READING PROGRAM EXPANSION AMENDMENTS
2019 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to the Early Literacy Program.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 extends access to the Early Literacy Program based on students in grade 6; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53F-2-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 300, 456 and renumbered
and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53F-2-503 is amended to read:
53F-2-503. Early Literacy Program Literacy proficiency plan.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.

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28	(b) "Program" means the Early Literacy Program.
29	(c) "Program money" means:
30	(i) school district revenue allocated to the program from other money available to the
31	school district, except money provided by the state, for the purpose of receiving state funds
32	under this section; and
33	(ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the program.
34	(2) The Early Literacy Program consists of program money and is created to
35	supplement other school resources for early literacy.
36	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
37	money to the Early Literacy Program.
38	(4) (a) A local education board of a school district or a charter school that serves
39	students in any of grades kindergarten through grade $[3] \underline{6}$ shall submit a plan to the board for
40	literacy proficiency improvement that incorporates the following components:
41	(i) core instruction in:
42	(A) phonological awareness;
43	(B) phonics;
44	(C) fluency;
45	(D) comprehension;
46	(E) vocabulary;
47	(F) oral language; and
48	(G) writing;
49	(ii) intervention strategies that are aligned to student needs;
50	(iii) professional development for classroom teachers, literacy coaches, and
51	interventionists in kindergarten through grade [3] 6;
52	(iv) assessments that support adjustments to core and intervention instruction;
53	(v) a growth goal for the school district or charter school that:
54	(A) is based upon student learning gains as measured by benchmark assessments
55	administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-307; and
56	(B) includes a target of at least 60% of all students [in grades 1 through 3] who are
57	<u>administered an assessment described in Subsection $(4)(a)(v)(A)$ meeting the growth goal;</u>
58	(vi) at least two goals that are specific to the school district or charter school that:

59	(A) are measurable;
60	(B) address current performance gaps in student literacy based on data; and
61	(C) include specific strategies for improving outcomes; and
62	(vii) if a school uses interactive literacy software, the use of interactive literacy
63	software, including early interactive reading software described in Section 53F-4-203.
64	(b) A local education board shall approve a plan described in Subsection (4)(a) in a
65	public meeting before submitting the plan to the board.
66	(c) The board shall provide model plans that a local education board may use, or a
67	local education board may develop the local education board's own plan.
68	(d) A plan developed by a local education board shall be approved by the board.
69	(e) The board shall develop uniform standards for acceptable growth goals that a local
70	education board adopts for a school district or charter school as described in this Subsection
71	(4).
72	(5) (a) There are created within the Early Literacy Program three funding programs:
73	(i) the Base Level Program;
74	(ii) the Guarantee Program; and
75	(iii) the Low Income Students Program.
76	(b) The board may use up to \$7,500,000 from an appropriation described in Subsection
77	(3) for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessment programs.
78	(6) Money appropriated to the board for the Early Literacy Program and not used by the
79	board for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments described in Subsection
80	(5)(b) shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows:
81	(a) 8% to the Base Level Program;
82	(b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and
83	(c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program.
84	(7) (a) For a school district or charter school to participate in the Base Level Program,
85	the local education board shall submit a plan described in Subsection (4) and shall receive
86	approval of the plan from the board.
87	(b) (i) The local school board of a school district qualifying for Base Level Program
88	funds and the governing boards of qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall
89	receive a base amount.

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90 (ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be 91 allocated among each charter school in an amount proportionate to: 92 (A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten 93 through grade [3] 6; and 94 (B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through 95 grade $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 6. 96 (8) (a) A local school board that applies for program money in excess of the Base Level 97 Program funds may choose to first participate in the Guarantee Program or the Low Income 98 Students Program. 99 (b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low 100 Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to 101 either fully or partially participate in the other program. 102 (c) For a school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program, the local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money 103 104 provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of 105 .000056. 106 (d) For a school district to fully participate in the Low Income Students Program, the 107 local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except 108 money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax 109 rate of .000065. 110 (e) (i) The board shall verify that a local school board allocates the money required in 111 accordance with Subsections (8)(c) and (d) before the board distributes funds in accordance 112 with this section. 113 (ii) The State Tax Commission shall provide the board the information the board needs 114 in order to comply with Subsection (8)(e)(i). 115 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), the local school board of a school 116 district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount 117 that is: 118 (i) equal to the difference between \$21 multiplied by the school district's total WPUs 119 and the revenue the local school board is required to allocate under Subsection (8)(c) for the 120 school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and

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121 (ii) not less than \$0. 122 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), an elementary charter school shall receive 123 under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the elementary charter school's 124 total WPUs. 125 (c) The board may adjust the \$21 guarantee amount described in Subsections (9)(a) and 126 (b) to account for actual appropriations and money used by the board for computer-assisted 127 instructional learning and assessments. 128 (10) The board shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount 129 proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for 130 free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two. 131 (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low 132 Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of school district 133 revenue allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been 134 allocated if the school district had fully participated in the program. 135 (12) (a) A local education board shall use program money for early literacy 136 interventions and supports in kindergarten through grade [3] 6 that have proven to significantly 137 increase the percentage of students who are proficient in literacy, including: 138 (i) evidence-based intervention curriculum; 139 (ii) literacy assessments that identify student learning needs and monitor learning 140 progress; or 141 (iii) focused literacy interventions that may include: 142 (A) the use of reading specialists or paraprofessionals; 143 (B) tutoring; 144 (C) before or after school programs; 145 (D) summer school programs; or 146 (E) the use of interactive computer software programs for literacy instruction and 147 assessments for students. 148 (b) A local education board may use program money for portable technology devices 149 used to administer literacy assessments. 150 (c) Program money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may 151 be used to augment existing programs.

- S.B. 218 152 (13) (a) A local education board shall annually submit a report to the board accounting 153 for the expenditure of program money in accordance with the local education board's plan 154 described in Subsection (4). 155 (b) If a local education board uses program money in a manner that is inconsistent with 156 Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the board for the 157 amount of program money improperly used, up to the amount of program money received from 158 the board. 159 (14) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 160 the board shall make rules to implement the program. 161 (b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each local education board to 162 annually report progress in meeting goals described in Subsections (4)(a)(v) and (vi), including the strategies the school district or charter school uses to address the goals. 163 164 (ii) If a school district or charter school does not meet or exceed the school district's or 165 charter school's goals described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi), the local education board shall 166 prepare a new plan that corrects deficiencies. 167 (iii) The new plan described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii) shall be approved by the board 168 before the local education board receives an allocation for the next year. 169 (15) (a) The board shall: 170 (i) develop strategies to provide support for a school district or charter school that fails 171 to meet a goal described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi); and
- 172 (ii) provide increasing levels of support to a school district or charter school that fails 173 to meet a goal described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) for two consecutive years.
- 174 (b) (i) The board shall use a digital reporting platform to provide information to school 175 districts and charter schools about interventions that increase proficiency in literacy.
- 176 (ii) The digital reporting platform shall include performance information for a school 177 district or charter school on the goals described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) and (vi).
- 178 (16) The board may use up to 3% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to carry 179 out the provisions of this section for administration of the program.
- 180 (17) The board shall make an annual report to the Public Education Appropriations 181 Subcommittee that:

182 (a) includes information on:

183	(i) student learning gains in early literacy for the past school year and the five-year
184	trend;
185	(ii) the percentage of grade $[3] \underline{6}$ students who are proficient in English language arts in
186	the past school year and the five-year trend;
187	(iii) the progress of school districts and charter schools in meeting goals described in a
188	plan described in Subsection (4)(a); and
189	(iv) the specific strategies or interventions used by school districts or charter schools
190	that have significantly improved early grade literacy proficiency; and
191	(b) may include recommendations on how to increase the percentage of grade $[3] \underline{6}$
192	students who are proficient in English language arts, including how to use a strategy or
193	intervention described in Subsection (17)(a)(iv) to improve literacy proficiency for additional
194	students.
195	(18) The report described in Subsection (17) shall include information provided
196	through the digital reporting platform described in Subsection (15)(b).