1	AGRICULTURAL NUISANCE AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall
5	House Sponsor: Joel Ferry
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses nuisances.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 addresses agricultural operations areas;
13	enacts the Agricultural Operations Nuisances Act, including:
14	• defining terms;
15	 addressing nuisance actions; and
16	 providing for the relationship with other statutes;
17	repeals redundant language; and
18	makes technical and conforming changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	17-41-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 376



	23-28-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 273
	76-10-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 21
	78B-6-1101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 193
ENA	ACTS:
	4-44-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	4-44-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	4-44-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	4-44-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
REF	EALS:
	78B-6-1104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 21
Be i	t enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 4-44-101 is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 44. AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS NUISANCES ACT
	Part 1. General Provisions
	4-44-101. Title.
	This chapter is known as "Agricultural Operations Nuisances Act."
	Section 2. Section 4-44-102 is enacted to read:
	<u>4-44-102.</u> Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) (a) "Agricultural operation" means an activity engaged in the production for
com	mercial purposes of crops, orchards, livestock, poultry, aquaculture, livestock products, or
poul	try products and the facilities, equipment, and property used to facilitate the activity.
	(b) "Agricultural operation" includes an agricultural protection area established under
Γitle	e 17, Chapter 41, Agriculture and Industrial Protection Areas.
	(2) "Fundamental change to the operation" does not include:
	(a) a change in ownership or size;
	(b) an interruption of farming for a period of no more than three years;
	(c) participation in a government-sponsored agricultural program;
	(d) employment of new technology; or
	(a) a abanca in the type of equipyltypel product made and
	(e) a change in the type of agricultural product produced.

57	(3) "Nuisance" means anything that is injurious to health, indecent, offensive to the
58	senses, or an obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable
59	enjoyment of life or property.
60	Section 3. Section 4-44-201 is enacted to read:
61	Part 2. Nuisance Actions
62	4-44-201. Defenses in nuisance actions.
63	(1) It is a defense in a civil action for nuisance against an agricultural operation that:
64	(a) the plaintiff is not a legal possessor of the real property affected by the conditions
65	alleged to be the nuisance;
66	(b) the real property affected by the conditions alleged to be the nuisance is located
67	outside one-half mile of the source of the activity or structure alleged to be the nuisance; or
68	(c) the action is filed more than one year after:
69	(i) the establishment of the agricultural operation; or
70	(ii) the agricultural operation undergoes a fundamental change.
71	(2) This section may not be construed to invalidate any contract made before May 14,
72	<u>2019.</u>
73	(3) In a nuisance action against an agricultural operation, the court shall award costs
74	and expenses, including reasonable attorney fees, to:
75	(a) the agricultural operation when the court finds the agricultural operation is not a
76	nuisance and the nuisance action is frivolous or malicious; or
77	(b) the plaintiff when the court finds the agricultural operation is a nuisance and the
78	agricultural operation asserts an affirmative defense in the nuisance action that is frivolous and
79	malicious.
80	(4) A person who knowingly violates a judgment or order abating or otherwise
81	enjoining a nuisance is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
82	Section 4. Section 4-44-202 is enacted to read:
83	4-44-202. Application of other statutes Ordinances.
84	(1) (a) In a civil action for nuisance or a criminal action for public nuisance under
85	Section 76-10-803, it is a defense if the action involves agricultural operations and those
86	agricultural operations are conducted in the normal and ordinary course of agricultural
87	operations or conducted in accordance with sound agricultural practices.

88	(b) Agricultural operations undertaken in conformity with federal, state, and local laws
89	and regulations, including zoning ordinances, are presumed to be operating within sound
90	agricultural practices.
91	(2) If the agricultural operations occur in an agricultural protection area, as defined in
92	Section 17-41-101, Section 17-41-403 governs the action for nuisance.
93	(3) (a) An ordinance of a political subdivision that would make the operation of an
94	agricultural operation or appurtenances to an agricultural operation a nuisance or that provide
95	for abatement of the agricultural operation as a nuisance does not apply to an agricultural
96	operation that is conducted in the normal and ordinary course of agricultural operations or
97	conducted in accordance with sound agricultural practices.
98	(b) An agricultural operation undertaken in conformity with federal, state, and local
99	laws and regulations, including zoning ordinances, are presumed to be operating within sound
100	agricultural practices.
101	Section 5. Section 17-41-403 is amended to read:
102	17-41-403. Nuisances.
103	(1) Each political subdivision shall ensure that any of its laws or ordinances that define
104	or prohibit a public nuisance exclude from the definition or prohibition:
105	(a) for an agriculture protection area, any agricultural activity or operation within an
106	agriculture protection area conducted using sound agricultural practices unless that activity or
107	operation bears a direct relationship to public health or safety; or
108	(b) for an industrial protection area, any industrial use of the land within the industrial
109	protection area that is consistent with sound practices applicable to the industrial use, unless
110	that use bears a direct relationship to public health or safety.
111	(2) In a civil action for nuisance or a criminal action for public nuisance under Section
112	76-10-803, it is a complete defense if the action involves agricultural activities and:
113	(a) those agricultural activities were:
114	[(a)] (i) conducted within an agriculture protection area; and
115	[(b)] (ii) not in violation of any federal, state, or local law or regulation relating to the
116	alleged nuisance or were conducted according to sound agricultural practices[-]; or
117	(b) a defense under Section 4-44-201 applies.
118	(3) (a) A vested mining use undertaken in conformity with applicable federal and state

law and regulations is presumed to be operating within sound mining practices.

- (b) A vested mining use that is consistent with sound mining practices:
 - (i) is presumed to be reasonable; and
 - (ii) may not constitute a private or public nuisance under Section 76-10-803.
- (c) A vested mining use in operation for more than three years may not be considered to have become a private or public nuisance because of a subsequent change in the condition of land within the vicinity of the vested mining use.
- (4) (a) For any new subdivision development located in whole or in part within 300 feet of the boundary of an agriculture protection area, the owner of the development shall provide notice on any plat filed with the county recorder the following notice:

"Agriculture Protection Area

This property is located in the vicinity of an established agriculture protection area in which normal agricultural uses and activities have been afforded the highest priority use status. It can be anticipated that such agricultural uses and activities may now or in the future be conducted on property included in the agriculture protection area. The use and enjoyment of this property is expressly conditioned on acceptance of any annoyance or inconvenience which may result from such normal agricultural uses and activities."

(b) For any new subdivision development located in whole or in part within 1,000 feet of the boundary of an industrial protection area, the owner of the development shall provide notice on any plat filed with the county recorder the following notice:

"Industrial Protection Area

This property is located in the vicinity of an established industrial protection area in which normal industrial uses and activities have been afforded the highest priority use status. It can be anticipated that such industrial uses and activities may now or in the future be conducted on property included in the industrial protection area. The use and enjoyment of this property is expressly conditioned on acceptance of any annoyance or inconvenience which may result from such normal industrial uses and activities."

(c) For any new subdivision development located in whole or in part within 1,000 feet of the boundary of a mining protection area, the owner of the development shall provide notice on any plat filed with the county recorder the following notice:

150	"This property is located within the vicinity of an established mining protection area in
151	which normal mining uses and activities have been afforded the highest priority use status. It
152	can be anticipated that the mining uses and activities may now or in the future be conducted on
153	property included in the mining protection area. The use and enjoyment of this property is
154	expressly conditioned on acceptance of any annoyance or inconvenience that may result from
155	the normal mining uses and activities."
156	Section 6. Section 23-28-303 is amended to read:
157	23-28-303. Nuisances.
158	(1) (a) A county shall exclude the activities described in Subsection (1)(b) from the
159	definition of public nuisance in a county law or ordinance regulating a public nuisance.
160	(b) An activity or occurrence normally associated with a migratory bird production area
161	is not a nuisance, including:
162	(i) hunting;
163	(ii) discharging a firearm;
164	(iii) improving habitat;
165	(iv) trapping;
166	(v) eradicating weeds;
167	(vi) discing;
168	(vii) planting;
169	(viii) impounding water;
170	(ix) raising a bird or other domestic animal;
171	(x) grazing;
172	(xi) an activity conducted in the normal course of an agricultural operation as defined
173	in Section [78B-6-1101] <u>4-44-102</u> ; and
174	(xii) an odor.
175	(2) In a civil action for nuisance or a criminal action for public nuisance under Section
176	76-10-803, it is a complete defense if the action is:
177	(a) normally associated with a migratory bird production area;
178	(b) conducted within a migratory bird production area; and
179	(c) not in violation of any federal or state law.
180	(3) An owner of a new development located in whole or in part within 1,000 feet of a

migratory bird production area shall provide the following notice on any plat filed with the county recorder:

"Migratory Bird Production Area

This property is located in the vicinity of an established migratory bird production area in which hunting and activities related to the management and operation of land for the benefit of migratory birds have been afforded the highest priority use status. It can be anticipated that these uses and activities may now or in the future be conducted on land within the migratory bird production area. The use and enjoyment of this property is expressly conditioned on acceptance of any annoyance or inconvenience that may result from activities normally associated with a migratory bird production area."

Section 7. Section **76-10-803** is amended to read:

76-10-803. "Public nuisance" defined -- Agricultural operations.

- (1) A public nuisance is a crime against the order and economy of the state and consists in unlawfully doing any act or omitting to perform any duty, which act or omission:
- (a) annoys, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, or safety of three or more persons;
 - (b) offends public decency;
- (c) unlawfully interferes with, obstructs, or tends to obstruct, or renders dangerous for passage, any lake, stream, canal, or basin, or any public park, square, street, or highway;
 - (d) is a nuisance as defined in Section 78B-6-1107; or
 - (e) in any way renders three or more persons insecure in life or the use of property.
- (2) An act which affects three or more persons in any of the ways specified in this section is still a nuisance regardless of the extent to which the annoyance or damage inflicted on individuals is unequal.
- (3) (a) Activities conducted in the normal and ordinary course of agricultural operations, as defined in [Subsection 78B-6-1101(7)] Section 4-44-102, and conducted in accordance with sound agricultural practices are presumed to be reasonable and not constitute a public nuisance under Subsection (1).
- (b) Agricultural operations undertaken in conformity with federal, state, and local laws and regulations, including zoning ordinances, are presumed to be operating within sound agricultural practices.

212	Section 8. Section 78B-6-1101 is amended to read:
213	78B-6-1101. Definitions Nuisance Right of action Agriculture operations.
214	(1) A nuisance is anything [which] that is injurious to health, indecent, offensive to the
215	senses, or an obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable
216	enjoyment of life or property. A nuisance may be the subject of an action.
217	(2) A nuisance may include the following:
218	(a) drug houses and drug dealing as provided in Section 78B-6-1107;
219	(b) gambling as provided in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
220	(c) criminal activity committed in concert with two or more persons as provided in
221	Section 76-3-203.1;
222	(d) criminal activity committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association
223	with any criminal street gang as defined in Section 76-9-802;
224	(e) criminal activity committed to gain recognition, acceptance, membership, or
225	increased status with a criminal street gang as defined in Section 76-9-802;
226	(f) party houses [which] that frequently create conditions defined in Subsection (1);
227	and
228	(g) prostitution as provided in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 13, Prostitution.
229	(3) A nuisance under this part includes tobacco smoke that drifts into $[any]$ \underline{a}
230	residential unit a person rents, leases, or owns, from another residential or commercial unit and
231	the smoke:
232	(a) drifts in more than once in each of two or more consecutive seven-day periods; and
233	(b) creates any of the conditions under Subsection (1).
234	(4) Subsection (3) does not apply to:
235	(a) \underline{a} residential rental [units] \underline{unit} available for temporary rental, such as for
236	[vacations] a vacation, or available for only 30 or fewer days at a time; or
237	(b) \underline{a} hotel or motel [\underline{rooms}] \underline{room} .
238	(5) Subsection (3) does not apply to $[any]$ \underline{a} unit that is part of a timeshare
239	development, as defined in Section 57-19-2, or subject to a timeshare interest as defined in
240	Section 57-19-2.
241	(6) An action may be brought by [any] a person whose property is injuriously affected,
242	or whose personal enjoyment is lessened by the nuisance.

243	[(7) "Agricultural operation" means any activity engaged in the commercial production
244	of crops, orchards, aquaculture, livestock, poultry, livestock products, poultry products, and the
245	facilities, equipment, and property used to facilitate the activity.]
246	(7) An action for nuisance against an agricultural operation is governed by Title 4,
247	Chapter 44, Agricultural Operations Nuisances Act.
248	(8) "Manufacturing facility" means [any] a factory, plant, or other facility including its
249	appurtenances, where the form of raw materials, processed materials, commodities, or other
250	physical objects is converted or otherwise changed into other materials, commodities, or
251	physical objects or where such materials, commodities, or physical objects are combined to
252	form a new material, commodity, or physical object.
253	Section 9. Repealer.
254	This bill repeals:
255	Section 78B-6-1104, Agricultural operations Nuisance liability.