1	LOBBYIST LICENSING MODIFICATIONS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
5	House Sponsor: Mike Schultz
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 clarifies provisions relating to financial reports;
13	 requires the lieutenant governor to provide, and a lobbyist to take, an annual
14	training course relating to harassment;
15	 amends existing rulemaking authority within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor;
16	prohibits a lobbyist from:
17	 engaging in harassment;
18	 retaliating against an individual for filing a harassment complaint or another
19	complaint described in this bill;
20	 retaliating against a person for cooperating in an investigation described in this
21	bill; or
22	 otherwise interfering with an investigation described in this bill;
23	requires a lobbyist to cooperate with an investigation described in this bill;
24	provides penalties for a lobbyist who violates the provisions of this bill;
25	 permits a lobbyist to file a complaint of harassment against an executive worker or a
26	legislative worker; and
27	makes technical and conforming amendments.



28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	36-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 188
35	36-11-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 317
36	36-11-307, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 389
37	36-11-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
38	36-11-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
39	ENACTS:
40	36-11-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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42	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
43	Section 1. Section 36-11-103 is amended to read:
44	36-11-103. Licensing requirements.
45	(1) (a) Before engaging in any lobbying, a lobbyist shall obtain a license from the
46	lieutenant governor by completing the form required by this section.
47	(b) The lieutenant governor shall issue licenses to qualified lobbyists.
48	(c) The lieutenant governor shall prepare a Lobbyist License Application Form that
49	includes:
50	(i) a place for the lobbyist's name and business address;
51	(ii) a place for the following information for each principal for whom the lobbyist
52	works or is hired as an independent contractor:
53	(A) the principal's name;
54	(B) the principal's business address;
55	(C) the name of each public official that the principal employs and the nature of the
56	employment with the public official; and
57	(D) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the principal;
58	(iii) a place for the name and address of the person who paid or will pay the lobbyist's

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59	registration fee, if the fee is not paid by the lobbyist;
60	(iv) a place for the lobbyist to disclose:
61	(A) any elected or appointed position that the lobbyist holds in state or local
62	government, if any; and
63	(B) the name of each public official that the lobbyist employs and the nature of the
64	employment with the public official, if any;
65	(v) a place for the lobbyist to disclose the types of expenditures for which the lobbyist
66	will be reimbursed; and
67	(vi) a certification to be signed by the lobbyist that certifies that the information
68	provided in the form is true, accurate, and complete to the best of the lobbyist's knowledge and
69	belief.
70	(2) Each lobbyist who obtains a license under this section shall update the licensure
71	information when the lobbyist accepts employment for lobbying by a new client.
72	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the lieutenant governor shall grant a
73	lobbying license to an applicant who:
74	(i) files an application with the lieutenant governor that contains the information
75	required by this section; and
76	(ii) pays a \$110 filing fee.
77	(b) A license entitles a person to serve as a lobbyist on behalf of one or more principals
78	and expires on December 31 of each even-numbered year.
79	(4) (a) The lieutenant governor may disapprove an application for a lobbying license:
80	(i) if the applicant has been convicted of violating Section 76-8-103, 76-8-107,
81	76-8-108, or 76-8-303 within five years before the date of the lobbying license application;
82	(ii) if the applicant has been convicted of violating Section 76-8-104 or 76-8-304
83	within one year before the date of the lobbying license application;
84	(iii) [for] <u>during</u> the term of any suspension imposed under Section 36-11-401;
85	(iv) during the term of a suspension or revocation imposed under Subsection
86	<u>36-11-307(7);</u>
87	[(iv)] (v) if, within one year before the date of the lobbying license application, the
88	applicant has been found to have willingly and knowingly:
89	(A) violated this section or Section 36-11-201, 36-11-301, 36-11-302, 36-11-303,

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90	36-11-304, 36-11-305, or 36-11-403; or
91	(B) filed a document required by this chapter that the lobbyist knew contained
92	materially false information or omitted material information; or
93	[(v)] (vi) if the applicant is prohibited from becoming a lobbyist under Title 67,
94	Chapter 24, Lobbying Restrictions Act.
95	(b) An applicant may appeal the disapproval in accordance with the procedures
96	established by the lieutenant governor under this chapter and Title 63G, Chapter 4,
97	Administrative Procedures Act.
98	(5) The lieutenant governor shall deposit each license fee into the General Fund as a
99	dedicated credit to be used by the lieutenant governor to pay the cost of administering the
100	license program described in this section.
101	(6) A principal need not obtain a license under this section, but if the principal makes
102	expenditures to benefit a public official without using a lobbyist as an agent to confer those
103	benefits, the principal shall disclose those expenditures as required by Section 36-11-201.
104	(7) Government officers need not obtain a license under this section, but shall disclose
105	any expenditures made to benefit public officials as required by Section 36-11-201.
106	(8) Surrender, cancellation, or expiration of a lobbyist license does not absolve the
107	lobbyist of the duty to file the financial reports if the lobbyist is otherwise required to file the
108	reports by Section 36-11-201.
109	Section 2. Section 36-11-106 is amended to read:
110	36-11-106. Financial reports are public documents.
111	(1) Any person may:
112	(a) without charge, inspect a license application or financial report filed with the
113	lieutenant governor in accordance with this chapter; and
114	(b) make a copy of a financial report after paying for the actual costs of the copy.
115	(2) The lieutenant governor shall make financial reports filed in accordance with this
116	chapter available for viewing on the Internet at the lieutenant governor's website within seven
117	calendar days after the day on which the report is received by the lieutenant governor.
118	Section 3. Section 36-11-307 is amended to read:
119	36-11-307. Ethics and unlawful harassment training course for lobbyists

Internet availability -- Content -- Participation tracking -- Penalty.

121	(1) (a) As used in this section, "harassment" means the same as that term is defined in
122	Subsection 36-11-501(1)(b).
123	[(1)] (b) The lieutenant governor shall develop and maintain [an ethics training course]
124	training courses for lobbyists on ethics and harassment.
125	(2) [The ethics] A training course described in Subsection (1) shall include training
126	materials and exercises that are available on the Internet to lobbyists and to the public.
127	(3) The <u>lieutenant governor shall design the</u> ethics training course [shall be designed]
128	to assist lobbyists in understanding and complying with current ethical and campaign finance
129	requirements under state law, legislative rules, and federal law.
130	(4) The lieutenant governor:
131	(a) shall design the harassment training course to assist lobbyists in understanding and
132	complying with state and federal legal requirements, legislative rules, and administrative rules
133	relating to unlawful harassment; and
134	(b) may enter into an agreement with the Department of Human Resource Management
135	to assist the lieutenant governor in providing the harassment training described in this section.
136	[4] (5) [The ethics] A training course described in this section shall include
137	provisions for verifying when a lobbyist has successfully completed [key training exercises] the
138	training.
139	[(5)] (6) A lobbyist shall successfully complete the [key training exercises of the ethics
140	training courses described in this section once each one-year period that begins
141	on January 16 and ends on January 15 of the following year.
142	[(6) A lobbyist who does not complete the training required by this section is subject to
143	a penalty as provided in Section 36-11-401.]
144	(7) (a) If a lobbyist fails to complete the training described in this section within the
145	time period described in Subsection (6), the lieutenant governor shall immediately suspend the
146	lobbyist's lobbying license.
147	(b) The lieutenant governor shall lift a suspension described in Subsection (7)(a) if:
148	(i) the lobbyist completes the training described in this section;
149	(ii) the lobbyist pays a \$1,000 fine; and
150	(iii) the lobbyist's license is not otherwise suspended or revoked.
151	(c) If a lobbyist completes the training described in this section after the annual

152	deadline, the completion:
153	(i) satisfies the training requirement for the previous one-year period; and
154	(ii) does not satisfy the training requirement for the current one-year period.
155	(d) The lieutenant governor shall revoke the lobbying license of a lobbyist who does
156	not comply with Subsections (7)(b)(i) and (ii) within 180 days after the day on which the
157	lobbyist's license is suspended under Subsection (7)(a).
158	(e) A lobbyist whose license is revoked under Subsection (7)(d) may not obtain a new
159	lobbying license unless the lobbyist:
160	(i) applies for, and qualifies to receive, a new lobbying license;
161	(ii) completes the training described in this section; and
162	(iii) pays a \$2,000 fine.
163	(f) The lieutenant governor shall, within one business day after the day on which the
164	lieutenant governor takes action described in this Subsection (7), provide written notice of the
165	action to the secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives.
166	Section 4. Section 36-11-401 is amended to read:
167	36-11-401. Penalties.
168	(1) Any person who intentionally violates Section 36-11-103, 36-11-201, 36-11-301,
169	36-11-302, 36-11-303, 36-11-304, 36-11-305, or 36-11-403, is subject to the following
170	penalties:
171	(a) an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 for each violation; and
172	(b) for each subsequent violation of that same section within 24 months, either:
173	(i) an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000; or
174	(ii) suspension of the violator's lobbying license for up to one year, if the person is a
175	lobbyist.
176	(2) Any person who intentionally fails to file a financial report required by this chapter
177	omits material information from a license application form or financial report, or files false
178	information on a license application form or financial report, is subject to the following
179	penalties:
180	(a) an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 for each violation; or
181	(b) suspension of the violator's lobbying license for up to one year, if the person is a
182	lobbyist.

183	(3) Any person who intentionally fails to file a financial report required by this chapter
184	on the date that it is due shall, in addition to the penalties, if any, imposed under Subsection (1)
185	or (2), pay a penalty of up to \$50 per day for each day that the report is late.
186	(4) (a) When a lobbyist is convicted of violating Section 76-8-103, 76-8-107, 76-8-108,
187	or 76-8-303, the lieutenant governor shall suspend the lobbyist's license for up to five years
188	from the date of the conviction.
189	(b) When a lobbyist is convicted of violating Section 76-8-104 or 76-8-304, the
190	lieutenant governor shall suspend a lobbyist's license for up to one year from the date of
191	conviction.
192	(5) (a) Any person who intentionally violates Section 36-11-301, 36-11-302, or
193	36-11-303 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
194	(b) The lieutenant governor shall suspend the lobbyist license of any person convicted
195	under any of these sections for up to one year.
196	(c) The suspension shall be in addition to any administrative penalties imposed by the
197	lieutenant governor under this section.
198	(d) Any person with evidence of a possible violation of this chapter may submit that
199	evidence to the lieutenant governor for investigation and resolution.
200	[(6) A lobbyist who does not complete the training required by Section 36-11-307 is
201	subject to the following penalties:]
202	[(a) an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 for each failure to complete the training
203	required by Section 36-11-307; and]
204	[(b) for two or more failures to complete the training required by Section 36-11-307
205	within 24 months, suspension of the lobbyist's lobbying license.]
206	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> Nothing in this chapter creates a third-party cause of action or appeal rights.
207	Section 5. Section 36-11-404 is amended to read:
208	36-11-404. Lieutenant governor's procedures.
209	(1) [The lieutenant governor] Except as otherwise provided under Section 36-11-501,
210	the director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make rules that
211	provide:
212	(a) for the appointment of an administrative law judge to adjudicate alleged violations
213	of this [section] chapter and to impose penalties under this [section] chapter;

214	(b) procedures for license applications, disapprovals, suspensions, revocations, and
215	reinstatements that comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4,
216	Administrative Procedures Act.
217	(2) The lieutenant governor shall develop forms needed for the registration and
218	disclosure provisions [of] described in this chapter.
219	Section 6. Section 36-11-501 is enacted to read:
220	Part 5. Unlawful Harassment
221	36-11-501. Unlawful harassment Investigation Penalties.
222	(1) As used in this section:
223	(a) "Executive worker" means an elected or appointed officer, employee, or volunteer
224	of the state executive branch.
225	(b) (i) "Harassment" means unwelcome conduct that is:
226	(A) based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national
227	origin, age, disability, citizenship status, or genetic information; and
228	(B) intimidating, hostile, offensive, or otherwise unlawful.
229	(ii) "Harassment" based on sex includes sexual harassment and harassment based on
230	gender or pregnancy.
231	(c) "Legislative worker" means a member, employee, or volunteer of the Legislature.
232	(d) "Sexual harassment" includes:
233	(i) unwelcome sexual advances;
234	(ii) unwelcome requests for sexual favors; or
235	(iii) other unwelcome verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature.
236	(2) A lobbyist may not:
237	(a) engage in harassment;
238	(b) retaliate against an individual for filing a complaint alleging a violation of this
239	section;
240	(c) retaliate against a complainant, witness, or other person for:
241	(i) conducting or cooperating with an investigation of an alleged violation of this
242	section; or
243	(ii) taking action to remediate harassment; or
244	(d) otherwise interfere with an investigation of an alleged violation of this section.

245	(3) A lobbyist shall fully cooperate with an investigation of an alleged violation of this
246	section conducted by:
247	(a) the lieutenant governor, the Legislature, or the executive branch; or
248	(b) a designee of the lieutenant governor, the Legislature, or the executive branch.
249	(4) (a) If a lobbyist violates Subsection (2) and the alleged victim is a legislative
250	worker:
251	(i) any legislative worker may file a complaint with the compliance officer designated
252	in the Legislature's harassment policy; and
253	(ii) the Legislature or the Legislature's designee may, if warranted, conduct an
254	investigation and take action to remediate any violation.
255	(b) If a lobbyist violates Subsection (2) and the alleged victim is an executive worker:
256	(i) any executive worker may file a complaint with an individual designated in the state
257	executive branch's applicable harassment policy; and
258	(ii) the executive branch or the executive branch's designee may, if warranted, conduct
259	an investigation and take action to remediate any violation.
260	(5) (a) The speaker of the House of Representatives, the president of the Senate, or the
261	legislative general counsel may recommend that the lieutenant governor take action under
262	Subsection (6) if a lobbyist:
263	(i) is found to have engaged in a serious violation, or multiple violations, of the
264	Legislature's harassment policy;
265	(ii) retaliates against a complainant, a witness, or another person for:
266	(A) filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section;
267	(B) conducting or cooperating with an investigation; or
268	(C) taking action to remediate unlawful harassment; or
269	(iii) interferes with, or fails to fully cooperate with, an investigation of an alleged
270	violation of this section.
271	(b) The governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, or an executive
272	director may recommend that the lieutenant governor take action under Subsection (6) if a
273	<u>lobbyist:</u>
274	(i) is found to have engaged in a serious violation, or multiple violations, of a state
275	executive branch harassment policy:

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276	(ii) retaliates against a complainant, a witness, or another person for:
277	(A) filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section;
278	(B) conducting or cooperating with an investigation; or
279	(C) taking action to remediate unlawful harassment; or
280	(iii) interferes with, or fails to fully cooperate with, an investigation of an alleged
281	violation of this section.
282	(6) If the lieutenant governor receives a recommendation under Subsection (5), the
283	lieutenant governor may, after ensuring that the lobbyist has notice and an opportunity to be
284	heard and taking into account the seriousness of the violation and the number of violations, do
285	either or both of the following:
286	(a) impose an administrative fine against the lobbyist, not to exceed \$2,000; or
287	(b) suspend the lobbyist's license for a period of up to five years.
288	(7) (a) A lobbyist who is a victim of harassment by an executive worker may file a
289	complaint under the state executive branch's applicable harassment policy.
290	(b) A lobbyist who is a victim of harassment by a legislative worker may file a
291	complaint under the Legislature's harassment policy.