TOBACCO AGE AMENDMENTS

-			
2		2019 GENERAL SESSION	
3		STATE OF UTAH	
4		Chief Sponsor: Steve Elia	son
5		Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bra	amble
6	Cosponsors:	Sandra Hollins	Susan Pulsipher
7	Cheryl K. Acton	Eric K. Hutchings	Douglas V. Sagers
8	Kyle R. Andersen	Ken Ivory	Lawanna Shurtliff
9	Melissa G. Ballard	Dan N. Johnson	V. Lowry Snow
10	Stewart E. Barlow	Marsha Judkins	Robert M. Spendlove
11	Joel K. Briscoe	Brian S. King	Jeffrey D. Stenquist
12	Kay J. Christofferson	Bradley G. Last	Keven J. Stratton
13	Jennifer Dailey-Provost	Kelly B. Miles	Norman K. Thurston
14	Brad M. Daw	Carol Spackman Moss	Steve Waldrip
15	Susan Duckworth	Merrill F. Nelson	Raymond P. Ward
16	James A. Dunnigan	Derrin R. Owens	Christine F. Watkins
17	Stephen G. Handy	Lee B. Perry	Elizabeth Weight
18	Suzanne Harrison	Val K. Potter	Mike Winder
19	Jon Hawkins	Marie H. Poulson	
20			

22

1

LONG TITLE

General Description:

23 This bill modifies provisions related to an individual's age and tobacco, tobacco 24 paraphernalia, or electronic cigarettes.



25	Highlighted Provisions:
26	This bill:
27	 tiers the minimum age for obtaining, possessing, using, providing, or furnishing of
28	tobacco products, paraphernalia, and under certain circumstances, electronic
29	cigarettes from 19 to 20, then to 21 years old;
30	 preempts certain local government regulation relating to cigarettes, electronic
31	cigarettes, or tobacco;
32	 provides exceptions for military members, their spouses, and dependents;
33	 addresses identification documents; and
34	makes technical and conforming changes.
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	This bill provides a special effective date.
39	This bill provides a coordination clause.
40	Utah Code Sections Affected:
41	AMENDS:
42	10-8-47, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 189
43	26-62-205 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
44	26-62-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
45	26-62-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
46	51-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 242
47	53-3-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
48	53-3-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
49	59-14-703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 148
50	76-10-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
51	76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
52	76-10-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
53	76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
54	76-10-105.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
55	77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231

6	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
7	76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
)	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
)	Section 1. Section 10-8-47 is amended to read:
	10-8-47. Intoxication Fights Disorderly conduct Assault and battery Petit
2	larceny Riots and disorderly assemblies Firearms and fireworks False pretenses
3	and embezzlement Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to minors Possession of
ļ	controlled substances Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or drug addicts.
5	(1) A municipal legislative body may:
Ó	(a) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights,
7	bullfights, and all disorderly conduct and provide against and punish the offenses of assault and
3	battery and petit larceny;
)	(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
)	house, or place in the city;
	(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, fireworks in
	accordance with Section 53-7-225, or any other dangerous or combustible material;
	(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in [all] the cases [where] when the
	money or property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the
)	sum of \$500; [and]
,	(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics[-,] or alcoholic beverages to
	[a person] an individual younger than 21 years [of age, or tobacco to any person younger than
)	19 years of age.] old; or
)	(f) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of tobacco or e-cigarettes to an
	individual younger than:
	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
3	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
	(2) A city may:
	(a) by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as defined in the
)	Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing substance, provided the

87	conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony; and
88	(b) provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other [persons]
89	individuals who are addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that [a person] an
90	<u>individual</u> substantially lacks the capacity to control the [person's] <u>individual's</u> use of the drugs
91	or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be imposed as a means of effecting [their] the
92	<u>individual's</u> rehabilitation.
93	Section 2. Section 26-62-205 is amended to read:
94	26-62-205. Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business.
95	A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
96	(1) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual [under 19
97	years of age] from entering the business if the individual is:
98	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
99	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old; and
100	(2) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public
101	entrance of the business that communicates the prohibition in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4).
102	Section 3. Section 26-62-304 is amended to read:
103	26-62-304. Hearing Evidence of criminal conviction.
104	(1) At a civil hearing conducted under Section 26-62-302, evidence of the final
105	criminal conviction of a tobacco retailer or employee for violation of Section 76-10-104 at the
106	same location and within the same time period as the location and time period alleged in the
107	civil hearing for violation of this chapter for sale of tobacco products to [a person] an
108	individual under [the age of 19] the following ages is prima facie evidence of a violation of this
109	chapter[- -]:
110	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
111	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.
112	(2) If the tobacco retailer is convicted of violating Section 76-10-104, the enforcing
113	agency:
114	(a) may not assess an additional monetary penalty under this chapter for the same
115	offense for which the conviction was obtained; and
116	(b) may revoke or suspend a permit in accordance with Section 26-62-305.
117	Section 4. Section 26-62-305 is amended to read:

118	26-62-305. Penalties.
119	(1) (a) If, following an inspection by an enforcing agency, or an investigation or
120	issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines
121	that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this chapter, the enforcing agency
122	may impose the penalties described in this section.
123	(b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection or investigation, only one
124	violation shall count toward the penalties described in this section.
125	(2) (a) The administrative penalty for a first violation at a retail location is a penalty of
126	not more than \$500.
127	(b) The administrative penalty for a second violation at the same retail location that
128	occurs within one year of a previous violation is a penalty of not more than \$750.
129	(c) The administrative penalty for a third or subsequent violation at the same retail
130	location that occurs within two years after two or more previous violations is:
131	(i) a suspension of the retail tobacco business permit for 30 consecutive business days
132	within 60 days after the day on which the third or subsequent violation occurs; or
133	(ii) a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
134	(3) The department or a local health department may:
135	(a) revoke a permit if a fourth violation occurs within two years of three previous
136	violations;
137	(b) in addition to a monetary penalty imposed under Subsection (2), suspend the permit
138	if the violation is due to a sale of tobacco products to [a person] an individual under [19 years
139	of age]:
140	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
141	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old; and
142	(c) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty
143	business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.
144	(4) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (5) occurs, a local health
145	department may not issue a permit to:
146	(i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (3);
147	or
148	(ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner,

176

177178

179

smoking;

demonstrate that the proposed program:

	4th Sub. (Green) 11.D. 324 05-12-19 5:05 FM
149	or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is
150	suspended or revoked under Subsection (3).
151	(b) A person whose permit:
152	(i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other
153	tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends
154	the permit; and
155	(ii) is revoked may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of
156	24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit.
157	(5) Violations of this chapter, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a
158	tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless:
159	(a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and
160	(b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the
161	new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous
162	proprietor.
163	Section 5. Section 51-9-203 is amended to read:
164	51-9-203. Requirements for tobacco programs.
165	(1) To be eligible to receive funding under this part for a tobacco prevention, reduction,
166	cessation, or control program, an organization, whether private, governmental, or
167	quasi-governmental, shall:
168	(a) submit a request to the Department of Health containing the following information:
169	(i) for media campaigns to prevent or reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate
170	sound management and periodic evaluation of the campaign's relevance to the intended
171	audience, particularly in campaigns directed toward youth, including audience awareness of the
172	campaign and recollection of the main message;
173	(ii) for school-based education programs to prevent and reduce youth smoking, the
174	request shall describe how the program will be effective in preventing and reducing youth

(B) provides for committed, caring, and professional leadership; and

(A) has a comprehensive strategy with a clear mission and goals;

(iii) for community-based programs to prevent and reduce smoking, the request shall

180	(C) if directed toward youth:
181	(I) offers youth-centered activities in youth accessible facilities;
182	(II) is culturally sensitive, inclusive, and diverse;
183	(III) involves youth in the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services that affect
184	them; and
185	(IV) offers a positive focus that is inclusive of all youth; and
186	(iv) for enforcement, control, and compliance program, the request shall demonstrate
187	that the proposed program can reasonably be expected to reduce the extent to which tobacco
188	products are available to individuals under [the age of 19] the following ages:
189	(A) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
190	(B) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old;
191	(b) agree, by contract, to file an annual written report with the Department of Health[-
192	The report shall contains that contains the following:
193	(i) the amount funded;
194	(ii) the amount expended;
195	(iii) a description of the program or campaign and the number of adults and youth who
196	participated;
197	(iv) specific elements of the program or campaign meeting the applicable criteria set
198	forth in Subsection (1)(a); and
199	(v) a statement concerning the success and effectiveness of the program or campaign;
200	(c) agree, by contract, to not use any funds received under this part directly or
201	indirectly, to:
202	(i) engage in any lobbying or political activity, including the support of, or opposition
203	to, candidates, ballot questions, referenda, or similar activities; or
204	(ii) engage in litigation with any tobacco manufacturer, retailer, or distributor, except to
205	enforce:
206	(A) the provisions of the Master Settlement Agreement;
207	(B) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
208	(C) Title 26, Chapter [42, Civil Penalties for Tobacco Sales to Underage Persons] 62,
209	Part 3, Enforcement; and
210	(D) Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons; and

211	(d) agree, by contract, to repay the funds provided under this part if the organization:
212	(i) fails to file a timely report as required by Subsection (1)(b); or
213	(ii) uses any portion of the funds in violation of Subsection (1)(c).
214	(2) The Department of Health shall review and evaluate the success and effectiveness
215	of any program or campaign that receives funding pursuant to a request submitted under
216	Subsection (1). The review and evaluation:
217	(a) shall include a comparison of annual smoking trends;
218	(b) may be conducted by an independent evaluator; and
219	(c) may be paid for by funds appropriated from the account for that purpose.
220	(3) The Department of Health shall annually report to the Social Services
221	Appropriations Subcommittee on the reviews conducted pursuant to Subsection (2).
222	(4) An organization that fails to comply with the contract requirements set forth in
223	Subsection (1) shall:
224	(a) repay the state as provided in Subsection (1)(d); and
225	(b) be disqualified from receiving funds under this part in any subsequent fiscal year.
226	(5) The attorney general shall be responsible for recovering funds that are required to
227	be repaid to the state under this section.
228	(6) Nothing in this section may be construed as applying to funds that are not
229	appropriated under this part.
230	Section 6. Section 53-3-207 is amended to read:
231	53-3-207. License certificates or driving privilege cards issued to drivers by class
232	of motor vehicle Contents Release of anatomical gift information Temporary
233	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation.
234	(1) As used in this section:
235	(a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor
236	vehicle.
237	(b) "Governmental entity" means the state [and its political subdivisions as defined in
238	this Subsection (1)] or a political subdivision of the state.
239	(c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit
240	district, community reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district,
241	special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11,

257

258

259

260

261

262

263 264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

- 242 Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public 243 corporation. 244 (d) "State" means this state, and includes any office, department, agency, authority, 245 commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, children's justice center, or other 246 instrumentality of the state. 247 (2) (a) The division shall issue to every [person] individual privileged to drive a motor vehicle, a regular license certificate, a limited-term license certificate, or a driving privilege 248 249 card indicating the type or class of motor vehicle the [person] individual may drive. 250 (b) [A person] An individual may not drive a class of motor vehicle unless granted the 251 privilege in that class. 252 (3) (a) Every regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving 253 privilege card shall bear: 254
 - (i) the distinguishing number assigned to the [person] individual by the division;
 - (ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the [person] individual;
 - (iii) a brief description of the [person] individual for the purpose of identification;
 - (iv) any restrictions imposed on the license under Section 53-3-208;
 - (v) a photograph of the [person] individual;
 - (vi) a photograph or other facsimile of the person's signature:
 - (vii) an indication whether the [person] individual intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, unless the driving privilege is extended under Subsection 53-3-214(3); and
 - (viii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the [person] individual states that the [person] individual is a veteran of the United States military on the application for a driver license in accordance with Section 53-3-205 and provides verification that the [person] individual was granted an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed Forces, an indication that the [person] individual is a United States military veteran for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued on or after July 1, 2011.
 - (b) A regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued to [any person an individual younger than 21 years on a portrait-style format as required in Subsection (5)(b)[(i)] is not required to include an indication that the [person] individual is a United States military veteran under Subsection (3)(a)(viii).

- (c) A new license certificate issued by the division may not bear the [person's Social Security] individual's social security number.
 - (d) (i) The regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration.
 - (ii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(b), the size, form, and color of the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be as prescribed by the commissioner.
 - (iii) The commissioner may also prescribe the issuance of a special type of limited regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card under Subsection 53-3-220(4).
 - (4) (a) (i) The division, upon determining after an examination that an applicant is mentally and physically qualified to be granted a driving privilege, may issue to an applicant a receipt for the fee if the applicant is eligible for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate.
 - (ii) (A) The division shall issue a temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate allowing the [person] <u>individual</u> to drive a motor vehicle while the division is completing its investigation to determine whether the [person] <u>individual</u> is entitled to be granted a driving privilege.
 - (B) A temporary regular license certificate or a temporary limited-term license certificate issued under this Subsection (4) shall be recognized and have the same rights and privileges as a regular license certificate or a limited-term license certificate.
 - (b) The temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate shall be in the [person's] individual's immediate possession while driving a motor vehicle, and it is invalid when the [person's] individual's regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate has been issued or when, for good cause, the privilege has been refused.
 - (c) The division shall indicate on the temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate a date after which it is not valid as a temporary license.
 - (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the division may not issue a temporary driving privilege card or other temporary permit to an applicant for a driving privilege card.

(ii)) The division may issue a learner permit issued in accordance	e with Section
53-3-210.5	5 to an applicant for a driving privilege card.	

- (5) (a) The division shall distinguish learner permits, temporary permits, regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, and driving privilege cards issued to any [person] individual younger than 21 years of age by use of plainly printed information or the use of a color or other means not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards.
- (b) The division shall distinguish a regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card issued to [any person: (i)] an individual younger than 21 years of age by use of a portrait-style format not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards and by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 21 years of age[, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and]
- [(ii) younger than 19 years of age, by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section 76-10-104].
- (6) The division shall distinguish a limited-term license certificate by clearly indicating on the document:
 - (a) that it is temporary; and
 - (b) its expiration date.
- (7) (a) The division shall only issue a driving privilege card to [a person] an individual whose privilege was obtained without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States as required under Subsection 53-3-205(8).
 - (b) The division shall distinguish a driving privilege card from a license certificate by:
 - (i) use of a format, color, font, or other means; and
- (ii) clearly displaying on the front of the driving privilege card a phrase substantially similar to "FOR DRIVING PRIVILEGES ONLY -- NOT VALID FOR IDENTIFICATION".
- (8) The provisions of Subsection (5)(b) do not apply to a learner permit, temporary permit, temporary regular license certificate, temporary limited-term license certificate, or any other temporary permit.

364

365

76-10-104.]

- 335 (9) The division shall issue temporary license certificates of the same nature, except as 336 to duration, as the license certificates that they temporarily replace, as are necessary to 337 implement applicable provisions of this section and Section 53-3-223. 338 (10) (a) A governmental entity may not accept a driving privilege card as proof of 339 personal identification. 340 (b) A driving privilege card may not be used as a document providing proof of [a 341 person's an individual's age for any government required purpose. 342 (11) A person who violates Subsection (2)(b) is guilty of an infraction. 343 (12) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions, requirements, classes, endorsements, 344 fees, restrictions, and sanctions under this code apply to a: 345 (a) driving privilege in the same way as a license or limited-term license issued under 346 this chapter; and 347 (b) limited-term license certificate or driving privilege card in the same way as a 348 regular license certificate issued under this chapter. 349 Section 7. Section **53-3-806** is amended to read: 350 53-3-806. Portrait-style format -- Minor's card distinguishable. (1) The division shall use a portrait-style format for all identification cards, similar to 351 352 the format used for license certificates issued to [a person] an individual younger than 21 years 353 [of age] old under Section 53-3-207. 354 (2) The identification card issued to [a person] an individual younger than 21 years [of age] old shall be distinguished by use of plainly printed information or by the use of a color or 355 other means not used for the identification card issued to [a person] an individual 21 years [of 356 357 age] old or older. 358 (3) The division shall distinguish an identification card issued to [any person: (a)] an 359 individual younger than 21 years [of age] old by plainly printing the date the identification card 360 holder is 21 years [of age, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or 361 alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and] old. (b) younger than 19 years of age by plainly printing the date the identification card 362
 - (4) The division shall distinguish a limited-term identification card by clearly

holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section

300	indicating on the card:
367	(a) that it is temporary; and
368	(b) its expiration date.
369	Section 8. Section 59-14-703 is amended to read:
370	59-14-703. Certification of cigarette rolling machine operators Renewal of
371	certification Requirements for certification or renewal of certification Denial.
372	(1) A cigarette rolling machine operator may not perform the following without first
373	obtaining certification from the commission as provided in this part:
374	(a) locate a cigarette rolling machine within this state;
375	(b) make or offer to make a cigarette rolling machine available for use within this state
376	or
377	(c) offer a cigarette for sale within this state if the cigarette is produced by:
378	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator; or
379	(ii) another person at the location of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
380	rolling machine.
381	(2) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall renew its certification as provided in this
382	section.
383	(3) The commission shall prescribe a form for certifying a cigarette rolling machine
384	operator under this part.
385	(4) (a) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for
386	certification before the cigarette rolling machine operator performs an act described in
387	Subsection (1) within the state for the first time.
388	(b) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for a renewal of
389	certification on or before the earlier of:
390	(i) December 31 of each year; or
391	(ii) the day on which there is a change in any of the information the cigarette rolling
392	machine operator provides on the form described in Subsection (3).
393	(5) To obtain certification or renewal of certification under this section from the
394	commission, a cigarette rolling machine operator shall:
395	(a) identify:
396	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator's name and address;

397	(ii) the location, make, and brand of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
398	rolling machine; and
399	(iii) each person from whom the cigarette rolling machine operator will purchase or be
400	provided tobacco products that the cigarette rolling machine operator will use to produce
401	cigarettes; and
402	(b) certify, under penalty of perjury, that:
403	(i) the tobacco to be used in the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling
404	machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description, shall be only of a:
405	(A) brand family listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section
406	59-14-603; and
407	(B) tobacco product manufacturer listed on the commission's directory listing required
408	by Section 59-14-603;
409	(ii) the cigarette rolling machine operator shall prohibit another person who uses the
410	cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine from using tobacco, a wrapper, or
411	a cover except for tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover purchased by or provided to the cigarette
412	rolling machine operator from a person identified in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(iii);
413	(iii) the cigarette rolling machine operator holds a current license issued in accordance
414	with this chapter;
415	(iv) the cigarettes produced from the cigarette rolling machine shall comply with Title
416	53, Chapter 7, Part 4, The Reduced Cigarette Ignition Propensity and Firefighter Protection
417	Act;
418	(v) the cigarette rolling machine shall be located in a separate and defined area where
419	the cigarette rolling machine operator ensures that [a person] an individual younger than [19]
420	years of] the age specified in Subsection (6) may not be:
421	(A) present at any time; or
422	(B) permitted to enter at any time; and
423	(vi) the cigarette rolling machine operator may not barter, distribute, exchange, offer,
424	or sell cigarettes produced from a cigarette rolling machine in a quantity of less than 20
425	cigarettes per retail transaction.
426	(6) For purposes of Subsection (5), an individual is younger than:
427	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and

428	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
429	[(6)] (7) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator meets
430	the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission
431	shall grant the certification or renewal of certification.
432	[(7)] (8) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator does
433	not meet the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the
434	commission shall:
435	(a) deny the certification or renewal of certification; and
436	(b) provide the cigarette rolling machine operator the grounds for denial of the
437	certification or renewal of certification in writing.
438	Section 9. Section 76-10-103 is amended to read:
439	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco in place of business.
440	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
441	permit [persons] an individual under [age 19] the following ages to frequent a place of business
442	while [they are] the individual is using tobacco[-]:
443	(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
444	(2) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.
445	Section 10. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
446	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
447	Penalties.
448	(1) [Any] A person violates this section who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or
449	with criminal negligence provides [any] a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in
450	any form, to [any person under 19 years of age] an individual under the following ages, is
451	guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second
452	offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses[-]:
453	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
454	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
455	(2) [For purposes of] As used in this section "provides":
456	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
457	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
458	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the

459	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
460	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
461	Section 11. Section 76-10-104.1 is amended to read:
462	76-10-104.1. Providing tobacco paraphernalia to minors Penalties.
463	(1) For purposes of this section:
464	(a) "Provides":
465	(i) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
466	(ii) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
467	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
468	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
469	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
470	(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia":
471	(i) means [any] equipment, product, or material of any kind [which] that is used,
472	intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest,
473	inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the human body,
474	including:
475	(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
476	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
477	(B) water pipes;
478	(C) carburetion tubes and devices;
479	(D) smoking and carburetion masks;
480	(E) roach clips[:], meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette,
481	that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
482	(F) chamber pipes;
483	(G) carburetor pipes;
484	(H) electric pipes;
485	(I) air-driven pipes;
486	(J) chillums;
487	(K) bongs; and
488	(L) ice pipes or chillers; and
489	(ii) does not include matches or lighters.

490	(2) (a) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with
491	criminal negligence provide [any] tobacco paraphernalia to [any person] an individual under
492	[19 years of age.]:
493	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
494	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
495	(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first
496	offense and a class B misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
497	Section 12. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
498	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
499	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
500	(1) [Any 18 year old person] (a) An individual who is 18 years or older, but younger
501	than the age specified in Subsection (1)(b), and buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the
502	[person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any
503	form is guilty of [a class C misdemeanor] an infraction and subject to:
504	[(a)] (i) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
505	[(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program,
506	which may include a participation fee.
507	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:
508	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
509	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
510	(2) [Any person] An individual under the age of 18 who buys or attempts to buy,
511	accepts, or has in the $[person's]$ $\underline{individual's}$ possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette,
512	or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section
513	78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property. If a violation under this
514	section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor may be subject to the following:
515	(a) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and
516	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
517	participation fee.
518	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53G-4-402
519	may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
520	violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance with Section

521	53G-8-211.
522	(4) (a) This section does not apply to the purchase or possession of a cigar, cigarette,
523	electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia by an individual who is 18 years or older
524	and is:
525	(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or
526	(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States
527	Armed Forces.
528	(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof
529	of age under Subsection (4)(a).
530	Section 13. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
531	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of cigarettes, tobacco, and
532	electronic cigarettes Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
533	(1) As used in this section:
534	(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
535	(b) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
536	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
537	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
538	(A) vending machine; or
539	(B) self-service display.
540	(c) "Retailer" means a person who:
541	(i) sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to an individual for personal
542	consumption; or
543	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an
544	electronic cigarette.
545	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic
546	cigarette to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's
547	employee.
548	(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.
549	(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is
550	defined:
551	(i) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and

552	(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
553	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a cigarette, tobacco, or an
554	electronic cigarette only in a face-to-face exchange.
555	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
556	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
557	59-14-509;
558	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
559	retailer's facility:
560	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
561	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
562	present; or
563	(c) a sale at a tobacco specialty shop.
564	(4) (a) An individual who is less than [19 years old] the age specified in Subsection
565	(4)(b) may not enter or be present at a tobacco specialty shop unless the individual is:
566	[(a)] (i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
567	[(b)] (ii) present at the tobacco shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to
568	purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette; or
569	[(c)] (iii) 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed
570	Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.
571	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:
572	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
573	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
574	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)(i), an
575	individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b), or into a tobacco specialty shop, may not
576	allow the individual to purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
577	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
578	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
579	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
580	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
581	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of providing tobacco to a minor
582	under Section 76-10-104.

583	(8) (a) [Any] An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a
584	political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, minimum age of sale,
585	placement, or display of cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes that is not essentially
586	identical to [the provisions of] this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
587	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use
588	ordinance by a municipal or county government.
589	Section 14. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
590	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic smoking
591	devices to underage individuals.
592	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
593	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
594	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
595	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under [the age of] 21 years old to
596	enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
597	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age [of 19 years] specified
598	in Subsection (2)(e) to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail
599	establishment of:
600	(A) a cigar;
601	(B) a cigarette;
602	(C) tobacco in any form; or
603	(D) an electronic cigarette.
604	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
605	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
606	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
607	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
608	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
609	(i) alcohol; or
610	(ii) (A) a cigar;
611	(B) a cigarette;
612	(C) tobacco in any form; or
613	(D) an electronic cigarette.

614	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
615	purchase.
616	(e) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the individual is younger than:
617	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
618	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
619	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase,
620	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
621	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
622	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
623	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
624	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
625	of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
626	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
627	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
628	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
629	attempting the purchase.
630	(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this
631	section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
632	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic
633	cigarette if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
634	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section
635	shall be conducted:
636	(i) on a random basis; and
637	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
638	than:
639	(A) two times for the attempted purchase of:
640	(I) a cigar;
641	(II) a cigarette;
642	(III) tobacco in any form; or
643	(IV) an electronic cigarette; and
644	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.

645	(b) [Nothing in this section shall] This section does not prohibit an investigation or an
646	attempt to purchase tobacco under this section if:
647	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
648	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette to an individual under the age
649	established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
650	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
651	reasonable suspicion.
652	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
653	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
654	was made.
655	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
656	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
657	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
658	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
659	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
660	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
661	attempted the purchase;
662	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
663	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
664	Section 15. Effective date.
665	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.
666	Section 16. Coordinating H.B. 324 with H.B. 252 Technical amendments.
667	If this H.B. 324 and H.B. 252, Electronic Cigarette and Other Nicotine Product
668	Amendments, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of
669	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication
670	on July 1, 2020, by amending Subsection 76-10-105(1) to read:
671	"(1) (a) An individual who is 18 years old or older, but younger than the age specified
672	in Subsection (1)(b), and buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's possession
673	any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, alternative nicotine product, nontherapeutic
674	nicotine product, or tobacco in any form is guilty of an infraction and subject to:
675	(i) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and

4th Sub. (Green) H.B. 324

676	(ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program, which
677	may include a participation fee.
678	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:
679	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
680	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.".