1	1	TOBACCO AGE AMENDM	ENTS
2		2019 GENERAL SESSION	
3		STATE OF UTAH	
4		<b>Chief Sponsor: Steve Elia</b>	son
5		Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bra	amble
6	Cosponsors:	Sandra Hollins	Susan Pulsipher
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5	Susan Duckworth	Merrill F. Nelson	Raymond P. Ward
6	James A. Dunnigan	Derrin R. Owens	Christine F. Watkins
7	Stephen G. Handy	Lee B. Perry	Elizabeth Weight
8	Suzanne Harrison	Val K. Potter	Mike Winder
9	Jon Hawkins	Marie H. Poulson	

#### 21 LONG TITLE

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#### General Description:

This bill modifies provisions related to an individual's age and tobacco, tobacco paraphernalia, or electronic cigarettes.

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25	Highlighted Provisions:
26	This bill:
27	<ul> <li>tiers the minimum age for obtaining, possessing, using, providing, or furnishing of</li> </ul>
28	tobacco products, paraphernalia, and under certain circumstances, electronic
29	cigarettes from 19 to 20, then to 21 years old;
30	<ul> <li>preempts certain local government regulation relating to cigarettes, electronic</li> </ul>
31	cigarettes, or tobacco;
32	<ul> <li>provides exceptions for military members, their spouses, and dependents;</li> </ul>
33	<ul> <li>addresses identification documents; and</li> </ul>
34	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	This bill provides a special effective date.
39	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
40	AMENDS:
41	10-8-47, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 189
42	26-62-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
43	26-62-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
44	26-62-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
45	51-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 242
46	53-3-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
47	53-3-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
48	59-14-703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 148
49	76-10-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
50	76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
51	76-10-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
52	76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
53	76-10-105.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
54	77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231

56	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
57	Section 1. Section 10-8-47 is amended to read:
58	10-8-47. Intoxication Fights Disorderly conduct Assault and battery Petit
59	larceny Riots and disorderly assemblies Firearms and fireworks False pretenses
60	and embezzlement Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to minors Possession of
61	controlled substances Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or drug addicts.
62	(1) A municipal legislative body may:
63	(a) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights,
64	bullfights, and all disorderly conduct and provide against and punish the offenses of assault and
65	battery and petit larceny;
66	(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
67	house, or place in the city;
68	(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, fireworks in
69	accordance with Section 53-7-225, or any other dangerous or combustible material;
70	(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
71	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in [all] the cases [where] when the
72	money or property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the
73	sum of \$500; [and]
74	(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics[7] or alcoholic beverages to
75	[a person] an individual younger than 21 years [of age, or tobacco to any person younger than
76	19 years of age.] old; or
77	(f) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of tobacco or e-cigarettes to an
78	individual younger than:
79	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
80	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
81	(2) A city may:
82	(a) by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as defined in the
83	Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing substance, provided the
84	conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony; and
85	(b) provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other [persons]
86	<u>individuals</u> who are addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that [a person] an

87	<u>individual</u> substantially lacks the capacity to control the [person's] <u>individual's</u> use of the drugs
88	or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be imposed as a means of effecting [their] the
89	individual's rehabilitation.
90	Section 2. Section <b>26-62-205</b> is amended to read:
91	26-62-205. Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business.
92	A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
93	(1) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual [under 19
94	years of age] from entering the business if the individual is:
95	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
96	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old; and
97	(2) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public
98	entrance of the business that communicates the prohibition in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4).
99	Section 3. Section 26-62-304 is amended to read:
100	26-62-304. Hearing Evidence of criminal conviction.
101	(1) At a civil hearing conducted under Section 26-62-302, evidence of the final
102	criminal conviction of a tobacco retailer or employee for violation of Section 76-10-104 at the
103	same location and within the same time period as the location and time period alleged in the
104	civil hearing for violation of this chapter for sale of tobacco products to [a person] an
105	individual under [the age of 19] the following ages is prima facie evidence of a violation of this
106	chapter[-]:
107	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
108	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.
109	(2) If the tobacco retailer is convicted of violating Section 76-10-104, the enforcing
110	agency:
111	(a) may not assess an additional monetary penalty under this chapter for the same
112	offense for which the conviction was obtained; and
113	(b) may revoke or suspend a permit in accordance with Section 26-62-305.
114	Section 4. Section <b>26-62-305</b> is amended to read:
115	26-62-305. Penalties.
116	(1) (a) If, following an inspection by an enforcing agency, or an investigation or
117	issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines

118	that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this chapter, the enforcing agency
119	may impose the penalties described in this section.
120	(b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection or investigation, only one
121	violation shall count toward the penalties described in this section.
122	(2) (a) The administrative penalty for a first violation at a retail location is a penalty of
123	not more than \$500.
124	(b) The administrative penalty for a second violation at the same retail location that
125	occurs within one year of a previous violation is a penalty of not more than \$750.
126	(c) The administrative penalty for a third or subsequent violation at the same retail
127	location that occurs within two years after two or more previous violations is:
128	(i) a suspension of the retail tobacco business permit for 30 consecutive business days
129	within 60 days after the day on which the third or subsequent violation occurs; or
130	(ii) a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
131	(3) The department or a local health department may:
132	(a) revoke a permit if a fourth violation occurs within two years of three previous
133	violations;
134	(b) in addition to a monetary penalty imposed under Subsection (2), suspend the permit
135	if the violation is due to a sale of tobacco products to [a person] an individual under [19 years
136	of age]:
137	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
138	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old; and
139	(c) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty
140	business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.
141	(4) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (5) occurs, a local health
142	department may not issue a permit to:
143	(i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (3);
144	or
145	(ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner,
146	or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is
147	suspended or revoked under Subsection (3).
148	(b) A person whose permit:

149 (i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other 150 tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends 151 the permit; and 152 (ii) is revoked may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of 153 24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit. 154 (5) Violations of this chapter, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a 155 tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless: 156 (a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and 157 (b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the 158 new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous 159 proprietor. 160 Section 5. Section 51-9-203 is amended to read: 51-9-203. Requirements for tobacco programs. 161 162 (1) To be eligible to receive funding under this part for a tobacco prevention, reduction, cessation, or control program, an organization, whether private, governmental, or 163 164 quasi-governmental, shall: 165 (a) submit a request to the Department of Health containing the following information: 166 (i) for media campaigns to prevent or reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate 167 sound management and periodic evaluation of the campaign's relevance to the intended 168 audience, particularly in campaigns directed toward youth, including audience awareness of the 169 campaign and recollection of the main message; 170 (ii) for school-based education programs to prevent and reduce youth smoking, the 171 request shall describe how the program will be effective in preventing and reducing youth 172 smoking; 173 (iii) for community-based programs to prevent and reduce smoking, the request shall 174 demonstrate that the proposed program: 175 (A) has a comprehensive strategy with a clear mission and goals; 176 (B) provides for committed, caring, and professional leadership; and 177 (C) if directed toward youth: 178 (I) offers youth-centered activities in youth accessible facilities; 179 (II) is culturally sensitive, inclusive, and diverse;

180	(III) involves youth in the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services that affect
181	them; and
182	(IV) offers a positive focus that is inclusive of all youth; and
183	(iv) for enforcement, control, and compliance program, the request shall demonstrate
184	that the proposed program can reasonably be expected to reduce the extent to which tobacco
185	products are available to individuals under [the age of 19] the following ages:
186	(A) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
187	(B) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old;
188	(b) agree, by contract, to file an annual written report with the Department of Health[-
189	The report shall contains that contains the following:
190	(i) the amount funded;
191	(ii) the amount expended;
192	(iii) a description of the program or campaign and the number of adults and youth who
193	participated;
194	(iv) specific elements of the program or campaign meeting the applicable criteria set
195	forth in Subsection (1)(a); and
196	(v) a statement concerning the success and effectiveness of the program or campaign;
197	(c) agree, by contract, to not use any funds received under this part directly or
198	indirectly, to:
199	(i) engage in any lobbying or political activity, including the support of, or opposition
200	to, candidates, ballot questions, referenda, or similar activities; or
201	(ii) engage in litigation with any tobacco manufacturer, retailer, or distributor, except to
202	enforce:
203	(A) the provisions of the Master Settlement Agreement;
204	(B) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
205	(C) Title 26, Chapter [42, Civil Penalties for Tobacco Sales to Underage Persons] 62,
206	Part 3, Enforcement; and
207	(D) Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons; and
208	(d) agree, by contract, to repay the funds provided under this part if the organization:
209	(i) fails to file a timely report as required by Subsection (1)(b); or
210	(ii) uses any portion of the funds in violation of Subsection (1)(c).

211	(2) The Department of Health shall review and evaluate the success and effectiveness
212	of any program or campaign that receives funding pursuant to a request submitted under
213	Subsection (1). The review and evaluation:
214	(a) shall include a comparison of annual smoking trends;
215	(b) may be conducted by an independent evaluator; and
216	(c) may be paid for by funds appropriated from the account for that purpose.
217	(3) The Department of Health shall annually report to the Social Services
218	Appropriations Subcommittee on the reviews conducted pursuant to Subsection (2).
219	(4) An organization that fails to comply with the contract requirements set forth in
220	Subsection (1) shall:
221	(a) repay the state as provided in Subsection (1)(d); and
222	(b) be disqualified from receiving funds under this part in any subsequent fiscal year.
223	(5) The attorney general shall be responsible for recovering funds that are required to
224	be repaid to the state under this section.
225	(6) Nothing in this section may be construed as applying to funds that are not
226	appropriated under this part.
227	Section 6. Section <b>53-3-207</b> is amended to read:
228	53-3-207. License certificates or driving privilege cards issued to drivers by class
229	of motor vehicle Contents Release of anatomical gift information Temporary
230	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation.
231	(1) As used in this section:
232	(a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor
233	vehicle.
234	(b) "Governmental entity" means the state [and its political subdivisions as defined in
235	this Subsection (1)] or a political subdivision of the state.
236	(c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit
237	district, community reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district,
238	special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11,
239	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public
240	corporation.
241	(d) "State" means this state, and includes any office, department, agency, authority,

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- commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, children's justice center, or other instrumentality of the state.
- (2) (a) The division shall issue to every [person] <u>individual</u> privileged to drive a motor vehicle, a regular license certificate, a limited-term license certificate, or a driving privilege card indicating the type or class of motor vehicle the [person] individual may drive.
- (b) [A person] An individual may not drive a class of motor vehicle unless granted the privilege in that class.
- (3) (a) Every regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall bear:
  - (i) the distinguishing number assigned to the [person] individual by the division;
  - (ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the [person] individual;
  - (iii) a brief description of the [person] individual for the purpose of identification;
  - (iv) any restrictions imposed on the license under Section 53-3-208;
  - (v) a photograph of the [person] individual;
  - (vi) a photograph or other facsimile of the person's signature;
- (vii) an indication whether the [person] <u>individual</u> intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, unless the driving privilege is extended under Subsection 53-3-214(3); and
- (viii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the [person] <u>individual</u> states that the [person] <u>individual</u> is a veteran of the United States military on the application for a driver license in accordance with Section 53-3-205 and provides verification that the [person] <u>individual</u> was granted an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed Forces, an indication that the [person] <u>individual</u> is a United States military veteran for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued on or after July 1, 2011.
- (b) A regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued to [any person] an individual younger than 21 years on a portrait-style format as required in Subsection (5)(b)[(i)) is not required to include an indication that the [person] individual is a United States military veteran under Subsection (3)(a)(viii).
- (c) A new license certificate issued by the division may not bear the [person's Social Security] individual's social security number.
  - (d) (i) The regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving

- 273 privilege card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration.
  - (ii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(b), the size, form, and color of the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be as prescribed by the commissioner.
  - (iii) The commissioner may also prescribe the issuance of a special type of limited regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card under Subsection 53-3-220(4).
  - (4) (a) (i) The division, upon determining after an examination that an applicant is mentally and physically qualified to be granted a driving privilege, may issue to an applicant a receipt for the fee if the applicant is eligible for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate.
  - (ii) (A) The division shall issue a temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate allowing the [person] <u>individual</u> to drive a motor vehicle while the division is completing its investigation to determine whether the [person] <u>individual</u> is entitled to be granted a driving privilege.
  - (B) A temporary regular license certificate or a temporary limited-term license certificate issued under this Subsection (4) shall be recognized and have the same rights and privileges as a regular license certificate or a limited-term license certificate.
  - (b) The temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate shall be in the [person's] individual's immediate possession while driving a motor vehicle, and it is invalid when the [person's] individual's regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate has been issued or when, for good cause, the privilege has been refused.
  - (c) The division shall indicate on the temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate a date after which it is not valid as a temporary license.
  - (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the division may not issue a temporary driving privilege card or other temporary permit to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
  - (ii) The division may issue a learner permit issued in accordance with Section 53-3-210.5 to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
    - (5) (a) The division shall distinguish learner permits, temporary permits, regular

license certificates, limited-term license certificates, and driving privilege cards issued to any [person] <u>individual</u> younger than 21 years of age by use of plainly printed information or the use of a color or other means not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards.

- (b) The division shall distinguish a regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card issued to [any person: (i)] an individual younger than 21 years of age by use of a portrait-style format not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards and by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 21 years of age[, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and]
- [(ii) younger than 19 years of age, by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section 76-10-104].
- (6) The division shall distinguish a limited-term license certificate by clearly indicating on the document:
  - (a) that it is temporary; and
  - (b) its expiration date.
- (7) (a) The division shall only issue a driving privilege card to [a person] an individual whose privilege was obtained without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States as required under Subsection 53-3-205(8).
  - (b) The division shall distinguish a driving privilege card from a license certificate by:
  - (i) use of a format, color, font, or other means; and
- (ii) clearly displaying on the front of the driving privilege card a phrase substantially similar to "FOR DRIVING PRIVILEGES ONLY -- NOT VALID FOR IDENTIFICATION".
- (8) The provisions of Subsection (5)(b) do not apply to a learner permit, temporary permit, temporary regular license certificate, temporary limited-term license certificate, or any other temporary permit.
- (9) The division shall issue temporary license certificates of the same nature, except as to duration, as the license certificates that they temporarily replace, as are necessary to implement applicable provisions of this section and Section 53-3-223.

335 (10) (a) A governmental entity may not accept a driving privilege card as proof of 336 personal identification. 337 (b) A driving privilege card may not be used as a document providing proof of [a 338 person's] an individual's age for any government required purpose. 339 (11) A person who violates Subsection (2)(b) is guilty of an infraction. 340 (12) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions, requirements, classes, endorsements, 341 fees, restrictions, and sanctions under this code apply to a: 342 (a) driving privilege in the same way as a license or limited-term license issued under 343 this chapter; and 344 (b) limited-term license certificate or driving privilege card in the same way as a 345 regular license certificate issued under this chapter. 346 Section 7. Section **53-3-806** is amended to read: 347 53-3-806. Portrait-style format -- Minor's card distinguishable. 348 (1) The division shall use a portrait-style format for all identification cards, similar to 349 the format used for license certificates issued to [a person] an individual younger than 21 years 350 [of age] old under Section 53-3-207. 351 (2) The identification card issued to [a person] an individual younger than 21 years [of 352 age old shall be distinguished by use of plainly printed information or by the use of a color or 353 other means not used for the identification card issued to [a person] an individual 21 years [of 354 age] old or older. 355 (3) The division shall distinguish an identification card issued to [any person: (a)] an 356 individual younger than 21 years [of age] old by plainly printing the date the identification card 357 holder is 21 years [of age, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or 358 alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and] old. [(b) younger than 19 years of age by plainly printing the date the identification card 359 360 holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section 361 <del>76-10-104.</del>] (4) The division shall distinguish a limited-term identification card by clearly 362 363 indicating on the card: 364 (a) that it is temporary; and 365 (b) its expiration date.

900	Section 8. Section 59-14-703 is amended to read:
367	59-14-703. Certification of cigarette rolling machine operators Renewal of
368	certification Requirements for certification or renewal of certification Denial.
369	(1) A cigarette rolling machine operator may not perform the following without first
370	obtaining certification from the commission as provided in this part:
371	(a) locate a cigarette rolling machine within this state;
372	(b) make or offer to make a cigarette rolling machine available for use within this state.
373	or
374	(c) offer a cigarette for sale within this state if the cigarette is produced by:
375	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator; or
376	(ii) another person at the location of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
377	rolling machine.
378	(2) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall renew its certification as provided in this
379	section.
380	(3) The commission shall prescribe a form for certifying a cigarette rolling machine
381	operator under this part.
382	(4) (a) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for
383	certification before the cigarette rolling machine operator performs an act described in
384	Subsection (1) within the state for the first time.
385	(b) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for a renewal of
386	certification on or before the earlier of:
387	(i) December 31 of each year; or
388	(ii) the day on which there is a change in any of the information the cigarette rolling
389	machine operator provides on the form described in Subsection (3).
390	(5) To obtain certification or renewal of certification under this section from the
391	commission, a cigarette rolling machine operator shall:
392	(a) identify:
393	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator's name and address;
394	(ii) the location, make, and brand of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
395	rolling machine; and
396	(iii) each person from whom the cigarette rolling machine operator will purchase or be

397	provided tobacco products that the cigarette rolling machine operator will use to produce
398	cigarettes; and
399	(b) certify, under penalty of perjury, that:
400	(i) the tobacco to be used in the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling
401	machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description, shall be only of a:
402	(A) brand family listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section
403	59-14-603; and
404	(B) tobacco product manufacturer listed on the commission's directory listing required
405	by Section 59-14-603;
406	(ii) the cigarette rolling machine operator shall prohibit another person who uses the
407	cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine from using tobacco, a wrapper, or
408	a cover except for tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover purchased by or provided to the cigarette
409	rolling machine operator from a person identified in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(iii);
410	(iii) the cigarette rolling machine operator holds a current license issued in accordance
411	with this chapter;
412	(iv) the cigarettes produced from the cigarette rolling machine shall comply with Title
413	53, Chapter 7, Part 4, The Reduced Cigarette Ignition Propensity and Firefighter Protection
414	Act;
415	(v) the cigarette rolling machine shall be located in a separate and defined area where
416	the cigarette rolling machine operator ensures that [a person] an individual younger than [19
417	years of] the age specified in Subsection (6) may not be:
418	(A) present at any time; or
419	(B) permitted to enter at any time; and
420	(vi) the cigarette rolling machine operator may not barter, distribute, exchange, offer,
421	or sell cigarettes produced from a cigarette rolling machine in a quantity of less than 20
422	cigarettes per retail transaction.
423	(6) For purposes of Subsection (5), an individual is younger than:
424	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
425	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
426	[(6)] (7) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator meets
427	the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission

428	shan grant the certification of fenewal of certification.
429	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator does
430	not meet the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the
431	commission shall:
432	(a) deny the certification or renewal of certification; and
433	(b) provide the cigarette rolling machine operator the grounds for denial of the
434	certification or renewal of certification in writing.
435	Section 9. Section <b>76-10-103</b> is amended to read:
436	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco in place of business.
437	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
438	permit [persons] an individual under [age 19] the following ages to frequent a place of business
439	while [they are] the individual is using tobacco[-]:
440	(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
441	(2) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.
442	Section 10. Section <b>76-10-104</b> is amended to read:
443	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
444	Penalties.
445	(1) [Any] A person violates this section who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or
446	with criminal negligence provides $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in
447	any form, to [any person under 19 years of age] an individual under the following ages, is
448	guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second
449	offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses[-]:
450	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
451	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
452	(2) [For purposes of] As used in this section "provides":
453	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
454	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
455	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
456	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
457	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
458	Section 11. Section <b>76-10-104.1</b> is amended to read:

459	76-10-104.1. Providing tobacco paraphernalia to minors Penalties.
460	(1) For purposes of this section:
461	(a) "Provides":
462	(i) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
463	(ii) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
464	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
465	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
466	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
467	(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia":
468	(i) means [any] equipment, product, or material of any kind [which] that is used,
469	intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest,
470	inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the human body,
471	including:
472	(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
473	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
474	(B) water pipes;
475	(C) carburetion tubes and devices;
476	(D) smoking and carburetion masks;
477	(E) roach clips[:], meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette,
478	that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
479	(F) chamber pipes;
480	(G) carburetor pipes;
481	(H) electric pipes;
482	(I) air-driven pipes;
483	(J) chillums;
484	(K) bongs; and
485	(L) ice pipes or chillers; and
486	(ii) does not include matches or lighters.
487	(2) (a) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with
488	criminal negligence provide [any] tobacco paraphernalia to [any person] an individual under
489	[ <del>19 years of age.</del> ]:

490	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
491	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
492	(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first
493	offense and a class B misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
494	Section 12. Section <b>76-10-105</b> is amended to read:
495	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
496	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
497	(1) [Any 18 year old person] (a) An individual who is 18 years or older, but younger
498	than the age specified in Subsection (1)(b), and buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the
499	[person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any
500	form is guilty of [a class C misdemeanor] an infraction and subject to:
501	[(a)] (i) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
502	[(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program,
503	which may include a participation fee.
504	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:
505	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
506	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
507	(2) [Any person] An individual under the age of 18 who buys or attempts to buy,
508	accepts, or has in the $[\underline{\text{person's}}]$ $\underline{\text{individual's}}$ possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette,
509	or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section
510	78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property. If a violation under this
511	section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor may be subject to the following:
512	(a) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and
513	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
514	participation fee.
515	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53G-4-402
516	may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
517	violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance with Section
518	53G-8-211.
519	(4) (a) This section does not apply to the purchase or possession of a cigar, cigarette,
520	electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia by an individual who is 18 years or older

521	and is:
522	(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or
523	(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States
524	Armed Forces.
525	(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof
526	of age under Subsection (4)(a).
527	Section 13. Section <b>76-10-105.1</b> is amended to read:
528	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of cigarettes, tobacco, and
529	electronic cigarettes Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
530	(1) As used in this section:
531	(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
532	(b) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
533	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
534	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
535	(A) vending machine; or
536	(B) self-service display.
537	(c) "Retailer" means a person who:
538	(i) sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to an individual for personal
539	consumption; or
540	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an
541	electronic cigarette.
542	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic
543	cigarette to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's
544	employee.
545	(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.
546	(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is
547	defined:
548	(i) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
549	(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
550	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a cigarette, tobacco, or an
551	electronic cigarette only in a face-to-face exchange.

552	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
553	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
554	59-14-509;
555	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
556	retailer's facility:
557	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
558	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
559	present; or
560	(c) a sale at a tobacco specialty shop.
561	(4) (a) An individual who is less than [19 years old] the age specified in Subsection
562	(4)(b) may not enter or be present at a tobacco specialty shop unless the individual is:
563	[(a)] (i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
564	[(b)] (ii) present at the tobacco shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to
565	purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette; or
566	[(e)] (iii) 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed
567	Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.
568	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:
569	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
570	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
571	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)(i), an
572	individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b), or into a tobacco specialty shop, may not
573	allow the individual to purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
574	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
575	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
576	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
577	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
578	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of providing tobacco to a minor
579	under Section 76-10-104.
580	(8) (a) [Any] An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a
581	political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, minimum age of sale,
582	placement, or display of cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes that is not essentially

583	identical to [the provisions of] this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
584	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use
585	ordinance by a municipal or county government.
586	Section 14. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
587	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic smoking
588	devices to underage individuals.
589	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
590	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
591	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
592	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under [the age of] 21 years old to
593	enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
594	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age [of 19 years] specified
595	in Subsection (2)(e) to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail
596	establishment of:
597	(A) a cigar;
598	(B) a cigarette;
599	(C) tobacco in any form; or
600	(D) an electronic cigarette.
601	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
602	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
603	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
604	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
605	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
606	(i) alcohol; or
607	(ii) (A) a cigar;
608	(B) a cigarette;
609	(C) tobacco in any form; or
610	(D) an electronic cigarette.
611	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
612	purchase.
613	(e) For numoses of Subsection (2)(a)(ii) the individual is younger than:

614	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
615	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
616	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase,
617	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
618	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
619	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
620	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
621	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
622	of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
623	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
624	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
625	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
626	attempting the purchase.
627	(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this
628	section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
629	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic
630	cigarette if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
631	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section
632	shall be conducted:
633	(i) on a random basis; and
634	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
635	than:
636	(A) two times for the attempted purchase of:
637	(I) a cigar;
638	(II) a cigarette;
639	(III) tobacco in any form; or
640	(IV) an electronic cigarette; and
641	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
642	(b) [Nothing in this section shall] This section does not prohibit an investigation or an
643	attempt to purchase tobacco under this section if:
644	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a

645	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette to an individual under the age
646	established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
647	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
648	reasonable suspicion.
649	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
650	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
651	was made.
652	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
653	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
654	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
655	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
656	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
657	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
658	attempted the purchase;
659	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
660	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
661	Section 15. Effective date.
662	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.