

HB0222S01 compared with HB0222

~~{deleted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0222 but was deleted in HB0222S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0222 but was inserted into HB0222S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

~~{SCHOOL BREAKFAST PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS}~~ Representative Dan N. Johnson propose the following substitute bill:

START SMART UTAH BREAKFAST PROGRAM

2020 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Dan N. Johnson

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill ~~{requires a public school that participates in the National School Lunch Program to participate in the School Breakfast Program}~~ creates the Start Smart Utah Program to expand access to school breakfast in public schools.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

▶ defines terms;

▶ creates the Start Smart Utah Program that:

~~{+}~~ • requires a public school that participates in the National School Lunch Program to participate in the School Breakfast Program; and

• requires a public school to use an alternative breakfast service model if a certain percentage of students qualify for free or reduced lunch;

HB0222S01 compared with HB0222

- ▶ permits a public school to apply to the State Board of Education for a waiver of the requirements ~~{in this bill}~~ of the Start Smart Utah Program; and
- ▶ requires the State Board of Education to make rules for a waiver application, submission, review, and approval process.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

~~{AMENDS}~~ ENACTS:

53G-9-205.1, ~~{as last amended by Laws of}~~ Utah ~~{2019, Chapter 293}~~ Code Annotated
1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 53G-9-205.1 is ~~{amended}~~ enacted to read:

53G-9-205.~~{School Breakfast}~~ 1. Start Smart Utah Program~~{-- Review of nonparticipants}~~.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Alternative breakfast service ~~{style}~~ model" means a method of serving breakfast to a student after the instructional day begins.

(b) "National School Lunch Program" means the same as that term is defined in 7

C.F.R. Sec. 210.2.

(c) "Public school" means:

(i) a school under the control of a school district;

(ii) a charter school; or

(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

(d) "School Breakfast Program" means the same as that term is defined in 7 C.F.R.

Sec. ~~{.1}~~ 220.2.

~~{{(1)} (2) (a) Each local school board shall, at least once every three years, review each elementary school in its district that does not participate in the School Breakfast Program as to the school's reasons for nonparticipation.~~

HB0222S01 compared with HB0222

~~_____ (b) (i) If the local school board determines that there are valid reasons for the school's nonparticipation, no further action is needed:~~

~~_____ (ii) Reasons for nonparticipation may include a recommendation from the school community council authorized under Section 53G-7-1202 or a similar group of parents and school employees that the school should not participate in the program:~~

~~_____ [(2)] (3) (a) After two nonparticipation reviews, a local school board may, by majority vote, waive any further reviews of the nonparticipatory school:~~

~~_____ (b) A waiver of the review process under Subsection [(2)] (3)(a) does not prohibit subsequent consideration by the local school board of an individual school's nonparticipation in the School Breakfast Program:~~

~~_____ (4) (a) (e) "Start Smart Utah Program" or "program" means the Start Smart Utah Program created in Subsection (2).~~

~~_____ (f) "Traditional breakfast service model" means a method of serving breakfast to a student before the instructional day begins.~~

~~_____ (2) (a) There is created the Start Smart Utah Program.~~

~~_____ (b) Except as provided in Subsection (~~(5)~~ 3), a public school that ~~{participates}~~ participates in the National School Lunch Program shall participate in the School Breakfast Program.~~

~~_____ (~~(b)~~ c) (i) Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, a public school in which 70% or more of ~~{its}~~ the students qualify for free or reduced lunch shall use an alternative breakfast service ~~{style}~~ model.~~

~~_____ (~~(c)~~ ii) Beginning with the 2021-22 school year, a public school in which 60% or more of ~~{its}~~ the students qualify for free or reduced lunch shall use an alternative breakfast service ~~{style}~~ model.~~

~~_____ (~~(d)~~ iii) Beginning with the 2022-23 school year, a public school in which 50% or more of ~~{its}~~ the students qualify for free or reduced lunch shall use an alternative breakfast service ~~{style}~~.~~

~~_____ (5) model.~~

~~_____ (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c):~~

~~_____ (i) a public school that is subject to the requirements described in Subsection (2)(c) may use a traditional breakfast service model in addition to an alternative breakfast service~~

HB0222S01 compared with HB0222

model; and

(ii) a public school in which 70% or more of the students who qualify for free or reduced lunch participate in the School Breakfast Program is exempt from the requirements described in Subsection (2)(c).

(3) (a) A public school may apply to the state board for a waiver of the requirements described in Subsection (~~(4)2~~), if the requirements cause undue hardship.

(b) To apply for the waiver described in Subsection (~~(5)3~~)(a), a public school shall describe the undue hardship caused by the requirements described in Subsection (~~(4)2~~), and provide supporting documentation to the state board.

(c) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to create a waiver application, submission, review, and approval process.

~~{{(3)}}(4)~~ The state board shall:

(a) administer the program in accordance with this section and in conjunction with the state board's duties as the administering agency of federal child nutrition programs;

(b) track implementation of alternative breakfast service models in public schools; and

(c) provide guidance and technical assistance to public schools related to implementing the Start Smart Utah Program in accordance with the requirements of this section ~~shall be nullified by the termination of the entitlement status of the School Breakfast Program by the federal government.~~

, including soliciting parent feedback on the program.