1	INCENTIVE PROGRAM AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kay J. Christofferson
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies and repeals provisions related to tax credits.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>creates a tax credit certificate process for the well recompletion or workover</li> </ul>
13	severance tax credit;
14	<ul> <li>creates a tax credit certificate process for the severance tax credit for natural gas that</li> </ul>
15	is converted to hydrogen fuel for use in zero emission motor vehicles;
16	<ul> <li>creates a tax credit certificate process for the research activities corporate and</li> </ul>
17	individual income tax credits;
18	<ul> <li>creates a tax credit certificate process for the qualifying solar project individual</li> </ul>
19	income tax credit;
20	<ul> <li>codifies the contents of a tax credit certification and requires the Governor's Office</li> </ul>
21	of Economic Development to report certain information from a tax credit
22	certification that the Governor's Office of Economic Development issues for a
23	taxpayer to claim the recycling market development zone tax credit;
24	<ul> <li>requires the Office of Energy Development to report to the State Tax Commission</li> </ul>
25	certain information from a tax credit certification that the Office of Energy
26	Development issues for a taxpayer to claim the renewable energy systems tax credit;
27	<ul> <li>codifies the targeted business income tax credit in the corporate and individual tax</li> </ul>



28	codes;
29	<ul> <li>repeals the expired income tax credits for the purchase or lease of an energy</li> </ul>
30	efficient vehicle; and
31	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
32	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	This bill has retrospective operation.
36	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
37	AMENDS:
38	40-6-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 317
39	59-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 262
40	59-7-159, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
41	59-7-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
42	59-7-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
43	59-7-614, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 426 and 436
44	59-7-614.10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
45	59-10-137, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
46	59-10-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
47	59-10-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
48	59-10-1012, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
49	59-10-1014, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 426 and 436
50	59-10-1024, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
51	59-10-1037, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
52	63N-2-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
53	63N-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 352
54	ENACTS:
55	<b>59-7-624</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	<b>59-10-1112</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	<b>63N-2-901</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	63N-2-902 Utah Code Annotated 1953

59	63N-2-903, Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	REPEALS:
61	59-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 369 and 375
62	59-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 369 and 375
63	63N-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 352
<ul><li>64</li><li>65</li></ul>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
66	Section 1. Section 40-6-16 is amended to read:
67	40-6-16. Duties of division.
68	[ <del>(1)</del> ] In addition to the duties assigned by the board, the division shall:
69	[(a)] (1) develop and implement an inspection program that will include but not be
70	limited to production data, pre-drilling checks, and site security reviews;
71	[(b)] (2) publish a monthly production report;
72	[(c)] (3) publish a monthly gas processing plant report;
73	[(d)] (4) review and evaluate, prior to a hearing, evidence submitted with the petition to
74	be presented to the board;
75	[(e)] (5) require adequate assurance of approved water rights in accordance with rules
76	and orders enacted under Section 40-6-5; [and]
77	[(f)] (6) notify the county executive of the county in which the drilling will take place
78	in writing of the issuance of a drilling permit[-]; and
79	[(2) The director shall, by October 30, 2016, report to the Commission for the
80	Stewardship of Public Lands regarding the division's recommendations for how the state shall
81	deal with oil, gas, and mining issues in the Utah Public Land Management Act.]
82	(7) issue tax credit certificates in accordance with Section 59-5-102.
83	Section 2. Section <b>59-5-102</b> is amended to read:
84	59-5-102. Definitions Severance tax Computation Rate Annual
85	exemption Tax credit Tax rate reduction.
86	(1) As used in this section:
87	(a) "Division" means the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining, created in Section 40-6-15.
88	[(a)] (b) "Royalty rate" means the percentage of the interests described in Subsection
89	(2)(b)(i) as defined by a contract between the United States, the state, an Indian, or an Indian

90	tribe and the oil or gas producer.
91	[(b)] (c) "Taxable value" means the total value of the oil or gas minus:
92	(i) any royalties paid to, or the value of oil or gas taken in kind by, the interest holders
93	described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
94	(ii) the total value of oil or gas exempt from severance tax under Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
95	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(d)</u> "Taxable volume" means:
96	(i) for oil, the total volume of barrels minus:
97	(A) for an interest described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the product of the royalty rate and
98	the total volume of barrels; and
99	(B) the number of barrels that are exempt under Subsection (2)(b)(ii); and
100	(ii) for natural gas, the total volume of MCFs minus:
101	(A) for an interest described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the product of the royalty rate and
102	the total volume of MCFs; and
103	(B) the number of MCFs that are exempt under Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
104	[(d)] (e) "Total value" means the value, as determined by Section 59-5-103.1, of all oil
105	or gas that is:
106	(i) produced; and
107	(ii) (A) saved;
108	(B) sold; or
109	(C) transported from the field where the oil or gas was produced.
110	[(e)] (f) "Total volume" means:
111	(i) for oil, the number of barrels:
112	(A) produced; and
113	(B) (I) saved;
114	(II) sold; or
115	(III) transported from the field where the oil was produced; and
116	(ii) for natural gas, the number of MCFs:
117	(A) produced; and
118	(B) (I) saved;
119	(II) sold; or
120	(III) transported from the field where the natural gas was produced.

(4)(a)(i); and

[(f)] (g) "Value of oil or gas taken in kind" means the volume of oil or gas taken in
kind multiplied by the market price for oil or gas at the location where the oil or gas was
produced on the date the oil or gas was taken in kind.
(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a person owning an interest in oil or
gas produced from a well in the state, including a working interest, royalty interest, payment
out of production, or any other interest, or in the proceeds of the production of oil or gas, shall
pay to the state a severance tax on the owner's interest in the taxable value of the oil or gas:
(i) produced; and
(ii) (A) saved;
(B) sold; or
(C) transported from the field where the substance was produced.
(b) The severance tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to:
(i) an interest of:
(A) the United States in oil or gas or in the proceeds of the production of oil or gas;
(B) the state or a political subdivision of the state in oil or gas or in the proceeds of the
production of oil or gas; and
(C) an Indian or Indian tribe as defined in Section 9-9-101 in oil or gas or in the
proceeds of the production of oil or gas produced from land under the jurisdiction of the United
States; and
(ii) the value of:
(A) oil or gas produced from stripper wells, unless the exemption prevents the
severance tax from being treated as a deduction for federal tax purposes;
(B) oil or gas produced in the first 12 months of production for wildcat wells started
after January 1, 1990; and
(C) oil or gas produced in the first six months of production for development wells
started after January 1, 1990.
(3) (a) The severance tax on oil shall be calculated as follows:
(i) dividing the taxable value by the taxable volume;
(ii) (A) multiplying the rate described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) by the portion of the
figure calculated in Subsection (3)(a)(i) that is subject to the rate described in Subsection

152	(B) multiplying the rate described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) by the portion of the figure
153	calculated in Subsection (3)(a)(i) that is subject to the rate described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii);
154	(iii) adding together the figures calculated in Subsections (3)(a)(ii)(A) and (B); and
155	(iv) multiplying the figure calculated in Subsection (3)(a)(iii) by the taxable volume.
156	(b) The severance tax on natural gas shall be calculated as follows:
157	(i) dividing the taxable value by the taxable volume;
158	(ii) (A) multiplying the rate described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the portion of the
159	figure calculated in Subsection (3)(b)(i) that is subject to the rate described in Subsection
160	(4)(b)(i); and
161	(B) multiplying the rate described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) by the portion of the figure
162	calculated in Subsection (3)(b)(i) that is subject to the rate described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii);
163	(iii) adding together the figures calculated in Subsections (3)(b)(ii)(A) and (B); and
164	(iv) multiplying the figure calculated in Subsection (3)(b)(iii) by the taxable volume.
165	(c) The severance tax on natural gas liquids shall be calculated by multiplying the
166	taxable value of the natural gas liquids by the severance tax rate in Subsection (4)(c).
167	(4) Subject to Subsection (9):
168	(a) the severance tax rate for oil is as follows:
169	(i) 3% of the taxable value of the oil up to and including the first \$13 per barrel for oil;
170	and
171	(ii) 5% of the taxable value of the oil from \$13.01 and above per barrel for oil;
172	(b) the severance tax rate for natural gas is as follows:
173	(i) 3% of the taxable value of the natural gas up to and including the first \$1.50 per
174	MCF for gas; and
175	(ii) 5% of the taxable value of the natural gas from \$1.51 and above per MCF for gas;
176	and
177	(c) the severance tax rate for natural gas liquids is 4% of the taxable value of the
178	natural gas liquids.
179	(5) If oil or gas is shipped outside the state:
180	(a) the shipment constitutes a sale; and
181	(b) the oil or gas is subject to the tax imposed by this section.
182	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), if the oil or gas is stockpiled, the tax is

183	not imposed until the oil or gas is:
184	(i) sold;
185	(ii) transported; or
186	(iii) delivered.
187	(b) If oil or gas is stockpiled for more than two years, the oil or gas is subject to the tax
188	imposed by this section.
189	(7) (a) Subject to [Subsections (7)(b) and (c)] other provisions of this Subsection (7), a
190	taxpayer [who] that pays for all or part of the expenses of a recompletion or workover may
191	claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to [20% of the amount paid] the amount stated on a tax
192	credit certificate that the division issues to the taxpayer.
193	[(b) The tax credit under Subsection (7)(a) for each recompletion or workover may not
194	exceed \$30,000 per well during each calendar year.]
195	(b) The maximum tax credit per taxpayer per well in a calendar year is the lesser of:
196	(i) 20% of the taxpayer's payment of expenses of a well recompletion or workover
197	during the calendar year; and
198	(ii) \$30,000.
199	(c) A taxpayer may carry forward a tax credit allowed under this Subsection (7) for the
200	next three calendar years if the tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this part for
201	the calendar year in which the taxpayer claims the tax credit.
202	(d) (i) To claim a tax credit under this Subsection (7), a taxpayer shall receive a tax
203	credit certificate from the division.
204	(ii) The taxpayer shall submit with the taxpayer's application for a tax credit certificate
205	proof of the taxpayer's payment of expenses for each well recompletion or workover during the
206	calendar year.
207	(e) If the division determines that the taxpayer made payment of expenses for a
208	recompletion or workover during the calendar year, the division shall, for each recompletion or
209	workover:
210	(i) determine the amount of the taxpayer's tax credit; and
211	(ii) issue, on a form provided by the commission, a tax credit certificate to the taxpayer
212	that states the amount of the taxpayer's tax credit.
213	(f) A taxpayer that receives a tax credit certificate shall retain the tax credit certificate

214	for the same time period that a person is required to keep books and records under Section
215	<u>59-1-1406.</u>
216	(g) The division shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
217	(i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the division issues a
218	certificate; and
219	(ii) for each taxpayer, the amount of the tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate.
220	(8) (a) [A] Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (8), a taxpayer may claim
221	a tax credit against a severance tax owing on natural gas under this section if:
222	(i) the taxpayer is required to pay a severance tax on natural gas under this section;
223	(ii) the taxpayer owns or operates a plant in the state that converts natural gas to
224	hydrogen fuel; and
225	(iii) all of the natural gas for which the taxpayer owes a severance tax under this
226	section is used for the production in the state of hydrogen fuel for use in zero emission motor
227	vehicles.
228	(b) The [tax credit a] taxpayer may claim [under Subsection (8)(a) is] a tax credit equal
229	to the [amount of tax that the taxpayer owes under this section, subject to a maximum of
230	\$5,000,000 per year.] lesser of:
231	(i) the amount of tax that the taxpayer owes under this section; and
232	(ii) \$5,000,000.
233	(c) (i) To claim a tax credit under this Subsection (8), a taxpayer shall receive a tax
234	credit certificate from the division.
235	(ii) The taxpayer shall submit with the taxpayer's application for a tax credit certificate:
236	(A) proof that the taxpayer owns or operates a plant in this state that converts natural
237	gas to hydrogen fuel; and
238	(B) proof that all of the natural gas on which the taxpayer owes a severance tax under
239	this section is used for production of hydrogen fuel for use in zero emission motor vehicles.
240	(d) If the division determines that a taxpayer is eligible for a tax credit under this
241	Subsection (8), the division shall issue, on a form provided by the commission, a tax credit
242	certificate to the taxpayer that states the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit.
243	(e) A taxpayer that receives a tax credit certificate shall retain the tax credit certificate
244	for the same time period that a person is required to keep books and records under Section

245	<u>59-1-1406.</u>
246	(f) The division shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
247	(i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the division issues a
248	certificate; and
249	(ii) for each taxpayer, the amount of the tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate.
250	(9) A 50% reduction in the tax rate is imposed upon the incremental production
251	achieved from an enhanced recovery project.
252	(10) The taxes imposed by this section are:
253	(a) in addition to all other taxes provided by law; and
254	(b) delinquent, unless otherwise deferred, on June 1 following the calendar year when
255	the oil or gas is:
256	(i) produced; and
257	(ii) (A) saved;
258	(B) sold; or
259	(C) transported from the field.
260	(11) With respect to the tax imposed by this section on each owner of an interest in the
261	production of oil or gas or in the proceeds of the production of oil or gas in the state, each
262	owner is liable for the tax in proportion to the owner's interest in the production or in the
263	proceeds of the production.
264	(12) The tax imposed by this section shall be reported and paid by each producer that
265	takes oil or gas in kind pursuant to an agreement on behalf of the producer and on behalf of
266	each owner entitled to participate in the oil or gas sold by the producer or transported by the
267	producer from the field where the oil or gas is produced.
268	(13) Each producer shall deduct the tax imposed by this section from the amounts due
269	to other owners for the production or the proceeds of the production.
270	Section 3. Section <b>59-7-159</b> is amended to read:
271	59-7-159. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
272	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
273	Committee.
274	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
275	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be

continued, modified, or repealed.

(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:

(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;

(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit under review to provide testimony;

(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Development to present a summary and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of

- (B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
- 287 (iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
  - (A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
    - (B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
    - (C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and

Economic Development is required to make a report under this chapter; and

- (v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as otherwise required by law.
  - (3) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the following sections:

```
297 (i) Section 59-7-601;
```

283

284

285

286

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

302

303

- 298 (ii) Section 59-7-607;
- 299 (iii) Section 59-7-612;
- 300 (iv) Section 59-7-614.1; and
- 301 (v) Section 59-7-614.5.
  - (b) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the following sections:
- 305 (i) Section 59-7-609;
- 306 (ii) Section 59-7-614.2;

307	(iii) Section 59-7-614.10;
308	[ <del>(iv) Section 59-7-617;</del> ]
309	[ <del>(v)</del> ] <u>(iv)</u> Section 59-7-619; [and]
310	[(vi)] (v) Section 59-7-620[-]; and
311	(vi) Section <u>59-7-624.</u>
312	(c) On or before November 30, 2019, and every three years after 2019, the committee
313	shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
314	following sections:
315	[ <del>(i) Section 59-7-605;</del> ]
316	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> Section 59-7-610;
317	[ <del>(iii)</del> ] <u>(ii)</u> Section 59-7-614;
318	[ <del>(iv)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> Section 59-7-614.7;
319	[(v)] (iv) Section 59-7-614.8; and
320	[ <del>(vi)</del> ] <u>(v)</u> Section 59-7-618.
321	(d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
322	conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1,
323	2017.
324	(ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
325	years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
326	Section 4. Section <b>59-7-610</b> is amended to read:
327	59-7-610. Recycling market development zones tax credit.
328	(1) [For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, a] Subject to other
329	provisions of this section, a taxpayer that is a business operating in a recycling market
330	development zone as defined in Section 63N-2-402 may claim [a tax credit as provided in this
331	section.] the following nonrefundable tax credits:
332	(a) [(i) There shall be allowed a nonrefundable] a tax credit of 5% of the purchase price
333	paid for machinery and equipment used directly in:
334	[(A)] (i) commercial composting; or
335	[(B)] (ii) manufacturing facilities or plant units that:
336	[(1)] (A) manufacture, process, compound, or produce recycled items of tangible
337	personal property for sale; or

338	[(H)] (B) reduce or reuse postconsumer waste material[-]; and
339	(b) a tax credit equal to the lesser of:
340	(i) 20% of net expenditures to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test
341	inventory, and utilities made by the taxpayer for establishing and operating recycling or
342	composting technology in Utah; and
343	(ii) \$2,000.
344	[(ii) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall certify that the machinery
345	and equipment described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) are integral to the composting or recycling
346	process:]
347	[(A) on a form provided by the commission; and]
348	[(B) before a taxpayer is allowed a tax credit under this section.]
349	(2) (a) To claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1), the taxpayer shall receive
350	from the Governor's Office of Economic Development a written certification, on a form
351	provided by the commission, that includes:
352	(i) a statement that the taxpayer is operating a business within the boundaries of a
353	recycling market development zone;
354	(ii) for claims of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):
355	(A) the type of the machinery and equipment that the taxpayer purchased;
356	(B) the date that the taxpayer purchased the machinery and equipment;
357	(C) the purchase price for the machinery and equipment;
358	(D) the total purchase price for all machinery and equipment for which the taxpayer is
359	claiming a tax credit;
360	(E) a statement that the machinery and equipment are integral to the composting or
361	recycling process; and
362	(F) the amount of the taxpayer's tax credit; and
363	(iii) for claims of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b):
364	(A) the type of net expenditure that the taxpayer made to a third party;
365	(B) the date that the taxpayer made the payment to a third party;
366	(C) the amount that the taxpayer paid to each third party;
367	(D) the total amount that the taxpayer paid to all third parties;
368	(E) a statement that the net expenditures support the establishment and operation of

369	recycling or composting technology in Utah; and
370	(F) the amount of the taxpayer's tax credit.
371	[(iii)] (b) (i) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall provide a taxpayer
372	seeking to claim a tax credit under [this section] Subsection (1) with a copy of the [form
373	described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)] written certification.
374	[(iv)] (ii) The taxpayer [described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)] shall retain a copy of the
375	[form received under Subsection (1)(a)(iii)] written certification for the same period of time
376	that a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
377	[(b) There shall be allowed a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 20% of net expenditures
378	up to \$10,000 to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test inventory, and utilities made
379	by the taxpayer for establishing and operating recycling or composting technology in Utah,
380	with an annual maximum tax credit of \$2,000.]
381	[(2) The total nonrefundable tax credit allowed under this section may not exceed 40%
382	of the Utah income tax liability of the taxpayer prior to any tax credits in the taxable year of
383	purchase prior to claiming the tax credit authorized by this section.]
384	[(3) (a) Any tax credit not used for the taxable year in which the purchase price on
385	composting or recycling machinery and equipment was paid may be carried over for credit
386	against the business' income taxes in the three succeeding taxable years until the total tax credit
387	amount is used.]
388	[(b) Tax credits not claimed by a business on the business' state income tax return
389	within three years are forfeited.]
390	(c) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall submit to the commission
391	an electronic list that includes:
392	(i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the office issues a
393	written a certification; and
394	(ii) for each taxpayer, the amount of each tax credit listed on the written certification.
395	(3) A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit under Subsection (1)(a), Subsection (1)(b), or
396	both that exceeds 40% of the taxpayer's state income tax liability as the tax liability is
397	calculated:
398	(a) for the taxable year in which the taxpayer made the purchases or payments;
399	(b) before any other tax credits the taxpayer may claim for the taxable year; and

400	(c) before the taxpayer claiming a tax credit authorized by this section.
401	(4) The commission shall make rules governing what information [shall be filed] $\underline{a}$
402	taxpayer shall file with the commission to verify the entitlement to and amount of a tax credit.
403	(5) Except as provided in Subsections (6) through (8), a taxpayer may carry forward, to
404	the next three taxable years, the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the taxpayer's income tax
405	liability for the taxable year.
406	[(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), for taxable years beginning on or after
407	<del>January 1, 2001, a</del> ]
408	(6) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection
409	(1)(a) in a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under
410	Section 63N-2-213.
411	[(b) For a taxable year other than a taxable year during which the taxpayer may not
412	claim or carry forward a tax credit in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), a taxpayer may claim
413	or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):]
414	[(i) if the taxpayer may claim or carry forward the tax credit in accordance with
415	Subsections (1) and (2); and
416	[(ii) subject to Subsections (3) and (4).]
417	[(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), for taxable years beginning on or after January
418	1, 2001, a]
419	(7) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection
420	(1)(b) in a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under
421	Section 63N-2-213.
422	[(7)] (8) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit [available] under this
423	section for a taxable year during which the taxpayer [has claimed] claims the targeted business
424	income tax credit [available] under Section [63N-2-305] 59-7-624.
425	Section 5. Section <b>59-7-612</b> is amended to read:
426	59-7-612. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state Carry
427	forward Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions
428	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
429	(1) As used in this section:

431	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state.
432	(b) "Qualified research" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(d),
433	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this
434	state.
435	(c) "Qualified research expenses" means the same as that term is defined in Section
436	41(b), Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
437	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
438	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state.
439	[(1)] (2) (a) A taxpayer [meeting the requirements of this section] that receives a tax
440	credit certificate in accordance with Section 63N-2-902 may claim one or more of the
441	following nonrefundable tax credits:
442	(i) a research tax credit [of 5% of] calculated in accordance with Section 63N-2-903 for
443	the taxpayer's qualified research expenses [for the current taxable year that exceed the base
444	amount provided for under Subsection (4)] during the taxable year;
445	(ii) a tax credit <u>calculated in accordance with Section 63N-2-903</u> for a payment to a
446	qualified organization for basic research [as provided in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code,
447	of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection
448	(4)] during the taxable year; and
449	(iii) [a] an additional tax credit [equal to 7.5% of] calculated in accordance with
450	Section 63N-2-903 for the taxpayer's qualified research expenses [for the current] during the
451	taxable year.
452	[(b) Subject to Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under:]
453	[(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer incurs
454	the qualified research expenses; or]
455	[(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer makes the
456	payment to the qualified organization.]
457	(b) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit in an amount equal to the amount stated on the
458	tax credit certificate for each tax credit.
459	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
460	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
461	(d) The tax credits provided for in this section do not terminate if a credit terminates

462	under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
463	[(2)] (3) For purposes of claiming a tax credit under this section, a unitary group as
464	defined in Section 59-7-101 is considered to be one taxpayer.
465	[(3) Except as specifically provided for in this section:]
466	[(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
467	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and]
468	[(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating
469	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).]
470	[ <del>(4)</del> For purposes of this section:]
471	[(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),
472	Internal Revenue Code, except that:]
473	[(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
474	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
475	[(ii) a taxpayer's gross receipts include only those gross receipts attributable to sources
476	within this state as provided in Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah
477	UDITPA Provisions; and]
478	[(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
479	the base amount, a taxpayer:]
480	[(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B)
481	regardless of whether the taxpayer meets the requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II);
482	and]
483	[(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
484	<del>(4)(a)(iii)(A);</del> ]
485	[(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
486	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;]
487	[(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
488	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state;]
489	[(d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b),
490	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:]
491	[(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and]
492	[(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and]

193	(e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates
194	under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.]
195	[(5)] (4) (a) If the amount of a tax credit [claimed by a taxpayer] that a taxpayer claims
196	under Subsection [(1)] (2)(a)(i) or (ii) exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for
197	a taxable year, the [amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability] taxpayer:
198	(i) may [be carried forward] carry forward the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the
199	taxpayer's tax liability for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years; and
500	(ii) may not [be carried back] carry back the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the
501	taxpayer's liability to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
502	(b) A taxpayer may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by Subsection [(1)]
503	<u>(2)</u> (a)(iii).
504	[(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
505	the commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process
506	for qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for
507	basic research conducted in this state.]
508	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed,
509	the commission shall provide an electronic report of the modification or repeal to the Revenue
510	and Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or
511	repeal becomes effective.
512	[(8)] (6) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits
513	provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the
514	commission reports under Subsection [ $\frac{(7)}{2}$ ] $\frac{(5)}{2}$ a modification or repeal of a provision of
515	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
516	(b) The review described in Subsection [(8)] (6)(a) is in addition to the review required
517	by Section 59-7-159.
518	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
519	is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a
520	provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date
521	provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.]
522	[(d)] (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under
523	this [section] Subsection (6):

524	(i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
525	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
526	(iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
527	(iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be[:] continued,
528	modified, or repealed.
529	[ <del>(A) continued;</del> ]
530	[(B) modified; or]
531	[ <del>(C) repealed.</del> ]
532	[(e)] (d) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee [reviews the tax credits
533	provided for in this section, the committee] conducts a review under this Subsection (6), the
534	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall issue a report of the Revenue and Taxation
535	Interim Committee's findings.
536	Section 6. Section <b>59-7-614</b> is amended to read:
537	59-7-614. Renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions Certification
538	Rulemaking authority.
539	(1) As used in this section:
540	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
541	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
542	electrical energy; and
543	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
544	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
545	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
546	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
547	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
548	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
549	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
550	(c) "Commercial energy system" means a system that is:
551	(i) (A) an active solar system;
552	(B) a biomass system;
553	(C) a direct use geothermal system;
554	(D) a geothermal electricity system;

555	(E) a geothermal heat pump system;
556	(F) a hydroenergy system;
557	(G) a passive solar system; or
558	(H) a wind system;
559	(ii) located in the state; and
560	(iii) used:
561	(A) to supply energy to a commercial unit; or
562	(B) as a commercial enterprise.
563	(d) "Commercial enterprise" means an entity, the purpose of which is to produce
564	electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy for sale from a commercial energy system.
565	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" means a building or structure that an entity uses to transact
566	business.
567	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
568	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a
569	wind system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit;
570	or
571	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that an entity uses to transact
572	business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
573	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
574	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building
575	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
576	(g) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
577	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
578	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
579	(h) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth
580	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
581	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
582	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
583	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
584	(j) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
585	of:

586	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
587	energy; and
588	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
589	(k) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
590	(l) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
591	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
592	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
593	available at the site.
594	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
595	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
596	(m) "Photovoltaic system" means an active solar system that generates electricity from
597	sunlight.
598	(n) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
599	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a commercial energy system.
600	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
601	(A) an interest charge; or
602	(B) a maintenance expense.
603	(o) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
604	residential unit:
605	(i) an active solar system;
606	(ii) a biomass system;
607	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
608	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
609	(v) a hydroenergy system;
610	(vi) a passive solar system; or
611	(vii) a wind system.
612	(p) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
613	unit that:
614	(A) is located in the state; and
615	(B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family.
616	(ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under:

617	(A) Section 59-2-405;
618	(B) Section 59-2-405.1;
619	(C) Section 59-2-405.2;
620	(D) Section 59-2-405.3; or
621	(E) Section 72-10-110.5.
622	(q) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of:
623	(i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and
624	(ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use, sale,
625	or storage.
626	(2) A taxpayer may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section
627	against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
628	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a taxpayer may claim a
629	nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit the taxpayer
630	owns or uses if:
631	(i) the taxpayer:
632	(A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the
633	energy required for the residential unit; or
634	(B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of
635	the energy required for the residential unit;
636	(ii) the residential energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January
637	1, 2007; and
638	(iii) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
639	Subsection (7).
640	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (iv) and, as applicable, Subsection
641	(3)(c) or (d), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy
642	system installed with respect to each residential unit the taxpayer owns or uses.
643	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
644	(iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in
645	which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.
646	(iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a taxpaver's tax

liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the

648 liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.

649

650

651

662

663

664

665

666

667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

- (c) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) for a residential energy system, other than a photovoltaic system, may not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
- (d) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) for a photovoltaic system may not exceed:
- (i) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2018, but on or before December 31, 2020, \$1.600:
- (ii) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2021, but on or before December 31, 2021, \$1,200;
- 658 (iii) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2022, but on or before December 31, 659 2022, \$800;
- 660 (iv) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2023, but on or before December 31, 2023, \$400; and
  - (v) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2024, \$0.
  - (e) If a taxpayer sells a residential unit to another person before the taxpayer claims the tax credit under this Subsection (3):
    - (i) the taxpayer may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
  - (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit; or
  - (B) if the other person files a return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-10-1014 as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-10-1014 to claim the tax credit.
  - (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
    - (i) the commercial energy system does not use:
- 675 (A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a 676 total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or
  - (B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- (ii) the taxpayer purchases or participates in the financing of the commercial energy

679 system;

680

681

682

683

684

685

686

687

688

689

690

691

692693

694

695

696

697

698

699

700

701

702703

704

705

706

707

- (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
- (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
- (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2007; and
- (v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (7).
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 10% of the reasonable costs of the commercial energy system.
  - (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may include installation costs.
- (iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for the taxable year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service.
  - (iv) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may not be carried forward or carried back.
- (v) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (4) may not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(c)(ii) and (iii), a taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (ii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (4) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (5) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
- (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- 709 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by

- 710 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
- 711 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
- 713 (iii) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after 714 January 1, 2007; and
- 715 (iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 716 Subsection (7).
  - (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) is equal to the product of:
    - (A) 0.35 cents; and

717

718

719

720

724

725

726

727

728

729

730

731

732

733

734

735

- (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- 721 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may be claimed for production occurring 722 during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy 723 system is placed in commercial service.
  - (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may not be carried forward or carried back.
  - (c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
  - (6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (6) if:
  - (i) the taxpayer owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
  - (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
  - (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
    - (iii) the taxpayer does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4);
- 737 (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after 738 January 1, 2015; and
- 739 (v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 740 Subsection (7).

741 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (6)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6)
742 is equal to the product of:

(A) 0.35 cents; and

- (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (6) may be claimed for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
  - (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (6) may not be carried forward or carried back.
- (c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (7) (a) Before a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section, the taxpayer shall obtain a written certification from the office.
  - (b) The office shall issue a taxpayer a written certification if the office determines that:
  - (i) the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- (ii) the residential energy system or commercial energy system with respect to which the taxpayer seeks to claim a tax credit:
  - (A) has been completely installed;
  - (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential energy system or commercial energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
- (i) for determining whether a residential energy system or commercial energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (7)(b)(ii); and
- (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3) or (4), establishing the reasonable costs of a residential energy system or a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
- (d) A taxpayer that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under

772	Section 59-1-1406.
773	(e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
774	(i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the office issues a
775	written certification; and
776	(ii) for each taxpayer:
777	(A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and
778	(B) the date the renewable energy system was installed.
779	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
780	commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
781	(9) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
782	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
783	Section 7. Section <b>59-7-614.10</b> is amended to read:
784	59-7-614.10. Nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit.
785	(1) As used in this section:
786	(a) "Business entity" means a corporation that meets the definition of "business entity"
787	as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-202.
788	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
789	63N-1-201.
790	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
791	nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit as described in Section 63N-2-213.
792	(3) The enterprise zone tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax
793	credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the
794	taxable year.
795	(4) A business entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that
796	does not exceed the next three taxable years, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the
797	business entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
798	(5) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this
799	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
800	income tax credit available under Section [63N-2-305] 59-7-624.

(6) (a) In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim

Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations

801

concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.

804

805

806

807

808

809

810

811

812

813

814

815

816817

818

819

820

821

822

823

824

825

826

827

828

829

830

831

(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide by electronic means the following information for each calendar year to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:

- (A) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;
- (B) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in each development zone;
- (C) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each development zone;
- (D) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other depreciable property in each development zone;
- (E) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report under Section 63N-1-301; and
  - (F) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
- (ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i), the office shall redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
- (B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), reporting the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to provide the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all development zones that receive the tax credit under this section.
- (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under Subsection (6)(b).
- (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the recommendations described in Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation of:
  - (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state:
  - (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
- (iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
- Section 8. Section **59-7-624** is enacted to read:

834	59-7-624. Targeted business income tax credit.
835	(1) As used in this section, "business applicant" means the same as that term is defined
836	<u>in Section 63N-2-302.</u>
837	(2) A business applicant that is certified and issued a targeted business income tax
838	eligibility certificate by the office under Section 63N-2-304 may claim a refundable tax credit
839	in the amount specified on the targeted business income tax eligibility certificate.
840	(3) For a taxable year for which a business applicant claims a targeted business income
841	tax credit available under this section, the business applicant may not claim or carry forward a
842	tax credit available under Section 59-7-610, Section 59-10-1007, or Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part
843	2, Enterprise Zone Act.
844	Section 9. Section <b>59-10-137</b> is amended to read:
845	59-10-137. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
846	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
847	Committee.
848	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
849	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
850	continued, modified, or repealed.
851	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
852	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
853	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
854	under review to provide testimony;
855	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Development to present a summary
856	and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
857	Economic Development is required to make a report under this chapter; and
858	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
859	analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
860	Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
861	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations described in this section include an
862	evaluation of:
863	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
864	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and

```
865
              (C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
866
              (v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
867
       otherwise required by law.
              (3) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the
868
869
       committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
870
       under the following sections:
871
              (i) Section 59-10-1004;
872
              (ii) Section 59-10-1010;
873
              (iii) Section 59-10-1015;
874
              (iv) Section 59-10-1025;
875
              (v) Section 59-10-1027;
876
              (vi) Section 59-10-1031;
877
              (vii) Section 59-10-1032;
878
              (viii) Section 59-10-1035;
879
              (ix) Section 59-10-1104;
880
              (x) Section 59-10-1105; and
881
              (xi) Section 59-10-1108.
882
              (b) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the committee
883
       shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
884
       following sections:
885
              (i) Section 59-10-1005;
886
              (ii) Section 59-10-1006;
887
              (iii) Section 59-10-1012;
888
              (iv) Section 59-10-1013;
889
              [(v)] (iv) Section 59-10-1022;
890
              [(vi)] (v) Section 59-10-1023;
891
              [(vii)] (vi) Section 59-10-1028;
892
              [<del>(viii)</del>] (vii) Section 59-10-1034;
893
              [(ix)] (viii) Section 59-10-1037; [and]
894
              [(x)] (ix) Section 59-10-1107[-]; and
895
              (x) Section 59-10-1112.
```

```
896
               (c) On or before November 30, 2019, and every three years after 2019, the committee
897
       shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
898
       following sections:
899
               (i) Section 59-10-1007;
900
               (ii) Section 59-10-1009;
901
               [\frac{(iii)}{(iii)}] (ii) Section 59-10-1014;
902
               [(iv)] (iii) Section 59-10-1017;
903
               [(v)] (iv) Section 59-10-1018;
904
               [(vi)] (v) Section 59-10-1019;
905
               [(vii)] (vi) Section 59-10-1024;
906
               [(viii)] (vii) Section 59-10-1029;
907
               [(ix)] (viii) Section 59-10-1030;
908
               [(x)] (ix) Section 59-10-1033;
909
               [(xi)] (x) Section 59-10-1036;
910
               [(xii)] (xi) Section 59-10-1106; and
911
               [(xiii)] (xii) Section 59-10-1111.
912
               (d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
913
       conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1.
914
       2017.
915
               (ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
916
       years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
917
               Section 10. Section 59-10-210 is amended to read:
918
               59-10-210. Fiduciary adjustments.
919
               (1) A share of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2) shall be added to
920
       or subtracted from unadjusted income:
921
               (a) of:
922
               (i) a resident or nonresident estate or trust; or
923
               (ii) a resident or nonresident beneficiary of a resident or nonresident estate or trust; and
924
               (b) as provided in this section.
925
               (2) For purposes of Subsection (1), the fiduciary adjustments are the following
926
       amounts:
```

927 (a) the additions to and subtractions from unadjusted income of a resident or 928 nonresident estate or trust required by Section 59-10-202; and 929 (b) a tax credit claimed by a resident or nonresident estate or trust as allowed by: 930 (i) Section 59-6-102; 931 (ii) Part 10, Nonrefundable Tax Credit Act; 932 (iii) Part 11, Refundable Tax Credit Act; 933 (iv) Section 59-13-202; 934 (v) Section 63N-2-213; or 935 (vi) Section [<del>63N-2-305</del>] 59-10-1112. 936 (3) (a) The respective shares of an estate or trust and its beneficiaries, including for the 937 purpose of this allocation a nonresident beneficiary, in the state fiduciary adjustments, shall be 938 allocated in proportion to their respective shares of federal distributable net income of the 939 estate or trust. 940 (b) If the estate or trust described in Subsection (3)(a) has no federal distributable net 941 income for the taxable year, the share of each beneficiary in the fiduciary adjustments shall be 942 allocated in proportion to that beneficiary's share of the estate or trust income for the taxable 943 year that is, under state law or the governing instrument, required to be distributed currently 944 plus any other amounts of that income distributed in that taxable year. 945 (c) After making the allocations required by Subsections (3)(a) and (b), any balance of 946 the fiduciary adjustments shall be allocated to the estate or trust. 947 (4) (a) The commission shall allow a fiduciary to use a method for determining the 948 allocation of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2) other than the method 949 described in Subsection (3) if using the method described in Subsection (3) results in an 950 inequity: 951 (i) in allocating the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2); and 952 (ii) if the inequity is substantial: 953 (A) in amount; and 954 (B) in relation to the total amount of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection 955 **(2)**.

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

commission may make rules authorizing a fiduciary to use a method for determining the

956

958	allocation of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2) other than the method
959	described in Subsection (3) if using the method described in Subsection (3) results in an
960	inequity:
961	(i) in allocating the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2); and
962	(ii) if the inequity is substantial:
963	(A) in amount; and
964	(B) in relation to the total amount of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection
965	(2).
966	Section 11. Section <b>59-10-1007</b> is amended to read:
967	59-10-1007. Recycling market development zones tax credit.
968	(1) [For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, a] Subject to other
969	provisions of this section, a claimant, estate, or trust in a recycling market development zone as
970	defined in Section 63N-2-402 may claim [a nonrefundable tax credit as provided in this
971	section.] the following nonrefundable tax credits:
972	(a) [(i) There shall be allowed] a tax credit of 5% of the purchase price paid for
973	machinery and equipment used directly in:
974	[(A)] (i) commercial composting; or
975	[(B)] (ii) manufacturing facilities or plant units that:
976	[(1)] (A) manufacture, process, compound, or produce recycled items of tangible
977	personal property for sale; or
978	[(H)] (B) reduce or reuse postconsumer waste material[-]; and
979	(b) a tax credit equal to the lesser of:
980	(i) 20% of net expenditures to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test
981	inventory, and utilities made by the claimant, estate, or trust for establishing and operating
982	recycling or composting technology in Utah; and
983	(ii) \$2,000.
984	[(ii) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall certify that the machinery
985	and equipment described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) are integral to the composting or recycling
986	process:]
987	[(A) on a form provided by the commission; and]
988	[(B) before a claimant, estate, or trust is allowed a tax credit under this section.]

989	(2) (a) To claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1), the claimant, estate, or trust
990	shall receive from the Governor's Office of Economic Development a written certification, on a
991	form provided by the commission, that includes:
992	(i) a statement that the claimant, estate, or trust is operating within the boundaries of a
993	recycling market development zone;
994	(ii) for claims of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):
995	(A) the type of the machinery and equipment that the claimant, estate, or trust
996	purchased;
997	(B) the date that the claimant, estate, or trust purchased the machinery and equipment;
998	(C) the purchase price for the machinery and equipment;
999	(D) the total purchase price for all machinery and equipment for which the claimant,
1000	estate, or trust is claiming a tax credit;
1001	(E) the amount of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax credit; and
1002	(F) a statement that the machinery and equipment are integral to the composting or
1003	recycling process; and
1004	(iii) for claims of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b):
1005	(A) the type of net expenditure that the claimant, estate, or trust made to a third party;
1006	(B) the date that the claimant, estate, or trust made the payment to a third party;
1007	(C) the amount that the claimant, estate, or trust paid to each third party;
1008	(D) the total amount that the claimant, estate, or trust paid to all third parties;
1009	(E) a statement that the net expenditures support the establishment and operation of
1010	recycling or composting technology in Utah; and
1011	(F) the amount of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax credit.
1012	[(iii)] (b) (i) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall provide a
1013	claimant, estate, or trust seeking to claim a tax credit under [this section] Subsection (1) with a
1014	copy of the [form described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)] written certification.
1015	[(iv)] (ii) The claimant, estate, or trust [described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)] shall retain
1016	a copy of the [form received under Subsection (1)(a)(iii)] written certification for the same
1017	period of time that a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
1018	[(b) There shall be allowed a tax credit equal to 20% of net expenditures up to \$10,000
1019	to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test inventory, and utilities made by the

1020	claimant, estate, or trust for establishing and operating recycling or composting technology in
1021	Utah, with an annual maximum tax credit of \$2,000.]
1022	[(2) The total tax credit allowed under this section may not exceed 40% of the Utah
1023	income tax liability of the claimant, estate, or trust prior to any tax credits in the taxable year of
1024	purchase prior to claiming the tax credit authorized by this section.]
1025	[(3) (a) Any tax credit not used for the taxable year in which the purchase price on
1026	composting or recycling machinery and equipment was paid may be carried forward against the
1027	claimant's, estate's, or trusts's tax liability under this chapter in the three succeeding taxable
1028	years until the total tax credit amount is used.]
1029	[(b) Tax credits not claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust on the claimant's, estate's, or
1030	trust's tax return under this chapter within three years are forfeited.]
1031	(c) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall submit to the commission
1032	an electronic list that includes:
1033	(i) the name and identifying information of each claimant, estate, or trust to which the
1034	office issues a written certification; and
1035	(ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust, the amount of each tax credit listed on the written
1036	certification.
1037	(3) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit under Subsection (1)(a),
1038	Subsection (1)(b), or both that exceeds 40% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's state income
1039	tax liability as the tax liability is calculated:
1040	(a) for the taxable year in which the claimant, estate, or trust made the purchases or
1041	payments;
1042	(b) before any other tax credits the claimant, estate, or trust may claim for the taxable
1043	year; and
1044	(c) before the claimant, estate, or trust claiming a tax credit authorized by this section.
1045	(4) The commission shall make rules governing what information [shall be filed] $\underline{a}$
1046	claimant, estate, or trust shall file with the commission to verify the entitlement to and amount
1047	of a tax credit.
1048	(5) Except as provided in Subsections (6) and (8), a claimant, estate, or trust may carry
1049	forward, to the next three taxable years, the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the taxpayer's
1050	income tax liability for the taxable year.

1051	[(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), for taxable years beginning on or after
1052	<del>January 1, 2001, a</del> ]
1053	(6) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in
1054	Subsection (1)(a) in a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims or carries
1055	forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.
1056	[(b) For a taxable year other than a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or
1057	trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), a
1058	claimant, estate, or trust may claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection
1059	<del>(1)(a):</del> ]
1060	[(i) if the claimant, estate, or trust may claim or carry forward the tax credit in
1061	accordance with Subsections (1) and (2); and]
1062	[(ii) subject to Subsections (3) and (4).]
1063	[(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), for taxable years beginning on or after January
1064	1, 2001, a]
1065	(7) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b)
1066	in a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims or carries forward a tax
1067	credit under Section 63N-2-213.
1068	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit
1069	available under this section for a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust [has
1070	claimed] claims the targeted business income tax credit [available] under Section [63N-2-305]
1071	<u>59-10-1112</u> .
1072	Section 12. Section <b>59-10-1012</b> is amended to read:
1073	59-10-1012. Definitions Tax credits for research activities conducted in the
1074	state Carry forward Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal
1075	provisions Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
1076	(1) As used in this section:
1077	(a) "Basic research" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal
1078	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state.
1079	(b) "Qualified research" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(d),
1080	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this
1081	state.

1082	(c) "Qualified research expenses" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1083	41(b), Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
1084	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
1085	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state.
1086	[(1)] (2) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust [meeting the requirements of this section] that
1087	receives a tax credit certificate in accordance with Section 63N-2-902 may claim one or more
1088	of the following nonrefundable tax credits:
1089	(i) a research tax credit [of 5% of] calculated in accordance with Section 63N-2-903 for
1090	the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research expenses [for the current taxable year that
1091	exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection (3)] during the taxable year;
1092	(ii) a tax credit calculated in accordance with Section 63N-2-903 for a payment to a
1093	qualified organization for basic research [as provided in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code
1094	of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection
1095	(3)] during the taxable year; and
1096	(iii) [a] an additional research tax credit [equal to 7.5% of] calculated in accordance
1097	with Section 63N-2-903 for the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research expenses [for
1098	the current] during the taxable year.
1099	[(b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under:]
1100	[(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate
1101	or trust incurs the qualified research expenses; or]
1102	[(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust
1103	makes the payment to the qualified organization.]
1104	(b) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit in an amount equal to the amount
1105	stated on the tax credit certificate for each tax credit.
1106	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
1107	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
1108	(d) The tax credits provided for in this section do not terminate if a credit terminates
1109	under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
1110	[(2) Except as specifically provided for in this section:]
1111	[(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
1112	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and]

1113	[(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating
1114	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).]
1115	[ <del>(3) For purposes of this section:</del> ]
1116	[(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),
1117	Internal Revenue Code, except that:]
1118	[(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
1119	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
1120	[(ii) a claimant's, estate's, or trust's gross receipts include only those gross receipts
1121	attributable to sources within this state as provided in Section 59-10-118; and]
1122	[(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
1123	the base amount, a claimant, estate, or trust:]
1124	[(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B),
1125	Internal Revenue Code, regardless of whether the claimant, estate, or trust meets the
1126	requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II), Internal Revenue Code; and]
1127	[(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
1128	<del>(3)(a)(iii)(A);</del> ]
1129	[(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
1130	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;]
1131	[(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
1132	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state;]
1133	[(d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b),
1134	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:]
1135	[(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and]
1136	[(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and]
1137	[(e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates
1138	under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.]
1139	[(4)] (3) (a) If the amount of a tax credit [claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust] that a
1140	claimant, estate, or trust claims under Subsection [(1)] (2)(a)(i) or (ii) exceeds the claimant's,
1141	estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the [amount of the tax credit
1142	exceeding the tax liability] claimant, estate, or trust:
1143	(i) may [be carried forward] carry forward the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the

1144 claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable 1145 years; and 1146 (ii) may not [be carried back] carry back the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the 1147 claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year. 1148 (b) A claimant, estate, or trust may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by 1149 Subsection [(1)] (2)(a)(iii). 1150 [(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 1151 the commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process 1152 for qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for 1153 basic research conducted in this state.] 1154 [(6)] (4) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, 1155 the commission shall report the modification or repeal by electronic means to the Revenue and 1156 Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal 1157 becomes effective. 1158 [<del>(7)</del>] (5) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits 1159 provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the 1160 commission reports under Subsection [(6)] (4) a modification or repeal of a provision of 1161 Section 41. Internal Revenue Code. 1162 (b) The review described in Subsection [(7)] (5)(a) is in addition to the review required by Section 59-10-137. 1163 1164 [(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee 1165 is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a 1166 provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date 1167 provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code. 1168 [<del>(d)</del>] (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under 1169 this [section] Subsection (5): 1170 (i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section; 1171 (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section; 1172 (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and 1173 (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be[:] continued,

1174

modified, or repealed.

1175	[ <del>(A) continued;</del> ]
1176	[ <del>(B) modified; or</del> ]
1177	[ <del>(C) repealed.</del> ]
1178	[(e)] (d) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee [reviews the tax credits
1179	provided for in this section, the committee] conducts a review of the tax credits under this
1180	Subsection (5), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall issue a report of the
1181	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's findings.
1182	Section 13. Section <b>59-10-1014</b> is amended to read:
1183	59-10-1014. Nonrefundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
1184	Certification Rulemaking authority.
1185	(1) As used in this section:
1186	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
1187	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
1188	electrical energy; and
1189	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
1190	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
1191	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
1192	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
1193	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
1194	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
1195	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage
1196	(c) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
1197	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building
1198	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
1199	(d) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
1200	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
1201	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
1202	(e) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
1203	(f) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
1204	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
1205	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and

1206	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
1207	(g) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
1208	of:
1209	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
1210	energy; and
1211	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
1212	(h) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
1213	(i) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
1214	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
1215	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
1216	available at the site.
1217	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
1218	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
1219	(j) "Photovoltaic system" means an active solar system that generates electricity from
1220	sunlight.
1221	(k) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
1222	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a residential energy system.
1223	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
1224	(A) an interest charge; or
1225	(B) a maintenance expense.
1226	(1) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
1227	residential unit:
1228	(i) an active solar system;
1229	(ii) a biomass system;
1230	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
1231	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
1232	(v) a hydroenergy system;
1233	(vi) a passive solar system; or
1234	(vii) a wind system.
1235	(m) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
1236	unit that:

1237	(A) is located in the state; and
1238	(B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family.
1239	(ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under:
1240	(A) Section 59-2-405;
1241	(B) Section 59-2-405.1;
1242	(C) Section 59-2-405.2;
1243	(D) Section 59-2-405.3; or
1244	(E) Section 72-10-110.5.
1245	(n) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of:
1246	(i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and
1247	(ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use or
1248	storage.
1249	(2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in
1250	this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
1251	(3) For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a claimant, estate, or trust
1252	may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this section with respect to a residential unit the
1253	claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses if:
1254	(a) the claimant, estate, or trust:
1255	(i) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the
1256	energy required for the residential unit; or
1257	(ii) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of
1258	the energy required for the residential unit;
1259	(b) the residential energy system is installed on or after January 1, 2007; and
1260	(c) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in
1261	accordance with Subsection (5).
1262	(4) (a) For a residential energy system, other than a photovoltaic system, the tax credit
1263	described in this section is equal to the lesser of:
1264	(i) 25% of the reasonable costs, including installation costs, of each residential energy
1265	system installed with respect to each residential unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses;
1266	and

1267

(ii) \$2,000.

1268 (b) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), for a residential energy system that is a photovoltaic system, the tax credit described in this section is equal to the lesser of:

- 1270 (i) 25% of the reasonable costs, including installation costs, of each system installed 1271 with respect to each residential unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses; or
- 1272 (ii) (A) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2007, but on or before December 1273 31, 2017, \$2,000;
- 1274 (B) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2018, but on or before December 31, 2020, \$1.600:
- 1276 (C) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2021, but on or before December 31, 1277 2021, \$1,200;
- 1278 (D) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2022, but on or before December 31, 2022, \$800;
- 1280 (E) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2023, but on or before December 31, 2023, \$400; and
- 1282 (F) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2024, \$0.

1286

1287

1288

1289

1290

1291

1292

1293

1294

1295

1296

- 1283 (c) (i) The office shall determine the amount of the tax credit that a claimant, estate, or 1284 trust may claim and list that amount on the written certification that the office issues under 1285 Subsection (5).
  - (ii) The claimant, estate, or trust may claim the tax credit in the amount listed on the written certification that the office issues under Subsection (5).
    - (d) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under Subsection (3) for the taxable year in which the residential energy system is installed.
    - (e) If the amount of a tax credit listed on the written certification exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the claimant, estate, or trust may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.
    - (f) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit with respect to additional residential energy systems or parts of residential energy systems for a subsequent taxable year if the total amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust claims does not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
- (g) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(g)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that leases a

residential energy system installed on a residential unit may claim a tax credit under Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.

- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (4)(g)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim as a tax credit under Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (4)(g)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim a tax credit under Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (h) If a claimant, estate, or trust sells a residential unit to another person before the claimant, estate, or trust claims the tax credit under Subsection (3):
  - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
- (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the other person may claim the tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-7-614 to claim the tax credit; or
- (B) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit.
- (5) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
- (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- (ii) the office determines that the residential energy system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
  - (A) has been completely installed;

1299

1300

1301

1302

1303

1304

13051306

1307

1308

1309

1310

1311

13121313

1314

13151316

1317

1318

1319

13201321

1322

1323

1324

- (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- 1327 (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential
  1328 energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate
  1329 and economic manner.

1330	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1331	office may make rules:
1332	(i) for determining whether a residential energy system meets the requirements of
1333	Subsection (5)(b)(ii); and
1334	(ii) for purposes of determining the amount of a tax credit that a claimant, estate, or
1335	trust may receive under Subsection (4), establishing the reasonable costs of a residential energy
1336	system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
1337	(d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall
1338	retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records
1339	under Section 59-1-1406.
1340	(e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
1341	(i) the name and identifying information of each claimant, estate, or trust to which the
1342	office issues a written certification; and
1343	(ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust:
1344	(A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and
1345	(B) the date the renewable energy system was installed.
1346	(6) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
1347	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
1348	(7) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section
1349	59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this
1350	section for that purchase.
1351	Section 14. Section <b>59-10-1024</b> is amended to read:
1352	59-10-1024. Nonrefundable tax credit for qualifying solar projects.
1353	(1) As used in this section:
1354	(a) "Active solar system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1355	59-10-1014.
1356	(b) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development, created in Section 63M-4-401.
1357	[(b)] (c) "Purchaser" means a claimant, estate, or trust that purchases one or more solar
1358	units from a qualifying political subdivision.
1359	[(c)] (d) "Qualifying political subdivision" means:
1360	(i) a city or town in this state;

1361	(ii) an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;
1362	or
1363	(iii) a special service district created under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
1364	District Act.
1365	[(d)] (e) "Qualifying solar project" means the portion of an active solar system:
1366	(i) that a qualifying political subdivision:
1367	(A) constructs;
1368	(B) controls; or
1369	(C) owns;
1370	(ii) with respect to which the qualifying political subdivision described in Subsection
1371	$[\frac{(1)(e)(i)}{(1)(d)(i)}]$ sells one or more solar units; and
1372	(iii) that generates electrical output that is furnished:
1373	(A) to one or more residential units; or
1374	(B) for the benefit of one or more residential units.
1375	[(e)] (f) "Residential unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1376	59-10-1014.
1377	[(f)] (g) "Solar unit" means a portion of the electrical output:
1378	(i) of a qualifying solar project;
1379	(ii) that a qualifying political subdivision sells to a purchaser; and
1380	(iii) the purchase of which requires that the purchaser agree to bear a proportionate
1381	share of the expense of the qualifying solar project:
1382	(A) in accordance with a written agreement between the purchaser and the qualifying
1383	political subdivision;
1384	(B) in exchange for a credit on the purchaser's electrical bill; and
1385	(C) as determined by a formula established by the qualifying political subdivision.
1386	[(2) Subject to Subsection (3), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009,
1387	a purchaser may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the product of:]
1388	[(a) the amount the purchaser pays to purchase one or more solar units during the
1389	taxable year; and]
1390	[ <del>(b) 25%.</del> ]
1391	[(3) For a taxable year, a tax credit under this section may not exceed \$2,000 on a

1392	return.]
1393	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) and (3), a purchaser may claim a nonrefundable
1394	tax credit equal to the amount stated on a tax credit certificate issued by the office.
1395	(b) The maximum tax credit per taxpayer taxable year is the lesser of:
1396	(i) 25% of the amount that the purchaser pays to purchase one or more solar units
1397	during the taxable year; and
1398	(ii) \$2,000.
1399	(3) (a) To claim a tax credit under this section, a purchaser shall receive a tax credit
1400	certificate from the office.
1401	(b) The purchaser shall submit, with the purchaser's application for a tax credit
1402	certificate, proof of the purchaser's purchase of one or more solar units.
1403	(c) If the office determines that the purchaser purchased one or more solar units during
1404	the taxable year, the office shall:
1405	(i) determine the amount of the purchaser's tax credit; and
1406	(ii) issue, on a form provided by the commission, a tax credit certificate to the
1407	purchaser that states the amount of the purchaser's tax credit.
1408	(d) If the office determines that a claimant, estate, or trust requesting a tax credit
1409	certificate is not eligible for a tax credit certificate under this section but may be eligible for a
1410	tax credit certificate under Section 59-10-1014, the office shall treat the claimant, estate, or
1411	trust as applying for a written certification in accordance with Section 59-10-1014.
1412	(e) A purchaser who receives a tax credit certificate shall retain the tax credit certificate
1413	for the same time period that a person is required to keep books and records under Section
1414	<u>59-1-1406.</u>
1415	(f) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
1416	(i) the name and identifying information of each purchaser to whom the office issued a
1417	certificate; and
1418	(ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust:
1419	(A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and
1420	(B) the date or dates the claimant, estate, or trust purchased one or more solar units.
1421	(4) A purchaser may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does
1422	not exceed the next four taxable years if:

1423	(a) the purchaser is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year;
1424	and
1425	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the purchaser's tax liability under this chapter
1426	for that taxable year.
1427	(5) Subject to Section 59-10-1014, a tax credit under this section is in addition to any
1428	other tax credit allowed by this chapter.
1429	Section 15. Section 59-10-1037 is amended to read:
1430	59-10-1037. Nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit.
1431	(1) As used in this section:
1432	(a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of
1433	"business entity" as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-202.
1434	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
1435	63N-1-201.
1436	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
1437	nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit as described in Section 63N-2-213.
1438	(3) The enterprise zone tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax
1439	credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the
1440	taxable year.
1441	(4) A business entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that
1442	does not exceed the next three taxable years, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the
1443	business entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
1444	(5) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this
1445	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
1446	income tax credit available under Section [63N-2-305] 59-10-1112.
1447	(6) (a) In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
1448	Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
1449	concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1450	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by
1451	this Subsection (6), the office shall provide by electronic means the following information, if
1452	available to the office, for each calendar year to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
1453	(A) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;

1454	(B) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in
1455	each development zone;
1456	(C) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each development
1457	zone;
1458	(D) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other
1459	depreciable property in each development zone;
1460	(E) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report under
1461	Section 63N-1-301; and
1462	(F) other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1463	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i), the office shall
1464	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1465	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
1466	the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
1467	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1468	provide the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all development
1469	zones that receive the tax credit under this section.
1470	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of the Legislative
1471	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1472	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1473	office under Subsection (6)(b).
1474	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the
1475	recommendations described in Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation of:
1476	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1477	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1478	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1479	Section 16. Section 59-10-1112 is enacted to read:
1480	59-10-1112. Targeted business income tax credit.
1481	(1) As used in this section, "business applicant" means the same as that term is defined
1482	in Section 63N-2-302.

(2) A business applicant that is certified and issued a targeted business income tax

eligibility certificate by the office under Section 63N-2-304 may claim a refundable tax credit

1483

in the amount specified on the targeted business income tax eligibility certificate.

(3) For a taxable year for which a business applicant claims a targeted business income tax credit available under this section, the business applicant may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under Section 59-7-610, Section 59-10-1007, or Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.

Section 17. Section 63N-2-213 is amended to read:

## 63N-2-213. State tax credits.

1486

1487

1488

1489

1490

14911492

1493

1494

1495

1496

1497 1498

1499

1500

1501

15021503

1504

1505

1506

15071508

1509

1510

15111512

- (1) The office shall certify a business entity's eligibility for a tax credit described in this section.
- (2) A business entity seeking to receive a tax credit as provided in this section shall provide the office with:
- (a) an application for a tax credit certificate in a form approved by the office, including a certification, by an officer of the business entity, of a signature on the application; and
- (b) documentation that demonstrates the business entity has met the requirements to receive the tax credit.
- (3) If, after review of an application and documentation provided by a business entity as described in Subsection (2), the office determines that the application and documentation are inadequate to provide a reasonable justification for authorizing the tax credit, the office shall:
  - (a) deny the tax credit; or
- (b) inform the business entity that the application or documentation was inadequate and ask the business entity to submit additional documentation.
- (4) If, after review of an application and documentation provided by a business entity as described in Subsection (2), the office determines that the application and documentation provide reasonable justification for authorizing a tax credit, the office shall:
  - (a) determine the amount of the tax credit to be granted to the business entity;
  - (b) issue a tax credit certificate to the business entity; and
- (c) provide a duplicate copy of the tax credit certificate to the State Tax Commission.
- (5) A business entity may not claim a tax credit under this section unless the business entity has a tax credit certificate issued by the office.
- 1514 (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office shall make rules describing:

1516 (a) the form and content of an application for a tax credit under this section; 1517 (b) the documentation requirements for a business entity to receive a tax credit 1518 certificate under this section; and 1519 (c) administration of the program, including relevant timelines and deadlines. 1520 (7) Subject to the limitations of Subsections (8) through (10), and if the requirements 1521 of this part are met, the following nonrefundable tax credits against a tax under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income 1522 1523 Tax Act, are applicable in an enterprise zone: 1524 (a) a tax credit of \$750 may be claimed by a business entity for each new full-time 1525 employee position created within the enterprise zone; 1526 (b) an additional \$500 tax credit may be claimed if the new full-time employee position 1527 created within the enterprise zone pays at least 125% of: 1528 (i) the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage for the respective industry 1529 as determined by the Department of Workforce Services; or 1530 (ii) if the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage is not available for the 1531 respective industry, the total average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage in the respective 1532 county where the enterprise zone is located; 1533 (c) an additional tax credit of \$750 may be claimed if the new full-time employee 1534 position created within the enterprise zone is in a business entity that adds value to agricultural 1535 commodities through manufacturing or processing; 1536 (d) an additional tax credit of \$200 may be claimed for two consecutive years for each 1537 new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone that is filled by an 1538 employee who is insured under an employer-sponsored health insurance program if the 1539 employer pays at least 50% of the premium cost for the year for which the credit is claimed; 1540 (e) a tax credit of 25% of the first \$200,000 spent on rehabilitating a building in the 1541 enterprise zone that has been vacant for two years or more; and

1542 (f) an annual investment tax credit of 10% of the first \$250,000 in investment, and 5% 1543

1544

1545

- of the next \$1,000,000 qualifying investment in plant, equipment, or other depreciable property.
- (8) (a) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (8)(b), a business entity claiming a tax credit under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) may claim the tax credit for no more than 30

1547 full-time employee positions in a taxable year.

(b) A business entity that received a tax credit for one or more new full-time employee positions under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) in a prior taxable year may claim a tax credit for a new full-time employee position in a subsequent taxable year under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) if:

- (i) the business entity has created a new full-time position within the enterprise zone; and
- (ii) the total number of full-time employee positions at the business entity at any point during the tax year for which the tax credit is being claimed is greater than the highest number of full-time employee positions that existed at the business entity in the previous three taxable years.
- (c) Construction jobs are not eligible for the tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (d).
- (9) If the amount of a tax credit under this section exceeds a business entity's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the business entity may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years.
- (10) Tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (f) may not be claimed by a business entity primarily engaged in retail trade or by a public utilities business.
  - (11) A business entity that has no employees:
  - (a) may not claim tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (d); and
  - (b) may claim tax credits under Subsections (7)(e) through (f).
- (12) (a) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business income tax credit available under Section [63N-2-305] 63N-2-304.
- (b) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this section for a taxable year during which the business entity claims or carries forward a tax credit available under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007.
- 1575 (13) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the
  1576 Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by this section
  1577 and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued, modified,

13/8	or repealed.
1579	(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (13)(a), the Revenue and Taxation
1580	Interim Committee shall:
1581	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1582	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credits
1583	under review to provide testimony;
1584	(iii) ensure that the recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
1585	(A) the cost of the tax credits to the state;
1586	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
1587	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits; and
1588	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1589	Taxation Interim Committee.
1590	Section 18. Section 63N-2-304 is amended to read:
1591	63N-2-304. Application for targeted business income tax credit.
1592	(1) (a) [For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, a] A business
1593	applicant may apply to the office for a targeted business income tax credit eligibility certificate
1594	under this part if the business applicant:
1595	(i) is located in:
1596	(A) an enterprise zone; and
1597	(B) a county with a population of less than 25,000;
1598	(ii) meets the requirements of Section 63N-2-212;
1599	(iii) provides a community investment project within the enterprise zone; and
1600	(iv) is not engaged in the following:
1601	(A) construction;
1602	(B) retail trade; or
1603	(C) public utility activities.
1604	(b) For a taxable year for which a business applicant claims a targeted business income
1605	tax credit available under this part, the business applicant may not claim or carry forward a tax
1606	credit available under Section 59-7-610, 59-10-1007, or 63N-2-213.
1607	(2) (a) A business applicant seeking to claim a targeted business income tax credit
1608	under this part shall submit an application to the office by no later than June 1 of the taxable

year in which the business applicant is seeking to claim the targeted business income tax credit.

- (b) The application described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include:
- (i) any documentation required by the office to demonstrate that the business applicant meets the requirements of Subsection (1);
  - (ii) a plan developed by the business applicant that describes:
  - (A) if the community investment project includes significant new employment, the projected number and anticipated wage level of the jobs that the business applicant plans to create as the basis for qualifying for a targeted business income tax credit;
  - (B) if the community investment project includes significant new capital development, the capital development the business applicant plans to make as the basis for qualifying for a targeted business income tax credit;
  - (C) how the business applicant's plan coordinates with the goals of the enterprise zone in which the business applicant is providing a community investment project;
  - (D) how the business applicant's plan coordinates with the overall economic development goals of the county or municipality in which the business applicant is providing a community investment project;
    - (E) any matching funds that will be used for the community investment project;
  - (F) how any targeted business income tax credit incentives that were awarded in a previous year have been used for the community investment project by the business applicant; and
    - (G) the requested amount of the targeted business income tax credit; and
    - (iii) any additional information required by the office.
    - (3) (a) The office shall:

- (i) evaluate an application filed under Subsection (2);
- (ii) determine whether the business applicant is potentially eligible for a targeted business income tax credit; and
- (iii) if the business applicant is potentially eligible for a targeted business income tax credit, determine performance benchmarks and the deadline for meeting those benchmarks that the business applicant must achieve before the office awards a targeted business income tax credit to the business applicant.
  - (b) If the office determines that the business applicant is potentially eligible for a

1640	targeted business income tax credit, the office shall:
1641	(i) notify the business applicant that the business applicant is eligible for a targeted
1642	business income tax credit if the business applicant meets the performance benchmarks by the
1643	deadline as determined by the office as described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);
1644	(ii) notify the business applicant of the potential amount of the targeted business
1645	income tax credit that may be awarded to the business applicant, which amount may be no
1646	more than \$100,000 for the business applicant in a taxable year; and
1647	(iii) monitor a business applicant to ensure compliance with this section and to
1648	measure the business applicant's progress in meeting performance benchmarks.
1649	(c) If the business applicant provides evidence to the office, in a form prescribed by the
1650	office, that the business applicant has achieved the performance benchmarks by the deadline as
1651	determined by the office as described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the office shall:
1652	(i) certify that the business applicant is eligible for a targeted business income tax
1653	credit;
1654	(ii) issue a targeted business income tax credit eligibility certificate to the business
1655	applicant in accordance with [Section 63N-2-305; and]:
1656	(A) for a business applicant that files a return under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate
1657	Franchise and Income Taxes, Section 59-7-624; or
1658	(B) for a business applicant that files a return under Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual
1659	Income Tax Act, Section 59-10-1112; and
1660	(iii) provide a duplicate copy of the targeted business income tax credit eligibility
1661	certificate to the State Tax Commission.
1662	(4) The total amount of the targeted business income tax credit eligibility certificates
1663	that the office issues under this part for all business applicants may not exceed \$300,000 in any

- (5) (a) A business applicant shall retain the targeted business income tax credit eligibility certificate as issued under Subsection (3) for the same time period that a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
  - (b) The office may audit a business applicant to ensure:
- (i) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; and
- (ii) compliance with this section.

fiscal year.

1664

16651666

1667

1671	Section 19. Section 63N-2-901 is enacted to read:
1672	Part 9. Research Expenses Tax Credit Act
1673	<u>63N-2-901.</u> Definitions.
1674	(1) As used in this part:
1675	(a) "Basic research" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal
1676	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state.
1677	(b) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.
1678	(c) "Qualified organization" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(6),
1679	Internal Revenue Code.
1680	(d) "Qualified research" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(d),
1681	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this
1682	state.
1683	(e) "Qualified research expenses" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1684	41(b), Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
1685	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
1686	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state.
1687	(f) "Taxpayer" means:
1688	(i) for a person that files an income tax return under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate
1689	Franchise and Income Taxes, a taxpayer as that term is defined in Section 59-7-101; or
1690	(ii) for a person that files an income tax return under Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual
1691	Income Tax Act, a claimant, estate, or trust as those terms are defined in Section 59-10-1002.
1692	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (1) and 63N-2-903(2), a term used in this part
1693	that is defined in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, means the same as that term is defined in
1694	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
1695	Section 20. Section <b>63N-2-902</b> is enacted to read:
1696	63N-2-902. Research expenses tax credit certificate.
1697	(1) To claim a nonrefundable tax credit under Section 59-7-612 or 59-10-1012, a
1698	taxpayer shall first receive a tax credit certificate in accordance with this section.
1699	(2) To receive a tax credit certificate, the taxpayer shall submit to the office an
1700	application that includes:
1701	(a) proof of the taxpayer's:

1702	(i) qualified research expenses during the current taxable year;
1703	(ii) payment to a qualified organization for basic research during the current taxable
1704	year; or
1705	(iii) both, if the taxpayer is applying for a tax credit certificate to claim a tax credit for
1706	both the taxpayer's qualified research expenses and payments the taxpayer made to a qualified
1707	organization for basic research;
1708	(b) information to verify the calculation of the taxpayer's base amount in accordance
1709	with Section 63N-2-903;
1710	(c) for each tax credit for which the taxpayer applies to receive a tax credit certificate,
1711	the taxpayer's calculation of the amount of tax credit that the taxpayer is eligible to claim;
1712	(d) a statement explaining whether the taxpayer applying for a tax credit certificate
1713	files a return under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Title 59,
1714	Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
1715	(e) any other information the office needs to verify the calculation of the amount of the
1716	taxpayer's tax credit in accordance with Section 63N-2-903.
1717	(3) (a) If, after review of the application, the office determines that the taxpayer is
1718	eligible for one or more tax credits under Section 59-7-612 or 59-10-1012, the office shall:
1719	(i) determine the amount of each tax credit that the taxpayer is eligible to claim;
1720	(ii) issue, on a form provided by the commission, a tax credit certificate to the taxpayer
1721	that states:
1722	(A) each tax credit that the office certifies that the taxpayer is eligible to claim; and
1723	(B) the amount of each tax credit that the taxpayer may claim; and
1724	(iii) provide to the commission an electronic list that includes:
1725	(A) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the office issues a
1726	certificate; and
1727	(B) for each taxpayer, the amount of each tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate.
1728	(b) (i) If, after review of the application, the office determines that the taxpayer has
1729	provided inadequate information to issue a tax credit certificate on some or all of the expenses
1730	or payments for which the taxpayer seeks to claim a tax credit, the office shall:
1731	(A) inform the taxpayer that the application is incomplete or inadequate; and
1732	(B) request that the taxpaver submit additional documentation within a time frame

1733	specified by the office.
1734	(ii) If the taxpayer fails to comply with the request for additional documentation, the
1735	office shall:
1736	(A) for an application that the office is able to certify some of the submitted expenses
1737	or payments, issue a tax credit certificate in accordance with Subsection (3)(a) for the qualified
1738	research expenses or payment to a qualified organization for basic research that the office is
1739	able to certify; or
1740	(B) for an application that the office is unable to certify any of the submitted expenses
1741	or payments, deny a tax credit certificate.
1742	(4) A taxpayer shall retain a copy of the tax credit certificate issued under Subsection
1743	(3) for the same time period the taxpayer is required to keep books and records under Section
1744	<u>59-1-1406.</u>
1745	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1746	office shall make rules describing:
1747	(a) the form of an application for a tax credit certificate under this section;
1748	(b) the documentation requirements for a taxpayer to receive a tax credit certificate
1749	under this section; and
1750	(c) administration of the tax credit certificate issuance process, including relevant
1751	timelines and deadlines.
1752	Section 21. Section 63N-2-903 is enacted to read:
1753	63N-2-903. Calculation of state tax credit.
1754	(1) (a) The research tax credit described in Subsection 59-7-612(2)(a)(i) or
1755	59-10-1012(2)(a)(i) is equal to 5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses that:
1756	(i) the taxpayer incurred during the taxable year; and
1757	(ii) exceed the base amount calculated in accordance with Subsection (2).
1758	(b) The tax credit described in Subsection 59-7-612(2)(a)(ii) or 59-10-1012(2)(a)(ii) is
<u>1759</u>	equal to 5% of the payment to a qualified organization for basic research that:
1760	(i) the taxpayer made during the taxable year; and
1761	(ii) exceeds the taxpayer's base amount calculated in accordance with Subsection (2).
1762	(c) The additional research tax credit described in Subsection 59-7-612(2)(a)(iii) or
1763	59-10-1012(2)(a)(iii) is equal to 7.5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses incurred

<u>1764</u>	during the taxable year.
1765	(2) (a) The office shall calculate qualified research expenses as provided in Section
<u>1766</u>	41(b), Internal Revenue Code, except that the taxpayer shall include only:
1767	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
1768	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state.
1769	(b) The office shall calculate a taxpayer's base amount as provided in Section 41(c),
<u>1770</u>	Internal Revenue Code, except that:
1771	(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
<u>1772</u>	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
1773	(ii) (A) for a taxpayer that files an income tax return under Title 59, Chapter 7,
<u>1774</u>	Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the taxpayer's gross receipts include only those gross
<u>1775</u>	receipts attributable to sources within this state as provided in Title 59, Chapter 7, Part 3,
<u>1776</u>	Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah UDITPA Provisions; or
1777	(B) for a taxpayer that files an income tax return under Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual
<u>1778</u>	Income Tax Act, the taxpayer's gross receipts include only those gross receipts attributable to
<u>1779</u>	sources within this state as provided in Section 59-10-118; and
1780	(iii) a taxpayer:
1781	(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B),
<u>1782</u>	regardless of whether the taxpayer meets the requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II);
<u>1783</u>	<u>and</u>
1784	(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
<u>1785</u>	(2)(b)(iii)(A).
1786	(c) The office shall determine whether a taxpayer made a payment to a qualified
1787	organization for basic research as provided in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code.
1788	Section 22. Repealer.
1789	This bill repeals:
1790	Section 59-7-605, Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
1791	Section 59-10-1009, Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
1792	Section 63N-2-305, Targeted business income tax credit structure Revenue and
1793	Taxation Interim Committee study.
1794	Section 23. Retrospective operation.

This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019.