♣ Approved for Filing: C.R. Gilbert
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	BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY ACT
	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Daniel Hemmert
	House Sponsor: Michael K. McKell
I	LONG TITLE
(	General Description:
	This bill enacts provisions related to blockchain technology.
ŀ	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>defines and clarifies terms related to blockchain technology;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>exempts a person who facilitates the creation, exchange, or sale of certain</li> </ul>
	blockchain technology-related products from Title 7, Chapter 25, Money
	Transmitter Act; Ĥ→ and
	<ul> <li>study the potential applications of blockchain technology to government</li> </ul>
5	<del>ervices;</del>
	<ul> <li>review current uses of blockchain technology by governments in other states and</li> </ul>
C	<del>ountries;</del>
_	<ul> <li>Ĥ→ [recommend] consider recommending ←Ĥ a pilot project for blockchain</li> </ul>
t	echnology in Utah at a state or
ľ	nunicipal level;
_	• review commercial applications of blockchain technology for future economic
d	levelopment in Utah; and
_	• provide a report, including any proposed legislation, to the Business and Labor
I	nterim Committee and the Legislative Management Committee; and] ←Ĥ
	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>



	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	Ĥ→ [ <del>This bill provides a repeal date for the task force.</del> ] <u>None</u> ←Ĥ
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	7-25-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 284
	Ĥ→ [ <del>ENACTS:</del>
	<del>36-29-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953</del> ] <b>←</b> Ĥ
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>7-25-102</b> is amended to read:
	7-25-102. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Applicant" means a person filing an application for a license under this chapter.
	(2) "Authorized agent" means a person designated by the licensee under this chapter to
•	sell or issue payment instruments or engage in the business of transmitting money on behalf of
2	a licensee.
	(3) "Blockchain" or "blockchain technology" means an electronic method of storing
(	data that is:
	(a) maintained by consensus of multiple unaffiliated parties;
	(b) distributed across multiple locations; and
	(c) mathematically verified.
	(4) "Blockchain token" means an electronic record that is:
	(a) recorded on a blockchain; and
	(b) capable of being traded between persons without an intermediary.
	[(3)] (5) "Executive officer" means the licensee's president, chair of the executive
	committee, executive vice president, treasurer, chief financial officer, or any other person who
	performs similar functions.
	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Key shareholder" means a person, or group of persons acting in concert, who
	is the owner of 20% or more of a class of an applicant's stock.

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$\left[\frac{(5)}{(7)}\right]$ "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter.	
[(6)] (8) "Material litigation" means litigation that, according to generally accepted	
accounting principles, is considered significant to a person's financial health and would be	
required to be referenced in an annual audited financial statement, report to shareholders, or	
similar document.	
[(7)] (9) (a) "Money transmission" means the sale or issuance of a payment instrument	
or engaging in the business of receiving money for transmission or transmitting money within	
the United States or to locations abroad by any and all means, including payment instrument,	
wire, facsimile, or electronic transfer.	
(b) "Money transmission" does not include a blockchain token.	
[(8)] (10) "Nationwide database" means the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System	
and Registry, authorized under 12 U.S.C. Sec. 5101 for federal licensing of mortgage loan	
originators.	
[(9)] (11) "Outstanding payment instrument" means a payment instrument issued by	
the licensee that has been sold in the United States directly by the licensee or a payment	
instrument issued by the licensee that has been sold and reported to the licensee as having been	l
sold by an authorized agent of the licensee in the United States, and that has not yet been paid	
by or for the licensee.	
[(10)] (12) (a) "Payment instrument" means a check, draft, money order, travelers	
check, or other instrument or written order for the transmission or payment of money, sold or	
issued to one or more persons, whether or not the instrument is negotiable.	
(b) "Payment instrument" does not include a credit card voucher, letter of credit, or	
instrument that is redeemable by the issuer in goods or services.	
[(11)] (13) "Remit" means either to make direct payment of the money to the licensee	
or its representatives authorized to receive the money, or to deposit the money in a depository	
institution in an account in the name of the licensee.	
Ĥ→ [Section 2. Section 36-29-106 is enacted to read:	
36-29-106. Blockchain Pilot Project Evaluation Task Force.	
(1) As used in this section:	
(a) "Blockchain" means the same term as is defined in Section 7-25-102.	_
(b) "Task force" means the Blockehain Pilot Project Evaluation Task Force created in	<b>←</b> Ĥ

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90	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{this section.}}]$
91	(2) There is created the Blockchain Pilot Project Evaluation Task Force consisting of
92	the following \$→ [12] 13 ←\$ members:
93	(a) one member of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate;
94	(b) one member of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the House
95	of Representatives;
96	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{(e)}}$ the insurance commissioner appointed under Section 31A-2-102 or the
96a	<del>commissioner's designee; ←Ŝ</del>
96b	\$→ [(e)] (d) ←\$ the executive director of the Department of Technology Services created in
96c	<u>Section</u>
97	63F-1-103 or the executive director's designee;
98	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [(d)]$ (e) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ the executive director of the Utah Department of Financial Institutions
98a	created in
99	Section 7-1-201 or the executive director's designee;
100	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [(e)]$ (f) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ the director of the Utah Division of Securities created in Section 61-1-18 or the
101	director's designee;
102	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [(f)] (g) \leftarrow \hat{S}$ an individual who represents the Office of the Attorney General;
103	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [(g)]$ (h) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ three members from the private business and technology community who
103a	<u>are</u>
104	familiar with blockchain technology, appointed by the president of the Senate; and
105	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [(h)]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ three members from the private business and technology community who
105a	<u>are</u>
106	familiar with blockchain technology, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives.
107	(3) (a) The member of the Senate appointed under Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as a
108	cochair of the task force.
109	(b) The member of the House of Representatives appointed under Subsection (2)(b)
110	shall serve as a cochair of the task force.
111	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum.
112	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the task force.
113	(5) (a) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall
114	be paid in accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3,
115	Legislator Compensation.
116	(b) A member of the task force who is not a legislator:
117	(i) may not receive compensation for the member's work associated with the task force;
118	and
119	(ii) may receive per diem and reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member
120	of the task force at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106] • Ĥ

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121	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{and}} \underline{\mathbf{63A-3-107.}}]$
122	(6) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff support
123	to the task force.
124	(7) The task force shall:
125	(a) review the potential applications of blockchain technology to government services;
126	(b) review current uses of blockchain technology by governments in other states or
127	countries;
128	(e) $\hat{H} \rightarrow [recommend]$ consider recommending $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ a pilot project for blockchain
128a	technology in Utah at a state or municipal
129	level; and
130	(d) review commercial applications of blockchain technology for future economic
131	development in the state.
132	(8) On or before November 30, 2019, the task force shall provide a report on the task
133	force's findings and recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to:
134	(a) the Business and Labor Interim Committee; and
135	(b) the Legislative Management Committee.
136	Section 3. Repeal date.
137	—————————————————————————————————————