

## SB0123S02 compared with SB0123S01

~~text~~ shows text that was in SB0123S01 but was deleted in SB0123S02.

Inserted text shows text that was not in SB0123S01 but was inserted into SB0123S02.

**DISCLAIMER:** This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Senator Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

### ELECTION PROCESS AMENDMENTS

2019 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay**

House Sponsor: \_\_\_\_\_

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#### LONG TITLE

##### General Description:

This bill amends provisions of the Election Code ~~relating to candidate vacancies~~.

##### Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ modifies the deadline for a political party's central committee to certify a replacement name for a ballot when a candidate vacancy occurs~~;~~ and
- ▶ modifies the deadline by which an election officer must receive a mail-in ballot.

##### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

##### Other Special Clauses:

None

##### Utah Code Sections Affected:

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AMENDS:

**20A-1-501**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 16

**20A-3-306**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 206

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*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

Section 1. Section **20A-1-501** is amended to read:

**20A-1-501. Candidate vacancies -- Procedure for filling.**

(1) The state central committee of a political party, for candidates for United States senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass more than one county, and the county central committee of a political party, for all other party candidates seeking an office elected at a regular general election, may certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer if:

(a) for a registered political party that will have a candidate on a ballot in a primary election, after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor provides the list described in Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(a):

(i) only one or two candidates from that party have filed a declaration of candidacy for that office; and

(ii) one or both:

(A) dies;

(B) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability, certified by a physician, that prevents the candidate from continuing the candidacy; or

(C) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;

(b) for a registered political party that does not have a candidate on the ballot in a primary, but that will have a candidate on the ballot for a general election, after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate:

(i) dies;

(ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a

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physician;

(iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;

or

(iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States;

or

(c) for a registered political party with a candidate certified as winning a primary election, after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) and continuing through the day before that day on which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate:

(i) dies;

(ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a physician;

(iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;

or

(iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States.

(2) If no more than two candidates from a political party have filed a declaration of candidacy for an office elected at a regular general election and one resigns to become the party candidate for another position, the state central committee of that political party, for candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass more than one county, and the county central committee of that political party, for all other party candidates, may certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer.

(3) Each replacement candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy as required by Title 20A, Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy.

(4) (a) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(a) [~~after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(a)~~] may not appear on the primary election ballot[-] if the central committee makes the certification after the earlier of:

(i) 21 days after the day on which an event described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) occurs; or

(ii) the first Tuesday after the third Saturday in April.

(b) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(b) [~~after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(b)~~] may not appear on the general election ballot[-] if the central

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committee makes the certification after the earlier of:

(i) 21 days after the day on which an event described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv) occurs; or

(ii) August 30.

(c) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(c) [~~after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(c)] may not appear on the general election ballot[-] if the central committee makes the certification after the earlier of:~~

(i) 21 days after the day on which an event described in Subsections (1)(c)(i) through (iv) occurs; or

(ii) August 30.

(5) A political party may not replace a candidate who is disqualified for failure to timely file a campaign disclosure financial report under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign and Financial Reporting Requirements, or Section 17-16-6.5.

Section 2. Section 20A-3-306 is amended to read:

**20A-3-306. Voting ballot -- Returning ballot.**

(1) (a) Except as provided by Section 20A-1-308, to vote a mail-in absentee ballot, the absentee voter shall:

(i) complete and sign the affidavit on the envelope;

(ii) mark the votes on the absentee ballot;

(iii) place the voted absentee ballot in the envelope;

(iv) securely seal the envelope; and

(v) attach postage, unless voting in accordance with Section 20A-3-302, and deposit the envelope in the mail or deliver it in person to the election officer from whom the ballot was obtained.

(b) Except as provided by Section 20A-1-308, to vote an absentee ballot in person at the office of the election officer, the absent voter shall:

(i) complete and sign the affidavit on the envelope;

(ii) mark the votes on the absent-voter ballot;

(iii) place the voted absent-voter ballot in the envelope;

(iv) securely seal the envelope; and

(v) give the ballot and envelope to the election officer.

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(2) Except as provided by Section 20A-1-308, an absentee ballot is not valid unless:

(a) in the case of an absentee ballot that is voted in person, the ballot is:

(i) applied for and cast in person at the office of the appropriate election officer no later than the Tuesday before election day; ~~or~~

(ii) submitted on election day at a polling location in the political subdivision where the absentee voter resides; or

(iii) placed in a drop box designated by the election officer before 8 p.m. on election day;

(b) in the case of an absentee ballot that is submitted by mail, the ballot is ~~is~~ clearly postmarked at least seven days before election day ~~or otherwise clearly marked by the post office as received by the post office before election day; and~~; or

~~(ii) received in the office of the election officer before noon on the day of the official canvass following the election; or~~

(c) in the case of a military-overseas ballot, the ballot is submitted in accordance with Section 20A-16-404.

(3) An absentee voter may submit a completed absentee ballot at a polling location in a political subdivision holding the election, if the absentee voter resides in the political subdivision.

(4) An absentee voter may submit an incomplete absentee ballot at a polling location for the voting precinct where the voter resides, request that the ballot be declared spoiled, and vote in person.