business is located within:

(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
(A) agriculture use; or
(B) residential use.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.

(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has:
(i) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and
(ii) a valid license to sell tobacco products from the State Tax Commission.

(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.

(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
(i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
(ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.

(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section:
(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
(ii) if a licensee violates [the regulations] federal law and regulations restricting the
sale and distribution of [cigarettes and smokeless tobacco] tobacco products to protect children and adolescents [issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140];

(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit; or

(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.

(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has a business license and is operating in a municipality in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, 2015, is exempt from Subsection (4).

(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:

(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;

(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products for more than 60 consecutive days;

(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and

(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:

(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;

(B) zoning ordinances;

(C) building codes; and

(D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before December 31, 2015.

Section 2. Section 10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20). Intoxication -- Fights -- Disorderly conduct -- Assault and battery -- Petit larceny -- Riots and disorderly assemblies -- Firearms and fireworks -- False pretenses and embezzlement -- Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to minors -- Possession of controlled substances -- Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or drug addicts.
(ii) a valid license to sell tobacco products from the State Tax Commission.

(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a county before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.

(6) (a) Nothing in this section:

(i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or

(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.

(b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section:

(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;

(ii) if a licensee violates federal law or regulations restricting the sale and distribution of tobacco products to protect children and adolescents issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part

(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit; or

(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.

(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has a business license and is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, 2015, is exempt from Subsection (4).

(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:

(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;

(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products for more than 60 consecutive days;

(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and