Senator Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ELECTION PROCESS AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	House Sponsor: Merrill F. Nelson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Election Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 modifies the deadline for a political party's central committee to certify a
13	replacement name for a ballot when a candidate vacancy occurs;
14	 modifies a provision relating to a temporary appointment to fill a vacancy in the
15	office of United States senator, pending a special election to fill the office;
16	 describes requirements and procedures relating to a special election to fill a vacancy
17	in the office of United States representative;
18	• establishes different requirements and procedures for a special election described in
19	this bill based on the nearness of the date of vacancy to the regular general election;
20	 describes when a vacancy occurs in a congressional office;
21	• grants authority to the governor to establish, consistent with the requirements of this
22	bill, the deadlines, time frames, and procedures relating to a special election
23	described in this bill; and
24	makes technical and conforming changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:



	None
(Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
Į	Utah Code Sections Affected:
ŀ	AMENDS:
	20A-1-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 16
	20A-1-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 1
I	ENACTS:
	20A-1-502.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
I	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 20A-1-501 is amended to read:
	20A-1-501. Candidate vacancies Procedure for filling.
	(1) The state central committee of a political party, for candidates for United States
	senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state
	reasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass
	more than one county, and the county central committee of a political party, for all other party
,	andidates seeking an office elected at a regular general election, may certify the name of
	nother candidate to the appropriate election officer if:
	(a) for a registered political party that will have a candidate on a ballot in a primary
	election, after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing
	hrough the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor provides the list described in
	Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(a):
	(i) only one or two candidates from that party have filed a declaration of candidacy for
	hat office; and
	(ii) one or both:
	(A) dies;
	(B) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability, certified by a
ľ	physician, that prevents the candidate from continuing the candidacy; or
	(C) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;
	(b) for a registered political party that does not have a candidate on the ballot in a

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primary, but that will have a candidate on the ballot for a general election, after the close of the
period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing through the day before the day on
which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the
party's candidate:
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(i) dies;

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- (ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a physician;
- 64 (iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures; 65 or
- 66 (iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States; 67 or
 - (c) for a registered political party with a candidate certified as winning a primary election, after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) and continuing through the day before that day on which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate:
- 72 (i) dies;
 - (ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a physician;
 - (iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures; or
 - (iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States.
 - (2) If no more than two candidates from a political party have filed a declaration of candidacy for an office elected at a regular general election and one resigns to become the party candidate for another position, the state central committee of that political party, for candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass more than one county, and the county central committee of that political party, for all other party candidates, may certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer.
 - (3) Each replacement candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy as required by Title 20A, Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy.
 - (4) (a) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(a) [after the

88	deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) may not appear on the primary election ballot[-] if the
89	central committee makes the certification after the earlier of:
90	(i) 21 days after the day on which an event described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) occurs; or
91	(ii) the first Tuesday after the third Saturday in April.
92	(b) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(b) [after the deadline
93	described in Subsection (1)(b)] may not appear on the general election ballot[-] if the central
94	committee makes the certification after the earlier of:
95	(i) 21 days after the day on which an event described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through
96	(iv) occurs; or
97	(ii) August 30.
98	(c) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(c) [after the deadline
99	described in Subsection (1)(e)] may not appear on the general election ballot[:] if the central
100	committee makes the certification after the earlier of:
101	(i) 21 days after the day on which an event described in Subsections (1)(c)(i) through
102	(iv) occurs; or
103	(ii) August 30.
104	(5) A political party may not replace a candidate who is disqualified for failure to
105	timely file a campaign disclosure financial report under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign and
106	Financial Reporting Requirements, or Section 17-16-6.5.
107	Section 2. Section 20A-1-502 is amended to read:
108	20A-1-502. Midterm vacancies in office of United States senator.
109	[(1) When a vacancy occurs for any reason in the office of a representative in
110	Congress, the governor shall issue a proclamation calling an election to fill the vacancy.]
111	$[\frac{(2)(a)}{(1)}]$ When a vacancy occurs in the office of $[\frac{U.S. senator}{(1)}]$ United States
112	senator, the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term at the next regular general election.
113	[(b)] (2) The governor shall appoint [a person] an individual nominated by the
114	Legislature, who is a member of the same political party as the prior officeholder, to serve as
115	[U.S.] <u>United States</u> senator until the vacancy is filled by election [from one of three persons
116	nominated by the state central committee of the same political party as the prior officeholder].
117	(3) A vacancy in the office of United States senator does not occur unless the
118	senator:

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119	(a) has left the office; or
120	(b) submits an irrevocable letter of resignation to the governor or the president of the
121	United States Senate.
122	Section 3. Section 20A-1-502.5 is enacted to read:
123	20A-1-502.5. Midterm vacancy in office of United States representative.
124	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when a vacancy occurs in the office of
125	United States representative, the governor shall, within seven days after the day on which the
126	vacancy occurs:
127	(i) issue a proclamation calling a special congressional election to fill the vacancy; and
128	(ii) post the proclamation on the lieutenant governor's website.
129	(b) An individual who fills a vacancy under this section shall serve until the end of the
130	current term for which the vacancy exists.
131	(2) If the vacancy occurs on or after the date of the regular general election, and before
132	the beginning of the term for the office of United States representative:
133	(a) the governor may not call a special congressional election to fill the vacancy; and
134	(b) the office shall remain vacant for the remainder of the current term.
135	(3) If the vacancy occurs 96 or fewer days before the day of the next regular general
136	election:
137	(a) the governor shall, in the proclamation described in Subsection (1)(a), set the date
138	of the special congressional election on the same date as the regular general election; and
139	(b) the same candidate who wins the election for the term beginning on January 1 shall
140	fill the vacancy for the remainder of the current term or, if the candidate refuses to fill the
141	vacancy, the office shall remain vacant for the remainder of the current term.
142	(4) If a vacancy occurs more than 96 days before a regular general election:
143	(a) the governor shall, no later than seven days after the day on which the vacancy
144	occurs:
145	(i) set the date of a primary election and a general election to fill the vacancy;
146	(ii) consistent with the requirements of this section, establish the deadlines, time
147	frames, and procedures for filing a declaration of candidacy to fill the vacancy, giving notice of
148	an election, and other election and campaign finance reporting requirements;
149	(iii) for each registered political party that desires to submit a candidate to fill the

150	vacancy:
151	(A) require the registered political party to submit to the lieutenant governor the names
152	of two members of the registered political party, who timely file a declaration of candidacy to
153	fill the vacancy, before the deadline established under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); or
154	(B) if only one member of the registered political party files a declaration of candidacy,
155	instruct the lieutenant governor to place that member on the congressional special election
156	general election ballot for that registered political party;
157	(iv) for each registered political party that desires to submit a candidate to fill the
158	vacancy:
159	(A) require the registered political party to select the members described in Subsection
160	(4)(a)(iii) at a convention held by the registered political party; and
161	(B) require that only party delegates who reside in the congressional district related to
162	the vacated congressional seat may vote to select the members described in Subsection
163	(4)(a)(iii); and
164	(v) include the dates, deadlines, and other requirements described in Subsection
165	(4)(a)(i) through (iv) in the proclamation described in Subsection (1)(a); and
166	(b) the candidate who wins the general election described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall
167	fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term.
168	(5) If, for any reason, a candidate vacancy occurs in a special congressional election at
169	least one day before the day on which the lieutenant governor certifies the names to be included
170	on the special congressional election ballot, the registered political party of the candidate shall
171	certify a replacement candidate to the lieutenant governor before a deadline established by the
172	lieutenant governor.
173	(6) A vacancy in the office of United States representative does not occur unless the
174	representative:
175	(a) has left the office; or
176	(b) submits an irrevocable letter of resignation to the governor or to the speaker of the
177	United States House of Representatives.
178	Section 4. Effective date.
179	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
180	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah

- 181 Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
- 182 <u>the date of veto override.</u>