

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~{deleted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0023S05 but was deleted in HB0023S06.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0023S05 but was inserted into HB0023S06.

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~~{Representative Jon Hawkins}~~Senator Kirk A. Cullimore proposes the following substitute bill:

TOBACCO AND ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE AMENDMENTS

2020 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jon Hawkins

Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

~~{Cosponsors:~~

~~Cheryl K. Acton~~

~~Carl R. Albrecht~~

~~Kyle R. Andersen~~

~~Patrice M. Arent~~

~~Brady Brammer~~

~~Joel K. Briscoe~~

~~Walt Brooks~~

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HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~Susan Duckworth~~

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~~Stephen G. Handy~~

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~~Lawanna Shurtliff~~

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~~Andrew Stoddard~~

~~Keven J. Stratton~~

~~Steve Waldrip~~

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HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~Christine F. Watkins~~

~~Elizabeth Weight~~

~~Mark A. Wheatley~~

~~Logan Wilde~~

~~Brad R. Wilson~~

~~Mike Winter~~

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to tobacco products and electronic cigarettes.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms related to electronic cigarettes and tobacco retailers;
- ▶ modifies the definition of a retail tobacco specialty business to include a business that appears to be a retail tobacco specialty business or sells a flavored electronic cigarette product;
- ▶ amends permit violations for tobacco retailers;
- ▶ creates requirements regarding verification of age for retail tobacco specialty businesses;
- ▶ modifies and places sunset provisions on dates from which laws are applicable to retail tobacco specialty businesses;
- ▶ authorizes regulation and testing of manufacturer sealed electronic substances;
- ▶ requires a tobacco retailer to maintain certain records;
- ▶ provides that a retail tobacco specialty shop may not be located within 1,000 feet of a school or community college;
- ▶ creates civil penalties for a retail tobacco specialty business that allows an individual under 21 years old in certain circumstances to gain access to the premises of the business or to purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product;
- ▶ increases the minimum age for obtaining, possessing, using, providing, or furnishing tobacco products and paraphernalia and electronic cigarette products to 21 years old;
- ▶ prohibits a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer from providing certain discounts or

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

giveaways for electronic cigarette products and tobacco products;

▶ prohibits a general tobacco retailer from selling, providing, or distributing a flavored electronic cigarette product;

▶ makes it a crime to fraudulently use or transfer proof of age to gain access to a retail tobacco specialty business or to purchase a tobacco product or electronic cigarette product;

▶ makes it a crime for an employee of a retail tobacco specialty business to allow an individual under 21 years old to purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product;

~~▶ amends the number of times that a peace officer must conduct an investigation of a retail shop for underage tobacco sales;~~

‡ ▶ preempts certain ordinances, rules, and regulations on tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and tobacco paraphernalia;

▶ amends the number of times that a peace officer must conduct an investigation of a retail shop for underage tobacco sales; and

▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides a special effective date.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

10-8-41.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231

10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

17-50-333, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231

26-57-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132

26-62-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231

26-62-205 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

51-9-203 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 136

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

and 232

53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276

53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276

53G-8-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293

59-14-703 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

63I-1-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 236

63I-1-217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 236 and 347

76-8-311.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114

76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 66, 132 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132

76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114

76-10-112, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 193

77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

ENACTS:

26-62-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953

26-62-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953

26-62-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953

76-10-113, Utah Code Annotated 1953

76-10-114, Utah Code Annotated 1953

76-10-115, Utah Code Annotated 1953

76-10-116, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **10-8-41.6** is amended to read:

10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.

(1) As used in this section:

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

- (a) "Community location" means:
- (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
 - (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
 - (iii) a trade or technical school;
 - (iv) a church;
 - (v) a public library;
 - (vi) a public playground;
 - (vii) a public park;
 - (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
 - (ix) a public recreational facility;
 - (x) a public arcade; or
 - (xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
- (b) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.
- (c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section

76-10-101.

~~(d) (i) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or during use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product.~~

~~(ii) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, or spice.~~

~~(iii) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette product that:~~

~~(A) has a taste or smell of only tobacco, mint, or menthol; or~~

~~(B) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i); the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.~~

~~(e) (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.~~

~~(f) (f) "Permittee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~[(e)]~~ (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:

(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;

(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products;

(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products; ~~[or]~~

(iv) the commercial establishment:

(A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and

(B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail tobacco specialty business;

(v) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold; or

~~[(iv)]~~ (vi) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products or electronic cigarette products.

~~[(f)]~~ (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-105.1.

~~[(g)]~~ (i) "Tobacco product" means:

(i) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or

(ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~[(i) any cigar, cigarette, or electronic cigarette, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101;]~~

~~[(ii) ~~[(i)]~~ a tobacco product, as that term is defined in Section ~~[(i)]~~ 59-14-102, including: ~~[(i)]~~ 76-10-101;]~~

~~[(A) chewing tobacco; or]~~

~~[(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco; and]~~

~~[(ii) an electronic cigarette product; or]~~

~~[(iii) tobacco paraphernalia, as that term is defined in Section ~~[(i)]~~ 76-10-104.1;]~~ 76-10-101;

(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

powers of the state~~[, and through delegation,]~~ by the state or by delegation of the state's police powers to other governmental entities.

(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located.

(b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located within:

- (i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
- (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
- (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
 - (A) agriculture use; or
 - (B) residential use.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.

(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has:

(i) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and

(ii) a valid license to sell tobacco products from the State Tax Commission.

(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.

(6) (a) Nothing in this section:

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
(ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.

(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section:

(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;

(ii) if a licensee violates [~~the regulations~~] federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of [~~cigarettes and smokeless tobacco~~] tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents [~~issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140~~];

(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit; or

(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.

(7) (a) [~~In accordance with Subsection (7)(b)~~] Except as provided in Subsection (8), a retail tobacco specialty business that has a business license and is operating in a municipality in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, [~~2015~~] 2018, is exempt from Subsection (4).

(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:

(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;

(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products for more than 60 consecutive days;

(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and

(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:

(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;

(B) zoning ordinances;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(C) building codes; and

(D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before December 31, ~~[2015]~~ 2018.

(8) Beginning August 15, ~~2020~~ 2022, a retail tobacco specialty business that has a business license and is operating in a municipality may not be located within 1,000 feet of any school or a community college described in Subsection 53B-16-101(1)(b)(iii).

~~{~~ ~~631-1-210. Repeal dates, Title 10.~~

~~Section 10-9a-526 is repealed December 31, 2020.~~

~~631-1-217. Repeal dates, Title 17.~~

~~Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d) is repealed July 1, 2023.~~

~~76-10-111. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarettes -- Exceptions.~~

~~(1) The Legislature finds that:~~

~~(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;~~

~~(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;~~

~~(c) the use of electronic cigarettes may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products; and~~

~~(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.~~

~~(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer to give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or electronic cigarette in this state. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.~~

~~(3) (a) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette may be distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is excluded.~~

~~(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to a person of legal age upon~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette.~~

‡ Section 2. Section 10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20). Intoxication -- Fights -- Disorderly conduct -- Assault and battery -- Petit larceny -- Riots and disorderly assemblies -- Firearms and fireworks -- False pretenses and embezzlement -- Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to minors -- Possession of controlled substances -- Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or drug addicts.

(1) A municipal legislative body may:

(a) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights, bullfights, and all disorderly conduct and provide against and punish the offenses of assault and battery and petit larceny;

(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street, house, or place in the city;

(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, fireworks in accordance with Section 53-7-225, or any other dangerous or combustible material;

(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in the cases when the money or property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the sum of \$500;

(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics or alcoholic beverages to an individual younger than 21 years old; or

(f) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of [~~tobacco or e-cigarettes~~] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product, as those terms are defined in Section ~~10-8-41.6; 76-10-101,~~ to an individual younger than [~~(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and (ii) beginning July 1, 2021,~~] 21 years old.

(2) A city may:

(a) by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as defined in the Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing substance, provided the conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony; and

(b) provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other individuals who are addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that an individual substantially lacks the

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

capacity to control the individual's use of the drugs or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be imposed as a means of effecting the individual's rehabilitation.

Section 3. Section **17-50-333** is amended to read:

17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Community location" means:

(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;

(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;

(iii) a trade or technical school;

(iv) a church;

(v) a public library;

(vi) a public playground;

(vii) a public park;

(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;

(ix) a public recreational facility;

(x) a public arcade; or

(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.

(b) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.

(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~(d) (i) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or during use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product.~~

~~(ii) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, or spice.~~

~~(iii) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette product that:~~

~~(A) has a taste or smell of only tobacco, mint, or menthol; or~~

~~(B) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i)~~ the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~[(c)]~~ (d) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.

~~[(d)]~~ (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.

~~[(e)]~~ (f) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:

(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;

(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products;

(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products; ~~[or]~~

(iv) the commercial establishment:

(A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and

(B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail tobacco specialty business;

(v) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold; or

~~[(iv)]~~ (vi) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products or electronic cigarette products.

~~[(f)]~~ (g) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-105.1.

~~[(g)]~~ (h) "Tobacco product" means:

(i) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or

(ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~[(i)] any cigar, cigarette, or electronic cigarette as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101;~~

~~[(ii) (i)] a tobacco product (s) as that term is defined in Section (t) 59-14-102, including: (u) 76-10-101;~~

~~[(A) chewing tobacco; or]~~

~~[(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

and]

~~{ (ii) an electronic cigarette product; or~~

~~{ (iii) tobacco paraphernalia {s} as that term is defined in Section {f} 76-10-104.1. } { 76-10-101. }~~

(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers of the state~~[, and through delegation,]~~ by the state or by the delegation of the state's police power to other governmental entities.

(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless the person obtains a license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located.

(b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located within:

- (i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
- (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
- (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
 - (A) agriculture use; or
 - (B) residential use.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.

(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a county may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has:

(i) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(ii) a valid license to sell tobacco products from the State Tax Commission.

(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a county before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.

(6) (a) Nothing in this section:

(i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or

(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.

(b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section:

(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;

(ii) if a licensee violates [~~the regulations~~] federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of [~~cigarettes and smokeless tobacco~~] tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents [~~issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140~~];

(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit; or

(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.

(7) (a) [~~In accordance with Subsection (7)(b)~~] Except as provided in Subsection (8), a retail tobacco specialty business that has a business license and is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, [~~2015~~] 2018, is exempt from Subsection (4).

(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:

(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;

(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products for more than 60 consecutive days;

(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:

- (A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
- (B) zoning ordinances;
- (C) building codes; and
- (D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before

December 31, ~~2015~~ 2018.

(8) Beginning August 15, ~~2020~~ 2022, a retail tobacco specialty business that has a business license and is operating in a county may not be located within 1,000 feet of any school or a community college described in Subsection 53B-16-101(1)(b)(iii).

Section 4. Section **26-57-103** is amended to read:

26-57-103. Electronic cigarette products -- Labeling -- Manufacturing and quality control standards -- Advertising.

(1) The department shall, in consultation with a local health department, as defined in Section 26A-1-102, and with input from members of the public, establish~~[-no later than January 1, 2016,]~~ by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the standards for electronic cigarette substance:

- (a) labeling;
- (b) nicotine content;
- (c) packaging; and
- (d) product quality.

~~[(2) The standards established by the department under Subsection (1) do not apply to a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance.]~~

(2) On or before January 1, 2021, the department shall, in consultation with a local health department, as defined in Section 26A-1-102, and with input from members of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the standards for manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance:

- (a) labeling;
- (b) nicotine content;
- (c) packaging; and
- (d) product quality.

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(3) (a) ~~[Beginning on July 1, 2016, a]~~ A person may not sell an electronic cigarette substance unless the electronic cigarette substance complies with the standards established by the department under Subsection (1).

(b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, a person may not sell a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance unless the manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance complies with the standards established by the department under Subsection (2).

(4) (a) ~~[Beginning on July 1, 2016, a]~~ A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance labeling, nicotine content, packaging, or product quality that is not identical to the standards established by the department under ~~[Subsection (1)]~~ Subsections (1) and (2).

(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a local health department may enact a rule or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance manufacturing.

(c) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance.

(5) ~~[Beginning on July 1, 2016, a]~~ A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product:

(a) as a tobacco cessation device;

(b) if the person is not licensed to sell an electronic cigarette product under Section 59-14-803; or

(c) during a period of time when the person's license to sell an electronic cigarette product under Section 59-14-803 has been suspended or revoked.

Section 5. Section **26-62-102** is amended to read:

26-62-102. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Community location" means the same as that term is defined:

(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and

(b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.

(2) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~(2)~~ (3) "Employee" means an employee of a tobacco retailer.

~~(3)~~ (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

~~[(4)]~~ [(5)] "General tobacco retailer" means a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco specialty business.

~~[(5)]~~ [(6)] "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.

~~[(6)]~~ [(7)] "Owner" means a person holding a 20% ownership interest in the business that is required to obtain an permit under this chapter.

~~[(6)]~~ [(7)] [(8)] "Permit" means a tobacco retail permit issued under this chapter.

~~[(8)]~~ [(9)] (a) "Proof of age" means:

(i) a valid identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act;

(ii) a valid identification that:

(A) is substantially similar to an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act;

(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the identification is issued;

(C) includes date of birth; and

(D) has a picture affixed;

(iii) a valid driver license certificate that is issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, or in accordance with the laws of the state in which the valid driver license is issued;

(iv) a valid United States military identification card that:

(A) includes date of birth; and

(B) has a picture affixed; or

(v) a valid passport.

(b) "Proof of age" does not include a valid driving privilege card issued in accordance with Section 53-3-207.

~~[(7)]~~ [(9)] [(10)] "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined:

(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and

(b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

[(8)] ~~(10;11)~~ "Tax commission license" means a license issued by the State Tax Commission under:

- (a) Section 59-14-201 to sell cigarettes at retail;
- (b) Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail; or
- (c) Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product.

[(9)] ~~(11;12)~~ "Tobacco product" means:

- (a) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or
- (b) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~[(a) a cigar, cigarette, or electronic cigarette product as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101;]~~

~~[(b) (a) a tobacco product (c) as that term is defined in Section (d) 59-14-102, including:] (e) (f) 76-10-101;]~~

~~[(i) chewing tobacco; or]~~

~~[(ii) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco; or]~~

~~{ (b) an electronic cigarette product, as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or }~~

~~{ (c) tobacco paraphernalia (d) as that term is defined in Section (e) 76-10-104.1. (f) 76-10-101. }~~

[(10)] ~~(12;13)~~ "Tobacco retailer" means a person that is required to obtain a tax commission license.

Section 6. Section **26-62-205 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:

26-62-205 (Effective 07/01/20). Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business.

A retail tobacco specialty business shall:

(1) electronically verify proof of age for any individual that enters the premises of the business in accordance with Part 4, Proof of Age Requirements;

~~[(1)] (2) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual from entering the business if the individual is [(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and (b) beginning July 1, 2021,]~~ under 21 years old; and

~~[(2)] (3) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public entrance of the business that communicates;~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(a) the prohibition on the presence of an individual under 21 years old in a retail tobacco specialty business in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4); and

(b) the prohibition on the sale of tobacco products **and electronic cigarette products** to an individual under 21 years old as described in Sections 76-10-104, 76-10-104.1, 76-10-105.1, and 76-10-114.

Section 7. Section **26-62-206** is enacted to read:

26-62-206. Permit requirements for the sale of tobacco products **and electronic cigarette products.**

(1) A tobacco retailer shall:

(a) provide the customer with an itemized receipt for each sale of a tobacco product **or an electronic cigarette product** that separately identifies:

(i) the name of the tobacco product **or the electronic cigarette product**;

(ii) the amount charged for each tobacco **product or electronic cigarette** product; and

(iii) the time and date of the sale; and

(b) maintain an itemized transaction log for each sale of a tobacco product **or an electronic cigarette product** that separately identifies:

(i) the name of the tobacco product **or the electronic cigarette product**;

(ii) the amount charged for each tobacco **product or electronic cigarette** product; and

(iii) the date and time of the sale.

(2) The itemized transaction log described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be:

(a) maintained for at least one year after the date of each transaction in the itemized transaction log; and

(b) made available to an enforcing agency or a peace officer at the request of the enforcing agency or the peace officer that is no less restrictive than the provisions in this part.

Section 8. Section **26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:

26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20). Hearing -- Evidence of criminal conviction.

(1) At a civil hearing conducted under Section 26-62-302, evidence of the final criminal conviction of a tobacco retailer or employee for violation of Section [~~76-10-104~~] 76-10-114 at the same location and within the same time period as the location and time period alleged in the civil hearing for violation of this chapter for sale of tobacco products to an individual under [~~the following ages~~] 21 years old is prima facie evidence of a violation of this

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

chapter[:].

~~[(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and]~~

~~[(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.]~~

(2) If the tobacco retailer is convicted of violating Section ~~[76-10-104]~~ 76-10-114, the enforcing agency:

(a) may not assess an additional monetary penalty under this chapter for the same offense for which the conviction was obtained; and

(b) may revoke or suspend a permit in accordance with Section 26-62-305 or 26-62-402.

Section 9. Section **26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:

26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20). Penalties.

(1) (a) ~~If [following an inspection by an enforcing agency, or an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101,]~~ an enforcing agency determines that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this chapter, the enforcing agency may impose the penalties described in this section.

(b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection by an enforcing agency or investigation~~[, only one violation shall count toward the penalties described in this section. (2)~~

~~(a) The administrative penalty for]~~ by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the enforcing agency shall treat the multiple violations as one single violation under Subsections (2), (3), and (4).

(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3) and Section 26-62-402, if a violation is found in an inspection by an enforcing agency or an investigation by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the enforcing agency shall:

(a) on a first violation at a retail location [is], impose a penalty of [not] no more than \$500[:];

(b) ~~[The administrative penalty for]~~ on a second violation at the same retail location that occurs within one year of a previous violation [is], impose a penalty of [not] no more than \$750[:];

(c) ~~[The administrative penalty for]~~ on a third [or subsequent] violation at the same retail location that occurs within two years after two [or more] previous violations, [is] impose:

(i) a suspension of the ~~[retail tobacco business]~~ permit for 30 consecutive business days

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

within 60 days after the day on which the third ~~[or subsequent]~~ violation occurs; or

(ii) a penalty of ~~[not]~~ no more than \$1,000[-]; and

~~[(3) The department or a local health department may:]~~

~~[(a) revoke a permit if a fourth violation occurs within two years of three previous violations;]~~

~~[(b) in addition to a monetary penalty imposed under Subsection (2), suspend the permit if the violation is due to a sale of tobacco products to an individual under:]~~

~~[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]~~

~~[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old; and]~~

~~[(c) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.]~~

(d) on a fourth or subsequent violation within two years of three previous violations:

(i) impose a penalty of no more than \$1,000;

(ii) revoke a permit of the retailer; and

(iii) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.

(3) If a violation is found in an investigation of a general tobacco retailer by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to an individual under 21 years old and the violation is committed by the owner of the general tobacco retailer, the enforcing agency shall:

(a) on a first violation, impose a fine of no more than \$2,000 on the general tobacco retailer; and

(b) on the second violation for the same general tobacco retailer within one year of the first violation:

(i) impose a fine not exceeding \$5,000; and

(ii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer.

(4) If a violation is found in an investigation of a retail tobacco specialty business by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to an individual under 21 years old, the enforcing agency shall apply the provisions of Section 26-62-402.

~~[(4)]~~ (5) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection [(5)] (6) occurs, a local

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

health department may not issue a permit to:

(i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2) or (3) or Section 26-62-402; or

(ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner, or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2) or (3) or Section 26-62-402.

(b) A person whose permit:

(i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends the permit; and

(ii) is revoked under this section or Section 26-62-402 may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of 24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit.

~~[(5)]~~ (6) Violations of this chapter, Section 10-8-41.6, ~~[or]~~ Section 17-50-333, or Section 26-62-402 that occur at a tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless:

(a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and

(b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous proprietor.

Section 10. Section **26-62-401** is enacted to read:

Part 4. Proof of Age Requirements

26-62-401. Verification of proof of age.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Employee" means an employee of a retail tobacco specialty business.

(b) "Electronic verification program" means a technology used by a retail tobacco specialty business to confirm proof of age for an individual.

(2) A retail tobacco specialty business shall require that an employee verify proof of age as provided in this section.

(3) To comply with Subsection (2), an employee shall:

(a) request the individual present proof of age; and

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(b) verify the validity of the proof of age electronically in accordance with Subsection (4).

(4) A retail tobacco specialty business shall use an electronic verification program to assist the business in complying with the requirements of this section.

(5) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business may not disclose information obtained under this section except as provided under this part.

(b) Information obtained under this section:

(i) shall be kept for at least 30 days; and

(ii) is subject to inspection upon request by a peace officer or the representative of an enforcing agency.

(6) (a) If an employee does not verify proof of age under this section, the employee may not permit an individual to:

(i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), enter a retail tobacco specialty business; or

(ii) purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.

(b) In accordance with Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), an individual who is under 21 years old may be permitted to enter a retail tobacco specialty business if:

(i) the individual is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian who provides proof of age; or

(ii) the individual is present at the retail tobacco specialty shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.

(7) To determine whether the individual described in Subsection (2) is 21 years old or older, the following may request an individual described in Subsection (2) to present proof of age:

(a) an employee;

(b) a peace officer; or

(c) a representative of an enforcing agency.

Section 11. Section **26-62-402** is enacted to read:

26-62-402. Penalties.

(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if a violation of this part is found in an investigation of a retail tobacco specialty business by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the enforcing agency shall:

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(a) on a first violation, impose a penalty of no more than \$500 on the retail tobacco specialty business;

(b) on a second violation for the same retail tobacco specialty business that occurs within one year of a previous violation, impose a penalty of no more than \$750;

(c) on a third violation for the same retail tobacco specialty business that occurs within two years of the two previous violations, impose:

(i) a suspension of the permit for 30 consecutive business days within 60 days after the day on which the third violation occurs; or

(ii) a penalty of no more than \$1,000; and

(d) on a fourth or subsequent violation within two years of the three previous violations:

(i) impose a penalty of no more than \$1,000;

(ii) revoke the permit of the retail tobacco specialty business; and

(iii) recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.

(2) If a violation of this part is committed by the owner and is found in an investigation of a retail tobacco specialty business by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the enforcing agency shall:

(a) on a first violation, impose a fine not exceeding \$2,000; and

(b) on a second violation at the same retail tobacco specialty business within one year of the first violation:

(i) impose a fine not exceeding \$5,000;

(ii) revoke the retail tobacco specialty business's permit; and

(iii) recommend to a municipality or county that the retail tobacco specialty license issued under Section 10-8-61.6 or 17-50-333 to the retail tobacco specialty business be suspended or revoked.

(3) If multiple violations are found in a single investigation by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the enforcing agency shall treat the multiple violations as a single violation.

Section 12. Section **51-9-203 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:

51-9-203 (Effective 07/01/20). Requirements for tobacco and electronic cigarette

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

programs.

(1) To be eligible to receive funding under this part for a tobacco prevention, reduction, cessation, or control program, an organization, whether private, governmental, or quasi-governmental, shall:

(a) submit a request to the Department of Health containing the following information:

(i) for media campaigns to prevent or reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate sound management and periodic evaluation of the campaign's relevance to the intended audience, particularly in campaigns directed toward youth, including audience awareness of the campaign and recollection of the main message;

(ii) for school-based education programs to prevent and reduce youth smoking, the request shall describe how the program will be effective in preventing and reducing youth smoking;

(iii) for community-based programs to prevent and reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate that the proposed program:

(A) has a comprehensive strategy with a clear mission and goals;

(B) provides for committed, caring, and professional leadership; and

(C) if directed toward youth:

(I) offers youth-centered activities in youth accessible facilities;

(II) is culturally sensitive, inclusive, and diverse;

(III) involves youth in the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services that affect them; and

(IV) offers a positive focus that is inclusive of all youth; and

(iv) for enforcement, control, and compliance program, the request shall demonstrate that the proposed program can reasonably be expected to reduce the extent to which [~~tobacco products~~] tobacco products and electronic cigarette products, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101, are available to individuals under [~~the following ages: (A) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old, and (B) beginning July 1, 2021,~~] 21 years old;

(b) agree, by contract, to file an annual written report with the Department of Health that contains the following:

(i) the amount funded;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

- (ii) the amount expended;
 - (iii) a description of the program or campaign and the number of adults and youth who participated;
 - (iv) specific elements of the program or campaign meeting the applicable criteria set forth in Subsection (1)(a); and
 - (v) a statement concerning the success and effectiveness of the program or campaign;
- (c) agree, by contract, to not use any funds received under this part directly or indirectly, to:
- (i) engage in any lobbying or political activity, including the support of, or opposition to, candidates, ballot questions, referenda, or similar activities; or
 - (ii) engage in litigation with any tobacco manufacturer, retailer, or distributor, except to enforce:
 - (A) the provisions of the Master Settlement Agreement;
 - (B) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
 - (C) Title 26, Chapter 62, Part 3, Enforcement; and
 - (D) Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons; and
- (d) agree, by contract, to repay the funds provided under this part if the organization:
- (i) fails to file a timely report as required by Subsection (1)(b); or
 - (ii) uses any portion of the funds in violation of Subsection (1)(c).
- (2) The Department of Health shall review and evaluate the success and effectiveness of any program or campaign that receives funding pursuant to a request submitted under Subsection (1). The review and evaluation:
- (a) shall include a comparison of annual smoking trends;
 - (b) may be conducted by an independent evaluator; and
 - (c) may be paid for by funds appropriated from the account for that purpose.
- (3) The Department of Health shall annually report to the Social Services Appropriations Subcommittee on the reviews conducted pursuant to Subsection (2).
- (4) An organization that fails to comply with the contract requirements set forth in Subsection (1) shall:
- (a) repay the state as provided in Subsection (1)(d); and
 - (b) be disqualified from receiving funds under this part in any subsequent fiscal year.

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(5) The attorney general shall be responsible for recovering funds that are required to be repaid to the state under this section.

(6) Nothing in this section may be construed as applying to funds that are not appropriated under this part.

Section 13. Section **53-3-229** is amended to read:

53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate -- Penalty.

(1) It is a class C misdemeanor for ~~[a person]~~ an individual to:

(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the ~~[person]~~ individual, by ~~[a person]~~ another individual not entitled to ~~[it]~~ the license certificate;

(b) display or ~~[to]~~ represent as the ~~[person's]~~ individual's own license certificate a license certificate not issued to the ~~[person]~~ individual;

(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license certificate issued by the division;

(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;

(e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license certificate as a valid driver license certificate;

(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or

(g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer represents the information originally displayed.

(2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of ~~[a person's]~~ an individual's driver license certificate as a means of personal identification.

(3) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:

(a) issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information;

(b) issue a driver license certificate to ~~[a person]~~ an individual who is younger than 21 years ~~[of age]~~ old if the driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for ~~[a person]~~ an individual who is younger than 21 years ~~[of age]~~ old under Section 53-3-207; or

(c) acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate to

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

procure[:] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~[(i) a cigarette;]~~

~~[(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;]~~

~~[(iii) tobacco; or]~~

~~[(iv) a tobacco product.]~~

(4) ~~[A person]~~ An individual may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of Section 32B-1-403.

(5) It is a third degree felony if ~~[a person's]~~ an individual's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false or altered driver license certificate:

(a) aids or furthers the ~~[person's]~~ individual's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or

(b) aids or furthers the ~~[person's]~~ individual's efforts to commit a violent felony.

Section 14. Section **53-3-810** is amended to read:

53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card -- Penalties.

(1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:

(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the ~~[person]~~ individual, by ~~[a person]~~ an individual not entitled to ~~[it]~~ the identification card;

(b) display or to represent as the ~~[person's]~~ individual's own identification card an identification card not issued to the ~~[person]~~ individual;

(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification card issued by the division;

(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;

(e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;

(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification card issued by that governmental entity; or

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no longer represents the information originally displayed.

(2) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:

(a) issue an identification card with false or fraudulent information;

(b) issue an identification card to ~~[any person]~~ an individual who is younger than 21 years ~~[of age]~~ old if the identification card is not distinguished as required for ~~[a person]~~ an individual who is younger than 21 years ~~[of age]~~ old under Section 53-3-806; or

(c) acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to procure~~[-]~~ a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101.

~~[(i) a cigarette;]~~

~~[(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;]~~

~~[(iii) tobacco; or]~~

~~[(iv) a tobacco product.]~~

(3) ~~[A person]~~ An individual may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of Section 32B-1-403.

(4) It is a third degree felony if ~~[a person's]~~ an individual's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false or altered identification card:

(a) aids or furthers the ~~[person's]~~ individual's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or

(b) aids or furthers the ~~[person's]~~ individual's efforts to commit a violent felony.

Section 15. Section **53G-8-209** is amended to read:

53G-8-209. Extracurricular activities -- Prohibited conduct -- Reporting of violations -- Limitation of liability.

(1) The Legislature recognizes that:

(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such activities in meaningful ways;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;

(c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities, particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;

(d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and

(e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and standards of behavior and conduct themselves at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities.

(2) (a) The state board may, and local school boards and charter school governing boards shall, adopt rules or policies implementing this section that apply to both students and staff.

(b) The rules or policies described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct in accordance with Section 53G-8-211, while in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections 53G-8-203(1)(e)(i) through (iv):

(i) the use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities;

(ii) the illicit use, possession, or distribution of:

(A) a controlled [substances] substance or drug paraphernalia[, and];

~~(iii) } the use, possession, or distribution of {} an electronic cigarette as defined in Section 76-10-101, tobacco, or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and] {};~~

(B) a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-101 [;]; or

(C) an alcoholic beverage { that is contrary to law }; {; and }

~~{(iii) } { (iv) }~~ hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

exposure of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under Utah law.

(3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school.

(b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.

(c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.

(4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53G-8-405 apply to this section.

Section 16. Section **59-14-703 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:

59-14-703 (Effective 07/01/20). Certification of cigarette rolling machine operators -- Renewal of certification -- Requirements for certification or renewal of certification -- Denial.

(1) A cigarette rolling machine operator may not perform the following without first obtaining certification from the commission as provided in this part:

(a) locate a cigarette rolling machine within this state;

(b) make or offer to make a cigarette rolling machine available for use within this state;

or

(c) offer a cigarette for sale within this state if the cigarette is produced by:

(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator; or

(ii) another person at the location of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine.

(2) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall renew its certification as provided in this section.

(3) The commission shall prescribe a form for certifying a cigarette rolling machine operator under this part.

(4) (a) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for certification before the cigarette rolling machine operator performs an act described in

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

Subsection (1) within the state for the first time.

(b) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for a renewal of certification on or before the earlier of:

(i) December 31 of each year; or

(ii) the day on which there is a change in any of the information the cigarette rolling machine operator provides on the form described in Subsection (3).

(5) To obtain certification or renewal of certification under this section from the commission, a cigarette rolling machine operator shall:

(a) identify:

(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator's name and address;

(ii) the location, make, and brand of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine; and

(iii) each person from whom the cigarette rolling machine operator will purchase or be provided tobacco products that the cigarette rolling machine operator will use to produce cigarettes; and

(b) certify, under penalty of perjury, that:

(i) the tobacco to be used in the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description, shall be only of a:

(A) brand family listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section 59-14-603; and

(B) tobacco product manufacturer listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section 59-14-603;

(ii) the cigarette rolling machine operator shall prohibit another person who uses the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine from using tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover except for tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover purchased by or provided to the cigarette rolling machine operator from a person identified in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(iii);

(iii) the cigarette rolling machine operator holds a current license issued in accordance with this chapter;

(iv) the cigarettes produced from the cigarette rolling machine shall comply with Title 53, Chapter 7, Part 4, The Reduced Cigarette Ignition Propensity and Firefighter Protection Act;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(v) the cigarette rolling machine shall be located in a separate and defined area where the cigarette rolling machine operator ensures that an individual younger than [the age specified in Subsection (6)] 21 years old may not be:

- (A) present at any time; or
- (B) permitted to enter at any time; and

(vi) the cigarette rolling machine operator may not barter, distribute, exchange, offer, or sell cigarettes produced from a cigarette rolling machine in a quantity of less than 20 cigarettes per retail transaction.

~~[(6) For purposes of Subsection (5), an individual is younger than:]~~

~~[(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]~~

~~[(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]~~

~~[(7) (6) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator meets the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission shall grant the certification or renewal of certification.~~

~~[(8) (7) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator does not meet the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission shall:~~

- ~~(a) deny the certification or renewal of certification; and~~
- ~~(b) provide the cigarette rolling machine operator the grounds for denial of the certification or renewal of certification in writing.~~

Section 17. Section ~~{76-8-311.3}~~631-1-210 is amended to read:

~~76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities =~~

~~Penalties:~~

~~—— (1) As used in this section:~~

~~—— (a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.~~

~~—— (b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.~~

~~—— (c) "Correctional facility" means:~~

~~—— (i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~—— (ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal offenders;~~

~~—— (iii) any juvenile detention facility; and~~

~~—— (iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state, municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.~~

~~—— (d) "Electronic cigarette[" is as] product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.~~

~~—— (e) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.~~

~~—— (f) "Mental health facility" is as defined in Section 62A-15-602.~~

~~—— (g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.~~

~~—— (h) "Secure area" is as defined in Section 76-8-311.1.~~

~~—— (i) "Tobacco product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.~~

~~—— (2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape, explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any quantity may be:~~

~~—— (a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;~~

~~—— (b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;~~

~~—— (c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or~~

~~—— (d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility.~~

~~—— (3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the act made criminal by this section with respect to:~~

~~—— (a) a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in conformity with departmental rule or policy;~~

~~—— (b) a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the policy of the municipality;~~

~~—— (c) a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~policy of the county; or~~

~~—— (d) a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health facility.~~

~~—— (4) (a) [Any person] An individual who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second degree felony.~~

~~—— (b) [Any person] An individual who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.~~

~~—— (c) [Any] An offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or [any] a detainee who possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.~~

~~—— (d) [Any person] An individual who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony.~~

~~—— (e) [Any person] An individual violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility.~~

~~—— (5) (a) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:~~

~~—— (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;~~

~~—— (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or~~

~~—— (iii) poison in any quantity.~~

~~—— (b) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~offender at a correctional facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any:~~

~~—— (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;~~

~~—— (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or~~

~~—— (iii) poison in any quantity.~~

~~—— (c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:~~

~~—— (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;~~

~~—— (ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in compliance with facility policy; or~~

~~—— (iii) poison in any quantity.~~

~~—— (d) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to an offender, directly or indirectly:~~

~~—— (i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;~~

~~—— (ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another person to transport any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to an offender or on any correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of an offense; or~~

~~—— (iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility.~~

~~—— (e) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare or knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:~~

~~—— (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;~~

~~—— (ii) medicine; or~~

~~—— (iii) poison in any quantity.~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~(f) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).~~

~~(g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to Section ~~64-13-40~~.~~

~~(6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.~~

~~(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.~~

§631-1-210. Repeal dates, Title 10.

(1) Subsection 10-8-41.6(7), the language that states "December 31, 2018" is repealed July 1, 2022, and replaced with "December 31, 2015".

(2) Section 10-9a-526 is repealed December 31, 2020.

Section 18. Section ~~{76-10-101}~~631-1-217 is amended to read:

~~{76-10-101}~~631-1-217. ~~{Definitions:~~

~~As used in this part:~~

~~(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described in Subsection (2).~~

~~(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:~~

~~(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or~~

~~(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a):~~

~~—— [(3) "Electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette product, as defined in Section 59-14-802.]~~

~~—— (3) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:~~

~~—— (i) any electronic oral device:~~

~~—— (A) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and~~

~~—— (B) which simulates smoking through the device's use, or through inhalation, of the device;~~

~~—— (ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and~~

~~—— (iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection (3)(a)(i):~~

~~—— (b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is:~~

~~—— (i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and~~

~~—— (ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as:~~

~~—— (A) an e-cigarette;~~

~~—— (B) an e-cigar;~~

~~—— (C) an e-pipe; or~~

~~—— (D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the definition of Subsection (3)(a):~~

~~—— (4) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette.~~

~~—— (5) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette:~~

~~—— [(4)] (6) "Place of business" includes:~~

~~—— (a) a shop;~~

~~—— (b) a store;~~

~~—— (c) a factory;~~

~~—— (d) a public garage;~~

~~—— (e) an office;~~

~~—— (f) a theater;~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

- ~~—— (g) a recreation hall;~~
- ~~—— (h) a dance hall;~~
- ~~—— (i) a poolroom;~~
- ~~—— (j) a café;~~
- ~~—— (k) a cafeteria;~~
- ~~—— (l) a cabaret;~~
- ~~—— (m) a restaurant;~~
- ~~—— (n) a hotel;~~
- ~~—— (o) a lodging house;~~
- ~~—— (p) a streetcar;~~
- ~~—— (q) a bus;~~
- ~~—— (r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;~~
- ~~—— (s) a waiting room; and~~
- ~~—— (t) any other place of business.~~
- ~~—— (7) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled with an electronic cigarette substance.~~
- ~~—— (8) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-62-102.~~
- ~~—— [(5)] (9) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other lighted smoking equipment.~~
- ~~—— (10) (a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette substance into the human body.~~
- ~~—— (b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:~~
 - ~~—— (i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;~~
 - ~~—— (ii) water pipes;~~
 - ~~—— (iii) carburetion tubes and devices;~~
 - ~~—— (iv) smoking and carburetion masks;~~
 - ~~—— (v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette;~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;~~

~~— (vi) chamber pipes;~~

~~— (vii) carburetor pipes;~~

~~— (viii) electric pipes;~~

~~— (ix) air-driven pipes;~~

~~— (x) chillums;~~

~~— (xi) bongs; and~~

~~— (xii) ice pipes or chillers.~~

~~— (c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.~~

~~— (11) "Tobacco product" means:~~

~~— (a) a cigar;~~

~~— (b) a cigarette; and~~

~~— (c) tobacco in any form, including:~~

~~— (i) chewing tobacco; and~~

~~— (ii) any substitute for tobacco, including flavoring or additives to tobacco.~~

~~— (12) "Tobacco retailer" means:~~

~~— (a) a general tobacco retailer, as that term is defined in Section 26-62-102; and~~

~~— (b) a retail tobacco specialty business; Repeal dates, Title 17.~~

(1) Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d) is repealed July 1, 2023.

(2) Subsection 17-50-333(7), the language that states "December 31, 2018" is repealed July 1, 2022, and replaced with "December 31, 2015".

Section 19. Section ~~{76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20)}~~ is amended to read:

~~— 76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20). Permitting minors to use a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product in place of business:~~

~~— It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly permit an individual under [the following ages] 21 years old to frequent a place of business while the individual is using [tobacco:] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.~~

~~— [(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and]~~

~~— [(2) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.]~~

~~— Section 20. Section 76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:~~

~~— 76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20). Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette,~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~or tobacco to a minor -- Penalties:~~

~~— (1) A person violates this section who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form, to an individual under the following ages, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses:]~~

~~— [(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]~~

~~— [(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]~~

~~— [(2)] (1) As used in this section "provides":~~

~~— (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and~~

~~— (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.~~

~~— (2) An individual who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to an individual who is under 21 years old, is guilty of:~~

~~— (a) a class C misdemeanor on the first offense;~~

~~— (b) a class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and~~

~~— (c) a class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.~~

~~— (3) This section does not apply to conduct of an employee of a tobacco retailer that is a violation of Section 76-10-114.~~

~~— Section 21. Section 76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:~~

~~— 76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20). **Providing tobacco paraphernalia to minors -- Penalties:**~~

~~— (1) [For purposes of this section: (a) "Provides"] As used in this section, "provides":~~

~~— [(i)] (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and~~

~~— [(ii)] (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~—— [(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia":]~~

~~—— [(i) means equipment, product, or material of any kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repack, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the human body, including:]~~

~~—— [(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;]~~

~~—— [(B) water pipes;]~~

~~—— [(C) carburetion tubes and devices;]~~

~~—— [(D) smoking and carburetion masks;]~~

~~—— [(E) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;]~~

~~—— [(F) chamber pipes;]~~

~~—— [(G) carburetor pipes;]~~

~~—— [(H) electric pipes;]~~

~~—— [(I) air-driven pipes;]~~

~~—— [(J) chillums;]~~

~~—— [(K) bongs; and]~~

~~—— [(L) ice pipes or chillers; and]~~

~~—— [(ii) does not include matches or lighters.]~~

~~—— (2) (a) It is unlawful for [a person] an individual to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under: (i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and (ii) beginning July 1, 2021,] 21 years old.~~

~~—— (b) [A person] An individual who violates this section is guilty of:~~

~~—— (i) a class C misdemeanor on the first offense; and~~

~~—— (ii) a class B misdemeanor on any subsequent [offenses] offense.~~

~~—— Section 22. Section ~~76-10-105~~ (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:~~

~~—— **76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20). Buying or possessing a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product by a minor -- Penalty -- Compliance officer authority -- Juvenile court jurisdiction.**~~

~~—— (1) [(a)] An individual who is 18 years old or older, but younger than [the age specified~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~in Subsection (1)(b)] 21 years old, and who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's possession [any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product is:~~

~~—— (a) guilty of an infraction; and~~

~~—— (b) subject to:~~

~~—— (i) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and~~

~~—— (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program, which may include a participation fee:~~

~~—— [(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:]~~

~~—— [(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]~~

~~—— [(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]~~

~~—— (2) (a) An individual who is under [the age of] 18 years old and who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's possession [any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section 78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property:~~

~~—— (b) If a violation under this section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor may be subject to the following:~~

~~—— [(a)] (i) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and~~

~~—— [(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a participation fee:~~

~~—— (3) (a) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53G-4-402 may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property:~~

~~—— (b) A cited violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance with Section 53G-8-211:~~

~~—— [(4) (a) This section does not apply to the purchase or possession of a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia by an individual who is 18 years or older and is:]~~

~~—— [(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or]~~

~~—— [(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~Armed Forces.}]~~

~~—— [(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof of age under Subsection (4)(a).]~~

~~—— Section 23. Section **76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:~~

~~—— **76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20). Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products -- Minors not allowed in retail tobacco specialty business -- Penalties.**~~

~~—— (1) As used in this section:~~

~~—— [(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.]~~

~~—— [(b)] ~~(a)~~ (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an individual and a retailer or retailer's employee:~~

~~—— (ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:~~

~~—— (A) vending machine; or~~

~~—— (B) self-service display.~~

~~—— [(c)] (b) "Retailer" means a person who:~~

~~—— (i) sells a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to an individual for personal consumption; or~~

~~—— (ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.~~

~~—— [(d)] (c) "Self-service display" means a display of a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's employee.~~

~~—— [(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.]~~

~~—— [(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is defined:]~~

~~—— [(i) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and]~~

~~—— [(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.]~~

~~—— (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product only in a face-to-face exchange.~~

~~—— (3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:~~

~~—— (a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~59-14-509;~~

~~—— (b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a retailer's facility:~~

~~—— (i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and~~

~~—— (ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be present; or~~

~~—— (c) a sale at a retail tobacco specialty [shop] business:~~

~~—— (4) [(a)] An individual who [is less than the age specified in Subsection (4)(b)] is under 21 years old may not enter or be present at a [tobacco specialty shop] retail tobacco specialty business unless the individual is:~~

~~—— [(i)] (a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;~~

~~—— [(ii)] (b) present at the [tobacco shop] retail tobacco specialty business for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to purchase a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette[; or] product.~~

~~—— [(iii)] 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.]~~

~~—— [(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:]~~

~~—— [(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]~~

~~—— [(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]~~

~~—— (5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)(i), an individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b)[,] or into a [tobacco specialty shop] retail tobacco specialty business, may not allow the individual to purchase a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.~~

~~—— (6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:~~

~~—— (a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;~~

~~—— (b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and~~

~~—— (c) class A misdemeanor on [the third and all] any subsequent offenses.~~

~~—— (7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of [providing tobacco to a minor] an offense under Section 76-10-104.~~

~~—— [(8) (a) An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, minimum age of sale,~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~placement, or display of cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes that is not essentially identical to this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.]~~

~~—— [(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use ordinance by a municipal or county government.]~~

~~—— Section 24. Section 76-10-112; 76-8-311.3 is amended to read:~~

~~{76-10-112. Prohibition of distribution of electronic}~~ **76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities -- Penalties.**

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

(c) "Correctional facility" means:

(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;

(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal offenders;

(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and

(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state, municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.

(d) "Electronic cigarette[" is as] product{ -- Exceptions:

~~—— (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, or tobacco retailer to:~~

~~—— (i) give or distribute [cigarettes or other tobacco products] an electronic cigarette product in this state without charge[.];~~

~~—— (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), sell, offer for sale, or furnish an electronic cigarette product at less than the cost of the product to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or tobacco retailer; or~~

~~—— (iii) give, distribute, sell, offer to sale, or furnish an electronic cigarette product for free or at a lower price because the purchaser makes another purchase.~~

~~—— (b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or tobacco retailer may charge under~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

Subsection (1)(a)(ii)} means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

(e) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,

Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include ~~{a discount for:~~

~~—— (i) a manufacturer coupon;~~

~~—— (A) that is surrendered to the tobacco retailer at the time of sale; and~~

~~—— (B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or tobacco retailer for the full amount of the discount described in the manufacturer coupon and provided to the purchaser;~~

~~—— (ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or tobacco retailer for the full amount of the rebate provided to the purchaser; or~~

~~—— (iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or tobacco retailer for the full amount of the promotional fund provided to the purchaser.~~

~~—— (2) } any controlled substances as defined in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.~~

(f) "Mental health facility" is as defined in Section 62A-15-602.

(g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.

(h) "Secure area" is as defined in Section 76-8-311.1.

(i) "Tobacco product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

(2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape, explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any quantity may be:

(a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;

(b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;

(c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or

(d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility.

(3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the act made criminal by this section with respect to:

(a) a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in conformity with departmental rule or policy;

(b) a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

policy of the municipality;

(c) a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the policy of the county; or

(d) a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health facility.

(4) (a) [Any person] An individual who ~~violates this subsection is guilty of:~~ ~~(a)~~ transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second degree felony.

(b) [Any person] An individual who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.

(c) [Any] An offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or [any] a detainee who possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.

(d) [Any person] An individual who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony.

(e) [Any person] An individual violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility.

(5) (a) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:

(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;

(ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or

(iii) poison in any quantity.

(b) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

correctional facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any:

(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;

(ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or

(iii) poison in any quantity.

(c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:

(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;

(ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in compliance with facility policy; or

(iii) poison in any quantity.

(d) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to an offender, directly or indirectly:

(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;

(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another person to transport any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to an offender or on any correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of an offense; or

(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility.

(e) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare or knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:

(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;

(ii) medicine; or

(iii) poison in any quantity.

(f) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

permission of the authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).

(g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to Section 64-13-40.

(6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing any tobacco product or electronic cigarette product to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.

Section 20. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read:

76-10-101. Definitions.

As used in this part:

(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described in Subsection (2).

(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:

(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or

(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).

[(3) "Electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette product, as defined in Section 59-14-802.]

(3) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:

(i) any electronic oral device:

(A) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and

(B) which simulates smoking through the use or inhalation of the device;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and

(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection (3)(a)(i).

(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is:

(i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and

(ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as:

(A) an e-cigarette;

(B) an e-cigar;

(C) an e-pipe; or

(D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the definition of Subsection (3)(a).

(4) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette.

(5) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.

(6) (a) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or during use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product.

(b) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, or spice.

(c) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette product that:

(i) has a taste or smell of only tobacco, mint, or menthol; or

(ii) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i).

[~~(4)~~] (7) "Place of business" includes:

(a) a shop;

(b) a store;

(c) a factory;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(d) a public garage;

(e) an office;

(f) a theater;

(g) a recreation hall;

(h) a dance hall;

(i) a poolroom;

(j) a café;

(k) a cafeteria;

(l) a cabaret;

(m) a restaurant;

(n) a hotel;

(o) a lodging house;

(p) a streetcar;

(q) a bus;

(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;

(s) a waiting room; and

(t) any other place of business.

(8) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled with an electronic cigarette substance.

(9) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-62-102.

[~~(5)~~] (10) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other lighted smoking equipment.

(11) (a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette substance into the human body.

(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:

(i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;

(ii) water pipes;

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(iii) carburetion tubes and devices;

(iv) smoking and carburetion masks;

(v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;

(vi) chamber pipes;

(vii) carburetor pipes;

(viii) electric pipes;

(ix) air-driven pipes;

(x) chillums;

(xi) bongs; and

(xii) ice pipes or chillers.

(c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.

(12) "Tobacco product" means:

(a) a cigar;

(b) a cigarette; and

(c) tobacco in any form, including:

(i) chewing tobacco; and

(ii) any substitute for tobacco, including flavoring or additives to tobacco.

(13) "Tobacco retailer" means:

(a) a general tobacco retailer, as that term is defined in Section 26-62-102; and

(b) a retail tobacco specialty business.

Section 21. Section 76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20). Permitting minors to use a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product in place of business.

It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly permit an individual under [the following ages] 21 years old to frequent a place of business while the individual is using [tobacco:] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.

[(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and]

[(2) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.]

Section 22. Section 76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20). Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette,

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

or tobacco to a minor -- Penalties.

[(1) A person violates this section who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form, to an individual under the following ages, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses:]

[(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]

[(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]

[(2)] (1) As used in this section "provides":

(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and

(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.

(2) An individual who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to an individual who is under 21 years old, is guilty of:

(a) a class C misdemeanor ~~for~~ on the first offense; ~~and~~

(b) a class B misdemeanor ~~for~~ on the second offense; and

(c) a class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.

(3) This section does not apply to conduct of an employee of a tobacco retailer that is a violation of Section 76-10-114.

Section 23. Section 76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20). Providing tobacco paraphernalia to minors --

Penalties.

(1) [For purposes of this section: (a) "Provides"] As used in this section, "provides":

[(2)] (3) [Cigarettes and other] (i) (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and

[(ii)] (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

person without any reason to know of the package's content.

~~[(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia":]~~

~~[(i) means equipment, product, or material of any kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the human body, including:]~~

~~[(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;]~~

~~[(B) water pipes;]~~

~~[(C) carburetion tubes and devices;]~~

~~[(D) smoking and carburetion masks;]~~

~~[(E) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;]~~

~~[(F) chamber pipes;]~~

~~[(G) carburetor pipes;]~~

~~[(H) electric pipes;]~~

~~[(I) air-driven pipes;]~~

~~[(J) chillums;]~~

~~[(K) bongs; and]~~

~~[(L) ice pipes or chillers; and]~~

~~[(ii) does not include matches or lighters.]~~

~~(2) (a) It is unlawful for [a person] an individual to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under[:(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and (ii) beginning July 1, 2021,] 21 years old.~~

~~(b) [A person] An individual who violates this section is guilty of:~~

~~(i) a class C misdemeanor on the first offense; and~~

~~(ii) a class B misdemeanor on any subsequent [offenses] offense.~~

~~Section 24. Section 76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:~~

~~76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20). **Buying or possessing a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product by a minor -- Penalty -- Compliance officer authority -- Juvenile court jurisdiction.**~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(1) ~~[(a)] An individual who is 18 years old or older, but younger than [the age specified in Subsection (1)(b)] 21 years old, and who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's possession [any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product is:~~

(a) guilty of an infraction; and

(b) subject to:

(i) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and

(ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program, which may include a participation fee.

[(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:]

[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]

[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]

(2) (a) An individual who is under [the age of] 18 years old and who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's possession [any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form] a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section 78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property.

(b) If a violation under this section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor may be subject to the following:

[(a)] (i) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and

[(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a participation fee.

(3) (a) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53G-4-402 may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property.

(b) A cited violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance with Section 53G-8-211.

[(4) (a) This section does not apply to the purchase or possession of a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia by an individual who is 18 years or older and is:]

[(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or]

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~[(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States Armed Forces;]~~

~~[(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof of age under Subsection (4)(a).]~~

~~Section 25. Section 76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:~~

~~**76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20). Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of tobacco products~~{An}~~ and electronic cigarette products -- Minors not allowed in retail tobacco specialty business -- Penalties.**~~

~~(1) As used in this section:~~

~~[(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.]~~

~~[(b)] (a) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.~~

~~(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:~~

~~(A) vending machine; or~~

~~(B) self-service display.~~

~~[(c)] (b) "Retailer" means a person who:~~

~~(i) sells a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to an individual for personal consumption; or~~

~~(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.~~

~~[(d)] (c) "Self-service display" means a display of a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's employee.~~

~~[(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.]~~

~~[(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is defined:]~~

~~[(i) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and]~~

~~[(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.]~~

~~(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product only in a face-to-face exchange.~~

~~(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section 59-14-509;

(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a retailer's facility:

(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and

(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be present; or

(c) a sale at a retail tobacco specialty [shop] business.

(4) [(a)] An individual who [is less than the age specified in Subsection (4)(b)] is under 21 years old may not enter or be present at a [tobacco specialty shop] retail tobacco specialty business unless the individual is:

[(i)] (a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;

[(ii)] (b) present at the [tobacco shop] retail tobacco specialty business for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to purchase a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette[; or] product.

[(iii)] 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.]

[(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:]

[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]

[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]

(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)(i), an individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b)[;] or into a [tobacco specialty shop] retail tobacco specialty business, may not allow the individual to purchase a [cigarette, tobacco,] tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.

(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:

(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;

(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and

(c) class A misdemeanor on [the third and all] any subsequent offenses.

(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of [providing tobacco to a minor] an offense under Section 76-10-104.

[(8) (a) An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, minimum age of sale, placement, or display of cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes that is not essentially identical to this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.]

[(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use ordinance by a municipal or county government.]

Section 26. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read:

76-10-111. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarettes products -- Exceptions.

(1) The Legislature finds that:

(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who use [those products] smokeless tobacco because research indicates that [they] smokeless tobacco may cause mouth or oral cancers;

(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;

(c) the use of electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products; and

(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer to:

(i) give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product in this state[-];

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), sell, offer for sale, or furnish an electronic cigarette product at less than the cost of the product to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer;
or

(iii) give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish an electronic cigarette product for free or at a lower price because the purchaser makes another purchase.

(b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may charge under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) does not include a discount for:

(i) a physical manufacturer coupon:

(A) that is surrendered to the retailer at the time of sale; and

(B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or retailer for the full

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

amount of the discount described in the manufacturer coupon and provided to the purchaser;

(ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer for the full amount of the rebate provided to the purchaser; or

(iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer for the full amount of the promotional fund to the purchaser.

(3) [Any person] An individual who violates this section is guilty of:

(a) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense[-]; and [is guilty of]

(b) a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.

[~~(3)~~] (4) (a) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may be distributed to [adults] an adult without charge at a professional [conventions] convention where the general public is excluded.

[~~(3)~~] b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to a person of legal age upon the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette.]

Section 27. Section 76-10-112 is amended to read:

76-10-112. Prohibition of distribution of electronic cigarette product --

Exceptions.

(1) Except as provided in Subsection [~~(2)~~] (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer to give or distribute [cigarettes or other tobacco products] a tobacco product in this state without charge.

(2) [Any person] An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of:

(a) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense; and

(b) a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.

[~~(2)~~] Cigarettes and other tobacco products]

(3) A tobacco product may be distributed to [adults] an adult without charge at a professional [conventions] convention where the general public is excluded.

[~~(3)~~] (4) The prohibition described in Subsection (1) does not apply to [retailers, manufacturers, or distributors who give cigarettes or other tobacco products to persons of legal age upon their purchase of cigarettes or other tobacco products {-}]

— Section 25;} a tobacco retailer, a manufacturer, or a distributor that gives a tobacco product to an individual who is 21 years old or older upon the individual's purchase of a

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

tobacco product.

Section 28. Section 76-10-113 is enacted to read:

76-10-113. Prohibition on distribution of flavored electronic cigarette products.

(1) It is unlawful for a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco specialty business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored electronic cigarette product to any person.

(2) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:

(a) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense; and

(b) a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.

Section 29. Section 76-10-114 is enacted to read:

76-10-114. Unlawful sale of a tobacco product or electronic cigarette product.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Compensatory service" means service or unpaid work performed by an employee, in lieu of the payment of a fine or imprisonment.

(b) "Employee" means an employee or an owner of a tobacco retailer.

(2) It is unlawful for an employee to knowingly or intentionally sell or give a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product in the course of business to an individual who is under 21 years old.

(3) An employee who violates this section is:

(a) on a first violation:

(i) guilty of an infraction; and

(ii) subject to:

(A) a fine not exceeding \$1,000; or

(B) compensatory service;

(b) on any subsequent violation:

(i) guilty of a class C misdemeanor; and

(ii) subject to:

(A) a fine not exceeding \$2,000; or

(B) compensatory service.

Section 30. Section ~~{76-10-113}~~76-10-115 is enacted to read:

~~{76-10-113}~~76-10-115. Unlawful transfer or use of proof of age.

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Proof of age" means:

(i) a valid identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification

Card Act;

(ii) a valid identification that:

(A) is substantially similar to an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3,

Part 8, Identification Card Act;

(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the identification is issued;

(C) includes date of birth; and

(D) has a picture affixed;

(iii) a valid driver license certificate that is issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, or in accordance with the laws of the state in which the valid driver license is issued;

(iv) a valid United States military identification card that:

(A) includes date of birth; and

(B) has a picture affixed; or

(v) a valid passport.

(b) "Proof of age" does not include a driving privilege card issued in accordance with Section 53-3-207.

(2) An individual who knowingly and intentionally transfers that individual's proof of age to another individual to aid that individual in purchasing a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product, or in gaining admittance to any part of the premises of a retail tobacco specialty business, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

(3) An individual who knowingly and intentionally uses proof of age containing false information with the intent to purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product, or to gain admittance to any part of the premises of a retail tobacco specialty business, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

Section ~~{26}~~31. Section ~~{76-10-114}~~76-10-116 is enacted to read:

~~{~~ ~~76-10-114. Unlawful sale of a tobacco product or electronic cigarette product.~~

~~_____~~ (1) As used in this section:

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~(a) "Compensatory service" means service or unpaid work performed by an employee, in lieu of the payment of a fine or imprisonment;~~

~~(b) "Employee" means an employee or an owner of a tobacco retailer.~~

~~(2) It is unlawful for an employee to knowingly or intentionally sell or give a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product in the course of business to an individual who is under 21 years old.~~

~~(3) An employee who violates this section is:~~

~~(a) on a first violation:~~

~~(i) guilty of an infraction; and~~

~~(ii) subject to:~~

~~(A) a fine not exceeding \$1,000; or~~

~~(B) compensatory service;~~

~~(b) on any subsequent violation:~~

~~(i) guilty of a class C misdemeanor; and~~

~~(ii) subject to:~~

~~(A) a fine not exceeding \$2,000; or~~

~~(B) compensatory service.~~

~~Section 27. Section 76-10-115 is enacted to read:~~

‡ ~~76-10-115~~ **76-10-116. Ordinances, rules, and regulations.**

(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), an ordinance, rule, or regulation adopted by a governing body of a political subdivision of the state or a state agency is superseded if:

(a) the ordinance, rule, or regulation affects:

(i) the minimum age of sale for a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or tobacco paraphernalia;

(ii) the provision or sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or tobacco paraphernalia;

(iii) the flavoring of a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product;

(iv) the purchase or possession of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or tobacco paraphernalia; or

(v) the ~~sale,~~ placement~~;~~ or display of a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product; and

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

(b) the ordinance, rule, or regulation is not essentially identical to any state statute relating to the applicable subject described in Subsection (1)(a).

(2) A governing body of a political subdivision of the state or a state agency may adopt an ordinance, rule, or regulation on a subject described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (v) if the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or a state agency is authorized by statute to adopt the ordinance, rule, or regulation.

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use ordinance by a municipal or county government.

Section ~~{28}~~32. Section 77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20). Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to underage individuals.

(1) As used in this section~~["electronic cigarette" is as]~~:

(a) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

(b) "Tobacco product means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:

(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under 21 years old to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or

(ii) Section ~~[76-10-104]~~ 76-10-114 by requesting an individual under ~~[the age specified in Subsection (2)(c)]~~ 21 years old to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:

(A) a ~~[cigar]~~ tobacco product; or

~~[(B) a cigarette;]~~

~~[(C) tobacco in any form; or]~~

~~[(D)]~~ (B) an electronic cigarette product.

(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct, supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.

(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

- (i) alcohol; or
- (ii) (A) a [~~cigar~~] tobacco product; or

~~[(B) a cigarette;]~~

~~[(C) tobacco in any form; or]~~

~~[(D)]~~ (B) an electronic cigarette product.

(d) If a citation or information is issued, [~~it~~] the citation or information shall be issued within seven days of the purchase.

~~[(e) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the individual is younger than:]~~

~~[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]~~

~~[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]~~

(3) (a) If an individual under [~~the age of~~] 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that individual participating in any attempted purchase.

(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:

(i) be a trained volunteer; or

(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases of alcohol, tobacco products, or [~~an~~] electronic cigarette products.

(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in attempting the purchase.

(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a [~~cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form~~] tobacco product, or an electronic cigarette product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.

(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section shall be conducted[?] within a 12-month period:

~~[(i) on a random basis; and]~~

~~[(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often than:]~~

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

~~[(A) two times for the attempted purchase of:]~~

~~[(I) a cigar;]~~

~~[(H) a cigarette;]~~

~~[(HH) tobacco in any form; or]~~

~~[(IV) an electronic cigarette; and]~~

~~[(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol:]~~

(i) on a random basis at any one retail establishment location, not more often than four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol; and

(ii) a minimum of two times at a retail establishment that sells tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for the attempted purchase of a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.

(b) This section does not prohibit an investigation or an attempt to purchase ~~[tobacco]~~ alcohol, a tobacco product, or an electronic cigarette product under this section if:

(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a ~~[cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form]~~ tobacco product, or an electronic cigarette product to an individual under the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or ~~[76-10-104]~~ 76-10-114; and

(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the reasonable suspicion.

(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase was made.

(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:

(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;

(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;

(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;

(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual attempted the purchase;

(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and

(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.

Section ~~{29}~~33. **Effective date.**

HB0023S06 compared with HB0023S05

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.