1	PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray
5	Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends and creates requirements for pharmacy benefit managers.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 specifies that a pharmaceutical benefit manager has a fiduciary responsibility to an
14	insurer that the pharmaceutical benefit manager contracts with;
15	 requires a pharmaceutical benefit manager to inform an insurer of policies,
16	practices, or actions that could impair the pharmacy benefit manager's ability to
17	fulfill its fiduciary duty or contractual obligations to the insurer;
18	 requires a pharmaceutical benefit manager to report information about rebates and
19	administrative fees to the Insurance Department;
20	 requires the department to publish certain information; and
21	 amends the limit on the amount a pharmaceutical benefit manager may require an
22	insured customer to pay for a covered prescription drug.
23	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:
26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:



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A	MENDS:
	58-17b-626, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 305
Е	NACTS:
	31A-22-640.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 31A-22-640.1 is enacted to read:
	31A-22-640.1. Pharmaceutical benefit managers Fiduciary responsibility
R	eporting of rebates and fees Publication of rebates and fees Disclosure of certain
ir	iformation prohibited.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Administrative fee" means any payment, other than a rebate, that a pharmaceutical
n	nanufacturer makes directly to a pharmacy benefit manager.
	(b) "Contracting insurer" means an insurer as defined in Section 31A-22-636 with
Ź	hom a pharmacy benefit manager contracts to provide a pharmacy benefit management
;(ervice.
	(c) "Pharmacy benefit management service" means the same as that term is defined in
•	ection 49-20-502 <u>.</u>
	(d) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3	<u>1A-22-640.</u>
	(e) (i) "Rebate" means a refund, discount, or other price concession that is paid by a
o.	harmaceutical manufacturer to a pharmacy benefit manager based on a prescription drug's
u	tilization or effectiveness.
	(ii) "Rebate" does not include an administrative fee.
	(f) "Retained rebate percentage" means the percentage of total rebates not paid to or
)	therwise passed on to a contracting insurer during a calendar year.
	(g) "Total administrative fees" means the amount of administrative fees received by a
p	harmacy benefit manager during a calendar year from a pharmaceutical manufacturer as a
re	esult of the pharmacy benefit manager's contractual relationship with a specific contracting
ir	surer.
	(h) "Total rebates" means the dollar amount of rebates received by a pharmacy benefit

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59	manager during a calendar year as a result of the pharmacy benefit manager's contractual
60	relationship with a specific contracting insurer.
61	(2) (a) For a contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and a contracting insurer
62	entered into or renewed on or after July 1, 2019, the pharmacy benefit manager owes a
63	fiduciary duty to the contracting insurer.
64	(b) The pharmacy benefit manager shall inform the contracting insurer of any policy,
65	practice, or action of the pharmacy benefit manager that could impair the pharmacy benefit
66	manager's ability to fulfill the duty described in Subsection (2)(a).
67	(c) The pharmacy benefit manager shall provide the information described in
68	Subsection (2)(b) to the contracting insurer within 30 days after the day on which the pharmacy
69	benefit manager knows or should have known about an impairment.
70	(3) Before March 1 of each year, a pharmacy benefit manager shall report to the
71	department, for the previous calendar year:
72	(a) for each contracting insurer:
73	(i) total rebates; and
74	(ii) total administrative fees;
75	(b) the sum of total rebates reported under Subsection (3)(a)(i);
76	(c) the sum of total administrative fees reported under Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and
77	(d) with respect to all of the pharmacy benefit manager's contracting insurers, for the
78	previous calendar year:
79	(i) the minimum retained rebate percentage;
80	(ii) the maximum retained rebate percentage; and
81	(iii) the median retained rebate percentage.
82	(4) Before April 1 of each year, the department shall publish on the department's
83	website:
84	(a) the information reported under Subsection (3); and
85	(b) the name of the pharmacy benefit manager that submitted the information.
86	Section 2. Section 58-17b-626 is amended to read:
87	58-17b-626. Direct or indirect remuneration by pharmacy benefits managers
88	Disclosure of customer costs Limit on customer payment for prescription drugs.
89	(1) As used in this section:

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90	(a) "Allowable claim amount" means the amount paid by an insurer under the
91	customer's health benefit plan.
92	[(a)] (b) "Cost share" means the amount paid by an insured customer under the
93	customer's health benefit plan.
94	[(b)] (c) "Direct or indirect remuneration" means any adjustment in the total
95	compensation:
96	(i) received by a pharmacy from a pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator for the
97	sale of a drug, device, or other product or service; and
98	(ii) that is determined after the sale of the product or service.
99	[(c)] (d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
100	31A-1-301.
101	(e) "Pharmacy reimbursement" means the amount paid to a pharmacy by a pharmacy
102	benefits manager or coordinator for a dispensed prescription drug.
103	[(d)] (f) "Pharmacy services administration organization" means an entity that contracts
104	with a pharmacy to assist with third-party payer interactions and administrative services related
105	to third-party payer interactions, including:
106	(i) contracting with a pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator on behalf of the
107	pharmacy; and
108	(ii) managing a pharmacy's claims payments from third-party payers.
109	[(e)] (g) "Pharmacy service entity" means:
110	(i) a pharmacy services administration organization; or
111	(ii) a pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator.
112	[(f)] (h) (i) "Reimbursement report" means a report on the adjustment in total
113	compensation for a claim.
114	(ii) "Reimbursement report" does not include a report on adjustments made pursuant to
115	a pharmacy audit or reprocessing.
116	[(g)] (i) "Sale" means a prescription drug claim covered by a health benefit plan.
117	(2) If a pharmacy service entity engages in direct or indirect remuneration with a
118	pharmacy, the pharmacy service entity shall make a reimbursement report available to the
119	pharmacy upon the pharmacy's request.
120	(3) For the reimbursement report described in Subsection (2), the pharmacy service

121	entity shall:
122	(a) include the adjusted compensation amount related to a claim and the reason for the
123	adjusted compensation; and
124	(b) provide the reimbursement report:
125	(i) in accordance with the contract between the pharmacy and the pharmacy service
126	entity;
127	(ii) in an electronic format that is easily accessible; and
128	(iii) within 120 days after the day on which the pharmacy benefits manager or
129	coordinator receives a report of a sale of a product or service by the pharmacy.
130	(4) A pharmacy service entity shall, upon a pharmacy's request, provide the pharmacy
131	with:
132	(a) the reasons for any adjustments contained in a reimbursement report; and
133	(b) an explanation of the reasons provided in Subsection (4)(a).
134	(5) (a) A pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator may not prohibit or penalize the
135	disclosure by a pharmacist of:
136	(i) an insured customer's cost share for a covered prescription drug;
137	(ii) the availability of any therapeutically equivalent alternative medications; or
138	(iii) alternative methods of paying for the prescription medication, including paying the
139	cash price, that are less expensive than the cost share of the prescription drug.
140	(b) Penalties that are prohibited under Subsection (5)(a) include increased utilization
141	review, reduced payments, and other financial disincentives.
142	(6) A pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator may not require an insured customer
143	to pay, for a covered prescription drug, more than the lesser of:
144	(a) the applicable cost share of the prescription drug being dispensed; [or]
145	(b) the applicable allowable claim amount of the prescription drug being dispensed;
146	(c) the applicable pharmacy reimbursement of the prescription drug being dispensed; or
147	[(b)] (d) the retail price of the drug without prescription drug coverage.