Representative Raymond P. Ward proposes the following substitute bill:

1	DELEGATION OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES AMENDMENTS
2	2020 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Raymond P. Ward
5	Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses delegation of the performance of health care services.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 defines terms and modifies definitions;
13	 requires the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing, in consultation
14	with the Department of Health, to identify by administrative rule health care
15	services that a health care provider is not required to delegate before an unlicensed
16	individual may perform the services;
17	 subject to certain requirements, allows an individual's caregiver to delegate the
18	performance of routine nursing care for the individual to an unlicensed individual;
19	and
20	 makes technical changes.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:

26	AMENDS:
27	58-31b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 233
28	ENACTS:
29	58-1-307.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	58-31b-308.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	
32	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
33	Section 1. Section 58-1-307.1 is enacted to read:
34	58-1-307.1. Delegation of health care services Division duties.
35	The division, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall identify by rule made
36	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a list of health
37	care services that an unlicensed individual may perform without delegation by a health care
38	provider, as defined in Section 78B-3-403, regardless of the setting or licensing of the facility
39	in which the health care services are performed.
40	Section 2. Section 58-31b-102 is amended to read:
41	58-31b-102. Definitions.
42	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
43	(1) "Administrative penalty" means a monetary fine or citation imposed by the division
44	for acts or omissions determined to [constitute] be unprofessional or unlawful conduct in
45	accordance with a fine schedule established by division rule made in accordance with Title
46	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act and as a result of an adjudicative
47	proceeding conducted in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
48	(2) "Applicant" means [a person] an individual who applies for licensure or
49	certification under this chapter by submitting a completed application for licensure or
50	certification and the required fees to the department.
51	(3) "Approved education program" means a nursing education program that is
52	accredited by an accrediting body for nursing education that is approved by the United States
53	Department of Education.
54	(4) "Board" means the Board of Nursing created in Section 58-31b-201.
55	(5) "Consultation and referral plan" means a written plan jointly developed by an
56	advanced practice registered nurse and, except as provided in Subsection 58-31b-803(4), a

57	consulting physician that permits the advanced practice registered nurse to prescribe Schedule
58	II controlled substances in consultation with the consulting physician.
59	(6) "Consulting physician" means a physician and surgeon or osteopathic physician and
60	surgeon licensed in accordance with this title who has agreed to consult with an advanced
61	practice registered nurse with a controlled substance license, a DEA registration number, and
62	who will be prescribing Schedule II controlled substances.
63	(7) "Diagnosis" means the identification of and discrimination between physical and
64	psychosocial signs and symptoms essential to the effective execution and management of
65	health care.
66	(8) "Examinee" means [a person] an individual who applies to take or does take any
67	examination required under this chapter for licensure.
68	(9) "Licensee" means [a person] an individual who is licensed or certified under this
69	chapter.
70	(10) "Long-term care facility" means any of the following facilities licensed by the
71	Department of Health pursuant to Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and
72	Inspection Act:
73	(a) a nursing care facility;
74	(b) a small health care facility;
75	(c) an intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability;
76	(d) an assisted living facility Type I or II; or
77	(e) a designated swing bed unit in a general hospital.
78	(11) "Medication aide certified" means a certified nurse aide who:
79	(a) has a minimum of 2,000 hours experience working as a certified nurse aide;
80	(b) has received a minimum of 60 hours of classroom and 40 hours of practical training
81	that is approved by the division in collaboration with the board, in administering routine
82	medications to patients or residents of long-term care facilities; and
83	(c) is certified by the division as a medication aide certified.
84	(12) "Pain clinic" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-1-102.
85	(13) (a) "Practice as a medication aide certified" means the limited practice of nursing
86	under the supervision, as defined by the division by [administrative] rule made in accordance
87	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, of a licensed nurse, involving

88	routine patient care that requires minimal or limited specialized or general knowledge,
89	judgment, and skill, to an individual who:
90	(i) is ill, injured, infirm, has a physical, mental, developmental, or intellectual
91	disability; and
92	(ii) is in a regulated long-term care facility.
93	(b) "Practice as a medication aide certified":
94	(i) includes:
95	(A) providing direct personal assistance or care; and
96	(B) administering routine medications to patients in accordance with a formulary and
97	protocols to be defined by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
98	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
99	(ii) does not include assisting a resident of an assisted living facility, a long term care
100	facility, or an intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability to self
101	administer a medication, as regulated by the Department of Health by [administrative] rule
102	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
103	(14) "Practice of advanced practice registered nursing" means the practice of nursing
104	within the generally recognized scope and standards of advanced practice registered nursing as
105	defined by rule and consistent with professionally recognized preparation and education
106	standards of an advanced practice registered nurse by a person licensed under this chapter as an
107	advanced practice registered nurse. [Advanced practice registered nursing] "Practice of
108	advanced practice registered nursing" includes:
109	(a) maintenance and promotion of health and prevention of disease;
110	(b) diagnosis, treatment, correction, consultation, and referral for common health
111	problems;
112	(c) prescription or administration of prescription drugs or devices including:
113	(i) local anesthesia;
114	(ii) Schedule III-V controlled substances; and
115	(iii) Subject to Section 58-31b-803, Schedule II controlled substances; or
116	(d) the provision of preoperative, intraoperative, and postoperative anesthesia care and
117	related services upon the request of a licensed health care professional by an advanced practice
118	registered nurse specializing as a certified registered nurse anesthetist, including:

119	(i) preanesthesia preparation and evaluation including:
120	(A) performing a preanesthetic assessment of the patient;
121	(B) ordering and evaluating appropriate lab and other studies to determine the health of
122	the patient; and
123	(C) selecting, ordering, or administering appropriate medications;
124	(ii) anesthesia induction, maintenance, and emergence, including:
125	(A) selecting and initiating the planned anesthetic technique;
126	(B) selecting and administering anesthetics and adjunct drugs and fluids; and
127	(C) administering general, regional, and local anesthesia;
128	(iii) postanesthesia follow-up care, including:
129	(A) evaluating the patient's response to anesthesia and implementing corrective
130	actions; and
131	(B) selecting, ordering, or administering the medications and studies listed in
132	Subsection (14)(d); and
133	(iv) other related services within the scope of practice of a certified registered nurse
134	anesthetist, including:
135	(A) emergency airway management;
136	(B) advanced cardiac life support; and
137	(C) the establishment of peripheral, central, and arterial invasive lines; and
138	(v) for purposes of Subsection (14)(d), "upon the request of a licensed health care
139	professional":
140	(A) means a health care professional practicing within the scope of the health care
141	professional's license, requests anesthesia services for a specific patient; and
142	(B) does not require an advanced practice registered nurse specializing as a certified
143	registered nurse anesthetist to enter into a consultation and referral plan or obtain additional
144	authority to select, administer, or provide preoperative, intraoperative, or postoperative
145	anesthesia care and services.
146	(15) "Practice of nursing" means assisting individuals or groups to maintain or attain
147	optimal health, implementing a strategy of care to accomplish defined goals and evaluating
148	responses to care and treatment[. The practice of nursing] and requires substantial specialized
149	or general knowledge, judgment, and skill based upon principles of the biological, physical,

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150	behavioral, and social sciences[, and]. "Practice of nursing" includes:
151	(a) initiating and maintaining comfort measures;
152	(b) promoting and supporting human functions and responses;
153	(c) establishing an environment conducive to well-being;
154	(d) providing health counseling and teaching;
155	(e) collaborating with health care professionals on aspects of the health care regimen;
156	(f) performing delegated procedures only within the education, knowledge, judgment,
157	and skill of the licensee;[-and]
158	(g) delegating [nurse interventions] nursing tasks that may be performed by others [and
159	are not in conflict with this chapter.], including an unlicensed assistive personnel; and
160	(h) supervising an individual to whom a task is delegated under Subsection (15)(g) as
161	the individual performs the task.
162	(16) "Practice of practical nursing" means the performance of nursing acts in the
163	generally recognized scope of practice of licensed practical nurses as defined by division rule
164	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and as
165	provided in this Subsection (16) by [a person] an individual licensed under this chapter as a
166	licensed practical nurse and under the direction of a registered nurse, licensed physician, or
167	other specified health care professional as defined by division rule made in accordance with
168	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. Practical nursing acts include:
169	(a) contributing to the assessment of the health status of individuals and groups;
170	(b) participating in the development and modification of the strategy of care;
171	(c) implementing appropriate aspects of the strategy of care;
172	(d) maintaining safe and effective nursing care rendered to a patient directly or
173	indirectly; and
174	(e) participating in the evaluation of responses to interventions.
175	(17) "Practice of registered nursing" means performing acts of nursing as provided in
176	this Subsection (17) by [a person] an individual licensed under this chapter as a registered
177	nurse within the generally recognized scope of practice of registered nurses as defined by
178	division rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
179	Act. Registered nursing acts include:
180	(a) assessing the health status of individuals and groups;

181	(b) identifying health care needs;
182	(c) establishing goals to meet identified health care needs;
183	(d) planning a strategy of care;
184	(e) prescribing nursing interventions to implement the strategy of care;
185	(f) implementing the strategy of care;
186	(g) maintaining safe and effective nursing care that is rendered to a patient directly or
187	indirectly;
188	(h) evaluating responses to interventions;
189	(i) teaching the theory and practice of nursing; and
190	(j) managing and supervising the practice of nursing.
191	(18) "Routine medications":
192	(a) means established medications administered to a medically stable individual as
193	determined by a licensed health care practitioner or in consultation with a licensed medical
194	practitioner; and
195	(b) is limited to medications that are administered by the following routes:
196	(i) oral;
197	(ii) sublingual;
198	(iii) buccal;
199	(iv) eye;
200	(v) ear;
201	(vi) nasal;
202	(vii) rectal;
203	(viii) vaginal;
204	(ix) skin ointments, topical including patches and transdermal;
205	(x) premeasured medication delivered by aerosol/nebulizer; and
206	(xi) medications delivered by metered hand-held inhalers.
207	(19) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501
208	and 58-31b-501.
209	(20) "Unlicensed assistive personnel" means any unlicensed [person] individual,
210	regardless of title, [to whom tasks are] who is delegated a task by a licensed nurse as permitted
211	by division rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

212	<u>Rulemaking Act</u> , and [in accordance with] the standards of the profession.
213	(21) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections
214	58-1-501 and 58-31b-502 and as may be further defined by division rule made in accordance
215	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
216	Section 3. Section 58-31b-308.1 is enacted to read:
217	58-31b-308.1. Delegation of nursing care by a responsible caregiver.
218	(1) As used in this section:
219	(a) "Patient" means an individual who is receiving nursing care from a responsible
220	caregiver.
221	(b) "Responsible caregiver" means a patient's spouse, adult child, parent, foster parent,
222	or legal guardian who is primarily responsible for providing nursing care to the patient.
223	(c) "Unlicensed direct care worker" means any unlicensed individual, regardless of
224	title, who is 18 years of age or older and to whom a responsible caregiver delegates under this
225	section.
226	(2) A responsible caregiver may delegate to an unlicensed direct care worker the
227	performance of nursing care for a patient if:
228	(a) the nursing care is provided to the patient at the residence in which the patient and
229	responsible caregiver regularly reside;
230	(b) the patient's condition is stable;
231	(c) the responsible caregiver routinely provides the nursing care for the patient;
232	(d) the nursing care is considered routine care for the patient; and
233	(e) performance of the nursing care:
234	(i) poses little potential hazard for the patient; and
235	(ii) is generally expected to produce a predictable outcome for the patient.
236	(3) Before an unlicensed direct care worker may perform nursing care delegated under
237	Subsection (2), the responsible caregiver shall train the unlicensed direct care worker to
238	perform the nursing care and verify the unlicensed direct care worker is able to competently
239	perform the nursing care for the patient after training is complete.