{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0244 but was deleted in HB0244S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0244 but was inserted into HB0244S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Merrill F. Nelson proposes the following substitute bill:

# FETAL EXPOSURE REPORTING AND TREATMENT AMENDMENTS

2020 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Merrill F. Nelson** 

Senate Sponsor: Allen M. Christensen

#### **LONG TITLE**

#### **General Description:**

This bill addresses fetal exposure to alcohol or drugs.

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- requires certain health care providers to report a newborn child's exposure to alcohol or drugs, or the child's parent or caregiver's substance abuse, to the Division of Child and Family Services;
- clarifies the circumstances under which the Division of Child and Family Services is required to conduct an investigation after receiving a report relating to a newborn

child's exposure to alcohol or drugs;

- allows the Division of Child and Family Services to share a report of a woman's substance abuse during pregnancy with the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, the Department of Health, or a local substance abuse authority for certain purposes;
- directs the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health to coordinate with the Department of Health and other health care providers to develop a program designed to reduce substance abuse during pregnancy; and
- makes technical changes.

#### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

#### **Other Special Clauses:**

None

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

62A-4a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 293

62A-4a-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 91 and 415

62A-4a-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 335

**62A-15-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 110, 440, and 441

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

Section 1. Section **62A-4a-404** is amended to read:

62A-4a-404. Fetal alcohol syndrome or spectrum disorder and drug dependency -- Reporting requirements.

[When an individual, including a licensee under the Medical Practice Act or the Nurse Practice Act,]

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Health care provider" means:
- (i) an individual licensed under:
- ({i}A) Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
- (\fix\)B) Title 58, Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;

- (\fii) C) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
- (\fiv\D) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; \for\
- (\{\forall}\)E) Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act\{\forall}\}; or
- (F) Title 58, Chapter 77, Direct-Entry Midwife Act; or
- (ii) an unlicensed individual who practices midwifery.
- (b) "Newborn child" means a child who is 30 days of age or younger.
- (c) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
- (d) (i) "Substance abuse" means the misuse or excessive use of alcohol or other drugs or substances.
  - (ii) "Substance abuse" does not include use of drugs or other substances that are:
  - (A) obtained by lawful prescription and used as prescribed; or
- (B) obtained in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, and used as recommended by a qualified medical provider.
- (2) A health care provider who attends the birth of a <u>newborn</u> child or cares for a <u>newborn</u> child[;] and determines [that the child, at the time of birth, has fetal alcohol syndrome, fetal alcohol spectrum disorder, or fetal drug dependency, the individual shall report that determination] any of the following, shall report the determination to the division as soon as possible[:]:
  - (a) the newborn child:
  - (i) is adversely affected by the child's mother's substance abuse during pregnancy;
  - (ii) has fetal alcohol syndrome or fetal alcohol spectrum disorder; or
  - (iii) demonstrates drug or alcohol withdrawal symptoms; or
  - (b) the parent of the newborn child or a person responsible for the child's care \{:
- (i) engaged in substance abuse during the 30 days after the day on which the child is born; or
- (ii) demonstrates functional impairment or an inability to care for the child as a result of the parent's or person's substance abuse.
  - Section 2. Section **62A-4a-409** is amended to read:
- 62A-4a-409. Investigation by division -- Temporary protective custody -- Preremoval interviews of children.

- (1) (a) The division shall make a thorough preremoval investigation upon receiving either an oral or written report of alleged abuse[;] or neglect, [fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency] or an oral or written report under Subsection 62A-4a-404(2), when there is reasonable cause to suspect that a situation of abuse, neglect, [fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency exists] or the circumstances described under Subsection 62A-4a-404(2) exist.
- (b) The primary purpose of the investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be protection of the child.
- (2) The preremoval investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include the same investigative requirements described in Section 62A-4a-202.3.
- (3) The division shall make a written report of its investigation that shall include a determination regarding whether the alleged abuse or neglect is supported, unsupported, or without merit.
- (4) (a) The division shall use an interdisciplinary approach when appropriate in dealing with reports made under this part.
- (b) The division shall convene a child protection team to assist the division in the division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services.
- (c) The division may include members of a child protection unit in the division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services.
- (d) A representative of the division shall serve as the team's coordinator and chair. Members of the team shall serve at the coordinator's invitation. Whenever possible, the team shall include representatives of:
  - (i) health, mental health, education, and law enforcement agencies;
  - (ii) the child;
- (iii) parent and family support groups unless the parent is alleged to be the perpetrator; and
  - (iv) other appropriate agencies or individuals.
- (5) If a report of neglect is based upon or includes an allegation of educational neglect, the division shall immediately consult with school authorities to verify the child's status in accordance with Sections 53G-6-201 through 53G-6-206.
- (6) When the division completes [its] the division's initial investigation under this part, [it] the division shall give notice of that completion to the person who made the initial report.

- (7) Division workers or other child protection team members have authority to enter upon public or private premises, using appropriate legal processes, to investigate reports of alleged abuse or neglect, upon notice to parents of their rights under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5106, or any successor thereof.
- (8) With regard to any interview of a child prior to removal of that child from the child's home:
- (a) except as provided in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), the division shall inform a parent of the child prior to the interview of:
  - (i) the specific allegations concerning the child; and
  - (ii) the time and place of the interview;
- (b) if a child's parent or stepparent, or a parent's paramour has been identified as the alleged perpetrator, the division is not required to comply with Subsection (8)(a);
- (c) if the perpetrator is unknown, or if the perpetrator's relationship to the child's family is unknown, the division may conduct a minimal interview or conversation, not to exceed 15 minutes, with the child prior to complying with Subsection (8)(a);
- (d) in all cases described in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), a parent of the child shall be notified as soon as practicable after the child has been interviewed, but in no case later than 24 hours after the interview has taken place;
- (e) a child's parents shall be notified of the time and place of all subsequent interviews with the child; and
- (f) the child shall be allowed to have a support person of the child's choice present, who:
  - (i) may include:
  - (A) a school teacher;
  - (B) an administrator;
  - (C) a guidance counselor;
  - (D) a child care provider;
  - (E) a family member;
  - (F) a family advocate; or
  - (G) a member of the clergy; and
  - (ii) may not be an individual who is alleged to be, or potentially may be, the

perpetrator.

- (9) In accordance with the procedures and requirements of Sections 62A-4a-202.1 through 62A-4a-202.3, a division worker or child protection team member may take a child into protective custody and deliver the child to a law enforcement officer, or place the child in an emergency shelter facility approved by the juvenile court, at the earliest opportunity subsequent to the child's removal from the child's original environment. Control and jurisdiction over the child is determined by the provisions of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act, and as otherwise provided by law.
- (10) With regard to cases in which law enforcement has or is conducting an investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child:
- (a) the division shall coordinate with law enforcement to ensure that there is an adequate safety plan to protect the child from further abuse or neglect; and
- (b) the division is not required to duplicate an aspect of the investigation that, in the division's determination, has been satisfactorily completed by law enforcement.
- (11) With regard to a mutual case in which a child protection unit was involved in the investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child, the division shall consult with the child protection unit before closing the case.

#### Section 3. Section **62A-4a-412** is amended to read:

#### 62A-4a-412. Reports, information, and referrals confidential.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, reports made under this part, as well as any other information in the possession of the division obtained as the result of a report are private, protected, or controlled records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, and may only be made available to:
- (a) a police or law enforcement agency investigating a report of known or suspected abuse or neglect, including members of a child protection unit;
- (b) a physician who reasonably believes that a child may be the subject of abuse or neglect;
- (c) an agency that has responsibility or authority to care for, treat, or supervise a minor who is the subject of a report;
- (d) a contract provider that has a written contract with the division to render services to a minor who is the subject of a report;

- (e) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-202(10), a subject of the report, the natural parents of the child, and the guardian ad litem;
- (f) a court, upon a finding that access to the records may be necessary for the determination of an issue before the court, provided that in a divorce, custody, or related proceeding between private parties, the record alone is:
- (i) limited to objective or undisputed facts that were verified at the time of the investigation; and
- (ii) devoid of conclusions drawn by the division or any of the division's workers on the ultimate issue of whether or not a person's acts or omissions constituted any level of abuse or neglect of another person;
  - (g) an office of the public prosecutor or its deputies in performing an official duty;
- (h) a person authorized by a Children's Justice Center, for the purposes described in Section 67-5b-102;
- (i) a person engaged in bona fide research, when approved by the director of the division, if the information does not include names and addresses;
- (j) the State Board of Education, acting on behalf of itself or on behalf of a school district, for the purpose of evaluating whether an individual should be permitted to obtain or retain a license as an educator or serve as an employee or volunteer in a school, limited to information with substantiated or supported findings involving an alleged sexual offense, an alleged felony or class A misdemeanor drug offense, or any alleged offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person, and with the understanding that the office must provide the subject of a report received under Subsection (1)(k) with an opportunity to respond to the report before making a decision concerning licensure or employment;
- (k) any person identified in the report as a perpetrator or possible perpetrator of abuse or neglect, after being advised of the screening prohibition in Subsection (2);
- (l) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-202(10), a person filing a petition for a child protective order on behalf of a child who is the subject of the report;
- (m) a licensed child-placing agency or person who is performing a preplacement adoptive evaluation in accordance with the requirements of Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130; [or]

- (n) an Indian tribe to:
- (i) certify or license a foster home;
- (ii) render services to a subject of a report; or
- (iii) investigate an allegation of abuse, neglect, or dependency[-]; or
- (o) the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, the Department of Health, or a local substance abuse authority, described in Section 17-43-201, for the purpose of providing substance abuse treatment to a pregnant woman, or the services described in Subsection 62A-15-103(2)(o) {(v)}.
- (2) (a) A person, unless listed in Subsection (1), may not request another person to obtain or release a report or any other information in the possession of the division obtained as a result of the report that is available under Subsection (1)(k) to screen for potential perpetrators of abuse or neglect.
- (b) A person who requests information knowing that [it] the request is a violation of Subsection (2)(a) [to do so] is subject to the criminal penalty in Subsection (4).
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Section 62A-4a-1007 and Subsection (3)(b), the division and law enforcement officials shall ensure the anonymity of the person or persons making the initial report and any others involved in its subsequent investigation.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, excluding Section 78A-6-317, but including this chapter and Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, when the division makes a report or other information in [its] the division's possession available under Subsection (1)(e) to a subject of the report or a parent of a child, the division shall remove from the report or other information only the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals or specific information that could:
  - (i) identify the referent;
  - (ii) impede a criminal investigation; or
  - (iii) endanger a person's safety.
- (4) Any person who wilfully permits, or aides and abets the release of data or information obtained as a result of this part, in the possession of the division or contained on any part of the Management Information System, in violation of this part or Sections 62A-4a-1003 through 62A-4a-1007, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
  - (5) The physician-patient privilege is not a ground for excluding evidence regarding a

child's injuries or the cause of those injuries, in any proceeding resulting from a report made in good faith pursuant to this part.

- (6) A child-placing agency or person who receives a report in connection with a preplacement adoptive evaluation pursuant to Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130:
  - (a) may provide this report to the person who is the subject of the report; and
- (b) may provide this report to a person who is performing a preplacement adoptive evaluation in accordance with the requirement of Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130, or to a licensed child-placing agency or to an attorney seeking to facilitate an adoption.

Section 4. Section **62A-15-103** is amended to read:

#### 62A-15-103. Division -- Creation -- Responsibilities.

- (1) (a) There is created the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health within the department, under the administration and general supervision of the executive director.
- (b) The division is the substance abuse authority and the mental health authority for this state.
  - (2) The division shall:
- (a) (i) educate the general public regarding the nature and consequences of substance abuse by promoting school and community-based prevention programs;
- (ii) render support and assistance to public schools through approved school-based substance abuse education programs aimed at prevention of substance abuse;
- (iii) promote or establish programs for the prevention of substance abuse within the community setting through community-based prevention programs;
- (iv) cooperate with and assist treatment centers, recovery residences, and other organizations that provide services to individuals recovering from a substance abuse disorder, by identifying and disseminating information about effective practices and programs;
- (v) except as provided in Section 62A-15-103.5, make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to develop, in collaboration with public and private programs, minimum standards for public and private providers of substance abuse and mental health programs licensed by the department under Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities;
- (vi) promote integrated programs that address an individual's substance abuse, mental health, physical health, and criminal risk factors;

- (vii) establish and promote an evidence-based continuum of screening, assessment, prevention, treatment, and recovery support services in the community for individuals with substance use disorder and mental illness that addresses criminal risk factors;
  - (viii) evaluate the effectiveness of programs described in this Subsection (2);
  - (ix) consider the impact of the programs described in this Subsection (2) on:
  - (A) emergency department utilization;
  - (B) jail and prison populations;
  - (C) the homeless population; and
  - (D) the child welfare system; and
- (x) promote or establish programs for education and certification of instructors to educate persons convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or driving with any measurable controlled substance in the body;
  - (b) (i) collect and disseminate information pertaining to mental health;
- (ii) provide direction over the state hospital including approval of [its] the state hospital's budget, administrative policy, and coordination of services with local service plans;
- (iii) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to educate families concerning mental illness and promote family involvement, when appropriate, and with patient consent, in the treatment program of a family member; and
- (iv) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to direct that an individual receiving services through a local mental health authority or the Utah State Hospital be informed about and, if desired by the individual, provided assistance in the completion of a declaration for mental health treatment in accordance with Section 62A-15-1002;
- (c) (i) consult and coordinate with local substance abuse authorities and local mental health authorities regarding programs and services;
- (ii) provide consultation and other assistance to public and private agencies and groups working on substance abuse and mental health issues;
- (iii) promote and establish cooperative relationships with courts, hospitals, clinics, medical and social agencies, public health authorities, law enforcement agencies, education and research organizations, and other related groups;

- (iv) promote or conduct research on substance abuse and mental health issues, and submit to the governor and the Legislature recommendations for changes in policy and legislation;
- (v) receive, distribute, and provide direction over public funds for substance abuse and mental health services;
- (vi) monitor and evaluate programs provided by local substance abuse authorities and local mental health authorities;
  - (vii) examine expenditures of local, state, and federal funds;
  - (viii) monitor the expenditure of public funds by:
  - (A) local substance abuse authorities;
  - (B) local mental health authorities; and
- (C) in counties where they exist, a private contract provider that has an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide comprehensive substance abuse or mental health programs or services for the local substance abuse authority or local mental health authority;
- (ix) contract with local substance abuse authorities and local mental health authorities to provide a comprehensive continuum of services that include community-based services for individuals involved in the criminal justice system, in accordance with division policy, contract provisions, and the local plan;
- (x) contract with private and public entities for special statewide or nonclinical services, or services for individuals involved in the criminal justice system, according to division rules;
- (xi) review and approve each local substance abuse authority's plan and each local mental health authority's plan in order to ensure:
  - (A) a statewide comprehensive continuum of substance abuse services;
  - (B) a statewide comprehensive continuum of mental health services;
  - (C) services result in improved overall health and functioning;
- (D) a statewide comprehensive continuum of community-based services designed to reduce criminal risk factors for individuals who are determined to have substance abuse or mental illness conditions or both, and who are involved in the criminal justice system;
- (E) compliance, where appropriate, with the certification requirements in Subsection (2)(j); and

- (F) appropriate expenditure of public funds;
- (xii) review and make recommendations regarding each local substance abuse authority's contract with the local substance abuse authority's provider of substance abuse programs and services and each local mental health authority's contract with the local mental health authority's provider of mental health programs and services to ensure compliance with state and federal law and policy;
- (xiii) monitor and ensure compliance with division rules and contract requirements; and
- (xiv) withhold funds from local substance abuse authorities, local mental health authorities, and public and private providers for contract noncompliance, failure to comply with division directives regarding the use of public funds, or for misuse of public funds or money;
- (d) ensure that the requirements of this part are met and applied uniformly by local substance abuse authorities and local mental health authorities across the state;
- (e) require each local substance abuse authority and each local mental health authority, in accordance with Subsections 17-43-201(5)(b) and 17-43-301(6)(a)(ii), to submit a plan to the division on or before May 15 of each year;
- (f) conduct an annual program audit and review of each local substance abuse authority and each local substance abuse authority's contract provider, and each local mental health authority and each local mental health authority's contract provider, including:
  - (i) a review and determination regarding whether:
- (A) public funds allocated to the local substance abuse authority or the local mental health authorities are consistent with services rendered by the authority or the authority's contract provider, and with outcomes reported by the authority's contract provider; and
- (B) each local substance abuse authority and each local mental health authority is exercising sufficient oversight and control over public funds allocated for substance use disorder and mental health programs and services; and
  - (ii) items determined by the division to be necessary and appropriate; and
- (g) define "prevention" by rule as required under Title 32B, Chapter 2, Part 4, Alcoholic Beverage and Substance Abuse Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account Act;
  - (h) (i) train and certify an adult as a peer support specialist, qualified to provide peer

supports services to an individual with:

- (A) a substance use disorder;
- (B) a mental health disorder; or
- (C) a substance use disorder and a mental health disorder;
- (ii) certify a person to carry out, as needed, the division's duty to train and certify an adult as a peer support specialist;
- (iii) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
  - (A) establish training and certification requirements for a peer support specialist;
  - (B) specify the types of services a peer support specialist is qualified to provide;
- (C) specify the type of supervision under which a peer support specialist is required to operate; and
- (D) specify continuing education and other requirements for maintaining or renewing certification as a peer support specialist; and
- (iv) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
- (A) establish the requirements for a person to be certified to carry out, as needed, the division's duty to train and certify an adult as a peer support specialist; and
- (B) specify how the division shall provide oversight of a person certified to train and certify a peer support specialist;
- (i) except as provided in Section 62A-15-103.5, establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, minimum standards and requirements for the provision of substance use disorder and mental health treatment to an individual who is incarcerated or who is required to participate in treatment by a court or by the Board of Pardons and Parole, including:
- (i) collaboration with the Department of Corrections and the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council to develop and coordinate the standards, including standards for county and state programs serving individuals convicted of class A and class B misdemeanors;
- (ii) determining that the standards ensure available treatment, including the most current practices and procedures demonstrated by recognized scientific research to reduce

recidivism, including focus on the individual's criminal risk factors; and

- (iii) requiring that all public and private treatment programs meet the standards established under this Subsection (2)(i) in order to receive public funds allocated to the division, the Department of Corrections, or the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice for the costs of providing screening, assessment, prevention, treatment, and recovery support;
- (j) except as provided in Section 62A-15-103.5, establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements and procedures for the certification of licensed public and private providers, including individuals licensed by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing, programs licensed by the department, and health care facilities licensed by the Department of Health, who provide, as part of their practice, substance use disorder and mental health treatment to an individual involved in the criminal justice system, including:
- (i) collaboration with the Department of Corrections, the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council, and the Utah Association of Counties to develop, coordinate, and implement the certification process;
- (ii) basing the certification process on the standards developed under Subsection (2)(i) for the treatment of an individual involved in the criminal justice system; and
- (iii) the requirement that a public or private provider of treatment to an individual involved in the criminal justice system shall obtain certification on or before July 1, 2016, and shall renew the certification every two years, in order to qualify for funds allocated to the division, the Department of Corrections, or the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice on or after July 1, 2016;
- (k) collaborate with the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice to analyze and provide recommendations to the Legislature regarding:
  - (i) pretrial services and the resources needed to reduce recidivism;
- (ii) county jail and county behavioral health early-assessment resources needed for an offender convicted of a class A or class B misdemeanor; and
- (iii) the replacement of federal dollars associated with drug interdiction law enforcement task forces that are reduced;
- (l) (i) establish performance goals and outcome measurements for all treatment programs for which minimum standards are established under Subsection (2)(i), including

recidivism data and data regarding cost savings associated with recidivism reduction and the reduction in the number of inmates, that are obtained in collaboration with the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of Corrections; and

- (ii) collect data to track and determine whether the goals and measurements are being attained and make this information available to the public;
- (m) in the division's discretion, use the data to make decisions regarding the use of funds allocated to the division, the Administrative Office of the Courts, and the Department of Corrections to provide treatment for which standards are established under Subsection (2)(i); [and]
- (n) annually, on or before August 31, submit the data collected under Subsection (2)(k) to the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, which shall compile a report of findings based on the data and provide the report to the Judiciary Interim Committee, the Health and Human Services Interim Committee, the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee, and the related appropriations subcommittees[-]; and
- (o) consult and coordinate with the Department of Health and the Division of Child and Family Services to develop and manage the operation of a program designed to reduce substance abuse during pregnancy that includes:
- (i) providing education and resources to health care providers and individuals in the state regarding prevention of substance abuse during pregnancy;
- (ii) providing training to health care providers in the state regarding screening of a pregnant woman or pregnant minor to identify a substance abuse disorder; and
- (iii) providing referrals to pregnant women or pregnant minors in need of substance use treatment services to a facility that has the capacity to provide the treatment services.
- (3) In addition to the responsibilities described in Subsection (2), the division shall, within funds appropriated by the Legislature for this purpose, implement and manage the operation of a firearm safety and suicide prevention program, in consultation with the Bureau of Criminal Identification created in Section 53-10-201, including:
- (a) coordinating with the Department of Health, local mental health and substance abuse authorities, a nonprofit behavioral health advocacy group, and a representative from a Utah-based nonprofit organization with expertise in the field of firearm use and safety that represents firearm owners, to:

- (i) produce and periodically review and update a firearm safety brochure and other educational materials with information about the safe handling and use of firearms that includes:
  - (A) information on safe handling, storage, and use of firearms in a home environment;
- (B) information about at-risk individuals and individuals who are legally prohibited from possessing firearms;
  - (C) information about suicide prevention awareness; and
  - (D) information about the availability of firearm safety packets;
  - (ii) procure cable-style gun locks for distribution pursuant to this section;
- (iii) produce a firearm safety packet that includes the firearm safety brochure and the cable-style gun lock described in this Subsection (3); and
  - (iv) create a suicide prevention education course that:
  - (A) provides information for distribution regarding firearm safety education;
- (B) incorporates current information on how to recognize suicidal behaviors and identify individuals who may be suicidal; and
  - (C) provides information regarding crisis intervention resources;
- (b) distributing, free of charge, the firearm safety packet to the following persons, who shall make the firearm safety packet available free of charge:
  - (i) health care providers, including emergency rooms;
  - (ii) mobile crisis outreach teams;
  - (iii) mental health practitioners;
  - (iv) other public health suicide prevention organizations;
  - (v) entities that teach firearm safety courses;
- (vi) school districts for use in the seminar, described in Section 53G-9-702, for parents of students in the school district; and
  - (vii) firearm dealers to be distributed in accordance with Section 76-10-526;
- (c) creating and administering a redeemable coupon program described in this Subsection (3) and Section 76-10-526 that includes:
- (i) producing a redeemable coupon that offers between \$10 and \$200 off the purchase price of a firearm safe from a participating firearms dealer or a person engaged in the business of selling firearm safes in Utah, by a Utah resident who has filed an application for a concealed

firearm permit; and

- (ii) collecting the receipts described in Section 76-10-526 from the participating dealers and persons and reimbursing the dealers and persons;
- (d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, making rules that establish procedures for:
- (i) producing and distributing the suicide prevention education course and the firearm safety brochures and packets;
  - (ii) procuring the cable-style gun locks for distribution; and
  - (iii) administering the redeemable coupon program; and
- (e) reporting to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee regarding implementation and success of the firearm safety program and suicide prevention education course at or before the November meeting each year.
- (4) (a) The division may refuse to contract with and may pursue legal remedies against any local substance abuse authority or local mental health authority that fails, or has failed, to expend public funds in accordance with state law, division policy, contract provisions, or directives issued in accordance with state law.
- (b) The division may withhold funds from a local substance abuse authority or local mental health authority if the authority's contract provider of substance abuse or mental health programs or services fails to comply with state and federal law or policy.
- (5) (a) Before reissuing or renewing a contract with any local substance abuse authority or local mental health authority, the division shall review and determine whether the local substance abuse authority or local mental health authority is complying with the oversight and management responsibilities described in Sections 17-43-201, 17-43-203, 17-43-303, and 17-43-309.
- (b) Nothing in this Subsection (5) may be used as a defense to the responsibility and liability described in Section 17-43-303 and to the responsibility and liability described in Section 17-43-203.
- (6) In carrying out the division's duties and responsibilities, the division may not duplicate treatment or educational facilities that exist in other divisions or departments of the state, but shall work in conjunction with those divisions and departments in rendering the treatment or educational services that those divisions and departments are competent and able

to provide.

- (7) The division may accept in the name of and on behalf of the state donations, gifts, devises, or bequests of real or personal property or services to be used as specified by the donor.
- (8) The division shall annually review with each local substance abuse authority and each local mental health authority the authority's statutory and contract responsibilities regarding:
  - (a) use of public funds;
  - (b) oversight of public funds; and
  - (c) governance of substance use disorder and mental health programs and services.
- (9) The Legislature may refuse to appropriate funds to the division upon the division's failure to comply with the provisions of this part.
- (10) If a local substance abuse authority contacts the division under Subsection 17-43-201(10) for assistance in providing treatment services to a pregnant woman or pregnant minor, the division shall:
- (a) refer the pregnant woman or pregnant minor to a treatment facility that has the capacity to provide the treatment services; or
- (b) otherwise ensure that treatment services are made available to the pregnant woman or pregnant minor.
- (11) The division shall employ a school-based mental health specialist to be housed at the State Board of Education who shall work with the State Board of Education to:
- (a) provide coordination between a local education agency and local mental health authority;
- (b) recommend evidence-based and evidence informed mental health screenings and intervention assessments for a local education agency; and
- (c) coordinate with the local community, including local departments of health, to enhance and expand mental health related resources for a local education agency.