the ballot sheet according to the instructions
provided on the device.
(ii) If the voter is issued a ballot sheet with a long stub without a secrecy envelope, the
voter shall record any write-in votes on the long stub.
(iii) If the voter is issued a ballot sheet with a secrecy envelope, the voter shall record
any write-in votes on the secrecy envelope.
(b) After the voter has marked the ballot sheet, the voter shall either:
(i) place the ballot sheet inside the secrecy envelope, if one is provided; or
(ii) fold the long stub over the face of the ballot sheet to maintain the secrecy of the
vote if the voter is issued a ballot sheet with a long stub without a secrecy envelope.

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57	(c) If the ballot is a provisional ballot, the voter shall place the ballot sheet in the
58	provisional ballot envelope and complete the information printed on the envelope.
59	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if a ballot sheet other than a punch card is used, the
60	voter shall mark the ballot sheet according to the instructions provided on the voting device or
61	ballot sheet.
62	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6), the voter shall record a write-in vot
63	by:
64	(i) marking the position opposite the area for entering a write-in candidate; and
65	(ii) entering the name of the valid write-in candidate for whom the voter wishes to vot
66	[for by means of: (A) writing; (B) a label; or (C)] by writing the name of the candidate in the
67	<u>blank write-in section of the ballot or</u> entering the name using the voting device.
68	(c) If the ballot is a provisional ballot, the voter shall place the ballot sheet in the
69	provisional ballot envelope and complete the information printed on the envelope.
70	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if an electronic ballot is used, the voter shall:
71	(i) insert the ballot access card into the voting device; and
72	(ii) make the selections according to the instructions provided on the device.
73	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6), the voter shall record a write-in vot
74	by:
75	(i) marking the appropriate position opposite the area for entering a write-in candidate
76	and
77	(ii) using the voting device to enter the name of the valid write-in candidate for whom
78	the voter wishes to vote.
79	(5) To vote in an instant runoff voting race under Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6,
80	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a voter:
81	(a) shall indicate, as directed on the ballot, the name of the candidate who is the voter
82	first preference for the office; and
83	(b) may indicate, as directed on the ballot, the names of the remaining candidates in
84	order of the voter's preference.

(6) After preparation of the ballot:

(i) the voter shall:

(a) if a paper ballot or punch card ballot is used:

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88	(A) leave the voting booth; and
89	(B) announce the voter's name to the poll worker in charge of the ballot box;
90	(ii) the poll worker in charge of the ballot box shall:
91	(A) clearly and audibly announce the name of the voter and the number on the stub of
92	the voter's ballot;
93	(B) if the stub number on the ballot corresponds with the number previously recorded
94	in the official register, and bears the initials of the poll worker, remove the stub from the ballot;
95	and
96	(C) return the ballot to the voter;
97	(iii) the voter shall, in full view of the poll workers, cast the voter's vote by depositing
98	the ballot in the ballot box; and
99	(iv) if the stub has been detached from the ballot:
100	(A) the poll worker may not accept the ballot; and
101	(B) the poll worker shall:
102	(I) treat the ballot as a spoiled ballot;
103	(II) provide the voter with a new ballot; and
104	(III) dispose of the spoiled ballot as provided in Section 20A-3-107;
105	(b) if a ballot sheet other than a punch card is used:
106	(i) the voter shall:
107	(A) leave the voting booth; and
108	(B) announce the voter's name to the poll worker in charge of the ballot box;
109	(ii) the poll worker in charge of the ballot box shall:
110	(A) clearly and audibly announce the name of the voter and the number on the stub of
111	the voter's ballot; and
112	(B) if the stub number on the ballot corresponds with the number previously recorded
113	in the official register, and bears the initials of the poll worker, return the ballot to the voter;
114	and
115	(iii) the voter shall, in full view of the poll workers, cast [his] the voter's vote by
116	depositing the ballot in the ballot box; and
117	(c) if an electronic ballot is used, the voter shall:
118	(i) cast the voter's ballot;

149	of unnecessary marking of cross.
148	20A-3-106. Voting straight ticket Splitting ballot Writing in names Effect
147	Section 2. Section 20A-3-106 is amended to read:
146	(c) assisting voters with a disability.
145	(b) watchers; or
144	(a) election officials;
143	voting booths into the voting area at one time unless those excess voters are:
142	(10) The poll workers may not allow more than four voters more than the number of
141	the voting area during that election unless that voter is an election official or watcher.
140	(9) If the official register shows any voter as having voted, that voter may not reenter
139	voters are waiting to occupy them.
138	(iii) occupy a voting booth for more than five minutes if all booths are in use and other
137	(ii) remain within the voting area more than 10 minutes; or
136	20A-3-108;
135	(i) occupy a voting booth occupied by another, except as provided in Section
134	(b) A voter may not:
133	leave the voting area after voting.
132	(8) (a) Each voter shall mark and cast or deposit the ballot without delay and shall
131	box.
130	(ii) deposit it in a separate ballot box that is marked and designated as a blank ballot
129	the parties that the elector did not vote; and
128	(b) (i) fold the remainder of the paper ballot, containing the names of the candidates of
127	(iii) deposit it in the ballot box; and
126	(ii) fold that portion of the paper ballot so that its face is concealed; and
125	candidates of the party the voter has voted from the remainder of the paper ballot;
123	are on the same ballot, detach the part of the paper ballot containing the names of the
123	(a) (i) if the ballot is designed so that the names of all candidates for all political parties
121	ballot:
120	(7) A voter voting a paper ballot in a regular primary election shall, after marking the
120	(iii) return the ballot access card to a designated poll worker.
119	(ii) remove the ballot access card from the voting device; and

151 listed on the ballot as being from any one registered political party may: 152 (a) mark in the circle or position above that political party; 153 (b) mark in the squares or position opposite the names of all candidates for that party 154 ticket; or 155 (c) make both markings. 156 (2) (a) When voting a ballot sheet, any voter desiring to vote for all the candidates who 157 are listed on the ballot as being from any one registered political party may: 158 (i) mark the selected party on the straight party page or section; or (ii) mark the name of each candidate from that party. 159 160 (b) To vote for candidates from two or more political parties, the voter may: 161 (i) mark in the squares or positions opposite the names of the candidates for whom the 162 voter wishes to vote without marking in any circle; or (ii) indicate the voter's choice by: 163 164 (A) marking in the circle or position above one political party; and 165 (B) marking in the squares or positions opposite the names of desired candidates who 166 are members of any party, are unaffiliated, or are listed without party name. 167 (3) (a) When voting an electronic ballot, any voter desiring to vote for all the 168 candidates who are listed on the ballot as being from any one registered political party may: 169 (i) select that party on the straight party selection area; or 170 (ii) select the name of each candidate from that party. 171 (b) To vote for candidates from two or more political parties, the voter may: 172 (i) select the names of the candidates for whom the voter wishes to vote without 173 selecting a political party in the straight party selection area; or 174 (ii) (A) select a political party in the straight party selection area; and 175 (B) select the names of the candidates for whom the voter wishes to vote who are 176 members of any party, are unaffiliated, or are listed without party name. 177 (4) In any election other than a primary election, if a voter voting a ballot has selected or placed a mark next to a party name in order to vote a straight party ticket and wishes to vote 178 179 for a person on another party ticket for an office, or for an unaffiliated candidate, the voter shall 180 select or mark the ballot next to the name of the candidate for whom the voter wishes to vote.

(1) When voting a paper ballot, any voter desiring to vote for all the candidates who are

181	(5) (a) The voter may cast a write-in vote on a paper ballot or ballot sheet[:(i) by
182	entering the name of a valid write-in candidate:(A)] by writing the name of a valid write-in
183	candidate in the blank write-in section of the ballot[; or].
184	[(B) by affixing a sticker with the office and name of the valid write-in name printed
185	on it in the blank write-in part of the ballot; and]
186	[(ii) by placing a mark opposite the name of the write-in candidate to indicate the
187	voter's vote.]
188	[(b) On a paper ballot or ballot sheet, a voter is considered to have voted for the person
189	whose name is written or whose sticker appears in the blank write-in part of the ballot, if a
190	mark is made opposite that name.]
191	[(c) On a paper ballot or ballot sheet, the unnecessary marking of a mark in a square on
192	the ticket below the marked circle does not affect the validity of the vote.]
193	(b) A voter may not cast a write-in vote on a paper ballot or ballot sheet by affixing a
194	sticker or label with the name of a write-in candidate in the blank write-in section of the ballot.
195	(6) The voter may cast a write-in vote on an electronic ballot by:
196	(a) marking the appropriate position opposite the area for entering a write-in candidate
197	for the office sought by the candidate for whom the voter wishes to vote; and
198	(b) entering the name of a valid write-in candidate in the write-in selection area.
199	Section 3. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
200	20A-9-201. Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for more than one office or of
201	more than one political party prohibited with exceptions General filing and form
202	requirements Affidavit of impecuniosity.
203	(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, an individual
204	shall:
205	(a) be a United States citizen;
206	(b) meet the legal requirements of that office; and
207	(c) if seeking a registered political party's nomination as a candidate for elective office,
208	state:
209	(i) the registered political party of which the individual is a member; or
210	(ii) that the individual is not a member of a registered political party.
211	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual may not:

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212 (i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in
213 Utah during any election year;
214 (ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party; or
215 (iii) file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the

individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party permits

- otherwise in the registered political party's bylaws.

 (b) (i) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, president or vice president of the United States and another office, if the individual resigns the individual's candidacy for the other office after the individual is officially nominated for
- (ii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one justice court judge office.
- (iii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor even if the individual filed a declaration of candidacy for another office in the same election year if the individual withdraws as a candidate for the other office in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(6) before filing the declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor.
- (3) (a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
- (i) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the individual is seeking; and
 - (ii) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.
- (b) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing that declaration of candidacy is:
 - (i) a United States citizen;

president or vice president of the United States.

- (ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good standing of the Utah State Bar;
 - (iii) a registered voter in the county in which the individual is seeking office; and
- (iv) a current resident of the county in which the individual is seeking office and either has been a resident of that county for at least one year or was appointed and is currently serving as county attorney and became a resident of the county within 30 days after appointment to the office.

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243	(c) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the
244	county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the individual filing that
245	declaration of candidacy is:
246	(i) a United States citizen;
247	(ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good
248	standing of the Utah State Bar;
249	(iii) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking
250	office; and
251	(iv) a current resident of the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking
252	office and either will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least one year as of
253	the date of the election or was appointed and is currently serving as district attorney and
254	became a resident of the prosecution district within 30 days after receiving appointment to the
255	office.
256	(d) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county sheriff, the
257	county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing the declaration:
258	(i) is a United States citizen;
259	(ii) is a registered voter in the county in which the individual seeks office;
260	(iii) (A) has successfully met the standards and training requirements established for
261	law enforcement officers under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer Training and
262	Certification Act; or
263	(B) has met the waiver requirements in Section 53-6-206;
264	(iv) is qualified to be certified as a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section
265	53-13-103; and
266	(v) as of the date of the election, will have been a resident of the county in which the
267	individual seeks office for at least one year.
268	(e) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of governor, lieutenant
269	governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state legislator, or State Board of
270	Education member, the filing officer shall ensure:
271	(i) that the individual filing the declaration of candidacy also files the financial
272	disclosure required by Section 20A-11-1603; and

(ii) if the filing officer is not the lieutenant governor, that the individual provides the

- 02-18-19 2:05 PM 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 272 274 financial disclosure to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section 20A-11-1603. 275 (4) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy does not meet the qualification 276 requirements for the office the individual is seeking, the filing officer may not accept the 277 individual's declaration of candidacy. 278 (5) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy meets the requirements 279 described in Subsection (3), the filing officer shall: 280 (a) inform the individual that: 281 (i) the individual's name will appear on the ballot as the individual's name is written on 282 the individual's declaration of candidacy; 283 (ii) the individual may be required to comply with state or local campaign finance 284 disclosure laws; and 285 (iii) the individual is required to file a financial statement before the individual's 286 political convention under: 287 (A) Section 20A-11-204 for a candidate for constitutional office; 288 (B) Section 20A-11-303 for a candidate for the Legislature; or 289 (C) local campaign finance disclosure laws, if applicable; 290 (b) except for a presidential candidate, provide the individual with a copy of the current 291 campaign financial disclosure laws for the office the individual is seeking and inform the 292 individual that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of 293 the individual's name from the ballot; 294 (c) provide the individual with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide 295 Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the individual of the submission 296 deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a); 297 (d) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices 298 described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
- (i) signing the pledge is voluntary; and 299

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- (ii) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer;
- (e) accept the individual's declaration of candidacy; and
- (f) if the individual has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county or state political party of which the individual is a member.

305	(b) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing
306	officer shall:
307	(a) accept the candidate's pledge; and
308	(b) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
309	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
310	member.
311	(7) (a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the
312	form of the declaration of candidacy shall:
313	(i) be substantially as follows:
314	"State of Utah, County of
315	I,, declare my candidacy for the office of, seeking the
316	nomination of the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications to
317	hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at
318	in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code Phone No; I will not
319	knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; if filing via a designated
320	agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period; I will
321	file all campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that
322	failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and
323	removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I designate for receiving
324	official election notices is
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326	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
327	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."; and
328	(ii) require the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection
329	(7)(a)(i):
330	(A) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member; or
331	(B) that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party.
332	(b) An agent designated under Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b) to file a declaration of
333	candidacy may not sign the form described in Subsection (7)(a) or Section 20A-9-408.5.
334	(8) (a) Except $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{as provided in Section 20A-9-601}, \underline{and except}] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ for presidential
335	candidates, the fee for filing a declaration of candidacy is:

Individual Name

336	(i) \$50 for candidates for the local school district board; and
337	(ii) \$50 plus 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the
338	person holding the office for all other federal, state, and county offices.
339	(b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to
340	any candidate:
341	(i) who is disqualified; or
342	(ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly.
343	(c) (i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received
344	from candidates.
345	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall:
346	(A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees
347	received for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and
348	(B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the
349	lieutenant governor from the congressional district that the total vote of that county for all
350	candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote of all counties within the
351	congressional district for all candidates for representative in Congress.
352	(d) (i) A person who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a declaration of candidacy
353	without payment of the filing fee upon a prima facie showing of impecuniosity as evidenced by
354	an affidavit of impecuniosity filed with the filing officer and, if requested by the filing officer,
355	a financial statement filed at the time the affidavit is submitted.
356	(ii) A person who is able to pay the filing fee may not claim impecuniosity.
357	(iii) (A) False statements made on an affidavit of impecuniosity or a financial
358	statement filed under this section shall be subject to the criminal penalties provided under
359	Sections 76-8-503 and 76-8-504 and any other applicable criminal provision.
360	(B) Conviction of a criminal offense under Subsection (8)(d)(iii)(A) shall be
361	considered an offense under this title for the purposes of assessing the penalties provided in
362	Subsection 20A-1-609(2).
363	(iv) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in
364	substantially the following form:
365	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity

Address	
Phone Number	
I,(name), do solemnly [swear	r] [affirm], under penalty of law
for false statements, that, owing to my poverty, I am unable to	o pay the filing fee required by
law.	
Date Signature	
Affiant	
Subscribed and sworn to before me on (month)	\day\year)
	(signature)
Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer (Oath
(v) The filing officer shall provide to a person who re	equests an affidavit of
impecuniosity a statement printed in substantially the following	ng form, which may be included
on the affidavit of impecuniosity:	
"Filing a false statement is a criminal offense. In acco	ordance with Section 20A-1-609, a
candidate who is found guilty of filing a false statement, in ac	ddition to being subject to criminal
penalties, will be removed from the ballot."	
(vi) The filing officer may request that a person who	makes a claim of impecuniosity
under this Subsection (8)(d) file a financial statement on a for	rm prepared by the election
official.	
(9) (a) If there is no legislative appropriation for the V	Western States Presidential
Primary election, as provided in Part 8, Western States Presid	lential Primary, a candidate for
president of the United States who is affiliated with a register	red political party and chooses to
participate in the regular primary election shall:	
(i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person or via a c	designated agent, with the
lieutenant governor:	
(A) on a form developed and provided by the lieutena	ant governor; and
(B) on or after the second Friday in March and before	e 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in
March before the next regular primary election;	
(ii) identify the registered political party whose nomin	nation the candidate is seeking;
(iii) provide a letter from the registered political party	y certifying that the candidate may

398	participate as a candidate for that party in that party's presidential primary election; and
399	(iv) pay the filing fee of \$500.
400	(b) A designated agent described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) may not sign the form
401	described in Subsection (9)(a)(i)(A).
402	(10) An individual who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of
403	nomination within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to office.
404	(11) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section may not be amended or
405	modified after the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy.
406	Section 4. Section 20A-9-203 is amended to read:
407	20A-9-203. Declarations of candidacy Municipal general elections.
408	(1) An individual may become a candidate for any municipal office if:
409	(a) the individual is a registered voter; and
410	(b) (i) the individual has resided within the municipality in which the individual seeks
411	to hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the
412	election; or
413	(ii) the territory in which the individual resides was annexed into the municipality, the
414	individual has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality the 12 consecutive
415	months immediately before the date of the election.
416	(2) (a) For purposes of determining whether an individual meets the residency
417	requirement of Subsection (1)(b)(i) in a municipality that was incorporated less than 12 months
418	before the election, the municipality is considered to have been incorporated 12 months before
419	the date of the election.
420	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1), each candidate for a municipal
421	council position shall, if elected from a district, be a resident of the council district from which
422	the candidate is elected.
423	(c) In accordance with Utah Constitution, Article IV, Section 6, a mentally incompetent
424	individual, an individual convicted of a felony, or an individual convicted of treason or a crime
425	against the elective franchise may not hold office in this state until the right to hold elective
426	office is restored under Section 20A-2-101.3 or 20A-2-101.5.
427	(3) (a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall,

regardless of the nomination method by which the individual is seeking to become a candidate:

429	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), and subject to Subsection 20A-9-404(3)(e),
430	file a declaration of candidacy, in person with the city recorder or town clerk, during the office
431	hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office hours, between
432	June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year; and
433	(ii) pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
434	(b) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), an individual may designate an agent to file a
435	declaration of candidacy with the city recorder or town clerk if:
436	(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
437	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the city recorder or town clerk;
438	(iii) the individual communicates with the city recorder or town clerk using an
439	electronic device that allows the individual and city recorder or town clerk to see and hear each
440	other; and
441	(iv) the individual provides the city recorder or town clerk with an email address to
442	which the city recorder or town clerk may send the individual the copies described in
443	Subsection (4).
444	(c) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by:
445	(i) filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during the office
446	hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office hours, between
447	June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year; and
448	(ii) paying the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
449	(4) (a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination
450	petition, the filing officer shall:
451	(i) read to the prospective candidate or individual filing the petition the constitutional
452	and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and
453	(ii) require the candidate or individual filing the petition to state whether the candidate
454	meets those requirements.
455	(b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the
456	office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
457	(c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the
458	filing officer shall:
459	(i) inform the candidate that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it is

460	written on the declaration of candidacy;
461	(ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws
462	for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to comply will
463	result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's name from the ballot;
464	(iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide
465	Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission
466	deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
467	(iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices
468	described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
469	(A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
470	(B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; and
471	(v) accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
472	(d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing
473	officer shall:
474	(i) accept the candidate's pledge; and
475	(ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
476	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
477	member.
478	(5) (a) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
479	"I, (print name), being first sworn, say that I reside at Street, City of,
480	County of, state of Utah, Zip Code, Telephone Number (if any); that I am a
481	registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of (stating the term). I will meet
482	the legal qualifications required of candidates for this office. If filing via a designated agent, I
483	attest that I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period. I will file
484	all campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law and I understand that failure to do
485	so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from
486	the ballot. I request that my name be printed upon the applicable official ballots. (Signed)
487	
488	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
489	(month\day\year).
490	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)".

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(b) An agent designated under Subsection (3)(b) to file a declaration of candidacy may
not sign the form described in Subsection (5)(a).

- (6) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the nomination is for the two-year or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination to be for the four-year term.
- (7) (a) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are registered voters.
- (b) Any candidate who is not registered to vote is disqualified and the clerk may not print the candidate's name on the ballot.
- (8) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the clerk shall:
 - (a) cause the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot to be published:
- (i) in at least two successive publications of a newspaper with general circulation in the municipality; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
- (b) notify the lieutenant governor of the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot.
- (9) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), an individual may not amend a declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section after the candidate filing period ends.
- (10) (a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition that an individual files under this section is valid unless a person files a written objection with the clerk within five days after the last day for filing.
 - (b) If a person files an objection, the clerk shall:
- (i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate immediately; and
 - (ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after the objection is filed.
- 518 (c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may, within three days after the day 519 on which the clerk sustains the objection, correct the problem for which the objection is

520	sustained by amending the candidate's declaration of candidacy or nomination petition, or by
521	filing a new declaration of candidacy.
522	(d) (i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final.
523	(ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if
524	prompt application is made to the district court.
525	(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise
526	of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
527	(11) A candidate who qualifies for the ballot under this section may withdraw as a
528	candidate by filing a written affidavit with the municipal clerk.
529	Section 5. Section 20A-9-404 is amended to read:
530	20A-9-404. Municipal primary elections.
531	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section or Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6,
532	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, candidates for municipal office in all
533	municipalities shall be nominated at a municipal primary election.
534	(b) Municipal primary elections shall be held:
535	(i) consistent with Section 20A-1-201.5, on the second Tuesday following the first
536	Monday in the August before the regular municipal election; and
537	(ii) whenever possible, at the same polling places as the regular municipal election.
538	(2) Except as otherwise provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate
539	Voting Methods Pilot Project, if the number of candidates for a particular municipal office
540	does not exceed twice the number of individuals needed to fill that office, a primary election
541	for that office may not be held and the candidates are considered nominated.
542	(3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3), "convention" means an organized assembly
543	of voters or delegates.
544	(b) (i) By ordinance adopted before the May 1 that falls before a regular municipal
545	election, any third, fourth, or fifth class city or town may exempt itself from a primary election
546	by providing that the nomination of candidates for municipal office to be voted upon at a
547	municipal election be nominated by a [political] municipal party convention or committee.
548	(ii) The municipal party convention or committee described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)
549	shall be held on or before May 30 of an odd-numbered year.
550	[(iii)] (iii) Any primary election exemption ordinance adopted under [the authority of]

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551	this Subsection (3) remains in effect until repealed by ordinance.
552	(c) (i) A convention or committee may not nominate[:(A) an individual who has not
553	submitted a declaration of candidacy, or has not been nominated by a nomination petition,

- 554 under Section 20A-9-203; or(B) more than one group of candidates, or have placed on the
- ballot more than one group of candidates, for] more than one candidate for each of the municipal offices to be voted upon at the municipal election.
 - (ii) A convention or committee may Ĥ→ not ←Ĥ nominate an individual who has Ĥ→ [been nominated]
 by] accepted the nomination of ←Ĥ a different convention or committee.
 - (iii) A [political] municipal party may not have more than one group of candidates placed upon the ballot and may not group the same candidates on different tickets by the same party under a different name or emblem.
 - (d) (i) [The] On or before May 31 of an odd-numbered year, a convention or committee shall prepare and submit to the filing officer a certificate of nomination for each individual nominated.
 - (ii) The certificate of nomination shall:
 - (A) contain the name of the office for which each individual is nominated, the name, post office address, and, if in a city, the street number of residence and place of business, if any, of each individual nominated;
 - (B) designate in not more than five words the [political] party that the convention or committee represents;
 - (C) contain a copy of the resolution passed at the convention that authorized the committee to make the nomination;
 - (D) contain a statement certifying that the name of the candidate nominated by the political party will not appear on the ballot as a candidate for any other political party;
 - (E) be signed by the presiding officer and secretary of the convention or committee; and
 - (F) contain a statement identifying the residence and post office address of the presiding officer and secretary and certifying that the presiding officer and secretary were officers of the convention or committee and that the certificates are true to the best of their knowledge and belief.
 - (iii) Certificates of nomination shall be filed with the clerk not later than 80 days

to

582	before the municipal general election.]
583	(iii) A candidate nominated by a municipal party convention or committee shall file a
584	declaration with the filing officer in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-203(3) that includes:
585	(A) the name of the municipal party or convention that nominated the candidate; and
586	(B) the office for which the convention or committee nominated the candidate.
587	(e) A committee appointed at a convention, if authorized by an enabling resolution,
588	may also make nominations or fill vacancies in nominations made at a convention[-] if the
589	committee makes the nomination before the deadline for a write-in candidate to file a
590	declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-601.
591	(f) The election ballot shall substantially comply with the form prescribed in Title 20A,
592	Chapter 6, Part 4, Ballot Form Requirements for Municipal Elections, but the party name shall
593	be included with the candidate's name.
594	(4) (a) Any third, fourth, or fifth class city $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or a town}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ may adopt an ordinance
594a	before the May 1
595	that falls before the regular municipal election that:
596	(i) exempts the city $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or town}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ from the other methods of nominating candidates
596a	municipal
597	office provided in this section; and
598	(ii) provides for a <u>municipal</u> partisan $\hat{H} \rightarrow [primary election]$ <u>convention</u> $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ method of
598a	nominating
599	candidates as provided in this Subsection (4).
600	(b) (i) Any party that was a registered political party at the last regular general election
601	or regular municipal election is a municipal political party under this section.
602	(ii) Any political party may qualify as a municipal political party by presenting a
603	petition to the city recorder that:
604	(A) is signed, with a holographic signature, by registered voters within the municipality
605	equal to at least 20% of the number of votes cast for all candidates for mayor in the last
606	municipal election at which a mayor was elected;
607	(B) is filed with the city recorder [by May 31 of any odd-numbered year] $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or town}}$
607a	<u>clerk</u> ←Ĥ <u>before the</u>
608	Ĥ→ [political] municipal ←Ĥ party holds a convention to nominate a candidate under this
608a	Subsection (4);
609	(C) is substantially similar to the form of the signature sheets described in Section
610	20A-7-303; and
611	(D) contains the name of the municipal political party using not more than five words.
612	(c) (i) If the number of candidates for a particular office does not exceed twice the

613	number of offices to be filled at the regular municipal election, no [partisan] primary election
614	for that office shall be held and the candidates are considered to be nominated.
615	(ii) If the number of candidates for a particular office exceeds twice the number of
616	offices to be filled at the regular municipal election, those candidates for municipal office shall
617	be nominated at a $\hat{H} \rightarrow [partisan] \underline{municipal} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ primary election.
618	(d) The clerk shall ensure that [: (i)] the partisan municipal primary ballot is similar to
619	the ballot forms required by [Sections Section 20A-6-401 and, as applicable, Section
620	20A-6-401.1[;].
621	[(ii) the candidates for each municipal political party are listed in one or more columns
622	under their party name and emblem;]
623	[(iii) the names of candidates of all parties are printed on the same ballot, but under
624	their party designation; and]
625	[(iv) every ballot separates the candidates of one party from those of the other parties.]
626	(e) After marking a municipal primary ballot, the voter shall deposit the ballot in the
627	blank ballot box.
628	(f) Immediately after the canvass, the election judges shall, without examination,
629	destroy the tickets deposited in the blank ballot box.
630	Section 6. Section 20A-9-601 is amended to read:
631	20A-9-601. Qualifying as a write-in candidate.
632	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an individual who wishes to become a
633	valid write-in candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy in person, or through a designated
634	agent for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, with the appropriate
635	filing officer not later than $[60]$ 65 days before the regular general election or a municipal
636	general election in which the individual intends to be a write-in candidate.
637	(b) (i) The provisions of this Subsection (1)(b) do not apply to an individual who files a
638	declaration of candidacy for president of the United States.
639	(ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d), an individual may designate an agent to file a
640	declaration of candidacy with the appropriate filing officer if:
641	(A) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;

(C) the individual communicates with the filing officer using an electronic device that

(B) the designated agent appears in person before the filing officer; and

644	allows the individual and filing officer to see and hear each other.
645	(2) (a) The form of the declaration of candidacy for a write-in candidate for all offices,
646	except president or vice president of the United States, is substantially as follows:
647	"State of Utah, County of
648	I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of
649	for the district (if applicable). I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the
650	qualifications to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at
651	in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code, Phone No; I will
652	not knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; if filing via a designated
653	agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period; I will file all
654	campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so
655	will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and rejection of any votes cast
656	for me. The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election notices is
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659	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
660	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."
661	(b) The form of the declaration of candidacy for <u>a write-in candidate for</u> president of
662	the United States is substantially as follows:
663	"State of Utah, County of
664	I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of the
665	president of the United States. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications to hold
666	the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in the City
667	or Town of, State, Zip Code, Phone No; I will not knowingly violate
668	any law governing campaigns and elections. The mailing address that I designate for receiving
669	official election notices is I designate as
670	my vice presidential candidate.
671	
672	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
673	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath.)"
674	(c) A declaration of candidacy for a write-in candidate for vice president of the United

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675	States shall be in substantially the same form as a declaration of candidacy described in
0/3	States shall be in substantially the same form as a declaration of candidacy described in
676	Subsection 20A-9-202(7).
677	(d) An agent described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b) may not sign the form described in
678	Subsection (2)(a) or (b).
679	(3) (a) The filing officer shall:
680	(i) read to the candidate the constitutional and statutory requirements for the office; and
681	(ii) ask the candidate whether [or not] the candidate meets the requirements.
682	(b) If the candidate cannot meet the requirements of office, the filing officer may not
683	accept the write-in candidate's declaration of candidacy.
684	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a write-in candidate is subject to
685	<u>Subsection 20A-9-201(8).</u>
686	(b) A write-in candidate for president of the United States is subject to Subsection
687	20A-9-201(9)(a)(iv) or 20A-9-803(1)(d), as applicable.
688	[(4)] (5) By November 1 of each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor
689	shall certify to each county clerk the names of all write-in candidates who filed their
690	declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor.