Representative Mike Winder proposes the following substitute bill:

1	COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT AGENCY REVISIONS	
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Mike Winder	
5	Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper	
6 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill amends provisions related to community reinvestment agencies.	
10	Highlighted Provisions:	
11	This bill:	
12	defines terms;	
13	replaces the term "blight" with "development impediment";	
14	 beginning on May 14, 2019, prohibits an agency from creating a taxing entity 	
15	committee for a community reinvestment project area;	
16	 requires an agency that allocates the agency's community reinvestment project area 	
17	funds for housing to:	
18	 adopt a housing plan; or 	
19	• implement the housing plan that the community that created the agency adopted;	
20	and	
21	makes technical and conforming changes.	
22	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
23	None	
24	Other Special Clauses:	
25	This bill provides a coordination clause.	



26 Utah Code Sections Affected:

27	AMENDS:
28	10-8-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 59
29	10-9a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 218
30	11-58-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
31	17-27a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 218
32	17-50-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 66
33	17C-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
34	17C-1-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 364 and 366
35	17C-1-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
36	17C-1-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
37	17C-1-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 312
38	17C-1-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 312
39	17C-1-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
40	17C-1-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
41	17C-1-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
42	17C-1-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
43	17C-1-807, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
44	17C-1-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
45	17C-2-101.5, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
46	17C-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
47	17C-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
48	17C-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
49	17C-2-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
50	17C-2-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
51	17C-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 125
52	17C-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
53	17C-2-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
54	17C-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
55	17C-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
56	17C-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364

57	17C-5-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
58	17C-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
59	17C-5-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
60	17C-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
61	17C-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
62	17C-5-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
63	17C-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
64	17C-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
65	17C-5-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
66	17C-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 422
67	17C-5-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
68	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
69	17C-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
70	
71	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
72	Section 1. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read:
73	10-8-2. Appropriations Acquisition and disposal of property Municipal
74	authority Corporate purpose Procedure Notice of intent to acquire real property.
75	(1) (a) A municipal legislative body may:
76	(i) appropriate money for corporate purposes only;
77	
	(ii) provide for payment of debts and expenses of the corporation;
78	(ii) provide for payment of debts and expenses of the corporation;(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and
78 79	
	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and
79	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is
79 80	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest
79 80 81	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest and complies with other law;
79 80 81 82	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest and complies with other law; (iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an
79 80 81 82 83	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest and complies with other law; (iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an individual could do; and
79 80 81 82 83 84	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest and complies with other law; (iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an individual could do; and (v) subject to Subsection (2) and after first holding a public hearing, authorize

- (i) furnish all necessary local public services within the municipality;
 - (ii) purchase, hire, construct, own, maintain and operate, or lease public utilities located and operating within and operated by the municipality; and
 - (iii) subject to Subsection (1)(c), acquire by eminent domain, or otherwise, property located inside or outside the corporate limits of the municipality and necessary for any of the purposes stated in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), subject to restrictions imposed by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, and general law for the protection of other communities.
 - (c) Each municipality that intends to acquire property by eminent domain under Subsection (1)(b) shall comply with the requirements of Section 78B-6-505.
 - (d) Subsection (1)(b) may not be construed to diminish any other authority a municipality may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property located inside or outside the municipality.
 - (2) (a) Services or assistance provided pursuant to Subsection (1)(a)(v) is not subject to the provisions of Subsection (3).
 - (b) The total amount of services or other nonmonetary assistance provided or fees waived under Subsection (1)(a)(v) in any given fiscal year may not exceed 1% of the municipality's budget for that fiscal year.
 - (3) It is considered a corporate purpose to appropriate money for any purpose that, in the judgment of the municipal legislative body, provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality subject [to the following:] to this Subsection (3).
 - (a) The net value received for any money appropriated shall be measured on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.
 - (b) (i) [The] A municipal legislative body shall establish the criteria for a determination under this Subsection (3) [shall be established by the municipality's legislative body. A determination of value received, made by the municipality's legislative body, shall be].
 - (ii) A municipal legislative body's determination of value received is presumed valid unless [it can be shown] a person can show that the determination was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
- (c) The municipality may consider intangible benefits received by the municipality in determining net value received.

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119	(d) (i) [Prior to] Before the municipal legislative body [making] makes any decision to
120	appropriate any funds for a corporate purpose under this section, [a public hearing shall be
121	held] the municipal legislative body shall hold a public hearing.
122	(ii) [Notice of the hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) shall be published] The
123	municipal legislative body shall publish a notice of the hearing described in Subsection
124	(3)(d)(i):
125	(A) [(1)] in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days before the date of the
126	hearing[;] or, [(II)-] if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least
127	three conspicuous places within the municipality for the same time period; and
128	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, at least 14 days
129	before the date of the hearing.
130	[(e) A study shall be performed before notice of the public hearing is given and shall be
131	made available at the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately
132	prior to the public hearing, setting forth an analysis and demonstrating the purpose for the
133	appropriation. In making the study, the following factors shall be considered:
134	(e) (i) Before a municipality provides notice as described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the
135	municipality shall perform a study that analyzes and demonstrates the purpose for an
136	appropriation described in this Subsection (3) in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)(iii).
137	(ii) A municipality shall make the study described in Subsection (3)(e)(i) available at
138	the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately before the public
139	hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i).
140	(iii) A municipality shall consider the following factors when conducting the study
141	described in Subsection (3)(e)(i):
142	[(i)] (A) what identified benefit the municipality will receive in return for any money or
143	resources appropriated;
144	[(ii)] (B) the municipality's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the
145	way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being,
146	peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality; and
147	[(iii)] (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the
148	reasonable goals and objectives of the municipality in the area of economic development, job
149	creation, affordable housing, [blight] elimination of a development impediment, job

150 preservation, the preservation of historic structures and property, and any other public purpose. 151 (f) (i) An appeal may be taken from a final decision of the municipal legislative body, 152 to make an appropriation. 153 (ii) [The appeal shall be filed within 30 days after the date of that decision, to the 154 district court.] A person shall file an appeal as described in Subsection (3)(f)(i) with the district 155 court within 30 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body makes a decision. 156 (iii) Any appeal shall be based on the record of the proceedings before the legislative 157 body. 158 (iv) A decision of the municipal legislative body shall be presumed to be valid unless 159 the appealing party shows that the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal. 160 (g) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply only to those appropriations made after 161 May 6, 2002. 162 (h) This section applies only to appropriations not otherwise approved pursuant to Title 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform 163 164 Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities. 165 (4) (a) Before a municipality may dispose of a significant parcel of real property, the 166 municipality shall: 167 (i) provide reasonable notice of the proposed disposition at least 14 days before the 168 opportunity for public comment under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and 169 (ii) allow an opportunity for public comment on the proposed disposition. 170 (b) Each municipality shall, by ordinance, define what constitutes: (i) a significant parcel of real property for purposes of Subsection (4)(a); and 171 172 (ii) reasonable notice for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i). 173 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), each municipality intending to acquire 174 real property for the purpose of expanding the municipality's infrastructure or other facilities 175 used for providing services that the municipality offers or intends to offer shall provide written 176 notice, as provided in this Subsection (5), of its intent to acquire the property if: 177 (i) the property is located: 178 (A) outside the boundaries of the municipality; and

(B) in a county of the first or second class; and

(ii) the intended use of the property is contrary to:

179

181 (A) the anticipated use of the property under the general plan of the county in whose 182 unincorporated area or the municipality in whose boundaries the property is located; or 183 (B) the property's current zoning designation. 184 (b) Each notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall: 185 (i) indicate that the municipality intends to acquire real property; 186 (ii) identify the real property; and 187 (iii) be sent to: 188 (A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose 189 boundaries the property is located; and 190 (B) each affected entity. 191 (c) A notice under this Subsection (5) is a protected record as provided in Subsection 192 63G-2-305(8). 193 (d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (5)(a) does not apply if the municipality 194 previously provided notice under Section 10-9a-203 identifying the general location within the 195 municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located. 196 (ii) If a municipality is not required to comply with the notice requirement of 197 Subsection (5)(a) because of application of Subsection (5)(d)(i), the municipality shall provide 198 the notice specified in Subsection (5)(a) as soon as practicable after its acquisition of the real 199 property. 200 Section 2. Section 10-9a-403 is amended to read: 201 10-9a-403. General plan preparation. 202 (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section 10-9a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the municipal legislative body for a 203 204 general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission 205 initiates the process of preparing its recommendation. 206 (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a 207 proposed general plan for the area within the municipality. 208 (c) The plan may include areas outside the boundaries of the municipality if, in the 209 planning commission's judgment, those areas are related to the planning of the municipality's 210 territory.

(d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of

eminent domain, when the plan of a municipality involves territory outside the boundaries of the municipality, the municipality may not take action affecting that territory without the concurrence of the county or other municipalities affected.

- (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:
 - (i) a land use element that:
- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
- (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, mass transit, and any other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate, all correlated with the population projections and the proposed land use element of the general plan; and
- (iii) for a municipality described in Subsection 10-9a-401(3)(b), a plan that provides a realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing.
 - (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission:
- (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that municipalities shall facilitate a reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing:
 - (A) to meet the needs of people desiring to live in the community; and
- (B) to allow persons with moderate incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all aspects of neighborhood and community life; and
- (ii) for a town, may include, and for other municipalities, shall include, an analysis of why the recommended means, techniques, or combination of means and techniques provide a realistic opportunity for the development of moderate income housing within the next five years, which means or techniques may include a recommendation to:
 - (A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income

243	housing;
244	(B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the
245	construction of moderate income housing;
246	(C) encourage the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate
247	income housing;
248	(D) consider general fund subsidies to waive construction related fees that are
249	otherwise generally imposed by the city;
250	(E) consider utilization of state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the
251	construction of moderate income housing;
252	(F) consider utilization of programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within
253	that agency's funding capacity;
254	(G) consider utilization of affordable housing programs administered by the
255	Department of Workforce Services; and
256	(H) consider utilization of programs administered by an association of governments
257	established by an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
258	(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
259	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the municipality; and
260	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is
261	inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.
262	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
263	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
264	(i) the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including
265	the quality of air, forests, soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals,
266	and other natural resources; and
267	(ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of
268	streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
269	environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,
270	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
271	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
272	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,

police and fire protection, and other public services;

274 (c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and 275 programs for: 276 (i) historic preservation; (ii) the diminution or elimination of [blight] a development impediment as defined in 277 278 Section 17C-1-102; and 279 (iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and 280 public building sites; 281 (d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an 282 economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected municipal revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry, 283 284 primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity; 285 (e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including 286 the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and promotion, and any other appropriate action; 287 288 (f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 10-9a-401(2) or (3); 289 and 290 (g) any other element the municipality considers appropriate. 291 Section 3. Section 11-58-601 is amended to read: 292 11-58-601. Port authority receipt and use of property tax differential --293 Distribution of property tax differential. 294 (1) (a) The authority may: 295 (i) subject to Subsections (1)(b), (c), and (d), receive up to 100% of the property tax 296 differential for a period ending up to 25 years after a certificate of occupancy is issued with 297 respect to improvements on a parcel, as determined by the board and as provided in this part; 298 and 299 (ii) use the property tax differential during and after the period described in Subsection 300 (1)(a)(i). 301 (b) With respect to a parcel located within a project area, the 25-year period described 302 in Subsection (1)(a)(i) begins on the day on which the authority receives the first property tax 303 differential from that parcel. 304 (c) The authority may not receive property tax differential from an area included within

- a community reinvestment project area[, as defined in Section 17C-1-102,] under a community reinvestment project area plan, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, adopted before March 1, 2018, from a taxing entity that has, before March 1, 2018, entered into a fully executed, legally binding agreement under which the taxing entity agrees to the use of its tax increment, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, under the community reinvestment project area plan.
- (d) The authority shall pay to a community reinvestment agency 10% of the property tax differential generated from land located within that community reinvestment agency, to be used for affordable housing as provided in Section 17C-1-412.
- (2) A county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay and distribute to the authority the property tax differential that the authority is entitled to collect under this title, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
- (3) (a) The board shall determine by resolution when the entire project area or an individual parcel within a project area is subject to property tax differential.
- (b) The board shall amend the project area budget to reflect whether a parcel within a project area is subject to property tax differential.
 - Section 4. Section 17-27a-403 is amended to read:

17-27a-403. Plan preparation.

- (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section 17-27a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the county legislative body for a general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission initiates the process of preparing its recommendation.
- (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a proposed general plan for:
 - (i) the unincorporated area within the county; or
- (ii) if the planning commission is a planning commission for a mountainous planning district, the mountainous planning district.
- (c) (i) The plan may include planning for incorporated areas if, in the planning commission's judgment, they are related to the planning of the unincorporated territory or of the county as a whole.
- 334 (ii) Elements of the county plan that address incorporated areas are not an official plan 335 or part of a municipal plan for any municipality, unless it is recommended by the municipal

planning commission and adopted by the governing body of the municipality.

- (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), if property is located in a mountainous planning district, the plan for the mountainous planning district controls and precedes a municipal plan, if any, to which the property would be subject.
- (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:
 - (i) a land use element that:
- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
- (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, mass transit, and any other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate, all correlated with the population projections and the proposed land use element of the general plan;
- (iii) a plan for the development of additional moderate income housing within the unincorporated area of the county or the mountainous planning district, and a plan to provide a realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing; and
- (iv) before May 1, 2017, a resource management plan detailing the findings, objectives, and policies required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3).
 - (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission:
- (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that counties should facilitate a reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing:
 - (A) to meet the needs of people desiring to live there; and
- (B) to allow persons with moderate incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all aspects of neighborhood and community life; and
 - (ii) shall include an analysis of why the recommended means, techniques, or

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367	combination of means and techniques provide a realistic opportunity for the development of
368	moderate income housing within the planning horizon, which means or techniques may include
369	a recommendation to:
370	(A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income
371	housing;
372	(B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the
373	construction of moderate income housing;
374	(C) encourage the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate
375	income housing;
376	(D) consider county general fund subsidies to waive construction related fees that are
377	otherwise generally imposed by the county;
378	(E) consider utilization of state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the
379	construction of moderate income housing;
380	(F) consider utilization of programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within
381	that agency's funding capacity; and
382	(G) consider utilization of affordable housing programs administered by the
383	Department of Workforce Services.
384	(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
385	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the unincorporated area
386	of the county or mountainous planning district; and
387	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is

inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.

(3) The proposed general plan may include:

- (a) an environmental element that addresses:
- (i) to the extent not covered by the county's resource management plan, the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including the quality of air, forests, soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals, and other natural resources; and
- (ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,

funds of the county may be expended.

398	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
399	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
400	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
401	police and fire protection, and other public services;
402	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
403	programs for:
404	(i) historic preservation;
405	(ii) the diminution or elimination of [blight] a development impediment as defined in
406	Section 17C-1-102; and
407	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
408	public building sites;
409	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
410	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected county
411	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
412	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
413	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
414	the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and
415	promotion, and any other appropriate action;
416	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 17-27a-401(2) or
417	(3)(a)(i); and
418	(g) any other element the county considers appropriate.
419	Section 5. Section 17-50-303 is amended to read:
420	17-50-303. County may not give or lend credit County may borrow in
421	anticipation of revenues Assistance to nonprofit and private entities.
422	(1) A county may not give or lend its credit to or in aid of any person or corporation,
423	or, except as provided in Subsection (3), appropriate money in aid of any private enterprise.
424	(2) (a) A county may borrow money in anticipation of the collection of taxes and other
425	county revenues in the manner and subject to the conditions of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
426	Government Bonding Act.

(b) A county may incur indebtedness under Subsection (2)(a) for any purpose for which

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(3) (a) A county may appropriate money to or provide nonmonetary assistance to a
nonprofit entity, or waive fees required to be paid by a nonprofit entity, if, in the judgment of
the county legislative body, the assistance contributes to the safety, health, prosperity, moral
well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of county residents.

- (b) A county may appropriate money to a nonprofit entity from the county's own funds or from funds the county receives from the state or any other source.
 - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
 - (i) "Private enterprise" means a person that engages in an activity for profit.
 - (ii) "Project" means an activity engaged in by a private enterprise.
 - (b) A county may appropriate money in aid of a private enterprise project if:
- (i) subject to Subsection (4)(c), the county receives value in return for the money appropriated; and
- (ii) in the judgment of the county legislative body, the private enterprise project provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the county residents.
- (c) The county shall measure the net value received by the county for money appropriated by the county to a private entity on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.
- (d) (i) Before a county legislative body may appropriate funds in aid of a private enterprise project under this Subsection (4), the county legislative body shall:
- (A) adopt by ordinance criteria to determine what value, if any, the county will receive in return for money appropriated under this Subsection (4);
- (B) conduct a study as described in Subsection (4)(e) on the proposed appropriation and private enterprise project; and
- (C) post notice, subject to Subsection (4)(f), and hold a public hearing on the proposed appropriation and the private enterprise project.
- (ii) The county legislative body may consider an intangible benefit as a value received by the county.
- (e) (i) Before publishing or posting notice in accordance with Subsection (4)(f), the county shall study:
 - (A) any value the county will receive in return for money or resources appropriated to a

460	private	entity:
100	private	circity,

- (B) the county's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the county residents; and
- (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the county in the area of economic development, job creation, affordable housing, [blight] elimination of a development impediment, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures, analyzing and improving county government structure or property, or any other public purpose.
 - (ii) The county shall:
 - (A) prepare a written report of the results of the study; and
- (B) make the report available to the public at least 14 days immediately prior to the scheduled day of the public hearing described in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C).
- (f) The county shall publish notice of the public hearing required in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C):
- (i) in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days before the date of the hearing or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least three conspicuous places within the county for the same time period; and
- (ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, at least 14 days before the date of the hearing.
- (g) (i) A person may appeal the decision of the county legislative body to appropriate funds under this Subsection (4).
- (ii) A person shall file an appeal with the district court within 30 days after the day on which the legislative body adopts an ordinance or approves a budget to appropriate the funds.
 - (iii) A court shall:
- (A) presume that an ordinance adopted or appropriation made under this Subsection (4) is valid; and
- (B) determine only whether the ordinance or appropriation is arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
- (iv) A determination of illegality requires a determination that the decision or ordinance violates a law, statute, or ordinance in effect at the time the decision was made or the

491	ordinance was adopted.
492	(v) The district court's review is limited to:
493	(A) a review of the criteria adopted by the county legislative body under Subsection
494	(4)(d)(i)(A);
495	(B) the record created by the county legislative body at the public hearing described in
496	Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C); and
497	(C) the record created by the county in preparation of the study and the study itself as
498	described in Subsection (4)(e).
499	(vi) If there is no record, the court may call witnesses and take evidence.
500	(h) This section applies only to an appropriation not otherwise approved in accordance
501	with Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties.
502	Section 6. Section 17C-1-102 is amended to read:
503	17C-1-102. Definitions.
504	As used in this title:
505	(1) "Active project area" means a project area that has not been dissolved in accordance
506	with Section 17C-1-702.
507	(2) "Adjusted tax increment" means the percentage of tax increment, if less than 100%,
508	that an agency is authorized to receive:
509	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-403, excluding tax
510	increment under Subsection 17C-1-403(3);
511	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-404, excluding tax
512	increment under Section 17C-1-406;
513	(c) under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee; or
514	(d) under an interlocal agreement that authorizes the agency to receive a taxing entity's
515	tax increment.
516	(3) "Affordable housing" means housing owned or occupied by a low or moderate
517	income family, as determined by resolution of the agency.
518	(4) "Agency" or "community reinvestment agency" means a separate body corporate
519	and politic, created under Section 17C-1-201.5 or as a redevelopment agency or community
520	development and renewal agency under previous law:

(a) that is a political subdivision of the state;

522 (b) that is created to undertake or promote project area development as provided in this 523 title; and 524 (c) whose geographic boundaries are coterminous with: 525 (i) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and 526 (ii) for an agency created by a municipality, the boundaries of the municipality. 527 (5) "Agency funds" means money that an agency collects or receives for agency 528 operations, implementing a project area plan, or other agency purposes, including: 529 (a) project area funds: 530 (b) income, proceeds, revenue, or property derived from or held in connection with the 531 agency's undertaking and implementation of project area development; or 532 (c) a contribution, loan, grant, or other financial assistance from any public or private 533 source. 534 (6) "Annual income" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the 535 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 5.609, as 536 amended or as superseded by replacement regulations. 537 (7) "Assessment roll" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102. 538 (8) "Base taxable value" means, unless otherwise adjusted in accordance with 539 provisions of this title, a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last 540 equalized during the base year. (9) "Base year" means, except as provided in Subsection 17C-1-402(4)(c), the year 541 542 during which the assessment roll is last equalized: 543 (a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area plan, 544 before the project area plan's effective date; 545 (b) for a post-June 30, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area 546 plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity 547 committee: 548 (i) before the date on which the taxing entity committee approves the project area 549 budget; or 550 (ii) if taxing entity committee approval is not required for the project area budget, 551 before the date on which the community legislative body adopts the project area plan; 552 (c) for a project on an inactive airport site, after the later of:

553	(i) the date on which the inactive airport site is sold for remediation and development;
554	or
555	(ii) the date on which the airport that operated on the inactive airport site ceased
556	operations; or
557	(d) for a community development project area plan or a community reinvestment
558	project area plan that is subject to an interlocal agreement, as described in the interlocal
559	agreement.
560	(10) "Basic levy" means the portion of a school district's tax levy constituting the
561	minimum basic levy under Section 59-2-902.
562	[(11) "Blight" or "blighted" means the condition of an area that meets the requirements
563	described in Subsection 17C-2-303(1) for an urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-405
564	for a community reinvestment project area.]
565	[(12) "Blight hearing" means a public hearing regarding whether blight exists within a
566	proposed:]
567	[(a) urban renewal project area under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section
568	17C-2-302; or]
569	[(b) community reinvestment project area under Section 17C-5-405.]
570	[(13) "Blight study" means a study to determine whether blight exists within a survey
571	area as described in Section 17C-2-301 for an urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-403
572	for a community reinvestment project area.]
573	[(14)] (11) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as described in Section
574	17C-1-203.
575	[(15)] (12) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area
576	budget required under Subsection 17C-2-201(2)(d) for an urban renewal project area budget,
577	Subsection 17C-3-201(2)(d) for an economic development project area budget, or Subsection
578	17C-5-302(2)(e) for a community reinvestment project area budget.
579	[(16)] (13) "Closed military base" means land within a former military base that the
580	Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission has voted to close or realign when that
581	action has been sustained by the president of the United States and Congress.
582	[(17)] (14) "Combined incremental value" means the combined total of all incremental
583	values from all project areas, except project areas that contain some or all of a military

584	installation or inactive industrial site, within the agency's boundaries under project area plans
585	and project area budgets at the time that a project area budget for a new project area is being
586	considered.
587	[(18)] (15) "Community" means a county or municipality.
588	[(19)] (16) "Community development project area plan" means a project area plan
589	adopted under Chapter 4, Part 1, Community Development Project Area Plan.
590	[(20)] (17) "Community legislative body" means the legislative body of the community
591	that created the agency.
592	[(21)] (18) "Community reinvestment project area plan" means a project area plan
593	adopted under Chapter 5, Part 1, Community Reinvestment Project Area Plan.
594	[(22)] (19) "Contest" means to file a written complaint in the district court of the
595	county in which the agency is located.
596	(20) "Development impediment" means a condition of an area that meets the
597	requirements described in Section 17C-2-303 for an urban renewal project area or Section
598	17C-5-405 for a community reinvestment project area.
599	(21) "Development impediment hearing" means a public hearing regarding whether a
600	development impediment exists within a proposed:
601	(a) urban renewal project area under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section
502	<u>17C-2-302; or</u>
503	(b) community reinvestment project area under Section 17C-5-404.
504	(22) "Development impediment study" means a study to determine whether a
505	development impediment exists within a survey area as described in Section 17C-2-301 for an
606	urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-403 for a community reinvestment project area.
507	(23) "Economic development project area plan" means a project area plan adopted
608	under Chapter 3, Part 1, Economic Development Project Area Plan.
509	(24) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
510	(a) for a municipality, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the
511	municipality that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all
512	housing units within the county in which the municipality is located that are publicly
513	subsidized income targeted housing units; or
514	(b) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing

615	units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing
616	units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized
617	income targeted housing units.
618	(25) "Family" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the United
619	States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Section 5.403, as amended
620	or as superseded by replacement regulations.
621	(26) "Greenfield" means land not developed beyond agricultural, range, or forestry use.
622	(27) "Hazardous waste" means any substance defined, regulated, or listed as a
623	hazardous substance, hazardous material, hazardous waste, toxic waste, pollutant, contaminant,
624	or toxic substance, or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment, under state
625	or federal law or regulation.
626	(28) "Housing allocation" means project area funds allocated for housing under Section
627	17C-2-203, 17C-3-202, or 17C-5-307 for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-412.
628	(29) "Housing fund" means a fund created by an agency for purposes described in
629	Section 17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412 that is comprised of:
630	(a) project area funds allocated for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-411; or
631	(b) an agency's housing allocation.
632	(30) (a) "Inactive airport site" means land that:
633	(i) consists of at least 100 acres;
634	(ii) is occupied by an airport:
635	(A) (I) that is no longer in operation as an airport; or
636	(II) (Aa) that is scheduled to be decommissioned; and
637	(Bb) for which a replacement commercial service airport is under construction; and
638	(B) that is owned or was formerly owned and operated by a public entity; and
639	(iii) requires remediation because:
640	(A) of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste; or
641	(B) the site lacks sufficient public infrastructure and facilities, including public roads,
642	electric service, water system, and sewer system, needed to support development of the site.
643	(b) "Inactive airport site" includes a perimeter of up to 2,500 feet around the land
644	described in Subsection (30)(a).
645	(31) (a) "Inactive industrial site" means land that:

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646 (i) consists of at least 1,000 acres; 647 (ii) is occupied by an inactive or abandoned factory, smelter, or other heavy industrial 648 facility; and 649 (iii) requires remediation because of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste. 650 (b) "Inactive industrial site" includes a perimeter of up to 1,500 feet around the land 651 described in Subsection (31)(a). 652 (32) "Income targeted housing" means housing that is owned or occupied by a family 653 whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for a family within the 654 county in which the housing is located. 655 (33) "Incremental value" means a figure derived by multiplying the marginal value of 656 the property located within a project area on which tax increment is collected by a number that 657 represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is paid to the agency. 658 (34) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board. 659 established under Title 35A, Chapter 8, Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund. 660 (35) (a) "Local government building" means a building owned and operated by a 661 community for the primary purpose of providing one or more primary community functions, 662 including: 663 (i) a fire station; 664 (ii) a police station; 665 (iii) a city hall; or 666 (iv) a court or other judicial building. (b) "Local government building" does not include a building the primary purpose of 667 668 which is cultural or recreational in nature. 669 (36) "Marginal value" means the difference between actual taxable value and base 670 taxable value. (37) "Military installation project area" means a project area or a portion of a project 671 672 area located within a federal military installation ordered closed by the federal Defense Base 673 Realignment and Closure Commission. 674 (38) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township as defined in Section

(39) "Participant" means one or more persons that enter into a participation agreement

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677	with an agency.
678	(40) "Participation agreement" means a written agreement between a person and an
679	agency that:
680	(a) includes a description of:
681	(i) the project area development that the person will undertake;
682	(ii) the amount of project area funds the person may receive; and
683	(iii) the terms and conditions under which the person may receive project area funds;
684	and
685	(b) is approved by resolution of the board.
686	(41) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area plan required
687	under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(vi) for an urban renewal project area plan, Subsection
688	17C-3-102(1)(d) for an economic development project area plan, Subsection 17C-4-102(1)(d)
689	for a community development project area plan, or Subsection 17C-5-104(3)(e) for a
690	community reinvestment project area plan.
691	(42) "Post-June 30, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted on or
692	after July 1, 1993, and before May 10, 2016, whether or not amended subsequent to the project
693	area plan's adoption.
694	(43) "Pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted before July
695	1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to the project area plan's adoption.
696	(44) "Private," with respect to real property, means property not owned by a public
697	entity or any other governmental entity.
698	(45) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan within
699	which the project area development described in the project area plan takes place or is
700	proposed to take place.
701	(46) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative
702	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area prepared in
703	accordance with:
704	(a) for an urban renewal project area, Section [17C-2-202] <u>17C-2-201</u> ;

(b) for an economic development project area, Section [17C-3-202] <u>17C-3-201</u>;

(c) for a community development project area, Section 17C-4-204; or

(d) for a community reinvestment project area, Section 17C-5-302.

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agreement; and

708 (47) "Project area development" means activity within a project area that, as 709 determined by the board, encourages, promotes, or provides development or redevelopment for 710 the purpose of implementing a project area plan, including: 711 (a) promoting, creating, or retaining public or private jobs within the state or a 712 community; 713 (b) providing office, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, or other 714 facilities or improvements; 715 (c) planning, designing, demolishing, clearing, constructing, rehabilitating, or 716 remediating environmental issues; 717 (d) providing residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or spaces, 718 including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to the structures or spaces; 719 (e) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating 720 existing structures: 721 (f) providing open space, including streets or other public grounds or space around 722 buildings; 723 (g) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, or improvements; 724 (h) relocating a business; 725 (i) improving public or private recreation areas or other public grounds; 726 (j) eliminating [blight] a development impediment or the causes of [blight] a 727 development impediment; 728 (k) redevelopment as defined under the law in effect before May 1, 2006; or 729 (1) any activity described in this Subsection (47) outside of a project area that the board 730 determines to be a benefit to the project area. 731 (48) "Project area funds" means tax increment or sales and use tax revenue that an 732 agency receives under a project area budget adopted by a taxing entity committee or an 733 interlocal agreement. 734 (49) "Project area funds collection period" means the period of time that: 735 (a) begins the day on which the first payment of project area funds is distributed to an

(b) ends the day on which the last payment of project area funds is distributed to an

agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an interlocal

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- agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an interlocal agreement.
 - (50) "Project area plan" means an urban renewal project area plan, an economic development project area plan, a community development project area plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan that, after the project area plan's effective date, guides and controls the project area development.
 - (51) (a) "Property tax" means each levy on an ad valorem basis on tangible or intangible personal or real property.
- 747 (b) "Property tax" includes a privilege tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 4, Privilege 748 Tax.
 - (52) "Public entity" means:
 - (a) the United States, including an agency of the United States;
 - (b) the state, including any of the state's departments or agencies; or
- (c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, municipality, school district,
 local district, special service district, community reinvestment agency, or interlocal cooperation
 entity.
 - (53) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm drainage, electrical, natural gas, telecommunication, or other similar systems and lines, streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, or other facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.
 - (54) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real property, as shown on the records of the county in which the property is located, to whom the property's tax notice is sent.
 - (55) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is:
- 764 (a) generated from a tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; 765 and
 - (b) distributed to a taxing entity in accordance with Sections 59-12-204 and 59-12-205.
- 767 (56) "Superfund site":
- 768 (a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive 769 Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and

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- (b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in Subsection (56)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
- (57) "Survey area" means a geographic area designated for study by a survey area resolution to determine whether:
 - (a) one or more project areas within the survey area are feasible; or
- (b) [blight] a development impediment exists within the survey area.
- 777 (58) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by a board that designates a survey area.
 - (59) "Taxable value" means:
 - (a) the taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
 - (b) the taxable value of all real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
 - (c) the year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
 - (60) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
 - (i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
 - (ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area using the base taxable value of the property.
 - (b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 59-2-1602 on or after January 1, 1994, upon the taxable property in the project area unless:
 - (i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project area plan was subsequently amended; and
 - (ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual obligations of the agency.
 - (61) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that:
- 800 (a) levies a tax on property located within a project area; or

801	(b) imposes a sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
802	(62) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of taxing
803	entities, created in accordance with Section 17C-1-402.
804	(63) "Unincorporated" means not within a municipality.
805	(64) "Urban renewal project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under
806	Chapter 2, Part 1, Urban Renewal Project Area Plan.
807	Section 7. Section 17C-1-207 is amended to read:
808	17C-1-207. Public entities may assist with project area development.
809	(1) In order to assist and cooperate in the planning, undertaking, construction, or
810	operation of project area development within an area in which the public entity is authorized to
811	act, a public entity may:
812	(a) (i) provide or cause to be furnished:
813	(A) parks, playgrounds, or other recreational facilities;
814	(B) community, educational, water, sewer, or drainage facilities; or
815	(C) any other works which the public entity is otherwise empowered to undertake;
816	(ii) provide, furnish, dedicate, close, vacate, pave, install, grade, regrade, plan, or
817	replan streets, roads, roadways, alleys, sidewalks, or other places;
818	(iii) in any part of the project area:
819	(A) (I) plan or replan any property within the project area;
820	(II) plat or replat any property within the project area;
821	(III) vacate a plat;
822	(IV) amend a plat; or
823	(V) zone or rezone any property within the project area; and
824	(B) make any legal exceptions from building regulations and ordinances;
825	(iv) purchase or legally invest in any of the bonds of an agency and exercise all of the
826	rights of any holder of the bonds;
827	(v) notwithstanding any law to the contrary, enter into an agreement for a period of
828	time with another public entity concerning action to be taken pursuant to any of the powers
829	granted in this title;
830	(vi) do anything necessary to aid or cooperate in the planning or implementation of the
831	project area development;

832	(vii) in connection with the project area plan, become obligated to the extent
833	authorized and funds have been made available to make required improvements or construct
834	required structures; and
835	(viii) lend, grant, or contribute funds to an agency for project area development or
836	proposed project area development, including assigning revenue or taxes in support of an
837	agency bond or obligation; and
838	(b) for less than fair market value or for no consideration, and subject to Subsection
839	(3):
840	(i) purchase or otherwise acquire property from an agency;
841	(ii) lease property from an agency;
842	(iii) sell, grant, convey, donate, or otherwise dispose of the public entity's property to
843	an agency; or
844	(iv) lease the public entity's property to an agency.
845	(2) The following are not subject to [Sections] Section 10-8-2 [or], 17-50-312, or
846	<u>17-50-303</u> :
847	(a) project area development assistance that a public entity provides under this section;
848	or
849	(b) a transfer of funds or property from an agency to a public entity.
850	(3) A public entity may provide assistance described in Subsection (1)(b) no sooner
851	than 15 days after the day on which the public entity posts notice of the assistance on:
852	(a) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701; and
853	(b) the public entity's public website.
854	Section 8. Section 17C-1-402 is amended to read:
855	17C-1-402. Taxing entity committee.
856	(1) The provisions of this section apply to a taxing entity committee that is created by
857	an agency for:
858	(a) a post-June 30, 1993, urban renewal project area plan or economic development
859	project area plan;
860	(b) any other project area plan adopted before May 10, 2016, for which the agency
861	created a taxing entity committee; and
862	(c) a community reinvestment project area plan adopted before May 14, 2019, that is

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appointed and qualified.

863	subject to a taxing entity committee.
864	(2) (a) (i) Each taxing entity committee shall be composed of:
865	(A) two school district representatives appointed in accordance with Subsection
866	(2)(a)(ii);
867	(B) (I) in a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, two representatives
868	appointed by resolution of the legislative body of the county in which the agency is located; or
869	(II) in a county of the first class, one representative appointed by the county executive
870	and one representative appointed by the legislative body of the county in which the agency is
871	located;
872	(C) if the agency is created by a municipality, two representatives appointed by
873	resolution of the legislative body of the municipality;
874	(D) one representative appointed by the State Board of Education; and
875	(E) one representative selected by majority vote of the legislative bodies or governing
876	boards of all other taxing entities that levy a tax on property within the agency's boundaries, to
877	represent the interests of those taxing entities on the taxing entity committee.
878	(ii) (A) If the agency boundaries include only one school district, that school district
879	shall appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A).
880	(B) If the agency boundaries include more than one school district, those school
881	districts shall jointly appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection
882	(2)(a)(i)(A).
883	(b) (i) Each taxing entity committee representative described in Subsection (2)(a) shall
884	be appointed within 30 days after the day on which the agency provides notice of the creation
885	of the taxing entity committee.
886	(ii) If a representative is not appointed within the time required under Subsection
887	(2)(b)(i), the board may appoint an individual to serve on the taxing entity committee in the
888	place of the missing representative until that representative is appointed.
889	(c) (i) A taxing entity committee representative may be appointed for a set term or

(d) (i) Upon the appointment of each representative under Subsection (2)(a)(i), whether

period of time, as determined by the appointing authority under Subsection (2)(a)(i).

(ii) Each taxing entity committee representative shall serve until a successor is

894	an initial appointment or an appointment to replace an already serving representative, the
895	appointing authority shall:
896	(A) notify the agency in writing of the name and address of the newly appointed
897	representative; and
898	(B) provide the agency a copy of the resolution making the appointment or, if the
899	appointment is not made by resolution, other evidence of the appointment.
900	(ii) Each appointing authority of a taxing entity committee representative under
901	Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall notify the agency in writing of any change of address of a
902	representative appointed by that appointing authority.
903	(3) At a taxing entity committee's first meeting, the taxing entity committee shall adop
904	an organizing resolution that:
905	(a) designates a chair and a secretary of the taxing entity committee; and
906	(b) if the taxing entity committee considers it appropriate, governs the use of electronic
907	meetings under Section 52-4-207.
908	(4) (a) A taxing entity committee represents all taxing entities regarding:
909	(i) an urban renewal project area plan;
910	(ii) an economic development project area plan; or
911	(iii) a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
912	committee.
913	(b) A taxing entity committee may:
914	(i) cast votes that are binding on all taxing entities;
915	(ii) negotiate with the agency concerning a proposed project area plan;
916	(iii) approve or disapprove:
917	(A) an urban renewal project area budget as described in Section 17C-2-204;
918	(B) an economic development project area budget as described in Section 17C-3-203;
919	or
920	(C) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
921	committee, a community reinvestment project area budget as described in Section 17C-5-302;
922	(iv) approve or disapprove an amendment to a project area budget as described in
923	Section 17C-2-206, 17C-3-205, or 17C-5-306;

(v) approve an exception to the limits on the value and size of a project area imposed

925	under this title;
926	(vi) approve:
927	(A) an exception to the percentage of tax increment to be paid to the agency;
928	(B) except for a project area funds collection period that is approved by an interlocal
929	agreement, each project area funds collection period; and
930	(C) an exception to the requirement for an urban renewal project area budget, an
931	economic development project area budget, or a community reinvestment project area budget
932	to include a maximum cumulative dollar amount of tax increment that the agency may receive
933	(vii) approve the use of tax increment for publicly owned infrastructure and
934	improvements outside of a project area that the agency and community legislative body
935	determine to be of benefit to the project area, as described in Subsection
936	17C-1-409(1)(a)(iii)(D);
937	(viii) waive the restrictions described in Subsection 17C-2-202(1);
938	(ix) subject to Subsection (4)(c), designate the base taxable value for a project area
939	budget; and
940	(x) give other taxing entity committee approval or consent required or allowed under
941	this title.
942	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the base year may not be a year that
943	is earlier than five years before the beginning of a project area funds collection period.
944	(ii) The taxing entity committee may approve a base year that is earlier than the year
945	described in Subsection (4)(c)(i).
946	(5) A quorum of a taxing entity committee consists of:
947	(a) if the project area is located within a municipality, five members; or
948	(b) if the project area is not located within a municipality, four members.
949	(6) Taxing entity committee approval, consent, or other action requires:
950	(a) the affirmative vote of a majority of all members present at a taxing entity
951	committee meeting:
952	(i) at which a quorum is present; and
953	(ii) considering an action relating to a project area budget for, or approval of a [finding
954	of blight] development impediment determination within, a project area or proposed project
955	area that contains:

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present at the meeting consent.

- 956 (A) an inactive industrial site; 957 (B) an inactive airport site; or 958 (C) a closed military base; or 959 (b) for any other action not described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii), the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members present at a taxing entity committee meeting at which a quorum is 960 961 present. 962 (7) (a) An agency may call a meeting of the taxing entity committee by sending written 963 notice to the members of the taxing entity committee at least 10 days before the date of the 964 meeting. 965 (b) Each notice under Subsection (7)(a) shall be accompanied by: 966 (i) the proposed agenda for the taxing entity committee meeting; and 967 (ii) if not previously provided and if the documents exist and are to be considered at 968 the meeting: 969 (A) the project area plan or proposed project area plan; 970 (B) the project area budget or proposed project area budget; 971 (C) the analysis required under Subsection 17C-2-103(2), 17C-3-103(2), or 972 17C-5-105(12); 973 (D) the [blight] development impediment study; 974 (E) the agency's resolution making a [finding of blight] development impediment 975 determination under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(ii)(B) or [Subsection] 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii); 976 and 977 (F) other documents to be considered by the taxing entity committee at the meeting. 978 (c) (i) An agency may not schedule a taxing entity committee meeting on a day on 979 which the Legislature is in session. 980 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c)(i), a taxing entity committee may, by unanimous 981 consent, waive the scheduling restriction described in Subsection (7)(c)(i). 982 (8) (a) A taxing entity committee may not vote on a proposed project area budget or 983 proposed amendment to a project area budget at the first meeting at which the proposed project 984 area budget or amendment is considered unless all members of the taxing entity committee
 - (b) A second taxing entity committee meeting to consider a proposed project area

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- budget or a proposed amendment to a project area budget may not be held within 14 days after the first meeting unless all members of the taxing entity committee present at the first meeting consent.
 - (9) Each taxing entity committee shall be governed by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
 - (10) A taxing entity committee's records shall be:
 - (a) considered the records of the agency that created the taxing entity committee; and
- 994 (b) maintained by the agency in accordance with Section 17C-1-209.
 - (11) Each time a school district representative or a representative of the State Board of Education votes as a member of a taxing entity committee to allow an agency to receive tax increment, to increase the amount of tax increment the agency receives, or to extend a project area funds collection period, that representative shall, within 45 days after the vote, provide to the representative's respective school board an explanation in writing of the representative's vote and the reasons for the vote.
 - (12) (a) The auditor of each county in which an agency is located shall provide a written report to the taxing entity committee stating, with respect to property within each project area:
 - (i) the base taxable value, as adjusted by any adjustments under Section 17C-1-408; and
 - (ii) the assessed value.
 - (b) With respect to the information required under Subsection (12)(a), the auditor shall provide:
 - (i) actual amounts for each year from the adoption of the project area plan to the time of the report; and
 - (ii) estimated amounts for each year beginning the year after the time of the report and ending the time that each project area funds collection period ends.
 - (c) The auditor of the county in which the agency is located shall provide a report under this Subsection (12):
 - (i) at least annually; and
- 1016 (ii) upon request of the taxing entity committee, before a taxing entity committee 1017 meeting at which the committee considers whether to allow the agency to receive tax

- increment, to increase the amount of tax increment that the agency receives, or to extend a project area funds collection period.
- 1020 (13) This section does not apply to:
 - (a) a community development project area plan; or
 - (b) a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to an interlocal agreement.
 - (14) (a) A taxing entity committee resolution approving a [blight finding] development impediment determination, approving a project area budget, or approving an amendment to a project area budget:
 - (i) is final; and

- (ii) is not subject to repeal, amendment, or reconsideration unless the agency first consents by resolution to the proposed repeal, amendment, or reconsideration.
- (b) The provisions of Subsection (14)(a) apply regardless of when the resolution is adopted.
 - Section 9. Section 17C-1-407 is amended to read:

17C-1-407. Limitations on tax increment.

- (1) (a) If the development of retail sales of goods is the primary objective of an urban renewal project area, tax increment from the urban renewal project area may not be paid to or used by an agency unless the agency makes a [finding of blight is made] development impediment determination under Chapter 2, Part 3, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in Urban Renewal Project Areas.
- (b) Development of retail sales of goods does not disqualify an agency from receiving tax increment.
- (c) After July 1, 2005, an agency may not receive or use tax increment generated from the value of property within an economic development project area that is attributable to the development of retail sales of goods, unless the tax increment was previously pledged to pay for bonds or other contractual obligations of the agency.
- (2) (a) An agency may not be paid any portion of a taxing entity's taxes resulting from an increase in the taxing entity's tax rate that occurs after the taxing entity committee approves the project area budget unless, at the time the taxing entity committee approves the project area budget, the taxing entity committee approves payment of those increased taxes to the agency.

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(b) If the taxing entity committee does not approve payment of the increased taxes to
the agency under Subsection (2)(a), the county shall distribute to the taxing entity the taxes
attributable to the tax rate increase in the same manner as other property taxes.

- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if, before tax year 2013, increased taxes are paid to an agency without the approval of the taxing entity committee, and notwithstanding the law at the time that the tax was collected or increased:
- (i) the State Tax Commission, the county as the collector of the taxes, a taxing entity, or any other person or entity may not recover, directly or indirectly, the increased taxes from the agency by adjustment of a tax rate used to calculate tax increment or otherwise;
- (ii) the county is not liable to a taxing entity or any other person or entity for the increased taxes that were paid to the agency; and
- (iii) tax increment, including the increased taxes, shall continue to be paid to the agency subject to the same number of tax years, percentage of tax increment, and cumulative dollar amount of tax increment as approved in the project area budget and previously paid to the agency.
- (3) Except as the taxing entity committee otherwise agrees, an agency may not receive tax increment under an urban renewal or economic development project area budget adopted on or after March 30, 2009:
- (a) that exceeds the percentage of tax increment or cumulative dollar amount of tax increment specified in the project area budget; or
 - (b) for more tax years than specified in the project area budget.
- Section 10. Section 17C-1-409 is amended to read:
 - 17C-1-409. Allowable uses of agency funds.
- 1072 (1) (a) An agency may use agency funds:
 - (i) for any purpose authorized under this title;
 - (ii) for administrative, overhead, legal, or other operating expenses of the agency, including consultant fees and expenses under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(b)(ii)(B) or funding for a business resource center;
 - (iii) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of:
- 1078 (A) project area development in a project area, including environmental remediation activities occurring before or after adoption of the project area plan;

- 1080 (B) housing-related expenditures, projects, or programs as described in Section 1081 17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412; 1082 (C) an incentive or other consideration paid to a participant under a participation 1083 agreement; 1084 (D) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (4), the value of the land for and the cost of the 1085 installation and construction of any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or 1086 other improvement within the project area from which the project area funds are collected; or 1087 (E) the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and improvements 1088 outside the project area from which the project area funds are collected if the board and the 1089 community legislative body determine by resolution that the publicly owned infrastructure and 1090 improvements benefit the project area; 1091 (iv) in an urban renewal project area that includes some or all of an inactive industrial 1092 site and subject to Subsection (1)(e), to reimburse the Department of Transportation created 1093 under Section 72-1-201, or a public transit district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, 1094 Public Transit District Act, for the cost of: 1095 (A) construction of a public road, bridge, or overpass; 1096 (B) relocation of a railroad track within the urban renewal project area; or 1097 (C) relocation of a railroad facility within the urban renewal project area; or 1098 (v) subject to Subsection (5), to transfer funds to a community that created the agency. 1099 (b) The determination of the board and the community legislative body under 1100 Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) regarding benefit to the project area shall be final and conclusive. 1101 (c) An agency may not use project area funds received from a taxing entity for the 1102 purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(D) under an urban renewal project area plan, an 1103 economic development project area plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan 1104 without the community legislative body's consent. 1105 (d) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(d)(ii), an agency may loan project area funds from a
- project area fund to another project area fund if:

 (A) the board approves; and

- (B) the community legislative body approves.
- 1109 (ii) An agency may not loan project area funds under Subsection (1)(d)(i) unless the 1110 projections for agency funds are sufficient to repay the loan amount.

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1111	(iii) A loan described in Subsection (1)(d) is not subject to Title 10, Chapter 5,
1112	Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal
1113	Procedures Act for Utah Cities, Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for
1114	Counties, or Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts.
1115	(e) Before an agency may pay any tax increment or sales tax revenue under Subsection
1116	(1)(a)(iv), the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement defining the terms of the
1117	reimbursement with:
1118	(i) the Department of Transportation; or
1119	(ii) a public transit district.
1120	(2) (a) Sales and use tax revenue that an agency receives from a taxing entity is not
1121	subject to the prohibition or limitations of Title 11, Chapter 41, Prohibition on Sales and Use
1122	Tax Incentive Payments Act.
1123	(b) An agency may use sales and use tax revenue that the agency receives under an
1124	interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 or 17C-5-204 for the uses authorized in the
1125	interlocal agreement.
1126	(3) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another
1127	public entity to use agency funds to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this title to be
1128	paid by the agency that are paid by the community or other public entity.
1129	(b) If land is acquired or the cost of an improvement is paid by another public entity
1130	and the land or improvement is leased to the community, an agency may contract with and
1131	make reimbursement from agency funds to the community.
1132	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use project
1133	area funds to construct a local government building unless the taxing entity committee or each
1134	taxing entity party to an interlocal agreement with the agency consents.
1135	(5) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the
1136	Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in
1137	a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(v), 17C-1-411(1)(d), and 17C-1-412
1138	$[(1)]$ $\underline{(3)}(a)(x)$ may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in Section

17C-1-412. Use of housing allocation -- Separate accounting required -- Issuance

Section 11. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read:

1142	of bonds for housing Action to compel agency to provide housing allocation.
1143	(1) (a) An agency shall use the agency's housing allocation[, if applicable,] to:
1144	(i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within
1145	the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;
1146	(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the
1147	boundary of the agency;
1148	(iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority,
1149	private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing within the
1150	boundary of the agency;
1151	(iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the
1152	agency;
1153	(v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of
1154	any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure
1155	improvements, related to housing located in a project area where [blight has been found to
1156	exist] a board has determined that a development impediment exists;
1157	(vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the project area development;
1158	(vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
1159	(A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides
1160	income targeted housing within the community; and
1161	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes
1162	stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
1163	(viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project
1164	area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
1165	(A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority
1166	that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
1167	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the
1168	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
1169	(ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by project area development; or
1170	(x) subject to Subsection (6), transfer funds to a community that created the agency.
1171	(b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or

any portion of the agency's housing allocation to:

1173	(i) the community for use as described in Subsection (1)(a);
1174	(ii) a housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community
1175	for use in providing income targeted housing within the community;
1176	(iii) a housing authority established by the county in which the agency is located for
1177	providing:
1178	(A) income targeted housing within the county;
1179	(B) permanent housing, permanent supportive housing, or a transitional facility, as
1180	defined in Section 35A-5-302, within the county; or
1181	(C) homeless assistance within the county; or
1182	(iv) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 35A, Chapter 8,
1183	Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within
1184	the community.
1185	(2) The agency shall create a housing fund and separately account for the agency's
1186	housing allocation, together with all interest earned by the housing allocation and all payments
1187	or repayments for loans, advances, or grants from the housing allocation.
1188	(3) An agency may:
1189	(a) issue bonds to finance a housing-related project under this section, including the
1190	payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or preliminary loans;
1191	and
1192	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection
1193	(3)(a) previously issued by the agency.
1194	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an agency shall allocate money to the
1195	housing fund each year in which the agency receives sufficient tax increment to make a
1196	housing allocation required by the project area budget.
1197	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply in a year in which tax increment is insufficient.
1198	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if an agency fails to provide a housing
1199	allocation in accordance with the project area budget and[, if applicable,] the housing plan
1200	adopted under Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan fund board may bring legal action to compel

(i) shall award the loan fund board reasonable attorney fees, unless the court finds that

the agency to provide the housing allocation.

(b) In an action under Subsection (5)(a), the court:

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1204	the action was frivolous; and
1205	(ii) may not award the agency the agency's attorney fees, unless the court finds that the
1206	action was frivolous.
1207	(6) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the
1208	Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in
1209	a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(x), 17C-1-409(1)(a)(v), and
1210	17C-1-411(1)(d) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in
1211	Section 35A-8-606.
1212	Section 12. Section 17C-1-802 is amended to read:
1213	17C-1-802. Combining hearings.
1214	A board may combine any combination of a [blight] development impediment hearing,
1215	a plan hearing, and a budget hearing.
1216	Section 13. Section 17C-1-803 is amended to read:
1217	17C-1-803. Continuing a hearing.
1218	Subject to Section 17C-1-804, the board may continue:
1219	(1) a [blight] development impediment hearing;
1220	(2) a plan hearing;
1221	(3) a budget hearing; or
1222	(4) a combined hearing under Section 17C-1-802.
1223	Section 14. Section 17C-1-804 is amended to read:
1224	17C-1-804. Notice required for continued hearing.
1225	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section [17C-1-802]
1226	17C-1-803 by announcing at the hearing:
1227	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
1228	(2) (a) that the hearing is being continued to a later time; and
1229	(b) that the board will cause a notice of the continued hearing to be published on the
1230	Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, at least seven days before the day on
1231	which the hearing is scheduled to resume.
1232	Section 15. Section 17C-1-805 is amended to read:
1233	17C-1-805. Agency to provide notice of hearings.
1234	(1) Each agency shall provide notice in accordance with this part of each:

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1235	(a) [blight] development impediment hearing;
1236	(b) plan hearing; or
1237	(c) budget hearing.
1238	(2) The notice required under Subsection (1) may be combined with the notice required
1239	for any of the other hearings if the hearings are combined under Section 17C-1-802.
1240	Section 16. Section 17C-1-807 is amended to read:
1241	17C-1-807. Additional requirements for notice of a development impediment
1242	hearing.
1243	Each notice under Section 17C-1-806 for a [blight] development impediment hearing
1244	shall also include:
1245	(1) a statement that:
1246	(a) a project area is being proposed;
1247	(b) the proposed project area may be [declared] determined to have [blight] a
1248	development impediment;
1249	(c) the record owner of property within the proposed project area has the right to
1250	present evidence at the [blight] development impediment hearing contesting the existence of
1251	[blight] a development impediment;
1252	(d) except for a hearing continued under Section 17C-1-803, the agency will notify the
1253	record owner of property referred to in Subsection 17C-1-806(1)(b)(i) of each additional public
1254	hearing held by the agency concerning the proposed project area before the adoption of the
1255	project area plan; and
1256	(e) a person contesting the existence of [blight] a development impediment in the
1257	proposed project area may appear before the board and show cause why the proposed project
1258	area should not be designated as a project area; and
1259	(2) if the agency anticipates acquiring property in an urban renewal project area or a
1260	community reinvestment project area by eminent domain, a clear and plain statement that:
1261	(a) the project area plan may require the agency to use eminent domain; and
1262	(b) the proposed use of eminent domain will be discussed at the [blight] development
1263	impediment hearing.
1264	Section 17. Section 17C-1-902 is amended to read:
1265	17C-1-902. Use of eminent domain Conditions.

1266 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), an agency may not use eminent domain to 1267 acquire property. (2) Subject to the provisions of this part, an agency may, in accordance with Title 78B. 1268 1269 Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, use eminent domain to acquire an interest in property: 1270 (a) within an urban renewal project area if: 1271 (i) the board makes a [finding of blight] development impediment determination under Chapter 2, Part 3, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in Urban Renewal Project 1272 1273 Areas: and 1274 (ii) the urban renewal project area plan provides for the use of eminent domain; (b) that is owned by an agency board member or officer and located within a project 1275 1276 area, if the board member or officer consents; 1277 (c) within a community reinvestment project area if: 1278 (i) the board makes a [finding of blight in accordance with] development impediment determination under Chapter 5, Part 4, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in a 1279 1280 Community Reinvestment Project Area: 1281 (ii) (A) the original community reinvestment project area plan provides for the use of 1282 eminent domain; or 1283 (B) the community reinvestment project area plan is amended in accordance with 1284 Subsection 17C-5-112(4); and (iii) the agency creates a taxing entity committee in accordance with Section 1285 1286 17C-1-402; 1287 (d) that: 1288 (i) is owned by a participant or a property owner that is entitled to receive tax 1289 increment or other assistance from the agency; 1290 (ii) is within a project area, regardless of when the project area is created, for which the 1291 [agency made a finding of blight under Section 17C-2-102 or 17C-5-405] board made a development impediment determination under Chapter 2, Part 3, Development Impediment 1292 1293 Determination in Urban Renewal Project Areas, or Chapter 5, Part 4, Development Impediment 1294 Determination in a Community Reinvestment Project Area; and 1295 (iii) (A) the participant or property owner described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) fails to 1296 develop or improve in accordance with the participation agreement or the project area plan; or

1297	(B) for a period of 36 months does not generate the amount of tax increment that the
1298	agency projected to receive under the project area budget; or
1299	(e) if a property owner requests in writing that the agency exercise eminent domain to
1300	acquire the property owner's property within a project area.
1301	(3) An agency shall, in accordance with the provisions of this part, commence the
1302	acquisition of property described in Subsections (2)(a) through (c) by adopting a resolution
1303	authorizing eminent domain within five years after the day on which the project area plan is
1304	effective.
1305	Section 18. Section 17C-2-101.5 is amended to read:
1306	17C-2-101.5. Resolution designating survey area Request to adopt resolution.
1307	(1) A board may begin the process of adopting an urban renewal project area plan by
1308	adopting a resolution that:
1309	(a) designates an area located within the agency's boundaries as a survey area;
1310	(b) contains a statement that the survey area requires study to determine whether:
1311	(i) one or more urban renewal project areas within the survey area are feasible; and
1312	(ii) [blight] a development impediment exists within the survey area; and
1313	(c) contains a boundary description or map of the survey area.
1314	(2) (a) Any person or any group, association, corporation, or other entity may submit a
1315	written request to the board to adopt a resolution under Subsection (1).
1316	(b) A request under Subsection (2)(a) may include plans showing the project area
1317	development proposed for an area within the agency's boundaries.
1318	(c) The board may, in the board's sole discretion, grant or deny a request under
1319	Subsection (2)(a).
1320	Section 19. Section 17C-2-102 is amended to read:
1321	17C-2-102. Process for adopting urban renewal project area plan Prerequisites
1322	Restrictions.
1323	(1) (a) In order to adopt an urban renewal project area plan, after adopting a resolution
1324	under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1) the agency shall:
1325	(i) unless a [finding of blight] development impediment determination is based on a
1326	[finding] determination made under Subsection 17C-2-303(1)(b) relating to an inactive
1327	industrial site or inactive airport site:

1328	(A) cause a [blight] development impediment study to be conducted within the survey
1329	area as provided in Section 17C-2-301;
1330	(B) provide notice of a [blight] development impediment hearing as required under
1331	Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements; and
1332	(C) hold a [blight] development impediment hearing as described in Section
1333	17C-2-302;
1334	(ii) after the [blight] development impediment hearing has been held or, if no [blight]
1335	development impediment hearing is required under Subsection (1)(a)(i), after adopting a
1336	resolution under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1), hold a board meeting at which the board shall:
1337	(A) consider:
1338	(I) [the issue of blight and] the evidence and information relating to the existence or
1339	nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
1340	(II) whether adoption of one or more urban renewal project area plans should be
1341	pursued; and
1342	(B) by resolution:
1343	(I) make a [finding] determination regarding the existence of [blight] a development
1344	impediment in the proposed urban renewal project area;
1345	(II) select one or more project areas comprising part or all of the survey area; and
1346	(III) authorize the preparation of a proposed project area plan for each project area;
1347	(iii) prepare a proposed project area plan and conduct any examination, investigation,
1348	and negotiation regarding the project area plan that the agency considers appropriate;
1349	(iv) make the proposed project area plan available to the public at the agency's offices
1350	during normal business hours;
1351	(v) provide notice of the plan hearing in accordance with Sections 17C-1-806 and
1352	17C-1-808;
1353	(vi) hold a plan hearing on the proposed project area plan and, at the plan hearing:
1354	(A) allow public comment on:
1355	(I) the proposed project area plan; and
1356	(II) whether the proposed project area plan should be revised, approved, or rejected;
1357	and
1358	(B) receive all written and hear all oral objections to the proposed project area plan:

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Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B)(I).

1359	(vii) before holding the plan hearing, provide an opportunity for the State Board of
1360	Education and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property within the proposed project area
1361	to consult with the agency regarding the proposed project area plan;
1362	(viii) if applicable, hold the election required under Subsection 17C-2-105(3);
1363	(ix) after holding the plan hearing, at the same meeting or at a subsequent meeting
1364	consider:
1365	(A) the oral and written objections to the proposed project area plan and evidence and
1366	testimony for and against adoption of the proposed project area plan; and
1367	(B) whether to revise, approve, or reject the proposed project area plan;
1368	(x) approve the proposed project area plan, with or without revisions, as the project
1369	area plan by a resolution that complies with Section 17C-2-106; and
1370	(xi) submit the project area plan to the community legislative body for adoption.
1371	(b) (i) If an agency makes a [finding] determination under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) that
1372	[blight] a development impediment exists in the proposed urban renewal project area, the
1373	agency may not adopt the project area plan until the taxing entity committee approves the
1374	[finding of blight] development impediment determination.
1375	(ii) (A) A taxing entity committee may not disapprove an agency's [finding of blight]
1376	development impediment determination unless the committee demonstrates that the conditions
1377	the agency found to exist in the urban renewal project area that support the agency's [finding of
1378	blight] development impediment determination under Section 17C-2-303:
1379	(I) do not exist; or
1380	(II) do not constitute [blight] a development impediment.
1381	(B) (I) If the taxing entity committee questions or disputes the existence of some or all
1382	of the [blight] development impediment conditions that the agency [found] determined to exist
1383	in the urban renewal project area or that those conditions constitute [blight] a development
1384	impediment, the taxing entity committee may hire a consultant, mutually agreed upon by the
1385	taxing entity committee and the agency, with the necessary expertise to assist the taxing entity
1386	committee to make a determination as to the existence of the questioned or disputed [blight]
1387	development impediment conditions.

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(II) The agency shall pay the fees and expenses of each consultant hired under

1390 (III) The [findings] determination of a consultant under this Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B) 1391 shall be binding on the taxing entity committee and the agency. 1392 (2) An agency may not propose a project area plan under Subsection (1) unless the 1393 community in which the proposed project area is located: 1394 (a) has a planning commission; and 1395 (b) has adopted a general plan under: 1396 (i) if the community is a municipality, Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 4, General Plan; or (ii) if the community is a county, Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 4, General Plan. 1397 1398 (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), a board may not approve a project area plan more 1399 than one year after adoption of a resolution making a [finding of blight] development 1400 impediment determination under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B). 1401 (b) If a project area plan is submitted to an election under Subsection 17C-2-105(3), 1402 the time between the plan hearing and the date of the election does not count for purposes of calculating the year period under Subsection (3)(a). 1403 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a proposed project area plan may not 1404 1405 be modified to add real property to the proposed project area unless the board holds a plan 1406 hearing to consider the addition and gives notice of the plan hearing as required under Sections 1407 17C-1-806 and 17C-1-808. 1408 (b) The notice and hearing requirements under Subsection (4)(a) do not apply to a 1409 proposed project area plan being modified to add real property to the proposed project area if: 1410 (i) the property is contiguous to the property already included in the proposed project 1411 area under the proposed project area plan; 1412 (ii) the record owner of the property consents to adding the real property to the 1413 proposed project area; and 1414 (iii) the property is located within the survey area. 1415 Section 20. Section 17C-2-103 is amended to read: 17C-2-103. Urban renewal project area plan requirements. 1416 (1) [Each] An agency shall ensure that each urban renewal project area plan and 1417 1418 proposed project area plan [shall]: (a) [describe] describes the boundaries of the project area, subject to Section 1419 1420 17C-1-414, if applicable:

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1421	(b) [contain] contains a general statement of the land uses, layout of principal stre	ets,
1422	population densities, and building intensities of the project area and how they will be affe	cted
1423	by the project area development;	
1424	(c) [state] states the standards that will guide the project area development;	
1425	(d) [show] shows how the purposes of this title will be attained by the project area	a
1426	development;	
1427	(e) [be] is consistent with the general plan of the community in which the project	area
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- is located and show that the project area development will conform to the community's general plan;
 - (f) [describe] describes how the project area development will reduce or eliminate [blight] a development impediment in the project area;
 - (g) [describe] describes any specific project or projects that are the object of the proposed project area development;
 - (h) [identify] identifies how a participant will be selected to undertake the project area development and identify each participant currently involved in the project area development;
 - (i) [state] states the reasons for the selection of the project area;
 - (j) [describe] describes the physical, social, and economic conditions existing in the project area;
 - (k) [describe] describes any tax incentives offered private entities for facilities located in the project area;
 - (l) [include] includes the analysis described in Subsection (2);
 - (m) if any of the existing buildings or uses in the project area are included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or the State Register, [state] states that the agency shall comply with Section 9-8-404 as though the agency were a state agency; and
 - (n) [include] includes other information that the agency determines to be necessary or advisable.
 - (2) [Each] An agency shall ensure that each analysis under Subsection (1)(1) [shall consider] considers:
 - (a) the benefit of any financial assistance or other public subsidy proposed to be provided by the agency, including:
 - (i) an evaluation of the reasonableness of the costs of the project area development;

1452	(ii) efforts the agency or participant has made or will make to maximize private
1453	investment;
1454	(iii) the rationale for use of tax increment, including an analysis of whether the
1455	proposed project area development might reasonably be expected to occur in the foreseeable
1456	future solely through private investment; and
1457	(iv) an estimate of the total amount of tax increment that will be expended in
1458	undertaking project area development and the project area funds collection period; and
1459	(b) the anticipated public benefit to be derived from the project area development,
1460	including:
1461	(i) the beneficial influences upon the tax base of the community;
1462	(ii) the associated business and economic activity likely to be stimulated; and
1463	(iii) whether adoption of the project area plan is necessary and appropriate to reduce or
1464	eliminate [blight] a development impediment.
1465	Section 21. Section 17C-2-106 is amended to read:
1466	17C-2-106. Board resolution approving urban renewal project area plan
1467	Requirements.
1468	[Each board] A board shall ensure that each resolution approving a proposed urban
1469	renewal project area plan as the project area plan under Subsection $17C-2-102(1)(a)(x)$ [shall
1470	contains:
1471	(1) a boundary description of the boundaries of the project area that is the subject of the
1472	project area plan;
1473	(2) the agency's purposes and intent with respect to the project area;
1474	(3) the project area plan incorporated by reference;
1475	(4) a statement that the board previously made a [finding of blight] development
1476	impediment determination within the project area and the date of the board's [finding of blight]
1477	determination; and
1478	(5) the board findings and determinations that:
1479	(a) there is a need to effectuate a public purpose;
1480	(b) there is a public benefit under the analysis described in Subsection 17C-2-103(2);
1481	(c) it is economically sound and feasible to adopt and carry out the project area plan;
1482	(d) the project area plan conforms to the community's general plan; and

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1483	(e) carrying out the project area plan will promote the public peace, health, safety, and
1484	welfare of the community in which the project area is located.
1485	Section 22. Section 17C-2-110 is amended to read:
1486	17C-2-110. Amending an urban renewal project area plan.
1487	(1) [An] An agency may amend an urban renewal project area plan [may be amended]
1488	as provided in this section.
1489	(2) If an agency proposes to amend an urban renewal project area plan to enlarge the
1490	project area:
1491	(a) subject to Subsection (2)(e), the requirements under this part that apply to adopting
1492	a project area plan apply equally to the proposed amendment as if it were a proposed project
1493	area plan;
1494	(b) for a pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan, the base year for the new area added to the
1495	project area shall be determined under Subsection 17C-1-102(9) using the effective date of the
1496	amended project area plan;
1497	(c) for a post-June 30, 1993, project area plan:
1498	(i) the base year for the new area added to the project area shall be determined under
1499	Subsection 17C-1-102(9) using the date of the taxing entity committee's consent referred to in
1500	Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
1501	(ii) the agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee before the agency
1502	may collect tax increment from the area added to the project area by the amendment;
1503	(d) the agency shall make a [finding] determination regarding the existence of [blight]
1504	a development impediment in the area proposed to be added to the project area by following
1505	the procedure set forth in Chapter 2, Part 3, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination
1506	in Urban Renewal Project Areas; and
1507	(e) the agency need not make a [finding regarding the existence of blight] development
1508	impediment determination in the project area as described in the original project area plan, if
1509	the agency made a [finding of the existence of blight] development impediment determination

(a) the agency gives notice, as provided in Section 17C-1-806, of the proposed

(3) If a proposed amendment does not propose to enlarge an urban renewal project

regarding that project area in connection with adoption of the original project area plan.

area, a board may adopt a resolution approving an amendment to a project area plan after:

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amendment and of the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(b);

- (b) the board holds a public hearing on the proposed amendment that meets the requirements of a plan hearing;
- (c) the agency obtains the taxing entity committee's consent to the amendment, if the amendment proposes:
 - (i) to enlarge the area within the project area from which tax increment is collected;
- (ii) to permit the agency to receive a greater percentage of tax increment or to extend the project area funds collection period, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area plan; or
- (iii) for an amendment to a project area plan that was adopted before April 1, 1983, to expand the area from which tax increment is collected to exceed 100 acres of private property; and
- (d) the agency obtains the consent of the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity affected, if the amendment proposes to permit the agency to receive, from less than all taxing entities, a greater percentage of tax increment or to extend the project area funds collection period, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area plan.
- (4) (a) [An] An agency may amend an urban renewal project area plan [may be amended] without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements of Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a) and (b) and without obtaining taxing entity committee approval under Subsection (3)(c) if the amendment:
- (i) makes a minor adjustment in the boundary description of a project area boundary requested by a county assessor or county auditor to avoid inconsistent property boundary lines; or
- (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(b), removes one or more parcels from a project area because the agency determines that each parcel removed is:
 - (A) tax exempt;
 - (B) [no longer blighted] without a development impediment; or
 - (C) no longer necessary or desirable to the project area.
- (b) [An] An agency may make an amendment removing one or more parcels from a project area under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) [may be made] without the consent of the record property owner of each parcel being removed.

(5) (a) An amendment approved by board resolution under this section may not take
effect until adopted by ordinance of the legislative body of the community in which the project
area that is the subject of the project area plan being amended is located.

- (b) Upon a community legislative body passing an ordinance adopting an amendment to a project area plan, the agency whose project area plan was amended shall comply with the requirements of Sections 17C-2-108 and 17C-2-109 to the same extent as if the amendment were a project area plan.
- (6) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which an amendment to a project area plan becomes effective, a person may contest the amendment to the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan if the amendment or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
- (b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (6)(a) expires, a person may not contest the amendment to the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan for any cause.
 - Section 23. Section 17C-2-202 is amended to read:

17C-2-202. Combined incremental value -- Restriction against adopting an urban renewal project area budget -- Taxing entity committee may waive restriction.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), an agency may not adopt an urban renewal project area budget if, at the time the urban renewal project area budget is being considered, the combined incremental value for the agency exceeds 10% of the total taxable value of property within the agency's boundaries in the year that the urban renewal project area budget is being considered.
- (2) (a) A taxing entity committee may waive the restrictions imposed by Subsection (1).
- (b) Subsection (1) does not apply to an urban renewal project area budget if the agency's [finding of blight] development impediment determination in the project area to which the budget relates is based on a [finding] determination under Subsection 17C-2-303(1)(b).
 - Section 24. Section 17C-2-301 is amended to read:
 - Part 3. Development Impediment Determination in Urban Renewal Project Areas 17C-2-301. Development impediment study -- Requirements -- Deadline.
- (1) [Each blight] An agency shall ensure that each development impediment study

15/6	required under Subsection 1/C-2-102(1)(a)(1)(A) [shall]:
1577	(a) [undertake] undertakes a parcel by parcel survey of the survey area;
1578	(b) [provide] provides data so the board and taxing entity committee may determine:
1579	(i) whether the conditions described in Subsection 17C-2-303(1):
1580	(A) exist in part or all of the survey area; and
1581	(B) qualify an area within the survey area as a project area; and
1582	(ii) whether the survey area contains all or part of a superfund site, an inactive
1583	industrial site, or inactive airport site;
1584	(c) [include] includes a written report setting forth:
1585	(i) the conclusions reached;
1586	(ii) any recommended area within the survey area qualifying as a project area; and
1587	(iii) any other information requested by the agency to determine whether an urban
1588	renewal project area is feasible; and
1589	(d) [be] is completed within one year after the adoption of the survey area resolution.
1590	(2) (a) If a [blight] development impediment study is not completed within one year
1591	after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1) designating a survey area,
1592	the agency may not approve an urban renewal project area plan based on that [blight]
1593	development impediment study unless [it] the agency first adopts a new resolution under
1594	Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1).
1595	(b) A new resolution under Subsection (2)(a) shall in all respects be considered to be a
1596	resolution under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1) adopted for the first time, except that any actions
1597	taken toward completing a [blight] development impediment study under the resolution that the
1598	new resolution replaces shall be considered to have been taken under the new resolution.
1599	Section 25. Section 17C-2-302 is amended to read:
1600	17C-2-302. Development impediment hearing Owners may review evidence of
1601	a development impediment.
1602	(1) In each hearing required under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C), the agency shall:
1603	(a) permit all evidence of the existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development
1604	impediment within the proposed urban renewal project area to be presented; and
1605	(b) permit each record owner of property located within the proposed urban renewal
1606	project area or the record property owner's representative the opportunity to:

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fire code requirements or local ordinances;

1607	(i) examine and cross-examine witnesses providing evidence of the existence or
1608	nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
1609	(ii) present evidence and testimony, including expert testimony, concerning the
1610	existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment.
1611	(2) The agency shall allow record owners of property located within a proposed urban
1612	renewal project area the opportunity, for at least 30 days before the hearing, to review the
1613	evidence of [blight] a development impediment compiled by the agency or by the person or
1614	firm conducting the [blight] development impediment study for the agency, including any
1615	expert report.
1616	Section 26. Section 17C-2-303 is amended to read:
1617	17C-2-303. Conditions on board determination of a development impediment
1618	Conditions of a development impediment caused by the participant.
1619	(1) A board may not make a [finding of blight] development impediment determination
1620	in a resolution under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(ii)(B) unless the board finds that:
1621	(a) (i) the proposed project area consists predominantly of nongreenfield parcels;
1622	(ii) the proposed project area is currently zoned for urban purposes and generally
1623	served by utilities;
1624	(iii) at least 50% of the parcels within the proposed project area contain nonagricultural
1625	or nonaccessory buildings or improvements used or intended for residential, commercial,
1626	industrial, or other urban purposes, or any combination of those uses;
1627	(iv) the present condition or use of the proposed project area substantially impairs the
1628	sound growth of the municipality, retards the provision of housing accommodations, or
1629	constitutes an economic liability or is detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare, as
1630	shown by the existence within the proposed project area of at least four of the following
1631	factors:
1632	(A) one of the following, although sometimes interspersed with well maintained
1633	buildings and infrastructure:
1634	(I) substantial physical dilapidation, deterioration, or defective construction of
1635	buildings or infrastructure; or
1636	(II) significant noncompliance with current building code, safety code, health code, or

1638	(B) unsanitary or unsafe conditions in the proposed project area that threaten the
1639	health, safety, or welfare of the community;
1640	(C) environmental hazards, as defined in state or federal law, that require remediation
1641	as a condition for current or future use and development;
1642	(D) excessive vacancy, abandoned buildings, or vacant lots within an area zoned for
1643	urban use and served by utilities;
1644	(E) abandoned or outdated facilities that pose a threat to public health, safety, or
1645	welfare;
1646	(F) criminal activity in the project area, higher than that of comparable [nonblighted]
1647	areas in the municipality or county that are without a development impediment; and
1648	(G) defective or unusual conditions of title rendering the title nonmarketable; and
1649	(v) (A) at least 50% of the privately-owned parcels within the proposed project area are
1650	affected by at least one of the factors, but not necessarily the same factor, listed in Subsection
1651	(1)(a)(iv); and
1652	(B) the affected parcels comprise at least 66% of the privately-owned acreage of the
1653	proposed project area; or
1654	(b) the proposed project area includes some or all of a superfund site, inactive
1655	industrial site, or inactive airport site.
1656	(2) No single parcel comprising 10% or more of the acreage of the proposed project
1657	area may be counted as satisfying Subsection (1)(a)(iii) or (iv) unless at least 50% of the area of
1658	that parcel is occupied by buildings or improvements.
1659	(3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (1), if a participant involved in the project area
1660	development has caused a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(iv) within the proposed project
1661	area, that condition may not be used in the determination of [blight] a development
1662	impediment.
1663	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to a condition that was caused by an owner or
1664	tenant who becomes a participant.
1665	Section 27. Section 17C-2-304 is amended to read:
1666	17C-2-304. Challenging a development impediment determination Time limit
1667	De novo review.
1668	(1) If the board makes a [finding of blight] development impediment determination

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accordance with Section 17C-5-403.

1669	under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(ii)(B) and that [finding] determination is approved by
1670	resolution adopted by the taxing entity committee, a record owner of property located within
1671	the proposed urban renewal project area may challenge the [finding] determination by filing an
1672	action with the district court for the county in which the property is located.
1673	(2) [Each] A person shall file a challenge under Subsection (1) [shall be filed] within
1674	30 days after the taxing entity committee approves the board's [finding of blight] development
1675	impediment determination.
1676	(3) In each action under this section, the district court shall review the [finding of
1677	blight] development impediment determination under the standards of review provided in
1678	Subsection 10-9a-801(3).
1679	Section 28. Section 17C-5-103 is amended to read:
1680	17C-5-103. Initiating a community reinvestment project area plan.
1681	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), a board shall initiate the process of adopting a
1682	community reinvestment project area plan by adopting a survey area resolution that:
1683	(a) designates a geographic area located within the agency's boundaries as a survey
1684	area;
1685	(b) contains a description or map of the boundaries of the survey area;
1686	(c) contains a statement that the survey area requires study to determine whether
1687	project area development is feasible within one or more proposed community reinvestment
1688	project areas within the survey area; and
1689	(d) authorizes the agency to:
1690	(i) prepare a proposed community reinvestment project area plan for each proposed
1691	community reinvestment project area; and
1692	(ii) conduct any examination, investigation, or negotiation regarding the proposed
1693	community reinvestment project area that the agency considers appropriate.
1694	(2) If an agency anticipates using eminent domain to acquire property within the survey
1695	area, the resolution described in Subsection (1) shall include:
1696	(a) a statement that the survey area requires study to determine whether [blight] \underline{a}
1697	development impediment exists within the survey area; and

(b) authorization for the agency to conduct a [blight] development impediment study in

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and Notice Requirements;

1700	Section 29. Section 17C-5-104 is amended to read:
1701	17C-5-104. Process for adopting a community reinvestment project area plan
1702	Prerequisites Restrictions.
1703	(1) An agency may not propose a community reinvestment project area plan unless the
1704	community in which the proposed community reinvestment project area plan is located:
1705	(a) has a planning commission; and
1706	(b) has adopted a general plan under:
1707	(i) if the community is a municipality, Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 4, General Plan; or
1708	(ii) if the community is a county, Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 4, General Plan.
1709	(2) (a) Before an agency may adopt a proposed community reinvestment project area
1710	plan, the agency shall conduct a [blight] development impediment study and make a [blight]
1711	development impediment determination in accordance with Part 4, [Blight] Development
1712	Impediment Determination in a Community Reinvestment Project Area, if the agency
1713	anticipates using eminent domain to acquire property within the proposed community
1714	reinvestment project area.
1715	(b) If applicable, an agency may not approve a community reinvestment project area
1716	plan more than one year after the agency adopts a resolution making a [finding of blight]
1717	development impediment determination under Section 17C-5-402.
1718	(3) To adopt a community reinvestment project area plan, an agency shall:
1719	(a) prepare a proposed community reinvestment project area plan in accordance with
1720	Section 17C-5-105;
1721	(b) make the proposed community reinvestment project area plan available to the
1722	public at the agency's office during normal business hours for at least 30 days before the plan
1723	hearing described in Subsection (3)(e);
1724	(c) before holding the plan hearing described in Subsection (3)(e), provide an
1725	opportunity for the State Board of Education and each taxing entity that levies or imposes a tax
1726	within the proposed community reinvestment project area to consult with the agency regarding
1727	the proposed community reinvestment project area plan;
1728	(d) provide notice of the plan hearing in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing

(e) hold a plan hearing on the proposed community reinvestment project area plan and,

plan;

1731	at the plan hearing:
1732	(i) allow public comment on:
1733	(A) the proposed community reinvestment project area plan; and
1734	(B) whether the agency should revise, approve, or reject the proposed community
1735	reinvestment project area plan; and
1736	(ii) receive all written and oral objections to the proposed community reinvestment
1737	project area plan; and
1738	(f) following the plan hearing described in Subsection (3)(e), or at a subsequent agency
1739	meeting:
1740	(i) consider:
1741	(A) the oral and written objections to the proposed community reinvestment project
1742	area plan and evidence and testimony for and against adoption of the proposed community
1743	reinvestment project area plan; and
1744	(B) whether to revise, approve, or reject the proposed community reinvestment project
1745	area plan;
1746	(ii) adopt a resolution in accordance with Section 17C-5-108 that approves the
1747	proposed community reinvestment project area plan, with or without revisions, as the
1748	community reinvestment project area plan; and
1749	(iii) submit the community reinvestment project area plan to the community legislative
1750	body for adoption.
1751	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an agency may not modify a proposed
1752	community reinvestment project area plan to add one or more parcels to the proposed
1753	community reinvestment project area unless the agency holds a plan hearing to consider the
1754	addition and gives notice of the plan hearing in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and
1755	Notice Requirements.
1756	(b) The notice and hearing requirements described in Subsection (4)(a) do not apply to
1757	a proposed community reinvestment project area plan being modified to add one or more
1758	parcels to the proposed community reinvestment project area if:
1759	(i) each parcel is contiguous to one or more parcels already included in the proposed
1760	community reinvestment project area under the proposed community reinvestment project area

1762 (ii) the record owner of each parcel consents to adding the parcel to the proposed 1763 community reinvestment project area; and 1764 (iii) each parcel is located within the survey area. 1765 Section 30. Section 17C-5-105 is amended to read: 1766 17C-5-105. Community reinvestment project area plan requirements. 1767 [Each] An agency shall ensure that each community reinvestment project area plan and 1768 proposed community reinvestment project area plan [shall]: 1769 (1) subject to Section 17C-1-414, if applicable, [include] includes a boundary 1770 description and a map of the community reinvestment project area; 1771 (2) [contain] contains a general statement of the existing land uses, layout of principal streets, population densities, and building intensities of the community reinvestment project 1772 area and how each will be affected by project area development; 1773 1774 (3) [state] states the standards that will guide project area development; 1775 (4) [show] shows how project area development will further purposes of this title; 1776 (5) [be] is consistent with the general plan of the community in which the community 1777 reinvestment project area is located and [show] shows that project area development will conform to the community's general plan; 1778 1779 (6) if applicable, [describe] describes how project area development will eliminate or 1780 reduce [blight] a development impediment in the community reinvestment project area; (7) [describe] describes any specific project area development that is the object of the 1781 1782 community reinvestment project area plan; 1783 (8) if applicable, [explain] explains how the agency plans to select a participant; (9) [state] states each reason the agency selected the community reinvestment project 1784 1785 area; 1786 (10) [describe] describes the physical, social, and economic conditions that exist in the 1787 community reinvestment project area: 1788 (11) [describe] describes each type of financial assistance that the agency anticipates 1789 offering a participant; 1790 (12) [include] includes an analysis or description of the anticipated public benefit 1791 resulting from project area development, including benefits to the community's economic 1792 activity and tax base;

1793	(13) if applicable, [state] states that the agency shall comply with Section 9-8-404 as
1794	required under Section 17C-5-106;
1795	(14) [state] for a community reinvestment project area plan that an agency adopted
1796	before May 14, 2019, states whether the community reinvestment project area plan or proposed
1797	community reinvestment project area plan is subject to a taxing entity committee or an
1798	interlocal agreement; and
1799	(15) [include] includes other information that the agency determines to be necessary or
1800	advisable.
1801	Section 31. Section 17C-5-108 is amended to read:
1802	17C-5-108. Board resolution approving a community reinvestment project area
1803	plan Requirements.
1804	A board shall ensure that a resolution approving a proposed community reinvestment
1805	area plan as the community reinvestment project area plan under Section 17C-5-104 [shall
1806	contain] contains:
1807	(1) a boundary description of the community reinvestment project area that is the
1808	subject of the community reinvestment project area plan;
1809	(2) the agency's purposes and intent with respect to the community reinvestment
1810	project area;
1811	(3) the proposed community reinvestment project area plan incorporated by reference;
1812	(4) the board findings and determinations that the proposed community reinvestment
1813	project area plan:
1814	(a) serves a public purpose;
1815	(b) produces a public benefit as demonstrated by the analysis described in Subsection
1816	17C-5-105(12);
1817	(c) is economically sound and feasible;
1818	(d) conforms to the community's general plan; and
1819	(e) promotes the public peace, health, safety, and welfare of the community in which
1820	the proposed community reinvestment project area is located; and
1821	(5) if the board made a [finding of blight] development impediment determination
1822	under Section 17C-5-402, a statement that the board made a [finding of blight] development
1823	impediment determination within the proposed community reinvestment project area and the

1824	date on which the board made the [finding of blight] determination.
1825	Section 32. Section 17C-5-112 is amended to read:
1826	17C-5-112. Amending a community reinvestment project area plan.
1827	(1) An agency may amend a community reinvestment project area plan in accordance
1828	with this section.
1829	(2) (a) If an amendment proposes to enlarge a community reinvestment project area's
1830	geographic area, the agency shall:
1831	(i) comply with this part as though the agency were creating a community reinvestment
1832	project area;
1833	(ii) if the agency anticipates receiving project area funds from the area proposed to be
1834	added to the community reinvestment project area, before the agency may collect project area
1835	funds:
1836	(A) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
1837	committee, obtain approval to receive tax increment from the taxing entity committee; or
1838	(B) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to an interlocal
1839	agreement, obtain the approval of the taxing entity that is a party to the interlocal agreement;
1840	and
1841	(iii) if the agency anticipates acquiring property in the area proposed to be added to the
1842	community reinvestment project area by eminent domain, follow the procedures described in
1843	Section 17C-5-402.
1844	(b) The base year for the area proposed to be added to the community reinvestment
1845	project area shall be determined using the date of:
1846	(i) the taxing entity committee's consent as described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A); or
1847	(ii) the taxing entity's consent as described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B).
1848	(3) If an amendment does not propose to enlarge a community reinvestment project
1849	area's geographic area, the board may adopt a resolution approving the amendment after the
1850	agency:
1851	(a) if the amendment does not propose to allow the agency to receive a greater amount
1852	of project area funds or to extend a project area funds collection period:
1853	(i) gives notice in accordance with Section 17C-1-806; and
1854	(ii) holds a public hearing on the proposed amendment that meets the requirements

Subsection (4) does not affect:

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1855	described in Subsection 17C-5-104(3); or	
1856	(b) if the amendment proposes to also allow the agency to receive a greater amount of	
1857	project area funds or to extend a project area funds collection period:	
1858	(i) complies with Subsection (3)(a)(i) and (ii); and	
1859	(ii) (A) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity	
1860	committee, obtains approval from the taxing entity committee; or	
1861	(B) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to an interlocal	
1862	agreement, obtains approval to receive project area funds from the taxing entity that is a party	
1863	to the interlocal agreement.	
1864	[(4) (a) An agency may amend a community reinvestment project area plan for a	
1865	community reinvestment project area that is subject to an interlocal agreement for the purpose	
1866	of using eminent domain to acquire one or more parcels within the community reinvestment	
1867	project area.]	
1868	(4) (a) If a board has not made a determination under Part 4, Development Impediment	
1869	Determination in a Community Reinvestment Project Area, but intends to use eminent domain	
1870	within a community reinvestment project area, the agency may amend the community	
1871	reinvestment project area plan in accordance with this Subsection (4).	
1872	(b) To amend a community reinvestment project area plan as described in Subsection	
1873	(4)(a), an agency shall:	
1874	(i) adopt a survey area resolution that identifies each parcel that the agency intends to	
1875	study to determine whether [blight] a development impediment exists;	
1876	(ii) in accordance with Part 4, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in a	
1877	Community Reinvestment Project Area, conduct a [blight] development impediment study	
1878	within the survey area and make a [blight] development impediment determination; and	
1879	[(iii) create a taxing entity committee whose sole purpose is to approve any finding of	
1880	blight in accordance with Subsection 17C-5-402(3); and]	
1881	[(iv)] (iii) obtain approval to amend the community reinvestment project area plan	
1882	from each taxing entity that is a party to an interlocal agreement.	
1883	(c) Amending a community reinvestment project area plan as described in this	

(i) the base year of the parcel or parcels that are the subject of an amendment under this

1886	Subsection	(4);	and

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- (ii) any interlocal agreement under which the agency is authorized to receive project area funds from the community reinvestment project area.
- (5) An agency may amend a community reinvestment project area plan without obtaining the consent of a taxing entity or a taxing entity committee and without providing notice or holding a public hearing if the amendment:
- (a) makes a minor adjustment in the community reinvestment project area boundary that is requested by a county assessor or county auditor to avoid inconsistent property boundary lines; or
- (b) removes one or more parcels from a community reinvestment project area because the agency determines that each parcel is:
 - (i) tax exempt;
 - (ii) [no longer blighted] without a development impediment; or
 - (iii) no longer necessary or desirable to the project area.
- (6) (a) An amendment approved by board resolution under this section may not take effect until the community legislative body adopts an ordinance approving the amendment.
- (b) Upon the community legislative body adopting an ordinance approving an amendment under Subsection (6)(a), the agency shall comply with the requirements described in Sections 17C-5-110 and 17C-5-111 as if the amendment were a community reinvestment project area plan.
- (7) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which an amendment to a project area plan becomes effective, a person may contest the amendment to the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan if the amendment or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
- (b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (7)(a) expires, a person may not contest the amendment to the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan for any cause.
 - Section 33. Section 17C-5-202 is amended to read:

17C-5-202. Community reinvestment project area funding.

1915 (1) (a) [Except] Beginning on May 14, 2019, and except as provided in Subsection (2), 1916 for the purpose of receiving project area funds for use within a community reinvestment project

area, an agency shall negotiate and enter into an interlocal agreement with a taxing entity in
accordance with Section 17C-5-204 to receive all or a portion of the taxing entity's tax
increment or sales and use tax revenue in accordance with the interlocal agreement.

- (b) If a community reinvestment project area is subject to an interlocal agreement under Subsection (1)(a) and the agency subsequently amends the community reinvestment project area plan as described in Subsection 17C-5-112(4), the agency shall continue to receive project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
- [(2) If an agency plans to create a community reinvestment project area and adopt a community reinvestment project area plan that provides for the use of eminent domain to acquire property within the community reinvestment project area, the agency shall create a taxing entity committee as described in Section 17C-1-402 and receive tax increment in accordance with Section 17C-5-203.]
- (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an agency may receive tax increment in accordance with Section 17C-5-203 if the agency created a community reinvestment project area before May 14, 2019, that is subject to a taxing entity committee and provides for the use of eminent domain to acquire property within the community reinvestment project area.
- (3) An agency shall comply with [Chapter 5,] Part 3, Community Reinvestment Project Area Budget, regardless of whether an agency enters into an interlocal agreement under Subsection [(1) or creates a taxing entity committee] (1) or receives tax increment under Subsection (2).
 - Section 34. Section 17C-5-203 is amended to read:

17C-5-203. Community reinvestment project area subject to taxing entity committee -- Tax increment.

- (1) This section applies to a community reinvestment project area <u>that an agency</u> <u>created before May 14, 2019, and</u> that is subject to a taxing entity committee under Subsection 17C-5-202(2).
- (2) Subject to the taxing entity committee's approval of a community reinvestment project area budget under Section 17C-5-304, and for the purpose of implementing a community reinvestment project area plan, an agency may receive up to 100% of a taxing entity's tax increment, or any specified dollar amount of tax increment, for any period of time.
 - (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), an agency that adopts a community reinvestment

1948	project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity committee may negotiate and enter into an
1949	interlocal agreement with a taxing entity and receive all or a portion of the taxing entity's sales
1950	and use tax revenue for any period of time.
1951	Section 35. Section 17C-5-401 is amended to read:
1952	Part 4. Development Impediment Determination in a Community
1953	Reinvestment Project Area
1954	17C-5-401. Title.
1955	This part is known as "[Blight] Development Impediment Determination in a
1956	Community Reinvestment Project Area."
1957	Section 36. Section 17C-5-402 is amended to read:
1958	17C-5-402. Development impediment determination in a community
1959	reinvestment project area Prerequisites Restrictions.
1960	(1) An agency shall comply with the provisions of this section before the agency may
1961	use eminent domain to acquire property under Chapter 1, Part 9, Eminent Domain.
1962	(2) An agency shall, after adopting a survey area resolution as described in Section
1963	17C-5-103:
1964	(a) cause a [blight] development impediment study to be conducted within the survey
1965	area in accordance with Section 17C-5-403;
1966	(b) provide notice and hold a [blight] development impediment hearing in accordance
1967	with Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements; and
1968	(c) after the [blight] development impediment hearing, at the same or at a subsequent
1969	meeting:
1970	(i) consider [the issue of blight and] the evidence and information relating to the
1971	existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
1972	(ii) by resolution, make a [finding] determination regarding whether [blight] a
1973	development impediment exists in all or part of the survey area.
1974	[(3) (a) If an agency makes a finding of blight under Subsection (2), the agency may
1975	not adopt an original community reinvestment project area plan or an amendment to a
1976	community reinvestment project area plan under Subsection 17C-5-112(4) until the taxing
1977	entity committee approves the finding of blight.]
1978	[(b) (i) A taxing entity committee shall approve an agency's finding of blight unless the

19/9	taxing entity committee demonstrates that the conditions the agency found to exist in the
1980	survey area that support the agency's finding of blight:]
1981	[(A) do not exist; or]
1982	[(B) do not constitute blight under Section 17C-5-405.]
1983	[(ii) (A) If the taxing entity committee questions or disputes the existence of some or
1984	all of the blight conditions that the agency found to exist in the survey area, the taxing entity
1985	committee may hire a consultant, mutually agreed upon by the taxing entity committee and the
1986	agency, with the necessary expertise to assist the taxing entity committee in making a
1987	determination as to the existence of the questioned or disputed blight conditions.]
1988	[(B) The agency shall pay the fees and expenses of each consultant hired under
1989	Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A).
1990	[(C) The findings of a consultant hired under Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A) are binding on
1991	the taxing entity committee and the agency.]
1992	Section 37. Section 17C-5-403 is amended to read:
1993	17C-5-403. Development impediment study Requirements Deadline.
1994	(1) [A blight] An agency shall ensure that a development impediment study [shall]:
1995	(a) [undertake] undertakes a parcel by parcel survey of the survey area;
1996	(b) [provide] provides data so the board [and taxing entity committee] may determine:
1997	(i) whether the conditions described in Section 17C-5-405:
1998	(A) exist in part or all of the survey area; and
1999	(B) meet the qualifications for a [finding of blight] development impediment
2000	determination in all or part of the survey area; and
2001	(ii) whether the survey area contains all or part of a superfund site;
2002	(c) [includes] includes a written report that states:
2003	(i) the conclusions reached;
2004	(ii) any area within the survey area that meets the statutory criteria of [blight] \underline{a}
2005	development impediment under Section 17C-5-405; and
2006	(iii) any other information requested by the agency to determine whether [blight] a
2007	development impediment exists within the survey area; and
2008	(d) [be] is completed within one year after the day on which the survey area resolution
2009	is adopted.

- (2) (a) If a [blight] development impediment study is not completed within the time described in Subsection (1)(d), the agency may not approve a community reinvestment project area plan or an amendment to a community reinvestment project area plan under Subsection 17C-5-112(4) based on a [blight] development impediment study unless the agency first adopts a new resolution under Subsection 17C-5-103(1).
- (b) A new resolution described in Subsection (2)(a) shall in all respects be considered to be a resolution under Subsection 17C-5-103(1) adopted for the first time, except that any actions taken toward completing a [blight] development impediment study under the resolution that the new resolution replaces shall be considered to have been taken under the new resolution.
- (3) (a) For the purpose of making a [blight] <u>development impediment</u> determination under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii), a [blight] <u>development impediment</u> study is valid for one year from the day on which the [blight] development impediment study is completed.
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), an agency that makes a [blight] development impediment determination under a valid [blight] development impediment study and subsequently adopts a community reinvestment project area plan in accordance with Section 17C-5-104 may amend the community reinvestment project area plan without conducting a new [blight] development impediment study.
- (ii) An agency shall conduct a supplemental [blight] <u>development impediment</u> study for the area proposed to be added to the community reinvestment project area if the agency proposes an amendment to a community reinvestment project area plan that:
- (A) increases the community reinvestment project area's geographic boundary and the area proposed to be added was not included in the original [blight] development impediment study; and
- (B) provides for the use of eminent domain within the area proposed to be added to the community reinvestment project area.
 - Section 38. Section 17C-5-404 is amended to read:
- 17C-5-404. Development impediment hearing -- Owners may review evidence of a development impediment.
 - (1) In a hearing required under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(b), an agency shall:
- (a) permit all evidence of the existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development

2041 <u>impediment</u> within the survey area to be presented; and

- (b) permit each record owner of property located within the survey area or the record property owner's representative the opportunity to:
- (i) examine and cross-examine each witness that provides evidence of the existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
- (ii) present evidence and testimony, including expert testimony, concerning the existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment.
- (2) An agency shall allow each record owner of property located within a survey area the opportunity, for at least 30 days before the day on which the hearing takes place, to review the evidence of [blight] a development impediment compiled by the agency or by the person or firm conducting the [blight] development impediment study for the agency, including any expert report.
 - Section 39. Section 17C-5-405 is amended to read:

17C-5-405. Conditions on a development impediment determination -- Conditions of a development impediment caused by a participant.

- (1) A board may not make a [finding of blight] development impediment determination in a resolution under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii) unless the board finds that:
 - (a) (i) the survey area consists predominantly of nongreenfield parcels;
- (ii) the survey area is currently zoned for urban purposes and generally served by utilities;
- (iii) at least 50% of the parcels within the survey area contain nonagricultural or nonaccessory buildings or improvements used or intended for residential, commercial, industrial, or other urban purposes;
- (iv) the present condition or use of the survey area substantially impairs the sound growth of the community, delays the provision of housing accommodations, constitutes an economic liability, or is detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare, as shown by the existence within the survey area of at least four of the following factors:
- (A) although sometimes interspersed with well maintained buildings and infrastructure, substantial physical dilapidation, deterioration, or defective construction of buildings or infrastructure, or significant noncompliance with current building code, safety code, health code, or fire code requirements or local ordinances;

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2072 (B) unsanitary or unsafe conditions in the survey area that threaten the health, safety, or 2073 welfare of the community; 2074 (C) environmental hazards, as defined in state or federal law, which require 2075 remediation as a condition for current or future use and development; 2076 (D) excessive vacancy, abandoned buildings, or vacant lots within an area zoned for 2077 urban use and served by utilities; 2078 (E) abandoned or outdated facilities that pose a threat to public health, safety, or welfare: 2079 2080 (F) criminal activity in the survey area, higher than that of comparable [nonblighted] 2081 areas in the municipality or county that are without a development impediment; and 2082 (G) defective or unusual conditions of title rendering the title nonmarketable; and 2083 (v) (A) at least 50% of the privately owned parcels within the survey area are affected 2084 by at least one of the factors, but not necessarily the same factor, listed in Subsection (1)(a)(iv): 2085 and (B) the affected parcels comprise at least 66% of the privately owned acreage within 2086 2087 the survey area; or 2088 (b) the survey area includes some or all of: 2089 (i) a superfund site; 2090 (ii) a site used for the disposal of solid waste or hazardous waste, as those terms are defined in Section 19-6-102; 2091 2092 (iii) an inactive industrial site; or 2093 (iv) an inactive airport site. (2) A single parcel comprising 10% or more of the acreage within the survey area may 2094 2095 not be counted as satisfying the requirement described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) or (iv) unless at 2096 least 50% of the area of the parcel is occupied by buildings or improvements. 2097 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), for purposes of Subsection (1), if a 2098 participant or proposed participant involved in the project area development has caused a

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condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(iv) within the survey area, that condition may not be used

(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to a condition that was caused by an owner or

in the determination of [blight] a development impediment.

tenant who later becomes a participant.

2103	Section 40. Section 17C-5-406 is amended to read:
2104	17C-5-406. Challenging a finding of development impediment determination
2105	Time limit Standards governing court review.
2106	(1) If a board makes a [finding of blight] development impediment determination
2107	$under\ Subsection\ 17C\text{-}5\text{-}402(2)(c)(ii)\ [\text{and the finding is approved by resolution adopted by the}$
2108	taxing entity committee], a record owner of property located within the survey area may
2109	challenge the [finding] determination by filing an action in the district court in the county in
2110	which the property is located no later than 30 days after the day on which the board makes the
2111	determination.
2112	[(2) A person shall file an action under Subsection (1) no later than 30 days after the
2113	day on which the taxing entity committee approves the board's finding of blight.]
2114	$\left[\frac{(3)}{2}\right]$ In an action under this section:
2115	(a) the agency shall transmit to the district court the record of the agency's proceedings,
2116	including any minutes, findings, determinations, orders, or transcripts of the agency's
2117	proceedings;
2118	(b) the district court shall review the [finding of blight] development impediment
2119	<u>determination</u> under the standards of review provided in Subsection 10-9a-801(3); and
2120	(c) (i) if there is a record:
2121	(A) the district court's review is limited to the record provided by the agency; and
2122	(B) the district court may not accept or consider any evidence outside the record of the
2123	agency, unless the evidence was offered to the agency and the district court determines that the
2124	agency improperly excluded the evidence; or
2125	(ii) if there is no record, the district court may call witnesses and take evidence.
2126	Section 41. Coordinating H.B. 245 with S.B. 98 Substantive amendments.
2127	If this H.B. 245 and S.B. 98, Community Reinvestment Agency Amendments, both
2128	pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that Section 17C-5-202 shall be
2129	amended to read:
2130	"17C-5-202. Community reinvestment project area funding options.
2131	(1) (a) [Except] Beginning on May 14, 2019, and except as provided in Subsection (2),
2132	for the purpose of receiving project area funds for use within a community reinvestment project
2133	area, an agency shall negotiate and enter into an interlocal agreement with a taxing entity in

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2134	accordance with Section 17C-5-204 to receive all or a portion of the taxing entity's tax
2135	increment or sales and use tax revenue in accordance with the interlocal agreement.
2136	(b) If a community reinvestment project area is subject to an interlocal agreement
2137	under Subsection (1)(a) and the agency subsequently amends the community reinvestment
2138	project area plan as described in Subsection 17C-5-112(4), the agency shall continue to receive
2139	project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
2140	[(2) If an agency plans to create a community reinvestment project area and adopt a
2141	community reinvestment project area plan that provides for the use of eminent domain to
2142	acquire property within the community reinvestment project area, the agency shall create a
2143	taxing entity committee as described in Section 17C-1-402 and receive tax increment in
2144	accordance with Section 17C-5-203.
2145	[(3) An agency shall comply with Chapter 5, Part 3, Community Reinvestment Project
2146	Area Budget, regardless of whether an agency enters into an interlocal agreement under
2147	Subsection (1) or creates a taxing entity committee under Subsection (2).
2148	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an agency may receive tax increment in
2149	accordance with Section 17C-5-203 if the agency created a community reinvestment project
2150	area before May 14, 2019, that is subject to a taxing entity committee and provides for the use
2151	of eminent domain to acquire property within the community reinvestment project area.
2152	(3) Regardless of whether an agency enters into an interlocal agreement under
2153	Subsection (1) or receives tax increment under Subsection (2), an agency:
2154	(a) shall comply with Part 3, Community Reinvestment Project Area Budget; and

(b) except as provided in Subsection 17C-1-409(6)(b), may not pay a taxing entity that

(ii) fee related to the creation, operation, or administration of a project area."

is not the community that created the agency a one-time or ongoing:

(i) administrative fee; or