

HB0184S01 compared with HB0184

~~{deleted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0184 but was deleted in HB0184S01.

Inserted text shows text that was not in HB0184 but was inserted into HB0184S01.

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Representative Marc K. Roberts proposes the following substitute bill:

MUNICIPAL REGULATION OF GOLF CARTS

2020 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Marc K. Roberts

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill authorizes a municipality to allow a golf cart to operate on a highway under certain circumstances.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines “golf cart”;
- ▶ authorizes a municipality to enact an ordinance to allow the operation of a golf cart on a highway in specified circumstances;
- ▶ exempts a golf cart from title, registration, and other requirements applicable to other motor vehicles;
- ▶ prohibits the drinking of alcohol while operating a golf cart on a highway;
- ▶ prohibits the possession of an open container of alcohol while operating a golf cart

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on a highway;

- ▶ requires that a golf cart adhere to traffic laws similar to a bicycle; and
- ▶ makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

41-6a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 49, 391, 428, and 459

41-6a-526, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 428

41-6a-706.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 428 and 461

63I-1-241, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 49, 55, and 246

ENACTS:

41-6a-1510, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **41-6a-102** is amended to read:

41-6a-102. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Alley" means a street or highway intended to provide access to the rear or side of lots or buildings in urban districts and not intended for through vehicular traffic.

(2) "All-terrain type I vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-22-2.

(3) "Authorized emergency vehicle" includes:

- (a) fire department vehicles;
- (b) police vehicles;
- (c) ambulances; and

(d) other publicly or privately owned vehicles as designated by the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.

(4) "Autocycle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-3-102.

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(5) (a) "Bicycle" means a wheeled vehicle:

- (i) propelled by human power by feet or hands acting upon pedals or cranks;
- (ii) with a seat or saddle designed for the use of the operator;
- (iii) designed to be operated on the ground; and
- (iv) whose wheels are not less than 14 inches in diameter.

(b) "Bicycle" includes an electric assisted bicycle.

(c) "Bicycle" does not include scooters and similar devices.

(6) (a) "Bus" means a motor vehicle:

(i) designed for carrying more than 15 passengers and used for the transportation of persons; or

(ii) designed and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.

(b) "Bus" does not include a taxicab.

(7) (a) "Circular intersection" means an intersection that has an island, generally circular in design, located in the center of the intersection where traffic passes to the right of the island.

(b) "Circular intersection" includes:

- (i) roundabouts;
- (ii) rotaries; and
- (iii) traffic circles.

(8) "Class 1 electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle described in Subsection (17)(d)(i).

(9) "Class 2 electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle described in Subsection (17)(d)(ii).

(10) "Class 3 electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle described in Subsection (17)(d)(iii).

(11) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.

(12) "Controlled-access highway" means a highway, street, or roadway:

(a) designed primarily for through traffic; and

(b) to or from which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no legal right of access, except at points as determined by the highway authority having jurisdiction over the highway, street, or roadway.

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(13) "Crosswalk" means:

- (a) that part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from:
 - (i) (A) the curbs; or
 - (B) in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway; and
 - (ii) in the absence of a sidewalk on one side of the roadway, that part of a roadway included within the extension of the lateral lines of the existing sidewalk at right angles to the centerline; or
- (b) any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface.

(14) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety.

(15) "Direct supervision" means oversight at a distance within which:

- (a) visual contact is maintained; and
- (b) advice and assistance can be given and received.

(16) "Divided highway" means a highway divided into two or more roadways by:

- (a) an unpaved intervening space;
- (b) a physical barrier; or
- (c) a clearly indicated dividing section constructed to impede vehicular traffic.

(17) "Electric assisted bicycle" means a bicycle with an electric motor that:

- (a) has a power output of not more than 750 watts;
- (b) has fully operable pedals on permanently affixed cranks;
- (c) is fully operable as a bicycle without the use of the electric motor; and
- (d) is one of the following:
 - (i) an electric assisted bicycle equipped with a motor or electronics that:
 - (A) provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling; and
 - (B) ceases to provide assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles per hour;
 - (ii) an electric assisted bicycle equipped with a motor or electronics that:
 - (A) may be used exclusively to propel the bicycle; and
 - (B) is not capable of providing assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles per hour; or

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- (iii) an electric assisted bicycle equipped with a motor or electronics that:
 - (A) provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling;
 - (B) ceases to provide assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 28 miles per hour; and
 - (C) is equipped with a speedometer.
- (18) (a) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a self-balancing device with:
 - (i) two nontandem wheels in contact with the ground;
 - (ii) a system capable of steering and stopping the unit under typical operating conditions;
 - (iii) an electric propulsion system with average power of one horsepower or 750 watts;
 - (iv) a maximum speed capacity on a paved, level surface of 12.5 miles per hour; and
 - (v) a deck design for a person to stand while operating the device.
- (b) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" does not include a wheelchair.
- (19) "Explosives" means a chemical compound or mechanical mixture commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion and that contains any oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in proportions, quantities, or packing so that an ignition by fire, friction, concussion, percussion, or detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases, and the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or of causing death or serious bodily injury.
- (20) "Farm tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a farm implement, for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.
- (21) "Flammable liquid" means a liquid that has a flashpoint of 100 degrees F. or less, as determined by a tagliabue or equivalent closed-cup test device.
- (22) "Freeway" means a controlled-access highway that is part of the interstate system as defined in Section 72-1-102.
- (23) (a) "Golf cart" means a device that:
 - (i) is designed for transportation by players on a golf course;
 - (ii) has not less than three wheels in contact with the ground;
 - (iii) has an unladen weight of less than 1,800 pounds;

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- (iv) is designed to operate at low speeds; and
- (v) is designed to carry not more than six persons including the driver.

(b) "Golf cart" does not include:

- (i) a low-speed vehicle or an off-highway vehicle;
- (ii) a motorized wheelchair;
- (iii) an electric personal assistive mobility device;
- (iv) an electric assisted bicycle;
- (v) a motor assisted scooter;
- (vi) a personal delivery device, as defined in Section 41-6a-1119; or
- (vii) a mobile carrier, as defined in Section 41-6a-1120.

[~~(23)~~] (~~24~~) "Gore area" means the area delineated by two solid white lines that is between a continuing lane of a through roadway and a lane used to enter or exit the continuing lane including similar areas between merging or splitting highways.

[~~(24)~~] (~~25~~) "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle without a load plus the weight of any load on the vehicle.

[~~(25)~~] (~~26~~) "Highway" means the entire width between property lines of every way or place of any nature when any part of it is open to the use of the public as a matter of right for vehicular travel.

[~~(26)~~] (~~27~~) "Highway authority" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-1-102.

[~~(27)~~] (~~28~~) (a) "Intersection" means the area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curblines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two or more highways that join one another.

(b) Where a highway includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart:

(i) every crossing of each roadway of the divided highway by an intersecting highway is a separate intersection; and

(ii) if the intersecting highway also includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, then every crossing of two roadways of the highways is a separate intersection.

(c) "Intersection" does not include the junction of an alley with a street or highway.

[~~(28)~~] (~~29~~) "Island" means an area between traffic lanes or at an intersection for control of vehicle movements or for pedestrian refuge designated by:

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(a) pavement markings, which may include an area designated by two solid yellow lines surrounding the perimeter of the area;

- (b) channelizing devices;
- (c) curbs;
- (d) pavement edges; or
- (e) other devices.

[~~(29)~~] (30) "Lane filtering" means, when operating a motorcycle other than an autocycle, the act of overtaking and passing another vehicle that is stopped in the same direction of travel in the same lane.

[~~(30)~~] (31) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is as defined in Section 53-1-102.

[~~(31)~~] (32) "Limited access highway" means a highway:

- (a) that is designated specifically for through traffic; and
- (b) over, from, or to which neither owners nor occupants of abutting lands nor other persons have any right or easement, or have only a limited right or easement of access, light, air, or view.

[~~(32)~~] (33) "Local highway authority" means the legislative, executive, or governing body of a county, municipal, or other local board or body having authority to enact laws relating to traffic under the constitution and laws of the state.

[~~(33)~~] (34) (a) "Low-speed vehicle" means a four wheeled electric motor vehicle that:

- (i) is designed to be operated at speeds of not more than 25 miles per hour; and
 - (ii) has a capacity of not more than six passengers, including a conventional driver or fallback-ready user if on board the vehicle, as those terms are defined in Section 41-26-102.1.
- (b) "Low-speed vehicle" does not include a golfcart or an off-highway vehicle.

[~~(34)~~] (35) "Metal tire" means a tire, the surface of which in contact with the highway is wholly or partly of metal or other hard nonresilient material.

[~~(35)~~] (36) (a) "Mini-motorcycle" means a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle that has a seat or saddle that is less than 24 inches from the ground as measured on a level surface with properly inflated tires.

(b) "Mini-motorcycle" does not include a moped or a motor assisted scooter.

(c) "Mini-motorcycle" does not include a motorcycle that is:

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- (i) designed for off-highway use; and
- (ii) registered as an off-highway vehicle under Section 41-22-3.

[~~(36)~~] (37) "Mobile home" means:

- (a) a trailer or semitrailer that is:
 - (i) designed, constructed, and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode, or sleeping place either permanently or temporarily; and
 - (ii) equipped for use as a conveyance on streets and highways; or
- (b) a trailer or a semitrailer whose chassis and exterior shell is designed and constructed for use as a mobile home, as defined in Subsection [~~(36)(a)~~] (37)(a), but that is instead used permanently or temporarily for:
 - (i) the advertising, sale, display, or promotion of merchandise or services; or
 - (ii) any other commercial purpose except the transportation of property for hire or the transportation of property for distribution by a private carrier.

[~~(37)~~] (38) (a) "Moped" means a motor-driven cycle having:

- (i) pedals to permit propulsion by human power; and
- (ii) a motor that:
 - (A) produces not more than two brake horsepower; and
 - (B) is not capable of propelling the cycle at a speed in excess of 30 miles per hour on level ground.
- (b) If an internal combustion engine is used, the displacement may not exceed 50 cubic centimeters and the moped shall have a power drive system that functions directly or automatically without clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged.

(c) "Moped" does not include:

- (i) an electric assisted bicycle; or
- (ii) a motor assisted scooter.

[~~(38)~~] (39) (a) "Motor assisted scooter" means a self-propelled device with:

- (i) at least two wheels in contact with the ground;
- (ii) a braking system capable of stopping the unit under typical operating conditions;
- (iii) an electric motor not exceeding 2,000 watts;
- (iv) either:
 - (A) handlebars and a deck design for a person to stand while operating the device; or

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(B) handlebars and a seat designed for a person to sit, straddle, or stand while operating the device; [and]

- (v) a design for the ability to be propelled by human power alone; and
- (vi) a maximum speed of 20 miles per hour on a paved level surface.
- (b) "Motor assisted scooter" does not include:
 - (i) an electric assisted bicycle; or
 - (ii) a motor-driven cycle.

[~~(39)~~] (40) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is self-propelled and a vehicle that is propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated upon rails.

- (b) "Motor vehicle" does not include:
 - (i) vehicles moved solely by human power;
 - (ii) motorized wheelchairs;
 - (iii) an electric personal assistive mobility device;
 - (iv) an electric assisted bicycle;
 - (v) a motor assisted scooter;
 - (vi) a personal delivery device, as defined in Section 41-6a-1119; or
 - (vii) a mobile carrier, as defined in Section 41-6a-1120.

[~~(40)~~] (41) "Motorcycle" means:

- (a) a motor vehicle, other than a tractor, having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground; or
- (b) an autocycle.

[~~(41)~~] (42) (a) "Motor-driven cycle" means a motorcycle, moped, and a motorized bicycle having:

- (i) an engine with less than 150 cubic centimeters displacement; or
- (ii) a motor that produces not more than five horsepower.
- (b) "Motor-driven cycle" does not include:
 - (i) an electric personal assistive mobility device;
 - (ii) a motor assisted scooter; or
 - (iii) an electric assisted bicycle.

[~~(42)~~] (43) "Off-highway implement of husbandry" means the same as that term is

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defined under Section 41-22-2.

[~~(43)~~] (44) "Off-highway vehicle" means the same as that term is defined under Section 41-22-2.

[~~(44)~~] (45) "Operate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.

[~~(45)~~] (46) "Operator" means:

- (a) a human driver, as defined in Section 41-26-102.1, that operates a vehicle; or
- (b) an automated driving system, as defined in Section 41-26-102.1, that operates a vehicle.

[~~(46)~~] (47) (a) "Park" or "parking" means the standing of a vehicle, whether the vehicle is occupied or not.

(b) "Park" or "parking" does not include:

- (i) the standing of a vehicle temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers; or
- (ii) a motor vehicle with an engaged automated driving system that has achieved a minimal risk condition, as those terms are defined in Section 41-26-102.1.

[~~(47)~~] (48) "Peace officer" means a peace officer authorized under Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications, to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for violations of traffic laws.

[~~(48)~~] (49) "Pedestrian" means a person traveling:

- (a) on foot; or
- (b) in a wheelchair.

[~~(49)~~] (50) "Pedestrian traffic-control signal" means a traffic-control signal used to regulate pedestrians.

[~~(50)~~] (51) "Person" means a natural person, firm, copartnership, association, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, governmental agency, public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.

[~~(51)~~] (52) "Pole trailer" means a vehicle without motive power:

- (a) designed to be drawn by another vehicle and attached to the towing vehicle by means of a reach, or pole, or by being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle; and
- (b) that is ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular shaped loads including poles, pipes, or structural members generally capable of sustaining themselves as beams

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between the supporting connections.

[~~(52)~~] (53) "Private road or driveway" means every way or place in private ownership and used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other persons.

[~~(53)~~] (54) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property upon cars operated on stationary rails.

[~~(54)~~] (55) "Railroad sign or signal" means a sign, signal, or device erected by authority of a public body or official or by a railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of railroad tracks or the approach of a railroad train.

[~~(55)~~] (56) "Railroad train" means a locomotive propelled by any form of energy, coupled with or operated without cars, and operated upon rails.

[~~(56)~~] (57) "Right-of-way" means the right of one vehicle or pedestrian to proceed in a lawful manner in preference to another vehicle or pedestrian approaching under circumstances of direction, speed, and proximity that give rise to danger of collision unless one grants precedence to the other.

[~~(57)~~] (58) (a) "Roadway" means that portion of highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel.

(b) "Roadway" does not include the sidewalk, berm, or shoulder, even though any of them are used by persons riding bicycles or other human-powered vehicles.

(c) "Roadway" refers to any roadway separately but not to all roadways collectively, if a highway includes two or more separate roadways.

[~~(58)~~] (59) "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and that is protected, marked, or indicated by adequate signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone.

[~~(59)~~] (60) (a) "School bus" means a motor vehicle that:

(i) complies with the color and identification requirements of the most recent edition of "Minimum Standards for School Buses"; and

(ii) is used to transport school children to or from school or school activities.

(b) "School bus" does not include a vehicle operated by a common carrier in transportation of school children to or from school or school activities.

[~~(60)~~] (61) (a) "Semitrailer" means a vehicle with or without motive power:

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(i) designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle; and

(ii) constructed so that some part of its weight and that of its load rests on or is carried by another vehicle.

(b) "Semitrailer" does not include a pole trailer.

[~~(61)~~] (62) "Shoulder area" means:

(a) that area of the hard-surfaced highway separated from the roadway by a pavement edge line as established in the current approved "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices"; or

(b) that portion of the road contiguous to the roadway for accommodation of stopped vehicles, for emergency use, and for lateral support.

[~~(62)~~] (63) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent property lines intended for the use of pedestrians.

[~~(63)~~] (64) "Solid rubber tire" means a tire of rubber or other resilient material that does not depend on compressed air for the support of the load.

[~~(64)~~] (65) "Stand" or "standing" means the temporary halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging passengers.

[~~(65)~~] (66) "Stop" when required means complete cessation from movement.

[~~(66)~~] (67) "Stop" or "stopping" when prohibited means any halting even momentarily of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when:

(a) necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic; or

(b) in compliance with the directions of a peace officer or traffic-control device.

[~~(67)~~] (68) "Street-legal all-terrain vehicle" or "street-legal ATV" means an all-terrain type I vehicle, all-terrain type II vehicle, or all-terrain type III vehicle, that is modified to meet the requirements of Section 41-6a-1509 to operate on highways in the state in accordance with Section 41-6a-1509.

[~~(68)~~] (69) "Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, and other conveyances either singly or together while using any highway for the purpose of travel.

[~~(69)~~] (70) "Traffic signal preemption device" means an instrument or mechanism designed, intended, or used to interfere with the operation or cycle of a traffic-control signal.

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[~~(70)~~] (71) "Traffic-control device" means a sign, signal, marking, or device not inconsistent with this chapter placed or erected by a highway authority for the purpose of regulating, warning, or guiding traffic.

[~~(71)~~] (72) "Traffic-control signal" means a device, whether manually, electrically, or mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and permitted to proceed.

[~~(72)~~] (73) (a) "Trailer" means a vehicle with or without motive power designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that no part of its weight rests upon the towing vehicle.

(b) "Trailer" does not include a pole trailer.

[~~(73)~~] (74) "Truck" means a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property.

[~~(74)~~] (75) "Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle:

(a) designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles; and

(b) constructed to carry a part of the weight of the vehicle and load drawn by the truck tractor.

[~~(75)~~] (76) "Two-way left turn lane" means a lane:

(a) provided for vehicle operators making left turns in either direction;

(b) that is not used for passing, overtaking, or through travel; and

(c) that has been indicated by a lane traffic-control device that may include lane markings.

[~~(76)~~] (77) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to and including any street, in which structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses are situated at intervals of less than 100 feet, for a distance of a quarter of a mile or more.

[~~(77)~~] (78) "Vehicle" means a device in, on, or by which a person or property is or may be transported or drawn on a highway, except a mobile carrier, as defined in Section 41-6a-1120, or a device used exclusively on stationary rails or tracks.

Section 2. Section 41-6a-526 is amended to read:

41-6a-526. Drinking alcoholic beverage and open containers in motor vehicle prohibited -- Definitions -- Exceptions.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Alcoholic beverage" has the same meaning as defined in Section 32B-1-102.

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- (b) "Chartered bus" has the same meaning as defined in Section 32B-1-102.
 - (c) "Limousine" has the same meaning as defined in Section 32B-1-102.
 - (d) (i) "Passenger compartment" means the area of the vehicle normally occupied by the operator and passengers.
 - (ii) "Passenger compartment" includes areas accessible to the operator and passengers while traveling, including a utility or glove compartment.
 - (iii) "Passenger compartment" does not include a separate front or rear trunk compartment or other area of the vehicle not accessible to the operator or passengers while inside the vehicle.
 - (e) "Waters of the state" has the same meaning as defined in Section 73-18-2.
- (2) A person may not drink an alcoholic beverage while operating a golf cart, a motor vehicle, a motor assisted scooter, or a class 2 electric assisted bicycle, or while a passenger in a motor vehicle, whether the vehicle is moving, stopped, or parked on any highway or waters of the state.
- (3) A person may not keep, carry, possess, transport, or allow another to keep, carry, possess, or transport in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, on a golf cart, on a motor assisted scooter, or on a class 2 electric assisted bicycle, when the vehicle is on any highway or waters of the state, any container that contains an alcoholic beverage if the container has been opened, its seal broken, or the contents of the container partially consumed.
- (4) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply to a passenger:
- (a) in the living quarters of a motor home or camper;
 - (b) who has carried an alcoholic beverage onto a limousine or chartered bus that is in compliance with Subsections 32B-4-415(4)(b) and (c); or
 - (c) in a motorboat on the waters of the state.
- (5) Subsection (3) does not apply to passengers traveling in any licensed taxicab or bus.
- (6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a class C misdemeanor.

Section 3. Section 41-6a-706.5 is amended to read:

41-6a-706.5. Definitions -- Operation of motor vehicle near a vulnerable user of a highway prohibited -- Endangering a vulnerable user of a highway prohibited.

- (1) As used in this section, "vulnerable user of a highway" means:
 - (a) a pedestrian, including a person engaged in work upon a highway or upon utilities

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facilities along a highway or providing emergency services within the right-of-way of a highway;

- (b) a person riding an animal; or
- (c) a person operating any of the following on a highway:
 - (i) a farm tractor or implement of husbandry, without an enclosed shell;
 - (ii) a skateboard;
 - (iii) roller skates;
 - (iv) in-line skates;
 - (v) a bicycle;
 - (vi) an electric-assisted bicycle;
 - (vii) an electric personal assistive mobility device;
 - (viii) a moped;
 - (ix) a motor assisted scooter;
 - (x) a motor-driven cycle;
 - (xi) a motorcycle; [or]
 - (xii) a manual wheelchair[.]; or
 - (xiii) a golf cart.
- (2) An operator of a motor vehicle may not knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly:
 - (a) operate a motor vehicle within three feet of a vulnerable user of a highway;
 - (b) distract or attempt to distract a vulnerable user of a highway for the purpose of causing violence or injury to the vulnerable user of a highway;
 - (c) force or attempt to force a vulnerable user of a highway off of the roadway for a purpose unrelated to public safety; or
 - (d) cause a motor vehicle to emit an excessive amount of exhaust in a manner that distracts or endangers a vulnerable user of a highway.

- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a violation of Subsection (2) is an infraction.
- (b) A violation of Subsection (2) that results in bodily injury to the vulnerable user of a highway is a class C misdemeanor.

Section 41-6a-1510. Section **41-6a-1510** is enacted to read:

41-6a-1510. Golf carts -- Operation on highways -- Registration, licensing

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requirements, titling, and taxes.

(1) (a) In accordance with this section and Section 10-8-30, a municipality may, by ordinance, allow a person to operate a golf cart on specified highways under the jurisdiction of the municipality.

(b) A person may not operate a golf cart on a highway unless authorized by the municipality in which the highway is located.

(c) If a municipality allows the operation of a golf cart on a highway in the municipality's jurisdiction, the municipality shall provide sufficient parameters regarding the operation of a golf cart on a highway to ensure public safety, including specifying:

(i) on which highways a person may operate a golf cart;

(ii) who may operate a golf cart on a highway; and

(iii) hours during which a golf cart may operate on a highway.

(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (2)(b), and subject to Subsection (4), a person operating a golf cart has all the rights and is subject to the provisions of this chapter applicable to the operator of any other vehicle.

(b) {A} Except as provided in Section 41-6a-526, a person operating a golf cart is not subject to the penalties related to operator licenses under alcohol and drug-related traffic offenses.

(3) A golf cart is exempt from the requirements of:

(a) titling, odometer statement, vehicle identification, license plates, and registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act;

(b) the county motor vehicle emissions inspection and maintenance programs under Section 41-6a-1642;

(c) motor vehicle insurance under Title 41, Chapter 12a, Financial Responsibility of Motor Vehicle Owners and Operators Act;

(d) driver licensing under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act; and

(e) the uniform statewide fee described in Section 59-2-405.2.

(4) {A} Except as described in Subsections 41-6a-526(2) and (3), a golf cart shall comply with the same requirements as a bicycle for traffic rules under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code.

Section 41-6a-525. Section **63I-1-241** is amended to read:

HB0184S01 compared with HB0184

63I-1-241. Repeal dates, Title 41.

- (1) Subsection 41-1a-1201(9), related to the Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund, is repealed January 1, 2023.
- (2) The following subsections addressing lane filtering are repealed on July 1, 2022:
 - (a) Subsection 41-6a-102~~(29)~~(30) that defines "lane filtering";
 - (b) Subsection 41-6a-704(5); and
 - (c) Subsection 41-6a-710(1)(c).
- (3) Subsection 41-6a-1406(6)(b)(iii), related to the Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund, is repealed January 1, 2023.
- (4) Subsection 41-22-8(3), related to the Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund, is repealed January 1, 2023.