

20	(a) as a second degree reiony if the:
27	(i) value of the property or services is or exceeds \$5,000;
28	(ii) property stolen is a firearm or an operable motor vehicle; or
29	(iii) property is stolen from the person of another;
30	(b) as a third degree felony if:
31	(i) the value of the property or services is or exceeds \$1,500 but is less than \$5,000;
32	(ii) the value of the property or services is or exceeds \$500 and the actor has been twice
33	before convicted of any of the following offenses, if each prior offense was committed within
34	10 years of the date of the current conviction or the date of the offense upon which the current
35	conviction is based and at least one of those convictions is for a class A misdemeanor:
36	(A) any theft, any robbery, or any burglary with intent to commit theft;
37	(B) any offense under Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 5, Fraud; or
38	(C) any attempt to commit any offense under Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A) or (B);
39	(iii) in a case not amounting to a second degree felony, the property taken is a stallion,
40	mare, colt, gelding, cow, heifer, steer, ox, bull, calf, sheep, goat, mule, jack, jenny, swine,
41	poultry, or a fur-bearing animal raised for commercial purposes; [or]
42	(iv) (A) the value of property or services is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500;
43	(B) the theft occurs on a property where the offender has committed any theft within
44	the past five years; and
45	(C) the offender has received written notice from the merchant prohibiting the offender
46	from entering the property pursuant to [Subsection] Section 78B-3-108[(4)];
47	(v) subject to Subsection (3), the actor has been convicted four times of any of the
48	offenses listed in Subsections (1)(b)(ii)(A) through (1)(b)(ii)(C), if each prior offense was
49	committed within 10 years of the date of the current conviction or the date of the offense upon
50	which the current conviction is based and the value of the property stolen is or exceeds \$100
51	but is less than \$1,500; or
52	[(v)] (vi) the actor has been previously convicted of a felony violation of any of the
53	offenses listed in Subsections (1)(b)(ii)(A) through (1)(b)(ii)(C);
54	(c) as a class A misdemeanor if:
55	(i) the value of the property stolen is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500;
56	(ii) (A) the value of property or services is less than \$500;

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57	(B) the theft occurs on a property where the offender has committed any theft within
58	the past five years; and
59	(C) the offender has received written notice from the merchant prohibiting the offender
60	from entering the property pursuant to [Subsection ] Section 78B-3-108[(4)]; or
61	(iii) the actor has been twice before convicted of any of the offenses listed in
62	Subsections (1)(b)(ii)(A) through (1)(b)(ii)(C), if each prior offense was committed within 10
63	years of the date of the current conviction or the date of the offense upon which the current
64	conviction is based; or
65	(d) as a class B misdemeanor if the value of the property stolen is less than \$500 and
66	the theft is not an offense under Subsection (1)(c).
67	(2) Any individual who violates Subsection 76-6-408(1) or [Subsection] Section
68	76-6-413[(1)], or commits theft of property described in Subsection [76-6-412](1)(b)(iii), is
69	civilly liable for three times the amount of actual damages, if any, sustained by the plaintiff,
70	and for costs of suit and reasonable attorney fees.
71	(3) For a defendant convicted under Subsection (1)(b)(v), the court shall consider
72	entering an order lowering the offense by one degree, in accordance with Section 76-3-402(2),
73	if the defendant:
74	(a) files a motion in accordance with Section 76-3-402(2);
75	(b) successfully completes the defendant's court ordered probation;
76	(c) pays full restitution as ordered by the court;
77	(d) completes all treatment as ordered by the court; and
78	(e) does not have a conviction for any felony offense on or before the date the court
79	would otherwise enter the order.