#### Senator Lyle W. Hillyard proposes the following substitute bill:

DNA SPECIMEN ANALYSIS AMENDMENTS
2019 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
<b>Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason</b>
Senate Sponsor: Lyle W. Hillyard
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to DNA specimen analysis and destruction.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>requires a sheriff to provide a person notice related to the destruction of a DNA</li> </ul>
specimen and removal of the person's DNA sample and records from a database;
<ul> <li>requires certain DNA specimen to be processed and entered into a database;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>permits a person to request the destruction of the person's DNA specimen and</li> </ul>
related records under certain conditions; and
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53-10-404.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 331
53-10-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 405

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>53-10-404.5</b> is amended to read:
53-10-404.5. Obtaining DNA specimen at time of booking Payment of fee upon
conviction.
(1) (a) When a sheriff books a person for any offense under Subsections
53-10-403(1)(c) and (d), the sheriff shall:
(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), obtain a DNA specimen from the person
upon booking of the person at the county jail[, except under Subsection (1)(b).]; and
(ii) provide the person, in a manner the bureau specifies, notice of the process
described in Subsection 53-10-406(6)(b) to request destruction of the DNA specimen and
removal of the person's DNA sample and DNA records from the database described in
Subsection <u>53-10-406(1)(d).</u>
(b) If at the time of booking the sheriff is able to obtain information from the bureau
stating that the bureau has on file a DNA specimen for the person, the sheriff is not required to
obtain an additional DNA specimen.
(2) The person booked under Subsection (1) shall pay a fee of \$150 for the cost of
obtaining the DNA specimen if:
(a) the charge upon which the booking is based is resolved by a conviction or the
person is convicted of any charge arising out of the same criminal episode regarding which the
DNA specimen was obtained; and
(b) the person's DNA sample is not on file under Subsection (1)(b).
(3) (a) All fees collected under Subsection (2) shall be deposited in the DNA Specimer
Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407, except that the agency collecting the fee may
retain not more than \$25 per individual specimen for the costs of obtaining the DNA specimen
(b) The agency collecting the \$150 fee may not retain from each separate fee more that
\$25, and no amount of the \$150 fee may be credited to any other fee or agency obligation.
(4) Any DNA specimen obtained under this section shall be [held and may not be
processed until] processed and entered into the database described in Subsection
53-10-406(1)(d), if the DNA specimen is:
[(a) the court has bound the person over for trial following a preliminary hearing for

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57	any charge arising out of the same criminal episode regarding which the person was booked;]
58	[(b) the person has waived the preliminary hearing for any charge arising out of the
59	same criminal episode regarding which the person was booked; or]
60	[(c) a grand jury has returned an indictment for any charge arising out of the same
61	criminal episode regarding which the person was booked.]
62	(a) obtained in accordance with Subsections 53-10-403(1)(c) through (e); and
63	(b) in the possession of the bureau.
64	Section 2. Section <b>53-10-406</b> is amended to read:
65	53-10-406. DNA specimen analysis Bureau responsibilities.
66	(1) The bureau shall:
67	(a) administer and oversee the DNA specimen collection process;
68	(b) store [all DNA specimens] each DNA specimen received and other physical
69	evidence obtained from analysis of [those specimens] each specimen;
70	(c) analyze [the specimens] each specimen, or contract with a qualified public or
71	private laboratory to analyze the specimen, to establish the genetic profile of the donor or to
72	otherwise determine the identity of [persons or contract with other qualified public or private
73	laboratories to conduct the analysis] the person;
74	(d) maintain a criminal identification data base containing information derived from
75	DNA analysis;
76	(e) utilize the specimens to create statistical population frequency data bases, provided
77	that genetic profiles or other information in a population frequency data base may not be
78	identified with specific individuals;
79	(f) ensure that the DNA identification system does not provide information allowing
80	prediction of genetic disease or predisposition to illness;
81	(g) ensure that only DNA markers routinely used or accepted in the field of forensic
82	science are used to establish the gender and unique individual identification of the donor;
83	(h) utilize only those DNA analysis procedures that are consistent with, and do not
84	exceed, procedures established and used by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the forensic
85	analysis of DNA; <u>and</u>
86	[(i) destroy a DNA specimen obtained under this part if criminal charges have not been
87	filed within 90 days after booking for an alleged offense under Subsection 53-10-403(2)(c);

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88	and]
89	[(j)] (i) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
90	Rulemaking Act, establishing procedures for obtaining, transmitting, and analyzing DNA
91	specimens and for storing and destroying DNA specimens and other physical evidence and
92	criminal identification information obtained from the analysis.
93	(2) Procedures for DNA analysis may include all techniques which the [Department of
94	Public Safety] department determines are accurate and reliable in establishing identity,
95	including [but not limited to,] analysis of DNA, antigen antibodies, polymorphic enzymes, or
96	polymorphic proteins.
97	(3) (a) In accordance with Section 63G-2-305, [all DNA specimens received shall be]
98	each DNA specimen received is classified as protected.
99	(b) The [Department of Public Safety] department may not transfer or disclose any
100	DNA specimen, physical evidence, or criminal identification information obtained, stored, or
101	maintained under this section, except under [its] the provisions of this section.
102	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection $63G-2-202(1)$ , the department may deny inspection if
103	[it] the department determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that the inspection would
104	prejudice a pending criminal investigation.
105	(5) (a) The department shall adopt procedures governing the inspection of [records,
106	DNA specimens, and challenges to the accuracy of records] a record, a DNA specimen, and a
107	challenge to the accuracy of a record.
108	(b) The procedures described in Subsection (5)(a) shall accommodate the need to
109	preserve [the materials] material from contamination and destruction.
110	(6) A person whose DNA specimen [has been] is obtained under this part may,
111	personally or through a legal representative, submit:
112	(a) to the court a motion for a court order requiring the destruction of the person's DNA
113	specimen and any criminal identification record created in connection with that specimen if:
114	$\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (i) a final judgment reverses the conviction, judgment, or order that created an
115	obligation to provide a DNA specimen; or
116	(ii) all charges arising from the same criminal episode for which the DNA specimen
117	was obtained under Subsection 53-10-404.5(1)(a) have been resolved by a final judgment of
118	dismissal or acquittal; [and] or

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119	[(b) the department determines that the person has not otherwise become obligated to
120	submit a DNA specimen as a result of any separate conviction or juvenile adjudication for any
121	offense listed in Subsection 53-10-403(2).
122	(b) to the department a request for the destruction of the person's DNA specimen and
123	removal of the person's DNA specimen and DNA records from the database described in
124	Subsection (1)(d) if:
125	(i) no charge arising from the same criminal episode for which the DNA specimen was
126	obtained under Subsection 53-10-404.5(1)(a) is filed against the person within one year after
127	the day on which the person is booked; or
128	(ii) all charges arising from the same criminal episode for which the DNA specimen
129	was obtained under Subsection 53-10-404.5(1)(a) have been resolved by a final judgment of
130	dismissal with prejudice or acquittal.
131	(7) A court order issued under Subsection $(6)(a)$ may be accompanied by a written
132	notice to the person advising that state law provides for expungement of criminal charges if the
133	charge is resolved by a final judgment of dismissal or acquittal.
134	(8) [Upon receipt of] The department shall destroy the person's DNA specimen, all
135	physical evidence obtained from the person's DNA specimen, and all criminal identification
136	records related to the person, if:
137	(a) the person provides the department with:
138	(i) a court order for destruction [pursuant to] described in Subsection [(6) and receipt
139	of] (6)(a); and
140	(ii) a certified copy of:
141	(A) the court order reversing the conviction, judgment, or order[, a certified copy of];
142	(B) a court order to set aside the conviction[, or a certified copy of]; or
143	(C) the dismissal or acquittal of the charge regarding which the person was arrested[,
144	the Department of Public Safety shall destroy any specimen received from the person, any
145	physical evidence obtained from that specimen, and any criminal identification records
146	pertaining to the person, unless prohibited under Subsection (6)(b).]; and
147	(b) the department determines that the person has not otherwise become obligated to
148	submit a DNA specimen as a result of any separate conviction or juvenile adjudication for any
149	offense listed in Subsection 53-10-403(2).

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150	(9) The department shall destroy a person's DNA specimen and remove the person's
151	DNA sample and DNA records from the database described in Subsection (1)(d), if:
152	(a) the person provides the department with:
153	(i) a written request for destruction of the DNA specimen and removal of the DNA
154	sample and DNA records described in Subsection (6)(b); and
155	(ii) a certified copy of:
156	(A) a declination to prosecute from the prosecutor; or
157	(B) a court document that indicates all charges have been resolved by a final judgment
158	of dismissal with prejudice or acquittal; and
159	(b) the department determines that the person is not obligated to submit a DNA
160	specimen as a result of a separate conviction or juvenile adjudication for an offense listed in
161	<u>Subsection 53-10-403(2).</u>
162	$\left[\frac{(9)}{(10)}\right]$ The department:
163	(a) is not required to destroy any item of physical evidence obtained from a DNA
164	specimen if evidence relating to another person subject to the provisions of Sections 53-10-404
165	and 53-10-405 would as a result be destroyed[-]; and
166	(b) may not destroy a person's DNA specimen or remove a person's DNA sample and
167	DNA records from the database described in Subsection (1)(d) if the person has a prior
168	conviction or a pending charge for which collection of a sample is authorized in accordance
169	with Section <u>53-10-404</u> .
170	[(10)] (11) A DNA specimen, physical evidence, or criminal identification record may
171	not be affected by an order to set aside a conviction, except under the provisions of this section.
172	[(11)] (12) If funding is not available for analysis of any of the DNA specimens
173	collected under this part, the bureau shall store the collected specimens until funding is made
174	available for analysis through state or federal funds.
175	[(12)] (13) (a) (i) A person who, due to the person's employment or authority, has
176	possession of or access to individually identifiable DNA information contained in the state
177	criminal identification database or the state DNA specimen repository may not willfully
178	disclose the information in any manner to any individual, agency, or entity that is not entitled
179	under this part to receive the information.
180	(ii) A person may not willfully obtain individually identifiable DNA information from

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- the state criminal identification database or the state DNA repository other than as authorizedby this part.
- (iii) A person may not willfully analyze a DNA specimen for any purpose, or to obtainany information other than as required under this part.
- 185 (iv) A person may not willfully fail to destroy or fail to ensure the destruction of a
- 186 DNA specimen when destruction is required by this part or by court order.
- (b) (i) A person who violates Subsection [(12)] (13)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is guilty of a third
  degree felony.
- (ii) A person who violates Subsection [(12)] (13)(a)(iv) is guilty of a class B
  misdemeanor.