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1	VANDALISM OF PUBLIC LANDS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
5	House Sponsor: Robert M. Spendlove
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes vandalism of public lands a class B misdemeanor.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>makes it a class B misdemeanor to vandalize public lands;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>specifies the punishments to be imposed for vandalism of public lands; and</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	None
20	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
21	AMENDS:
22	76-6-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
23	ENACTS:
24	<b>76-6-107.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
25	
26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section <b>76-6-107</b> is amended to read:
28	76-6-107. Graffiti defined Penalties Removal costs Reimbursement
29	liability.

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30	(1) As used in this section:
31	(a) "Etching" means defacing, damaging, or destroying hard surfaces by means of a
32	chemical action which uses any caustic cream, gel, liquid, or solution.
33	(b) "Graffiti" means any form of unauthorized printing, writing, spraying, scratching,
34	affixing, etching, or inscribing on the property of another regardless of the content or the nature
35	of the material used in the commission of the act.
36	(c) "Victim" means the person [or entity] whose property [was] is defaced by the
37	graffiti and who bears the expense for [its] removal of the graffiti.
38	(2) [Graffiti] Except as provided in Section 76-6-107, graffiti is a:
39	(a) second degree felony if the damage caused is in excess of \$5,000;
40	(b) third degree felony if the damage caused is in excess of \$1,000;
41	(c) class A misdemeanor if the damage caused is equal to or in excess of \$300; and
42	(d) class B misdemeanor if the damage caused is less than \$300.
43	(3) Damages under Subsection (2) include removal costs, repair costs, or replacement
44	costs, whichever is less.
45	(4) The court, upon conviction [or adjudication], shall order restitution to the victim in
46	the amount of removal, repair, or replacement costs.
47	(5) An additional amount of \$1,000 in restitution shall be added to removal costs if the
48	graffiti is positioned on an overpass or an underpass, requires that traffic be interfered with in
49	order to remove it, or the entity responsible for the area in which the clean-up is to take place
50	must provide assistance in order for the removal to take place safely.
51	(6) [A person] An individual who voluntarily, and at [his] the individual's own
52	expense, removes graffiti for which [he] the individual is responsible may be credited for the
53	removal costs against restitution ordered by a court.
54	Section 2. Section <b>76-6-107.5</b> is enacted to read:
55	76-6-107.5. Vandalism of public lands.
56	(1) As used in this section:
57	(a) "Etching" means defacing, damaging, or destroying a hard surface by using a

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58	chemical, an abrasive object, a knife, or an engraving device.
59	(b) "Graffiti" means unauthorized printing, spraying, scratching, affixing, etching, or
60	inscribing on property owned by the state regardless of the content or the nature of the material
61	used in the commission of the act.
62	(c) "Public lands" means state or federally owned property that is held substantially in
63	its natural state, including canyons, parks owned or managed by the state, national parks, land
64	managed by the Bureau of Land Management, and other lands owned or maintained by a
65	government entity for outdoor recreational use.
66	(2) An individual is guilty of public lands vandalism if the individual creates, or assists
67	in creating, graffiti on any public lands or state-owned object permanently located on public
68	<u>lands.</u>
69	(3) An individual convicted under Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
70	(4) If an individual is convicted of public lands vandalism, the court shall sentence the
71	individual to a term of community service as follows:
72	(a) for a first conviction, the court shall sentence the individual to 100 hours of
73	community service, to be completed within 90 days after the day on which the court issues the
74	order;
75	(b) for a second conviction, the court shall sentence the individual to 200 hours of
76	community service, to be completed within 180 days after the day on which the court issues the
77	order; or
78	(c) for a third or subsequent conviction, the court shall sentence the individual to 300
79	hours of community service, to be completed within 270 days after the day on which the court
80	issues the order.
81	(5) If an individual is enrolled in school or maintains full or part-time employment, the
82	ordered community service may not be scheduled at a time the individual is scheduled to be in
83	school or performing the individual's employment duties.
84	(6) A sentence of community service described in Subjection (4) shall, to the greatest

extent possible, be for the benefit of public lands.

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(7) If an individual is convicted of public lands vandalism, the court may impose a fine up to the full amount of the estimated cost to restore the damaged land, caused by the individual, to the land's original state.

(8) An individual who voluntarily, at the individual's own expense, and with the consent of the property owner, removes graffiti for which the individual is responsible shall be credited for costs ordered by the court under Subsection (7).