

20	municipal services,
27	 modifies language relating to the responsibilities of the executive director;
28	 modifies the membership of the inland port authority board;
29	 modifies provisions relating to the inland port authority's receipt and use of property
30	tax differential;
31	 modifies a provision relating to a renewable energy tariff; and
32	 makes technical changes.
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	None
37	Utah Code Sections Affected:
38	AMENDS:
39	10-9a-509.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 384
40	10-9a-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 384
41	10-9a-708, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
42	11-58-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
43	11-58-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
44	11-58-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
45	11-58-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
46	11-58-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 179
47	11-58-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
48	11-58-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
49	11-58-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
50	11-58-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
51	11-58-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 376 and 399
52	11-58-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
53	54-17-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 399
54	63J-1-602.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 89, 136, 213, 215, 244,
55	326, 342, and 482
56	ENACTS:

11-58-103, Utan Code Annotated 1953
11-58-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
11-58-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
REPEALS:
11-58-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
11-58-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 179
11-58-402.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
11-58-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-9a-509.5 is amended to read:
10-9a-509.5. Review for application completeness Substantive application
review Reasonable diligence required for determination of whether improvements or
warranty work meets standards Money damages claim prohibited.
(1) (a) Each municipality shall, in a timely manner, determine whether a land use
application is complete for the purposes of subsequent, substantive land use authority review.
(b) After a reasonable period of time to allow the municipality diligently to evaluate
whether all objective ordinance-based application criteria have been met, if application fees
have been paid, the applicant may in writing request that the municipality provide a written
determination either that the application is:
(i) complete for the purposes of allowing subsequent, substantive land use authority
review; or
(ii) deficient with respect to a specific, objective, ordinance-based application
requirement.
(c) Within 30 days of receipt of an applicant's request under this section, the
municipality shall either:
(i) mail a written notice to the applicant advising that the application is deficient with
respect to a specified, objective, ordinance-based criterion, and stating that the application shall
be supplemented by specific additional information identified in the notice; or
(ii) accept the application as complete for the purposes of further substantive
processing by the land use authority.

- (d) If the notice required by Subsection (1)(c)(i) is not timely mailed, the application shall be considered complete, for purposes of further substantive land use authority review.
- (e) (i) The applicant may raise and resolve in a single appeal any determination made under this Subsection (1) to the appeal authority, including an allegation that a reasonable period of time has elapsed under Subsection (1)(a).
- (ii) The appeal authority shall issue a written decision for any appeal requested under this Subsection (1)(e).
- (f) (i) The applicant may appeal to district court the decision of the appeal authority made under Subsection (1)(e).
- (ii) Each appeal under Subsection (1)(f)(i) shall be made within 30 days of the date of the written decision.
- (2) (a) Each land use authority shall substantively review a complete application and an application considered complete under Subsection (1)(d), and shall approve or deny each application with reasonable diligence[, subject to the time limit under Subsection 11-58-402.5(2) for an inland port use application, as defined in Section 11-58-401].
- (b) After a reasonable period of time to allow the land use authority to consider an application, the applicant may in writing request that the land use authority take final action within 45 days from date of service of the written request.
- (c) Within 45 days from the date of service of the written request described in Subsection (2)(b):
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the land use authority shall take final action, approving or denying the application; and
- (ii) if a landowner petitions for a land use regulation, a legislative body shall take final action by approving or denying the petition.
- (d) If the land use authority denies an application processed under the mandates of Subsection (2)(b), or if the applicant has requested a written decision in the application, the land use authority shall include its reasons for denial in writing, on the record, which may include the official minutes of the meeting in which the decision was rendered.
- (e) If the land use authority fails to comply with Subsection (2)(c), the applicant may appeal this failure to district court within 30 days of the date on which the land use authority is required to take final action under Subsection (2)(c).

(3) (a) With reasonable diligence, each land use authority shall determine whether the
installation of required subdivision improvements or the performance of warranty work meets
the municipality's adopted standards.

- (b) (i) An applicant may in writing request the land use authority to accept or reject the applicant's installation of required subdivision improvements or performance of warranty work.
- (ii) The land use authority shall accept or reject subdivision improvements within 15 days after receiving an applicant's written request under Subsection (3)(b)(i), or as soon as practicable after that 15-day period if inspection of the subdivision improvements is impeded by winter weather conditions.
- (iii) The land use authority shall accept or reject the performance of warranty work within 45 days after receiving an applicant's written request under Subsection (3)(b)(i), or as soon as practicable after that 45-day period if inspection of the warranty work is impeded by winter weather conditions.
- (c) If a land use authority determines that the installation of required subdivision improvements or the performance of warranty work does not meet the municipality's adopted standards, the land use authority shall comprehensively and with specificity list the reasons for the land use authority's determination.
- (4) Subject to Section 10-9a-509, nothing in this section and no action or inaction of the land use authority relieves an applicant's duty to comply with all applicable substantive ordinances and regulations.
 - (5) There shall be no money damages remedy arising from a claim under this section. Section 2. Section 10-9a-701 is amended to read:

10-9a-701. Appeal authority required -- Condition precedent to judicial review -- Appeal authority duties.

- (1) Each municipality adopting a land use ordinance shall, by ordinance, establish one or more appeal authorities to hear and decide:
 - (a) requests for variances from the terms of the land use ordinances;
 - (b) appeals from decisions applying the land use ordinances; and
 - (c) appeals from a fee charged in accordance with Section 10-9a-510.
- 148 (2) As a condition precedent to judicial review, each adversely affected person shall 149 timely and specifically challenge a land use authority's decision, in accordance with local

130	ordinance.
151	(3) An appeal authority:
152	(a) shall:
153	(i) act in a quasi-judicial manner; and
154	(ii) serve as the final arbiter of issues involving the interpretation or application of land
155	use ordinances[, except as provided in Title 11, Chapter 58, Part 4, Appeals to Appeals Panel,
156	for an appeal of an inland port use appeal decision, as defined in Section 11-58-401]; and
157	(b) may not entertain an appeal of a matter in which the appeal authority, or any
158	participating member, had first acted as the land use authority.
159	(4) By ordinance, a municipality may:
160	(a) designate a separate appeal authority to hear requests for variances than the appeal
161	authority it designates to hear appeals;
162	(b) designate one or more separate appeal authorities to hear distinct types of appeals
163	of land use authority decisions;
164	(c) require an adversely affected party to present to an appeal authority every theory of
165	relief that it can raise in district court;
166	(d) not require an adversely affected party to pursue duplicate or successive appeals
167	before the same or separate appeal authorities as a condition of the adversely affected party's
168	duty to exhaust administrative remedies; and
169	(e) provide that specified types of land use decisions may be appealed directly to the
170	district court.
171	(5) If the municipality establishes or, prior to the effective date of this chapter, has
172	established a multiperson board, body, or panel to act as an appeal authority, at a minimum the
173	board, body, or panel shall:
174	(a) notify each of its members of any meeting or hearing of the board, body, or panel;
175	(b) provide each of its members with the same information and access to municipal
176	resources as any other member;
177	(c) convene only if a quorum of its members is present; and
178	(d) act only upon the vote of a majority of its convened members.
179	Section 3. Section 10-9a-708 is amended to read:
180	10-9a-708. Final decision.

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- 181 (1) A decision of an appeal authority takes effect on the date when the appeal authority 182 issues a written decision, or as otherwise provided by ordinance. 183 (2) A written decision, or other event as provided by ordinance, constitutes a final 184 decision under Subsection 10-9a-801(2)(a) or a final action under Subsection 10-9a-801(4)[7]. 185 except as provided in Title 11, Chapter 58, Part 4, Appeals to Appeals Panel, for an appeal of 186 an inland port use appeal decision, as defined in Section 11-58-401]. 187 Section 4. Section 11-58-102 is amended to read: 188 11-58-102. **Definitions.** 189 As used in this chapter: 190 (1) "Authority" means the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 11-58-201. (2) "Authority jurisdictional land" means land within the authority boundary 191 192 delineated: 193 (a) in the electronic shapefile that [: (a)] is the electronic component of H.B. 2001, Utah 194 Inland Port Authority Amendments, 2018 Second Special Session; and 195 (b) [may be accessed via the Utah Legislature's website] beginning April 1, 2020, as 196 provided in Subsection 11-58-202(3). 197 (3) "Base taxable value" means: 198 (a) (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), for a project area that consists of the 199 authority jurisdictional land, the taxable value of authority jurisdictional land in calendar year 200 2018; and 201 (ii) for an area described in Subsection 11-58-601[(1)(c)](5), the taxable value of that 202 area in calendar year 2017; or 203 (b) for a project area that consists of land outside the authority jurisdictional land, the 204 taxable value of property within any portion of a project area, as designated by board 205 resolution, from which the property tax differential will be collected, as shown upon the 206 assessment roll last equalized before the year in which the authority adopts a project area plan 207 for that area.
 - (4) "Board" means the authority's governing body, created in Section 11-58-301.
 - (5) "Business plan" means a plan designed to facilitate, encourage, and bring about development of the authority jurisdictional land to achieve the goals and objectives described in Subsection 11-58-203(1), including the development and establishment of an inland port.

212	(6) Development means:
213	(a) the demolition, construction, reconstruction, modification, expansion, or
214	improvement of a building, utility, infrastructure, landscape, parking lot, park, trail,
215	recreational amenity, or other facility, including publicly owned infrastructure and
216	improvements; and
217	(b) the planning of, arranging for, or participation in any of the activities listed in
218	Subsection (6)(a).
219	(7) "Development project" means a project for the development of land within a
220	project area.
221	(8) "Inland port" means one or more sites that:
222	(a) contain multimodal transportation assets and other facilities that:
223	(i) are related but may be separately owned and managed; and
224	(ii) together are intended to:
225	(A) allow global trade to be processed and altered by value-added services as goods
226	move through the supply chain;
227	(B) provide a regional merging point for transportation modes for the distribution of
228	goods to and from ports and other locations in other regions;
229	(C) provide cargo-handling services to allow freight consolidation and distribution,
230	temporary storage, customs clearance, and connection between transport modes; and
231	(D) provide international logistics and distribution services, including freight
232	forwarding, customs brokerage, integrated logistics, and information systems; and
233	(b) may include a satellite customs clearance terminal, an intermodal facility, a
234	customs pre-clearance for international trade, or other facilities that facilitate, encourage, and
235	enhance regional, national, and international trade.
236	(9) "Inland port use" means a use of land:
237	(a) for an inland port;
238	(b) that directly implements or furthers the purposes of an inland port, as stated in
239	Subsection (8);
240	(c) that complements or supports the purposes of an inland port, as stated in Subsection
241	(8); or
242	(d) that depends upon the presence of the inland port for the viability of the use

243 (10) "Intermodal facility" means a hub or other facility for trade combining any 244 combination of rail, trucking, air cargo, and other transportation services. 245 (11) "Nonvoting member" means an individual appointed as a member of the board 246 under Subsection 11-58-302(6) who does not have the power to vote on matters of authority 247 business. 248 (12) "Project area" means: 249 (a) the authority jurisdictional land; or 250 (b) land outside the authority jurisdictional land, whether consisting of a single 251 contiguous area or multiple noncontiguous areas, described in a project area plan or draft 252 project area plan, where the development project set forth in the project area plan or draft 253 project area plan takes place or is proposed to take place. 254 (13) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative 255 revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to the project area. 256 (14) "Project area plan" means a written plan that, after its effective date, guides and 257 controls the development within a project area. 258 (15) "Property tax" includes a privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis on 259 tangible or intangible personal or real property. (16) "Property tax differential": 260 261 (a) means the difference between: 262 (i) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities 263 from a project area, using the current assessed value of the property; and 264 (ii) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area 265 using the base taxable value of the property; and 266 (b) does not include property tax revenue from: 267 (i) a county additional property tax or multicounty assessing and collecting levy 268 imposed in accordance with Section 59-2-1602; 269 (ii) a judgment levy imposed by a taxing entity under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330; 270 or 271 (iii) a levy imposed by a taxing entity under Section 11-14-310 to pay for a general 272 obligation bond.

(17) "Public entity" means:

274	(a) the state, including each department, division, or other agency of the state; or
275	(b) a county, city, town, metro township, school district, local district, special service
276	district, interlocal cooperation entity, community reinvestment agency, or other political
277	subdivision of the state.
278	(18) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements":
279	(a) means infrastructure, improvements, facilities, or buildings that:
280	(i) benefit the public; and
281	(ii) (A) are owned by a public entity or a utility; or
282	(B) are publicly maintained or operated by a public entity;
283	(b) includes:
284	(i) facilities, lines, or systems that provide:
285	(A) water, chilled water, or steam; or
286	(B) sewer, storm drainage, natural gas, electricity, energy storage, renewable energy,
287	microgrids, or telecommunications service; and
288	(ii) streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, solid waste facilities, parking
289	facilities, and public transportation facilities.
290	(19) "Shapefile" means the digital vector storage format for storing geometric location
291	and associated attribute information.
292	(20) "Taxable value" means the value of property as shown on the last equalized
293	assessment roll [as certified by the county assessor].
294	(21) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a project
295	area.
296	(22) "Voting member" means an individual appointed or designated as a member of the
297	board under Subsection 11-58-302(2).
298	Section 5. Section 11-58-103 is enacted to read:
299	11-58-103. Vested right of landowner.
300	(1) As used in this section:
301	(a) "Municipal inland port regulations" means a municipality's land use ordinances and
302	regulations relating to the use of land within the authority jurisdictional land for an inland port
303	use.
304	(b) "Vested development right" means a right:

305	(i) to use or develop land located within the authority jurisdictional land for an inland
306	port use in accordance with municipal inland port regulations in effect on December 31, 2018;
307	<u>and</u>
308	(ii) that may not be affected by later changes to municipal ordinances or regulations.
309	(c) "Vested right notice" means a notice that complies with the requirements of
310	Subsection (3).
311	(2) An owner of land located within the boundary of the authority jurisdictional land
312	may establish a vested development right on that land by causing a notice to be recorded in the
313	office of the recorder of the county in which the land is located.
314	(3) A notice under Subsection (2) shall:
315	(a) state that the owner elects to establish a vested development right on the owner's
316	land to use or develop the land for an inland port use in accordance with municipal inland port
317	regulations in effect on December 31, 2018;
318	(b) state that the owner's election is made under Title 11, Chapter 58, Utah Inland Port
319	Authority Act;
320	(c) describe the land in a way that complies with applicable requirements for the
321	recording of an instrument affecting land;
322	(d) indicate the zoning district in which the land is located, including any overlay
323	district;
324	(e) bear the signature of each owner of the land;
325	(f) be accompanied by the applicable recording fee; and
326	(g) include the following acknowledgment:
327	"I/we acknowledge that:
328	• the land identified in this notice is situated within the authority jurisdictional land of
329	the Utah Inland Port Authority, established under Utah Code Title 11, Chapter 58, Utah Inland
330	Port Authority Act, and is eligible for this election of a vested right;
331	• this vested right allows the land described in this notice to be used or developed in the
332	manner allowed by applicable land use regulations in effect on December 31, 2018;
333	• all development activity must comply with those land use regulations;
334	• the right to use and develop the land described in this notice in accordance with those
335	land use regulations continues for 40 years from the date this notice is recorded unless a land

use application is submitted to the applicable land use authority that proposes a use of
development activity that is not allowed under the land use regulations in effect on December
31, 2018, or all record owners of the land record a rescission of the election of a vested
development right for this land.".
(4) (a) An owner of land against which a vested right notice is recorded has a vested
development right with respect to that land for 40 years from the date the vested right notice is
recorded, or, if earlier, until the vested development right is rescinded by the recording of a
rescission of the election of the vested development right signed by all record owners of the
<u>land.</u>
(b) A vested development right may not be affected by changes to municipal
ordinances or regulations that occur after a vested right notice is recorded.
(5) Within 10 days after the recording of a vested right notice under this section, the
owner of the land shall provide a copy of the vested right notice, with recording information, to
the applicable local land use authority.
(6) A vested development right may not be affected by an action under Subsection
17-27a-508(1)(a)(ii)(A) or (B) or Subsection 10-9a-509(1)(a)(ii)(A) or (B).
Section 6. Section 11-58-104 is enacted to read:
<u>11-58-104.</u> Severability.
If a court determines that any provision of this chapter, or the application of any
provision of this chapter, is invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without
the invalid provision or application.
Section 7. Section 11-58-105 is enacted to read:
<u>11-58-105.</u> Nonlapsing funds.
Money the authority receives from legislative appropriations is nonlapsing.
Section 8. Section 11-58-202 is amended to read:
11-58-202. Port authority powers and duties.
(1) The authority has exclusive jurisdiction, responsibility, and power to coordinate the
efforts of all applicable state and local government entities, property owners and other private
parties, and other stakeholders to:
(a) develop and implement a business plan for the authority jurisdictional land, to
include an environmental sustainability component, developed in conjunction with the Utah

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property;

367	Department of Environmental Quality, incorporating policies and best practices to meet or
368	exceed applicable federal and state standards, including:
369	(i) emissions monitoring and reporting; and
370	(ii) strategies that use the best available technology to mitigate environmental impacts
371	from development and uses on the authority jurisdictional land;
372	(b) plan and facilitate the development of inland port uses on authority jurisdictional
373	land and on land in other authority project areas;
374	(c) manage any inland port located on land owned or leased by the authority; and
375	(d) establish a foreign trade zone, as provided under federal law, covering some or all
376	of the authority jurisdictional land or land in other authority project areas.
377	(2) The authority may:
378	(a) facilitate and bring about the development of inland port uses on land that is part of
379	the authority jurisdictional land or that is in other authority project areas, including engaging in
380	marketing and business recruitment activities and efforts to encourage and facilitate:
381	(i) the development of an inland port on the authority jurisdictional land; and
382	(ii) other development of the authority jurisdictional land consistent with the policies
383	and objectives described in Subsection 11-58-203(1);
384	(b) facilitate and provide funding for the development of the authority jurisdictional
385	land and land in other authority project areas, including the development of publicly owned
386	infrastructure and improvements and other infrastructure and improvements on or related to the
387	authority jurisdictional land;
388	(c) engage in marketing and business recruitment activities and efforts to encourage
389	and facilitate development of the authority jurisdictional land;
390	(d) apply for and take all other necessary actions for the establishment of a foreign
391	trade zone, as provided under federal law, covering some or all of the authority jurisdictional
392	land;
393	(e) as the authority considers necessary or advisable to carry out any of its duties or
394	responsibilities under this chapter:
395	(i) buy, obtain an option upon, or otherwise acquire any interest in real or personal

(ii) sell, convey, grant, dispose of by gift, or otherwise dispose of any interest in real or

398	personal property, or
399	(iii) enter into a lease agreement on real or personal property, either as lessee or lessor;
400	(f) sue and be sued;
401	(g) enter into contracts generally;
402	(h) provide funding for the development of publicly owned infrastructure and
403	improvements or other infrastructure and improvements on or related to the authority
404	jurisdictional land or other authority project areas;
405	(i) exercise powers and perform functions under a contract, as authorized in the
406	contract;
407	(j) receive the property tax differential, as provided in this chapter;
408	(k) accept financial or other assistance from any public or private source for the
409	authority's activities, powers, and duties, and expend any funds so received for any of the
410	purposes of this chapter;
411	(l) borrow money, contract with, or accept financial or other assistance from the federal
412	government, a public entity, or any other source for any of the purposes of this chapter and
413	comply with any conditions of the loan, contract, or assistance;
414	(m) issue bonds to finance the undertaking of any development objectives of the
415	authority, including bonds under Chapter 17, Utah Industrial Facilities and Development Act,
416	bonds under Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act, [and] bonds under Chapter 42a, Commercial
417	Property Assessed Clean Energy Act, and bonds under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 12, Public
418	Infrastructure District Act;
419	(n) hire employees, including contract employees;
420	(o) transact other business and exercise all other powers provided for in this chapter;
421	(p) engage one or more consultants to advise or assist the authority in the performance
422	of the authority's duties and responsibilities;
423	[(q) enter into an agreement with a taxing entity to share property tax differential for
424	services that the taxing entity provides within the authority jurisdictional land;
425	[(r)] (q) work with other political subdivisions and neighboring property owners and
426	communities to mitigate potential negative impacts from the development of authority
427	jurisdictional land;
428	[(s)] (r) own and operate an intermodal facility if the authority considers the authority's

429	ownership and operation of an intermodal facility to be necessary or desirable;
430	[(t)] (s) own and operate publicly owned infrastructure and improvements in a project
431	area outside the authority jurisdictional land; and
432	[(u)] (t) exercise powers and perform functions that the authority is authorized by
433	statute to exercise or perform.
434	(3) (a) Beginning [January] April 1, 2020, the authority shall:
435	[(a)] (i) be the repository of the official delineation of the boundary of the authority
436	jurisdictional land, identical to the boundary as delineated in the shapefile that is the electronic
437	component of H.B. 2001, Utah Inland Port Authority Amendments, 2018 Second Special
438	Session, subject to Subsection (3)(b) and any later changes to the boundary enacted by the
439	Legislature; and
440	[(b)] (ii) maintain an accurate digital file of the boundary that is easily accessible by the
441	public.
442	(b) (i) As used in this Subsection (3)(b), "split property" means a piece of land:
443	(A) with a single tax identification number; and
444	(B) that is partly included within and partly excluded from the authority jurisdictional
445	land by the boundary delineated in the shapefile described in Subsection 11-58-102(2).
446	(ii) With the consent of the mayor of the municipality in which the split property is
447	located, the executive director may adjust the boundary of the authority jurisdictional land to
448	include an excluded portion of a split property or exclude an included portion of a split
449	property.
450	(iii) In adjusting the boundary under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the executive director shall
451	consult with the county assessor, the county surveyor, the owner of the split property, and the
452	municipality in which the split property is located.
453	(iv) A boundary adjustment under this Subsection (3)(b) affecting the northwest
454	boundary of the authority jurisdictional land shall maintain the buffer area between authority
455	jurisdictional land intended for development and land outside the boundary of the authority
456	jurisdictional land to be preserved from development.
457	(v) Upon completing boundary adjustments under this Subsection (3)(b), the executive
458	director shall cause to be recorded in the county recorder's office a map or other description,
459	sufficient for nurnoses of the county recorder of the adjusted boundary of the authority

400	jurisdictional land.
461	(vi) The authority shall modify the official delineation of the boundary of the authority
462	jurisdictional land under Subsection (3)(a) to reflect a boundary adjustment under this
463	Subsection (3)(b).
464	(4) An intermodal facility owned by the authority is subject to a privilege tax under
465	Title 59, Chapter 4, Privilege Tax.
466	Section 9. Section 11-58-203 is amended to read:
467	11-58-203. Policies and objectives of the port authority Additional duties of the
468	port authority.
469	(1) The policies and objectives of the authority are to:
470	(a) maximize long-term economic benefits to the area, the region, and the state;
471	(b) maximize the creation of high-quality jobs;
472	(c) respect and maintain sensitivity to the unique natural environment of areas in
473	proximity to the authority jurisdictional land and land in other authority project areas;
474	(d) improve air quality and minimize resource use;
475	(e) respect existing land use and other agreements and arrangements between property
476	owners within the authority jurisdictional land and within other authority project areas and
477	applicable governmental authorities;
478	(f) promote and encourage development and uses that are compatible with or
479	complement uses in areas in proximity to the authority jurisdictional land or land in other
480	authority project areas;
481	(g) take advantage of the authority jurisdictional land's strategic location and other
482	features, including the proximity to transportation and other infrastructure and facilities, that
483	make the authority jurisdictional land attractive to:
484	(i) businesses that engage in regional, national, or international trade; and
485	(ii) businesses that complement businesses engaged in regional, national, or
486	international trade;
487	(h) facilitate the transportation of goods;
488	(i) coordinate trade-related opportunities to export Utah products nationally and
489	internationally;
490	(j) support and promote land uses on the authority jurisdictional land and land in other

491	authority project areas that generate economic development, including rural economic
492	development;
493	(k) establish a project of regional significance;
494	(l) facilitate an intermodal facility;
495	(m) support uses of the authority jurisdictional land for inland port uses, including
496	warehousing, light manufacturing, and distribution facilities;
497	(n) facilitate an increase in trade in the region and in global commerce;
498	(o) promote the development of facilities that help connect local businesses to potential
499	foreign markets for exporting or that increase foreign direct investment; [and]
500	(p) encourage all class 5 though 8 designated truck traffic entering the authority
501	jurisdictional land to meet the heavy-duty highway compression-ignition diesel engine and
502	urban bus exhaust emission standards for year 2007 and later[-]; and
503	(q) encourage the development and use of cost-efficient renewable energy in project
504	areas.
505	(2) In fulfilling its duties and responsibilities relating to the development of the
506	authority jurisdictional land and land in other authority project areas and to achieve and
507	implement the development policies and objectives under Subsection (1), the authority shall:
508	(a) work to identify funding sources, including federal, state, and local government
509	funding and private funding, for capital improvement projects in and around the authority
510	jurisdictional land and land in other authority project areas and for an inland port;
511	(b) review and identify land use and zoning policies and practices to recommend to
512	municipal land use policymakers and administrators that are consistent with and will help to
513	achieve:
514	(i) the policies and objectives stated in Subsection (1); and
515	(ii) the mutual goals of the state and local governments that have authority
516	jurisdictional land with their boundaries with respect to the authority jurisdictional land; [and]
517	(c) consult and coordinate with other applicable governmental entities to improve and
518	enhance transportation and other infrastructure and facilities in order to maximize the potential
519	of the authority jurisdictional land to attract, retain, and service users who will help maximize
520	the long-term economic benefit to the state[-]; and
521	(d) pursue policies that the board determines are designed to avoid or minimize

522	negative environmental impacts of development;
523	(3) (a) The authority may use property tax differential and other authority money to
524	encourage, incentivize, or require development that:
525	(i) mitigates noise, air pollution, light pollution, surface and groundwater pollution,
526	and other negative environmental impacts;
527	(ii) mitigates traffic congestion; or
528	(iii) uses high efficiency building construction and operation.
529	(b) (i) In consultation with the municipality in which development is expected to occur,
530	the authority shall establish minimum mitigation and environmental standards that a landowner
531	is required to meet to qualify for the use of property tax differential in the landowner's
532	development.
533	(ii) The authority may not use property tax differential for a landowner's development
534	in a project area unless the minimum mitigation and environmental standards are followed with
535	respect to that landowner's development.
536	(c) The authority may develop and implement world-class, state-of-the-art,
537	zero-emissions logistics that support continued growth of the state's economy in order to:
538	(i) promote the state as the global center of efficient and sustainable supply chain
539	<u>logistics;</u>
540	(ii) facilitate the efficient movement of goods on roads and rails and through the air;
541	(iii) benefit the commercial viability of developers, landowners, and tenants and users;
542	<u>and</u>
543	(iv) attract capital and expertise in pursuit of the next generation of logistics solutions.
544	Section 10. Section 11-58-205 is amended to read:
545	11-58-205. Applicability of other law Cooperation of state and local
546	governments Municipality to consider board input Prohibition relating to natural
547	resources Inland port as permitted or conditional use Municipal services Sharing
548	property tax differential Disclosure by nonauthority governing body member.
549	(1) Except as provided in Part 4, Appeals to Appeals Panel, the authority does not have
550	and may not exercise any powers relating to the regulation of land uses on the authority
551	jurisdictional land.
552	(2) The authority is subject to and governed by Sections 63E-2-106, 63E-2-107,

- 553 63E-2-108, 63E-2-109, 63E-2-110, and 63E-2-111, but is not otherwise subject to or governed 554 by Title 63E, Independent Entities Code.
 - (3) A department, division, or other agency of the state and a political subdivision of the state shall cooperate with the authority to the fullest extent possible to provide whatever support, information, or other assistance the board requests that is reasonably necessary to help the authority fulfill its duties and responsibilities under this chapter.
 - (4) In making decisions affecting the authority jurisdictional land, the legislative body of a municipality in which the authority jurisdictional land is located shall consider input from the authority board.
 - (5) (a) No later than December 31, 2018, the ordinances of a municipality with authority jurisdictional land within its boundary shall allow an inland port as a permitted or conditional use, subject to standards that are:
 - (i) determined by the municipality; and
 - (ii) consistent with the policies and objectives stated in Subsection 11-58-203(1).
 - (b) A municipality whose ordinances do not comply with Subsection (5)(a) within the time prescribed in that subsection shall allow an inland port as a permitted use without regard to any contrary provision in the municipality's land use ordinances.
 - (6) The transporting, unloading, loading, transfer, or temporary storage of natural resources may not be prohibited on the authority jurisdictional land.
 - (7) (a) [(i)] A municipality whose boundary includes authority jurisdictional land shall provide the same municipal services to the area of the municipality that is within the authority jurisdictional land as the municipality provides to other areas of the municipality with similar zoning and a similar development level.
 - [(ii)] (b) The level and quality of municipal services that a municipality provides within authority jurisdictional land shall be fairly and reasonably consistent with the level and quality of municipal services that the municipality provides to other areas of the municipality with similar zoning and a similar development level.
 - [(b) (i) The board shall negotiate and enter into an agreement with a municipality providing municipal services, as described in Subsection (7)(a), with respect to the appropriate amount of property tax differential the authority should share with the municipality to cover the cost of providing those municipal services.]

584	[(ii) Under an agreement described in Subsection (7)(b)(i), the board and municipality
585	shall establish a method of determining the amount of property tax differential the authority
586	shares over time with a municipality to cover the cost of providing municipal services, taking
587	into account:]
588	[(A) the cost of those services as documented in the audited financial statements under
589	Subsection (7)(c); and]
590	[(B) the variable level of need for those services within the authority jurisdictional land
591	depending on the level, amount, and location of development and other relevant factors.]
592	[(c) A municipality providing municipal services, as described in Subsection (7)(a),
593	shall, as requested by the board, provide the board audited financial statements documenting
594	the cost of the municipal services the municipality provides within the authority jurisdictional
595	land.]
596	[(8) (a) The board shall negotiate and enter into an agreement with a municipality or
597	other taxing entity in which the authority jurisdictional land is located to share some of the
598	increase in property tax differential that occurs over time as development occurs and the
599	amount of property tax revenue increases.]
600	[(b) In an agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the board and municipality or
601	other taxing entity shall establish a method of determining the amount of property tax
602	differential the authority shares over time to allow the municipality or other taxing entity to
603	share in the benefit from increasing property tax revenue.]
604	[(9) The board may consult with other taxing entities, in addition to a municipality
605	under Subsection (7), for the purpose of receiving input from those taxing entities on the
606	appropriate allocation of property tax differential, considering the needs of the authority and
607	the needs of the other taxing entities.]
608	[(10) (a) The board shall review and reassess the amount of property tax differential the
609	authority retains and the amount the authority shares with other taxing entities so that the
610	authority retains property tax differential it reasonably needs to meet its responsibilities and
611	purposes and adjusts the amount the authority shares with other taxing entities accordingly.]
612	[(b) The board shall meet with taxing entities to review and reassess, as provided in
613	Subsection (10)(a):]
614	[(i) before December 31, 2020; and]

615	[(11) at least every other year after 2020.]
616	[(11)] (8) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(11)]$ (8):
617	(i) "Direct financial benefit" means the same as that term is defined in Section
618	11-58-304.
619	(ii) "Nonauthority governing body member" means a member of the board or other
620	body that has authority to make decisions for a nonauthority government owner.
621	(iii) "Nonauthority government owner" mean a state agency or nonauthority local
622	government entity that owns land that is part of the authority jurisdictional land.
623	(iv) "Nonauthority local government entity":
624	(A) means a county, city, town, metro township, local district, special service district,
625	community reinvestment agency, or other political subdivision of the state; and
626	(B) excludes the authority.
627	(v) "State agency" means a department, division, or other agency or instrumentality of
628	the state, including an independent state agency.
629	(b) A nonauthority governing body member who owns or has a financial interest in
630	land that is part of the authority jurisdictional land or who reasonably expects to receive a
631	direct financial benefit from development of authority jurisdictional land shall submit a written
632	disclosure to the authority board and the nonauthority government owner.
633	(c) A written disclosure under Subsection [(11)] (8)(b) shall describe, as applicable:
634	(i) the nonauthority governing body member's ownership or financial interest in
635	property that is part of the authority jurisdictional land; and
636	(ii) the direct financial benefit the nonauthority governing body member expects to
637	receive from development of authority jurisdictional land.
638	(d) A nonauthority governing body member required under Subsection [(11)] (8)(b) to
639	submit a written disclosure shall submit the disclosure no later than 30 days after:
640	(i) the nonauthority governing body member:
641	(A) acquires an ownership or financial interest in property that is part of the authority
642	jurisdictional land; or
643	(B) first knows that the nonauthority governing body member expects to receive a
644	direct financial benefit from the development of authority jurisdictional land; or
645	(ii) the effective date of this Subsection [(11)] (8), if that date is later than the period

646	described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(11)}{(11)}\right]$ (8)(d)(1).
647	(e) A written disclosure submitted under this Subsection [(11)] (8) is a public record.
648	Section 11. Section 11-58-301 is amended to read:
649	11-58-301. Port authority board Delegation of power.
650	(1) The authority shall be governed by a board which shall manage and conduct the
651	business and affairs of the authority and shall determine all questions of authority policy.
652	(2) All powers of the authority are exercised through the board or, as provided in
653	Section 11-58-305, the executive director.
654	(3) The board may by resolution delegate powers to authority staff.
655	Section 12. Section 11-58-302 is amended to read:
656	11-58-302. Number of board members Appointment Vacancies.
657	(1) The authority's board shall consist of 11 members, as provided in Subsection (2).
658	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint two board members[,]:
659	(i) one of whom shall be [an employee or officer of the Governor's Office of Economic
660	Development, created in Section 63N-1-201] an individual engaged in statewide economic
661	development or corporate recruitment and retention; and
662	(ii) one of whom shall be an individual engaged in statewide trade, import and export
663	activities, or foreign direct investment.
664	(b) The president of the Senate shall appoint one board member.
665	(c) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one board member.
666	(d) The mayor of Salt Lake County [mayor shall appoint one], or the mayor's designee,
667	shall serve as a board member.
668	(e) The chair of the Permanent Community Impact Fund Board, created in Section
669	35A-8-304, shall appoint one board member from among the members of the Permanent
670	Community Impact Fund Board.
671	(f) The [chair of the] mayor of Salt Lake [Airport Advisory Board, or the chair's] City,
672	or the mayor's designee, shall serve as a board member.
673	(g) [The] A member of the Salt Lake City council [who is elected by district and whose
674	district includes the Salt Lake City Airport], selected by the Salt Lake City council, shall serve
675	as a board member.
676	(h) The city manager of West Valley City with the consent of the city council of West

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677	Valley City, shall appoint one board member.
678	[(i) The executive director of the Department of Transportation, appointed under
679	Section 72-1-202, shall serve as a board member.]
680	[(j)] <u>(i)</u> The director of the Salt Lake County office of Regional Economic
681	Development shall serve as a board member.
682	(j) The mayor of the Magna metro township, or the mayor's designee, shall serve as a
683	board member.
684	(3) An individual required under Subsection (2) to appoint a board member shall
685	appoint each initial board member the individual is required to appoint no later than June 1,
686	2018.
687	(4) (a) A vacancy in the board shall be filled in the same manner under this section as
688	the appointment of the member whose vacancy is being filled.
689	(b) A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve the remaining unexpired term of
690	the member whose vacancy the person is filling.
691	(5) A member of the board appointed by the governor, president of the Senate, or
692	speaker of the House of Representatives serves at the pleasure of and may be removed and
693	replaced at any time, with or without cause, by the governor, president of the Senate, or speaker
694	of the House of Representatives, respectively.
695	(6) The authority may appoint nonvoting members of the board and set terms for those
696	nonvoting members.
697	(7) Upon a vote of a majority of all board members, the board may appoint a board
698	chair and any other officer of the board.
699	(8) (a) An individual designated as a board member under Subsection (2)(g), (i), or (j)
700	who would be precluded from serving as a board member because of Subsection 11-58-304(2):
701	(i) may serve as a board member notwithstanding Subsection 11-58-304(2); and
702	(ii) shall disclose in writing to the board the circumstances that would otherwise have
703	precluded the individual from serving as a board member under Subsection 11-58-304(2).
704	(b) A written disclosure under Subsection (8)(a)(ii) is a public record under Title 63G,
705	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

(9) The board may appoint one or more advisory committees that may include

individuals from impacted public entities, community organizations, environmental

708	organizations, business organizations, or other organizations or associations.
709	Section 13. Section 11-58-303 is amended to read:
710	11-58-303. Term of board members Quorum Compensation.
711	(1) The term of a board member appointed under Subsection 11-58-302(2)(a), (b), (c),
712	[(d), or] (e), (g), or (h) is four years, except that the initial term of one of the two members
713	appointed under Subsection 11-58-302(2)(a) and of the members appointed under Subsections
714	11-58-302(2)[(d)] <u>(e)</u> and [(h)] <u>(g)</u> is two years.
715	(2) Each board member shall serve until a successor is duly appointed and qualified.
716	(3) A board member may serve multiple terms if duly appointed to serve each term
717	under Subsection 11-58-302(2).
718	(4) A majority of board members constitutes a quorum, and the action of a majority of
719	a quorum constitutes action of the board.
720	(5) (a) A board member who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or
721	benefits for the member's service on the board, but may receive per diem and reimbursement
722	for travel expenses incurred as a board member as allowed in:
723	(i) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
724	(ii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
725	63A-3-107.
726	(b) Compensation and expenses of a board member who is a legislator are governed by
727	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator Compensation.
728	Section 14. Section 11-58-305 is amended to read:
729	11-58-305. Executive director.
730	(1) On or before July 1, 2019, the board shall hire a full-time executive director. [to]
731	(2) (a) The executive director is the chief executive officer of the authority.
732	(b) The role of the executive director is to:
733	(i) manage and oversee the day-to-day operations of the authority;
734	(ii) fulfill the executive and administrative duties and responsibilities of the authority;
735	and [to]
736	(iii) perform other functions, as directed by the board.
737	[(2)] (3) The executive director shall have the education, experience, and training

necessary to perform the executive director's duties in a way that maximizes the potential for

739	successfully achieving and implementing the strategies, policies, and objectives stated in
740	Subsection 11-58-203(1).
741	[(3)] (4) An executive director is an at-will employee who serves at the pleasure of the
742	board and may be removed by the board at any time.
743	[(4)] (5) The board shall establish the duties, compensation, and benefits of an
744	executive director.
745	Section 15. Section 11-58-505 is amended to read:
746	11-58-505. Project area budget.
747	(1) Before the authority may use the property tax differential from a project area, the
748	board shall prepare and adopt a project area budget.
749	(2) A project area budget shall include:
750	(a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;
751	(b) the projected property tax differential expected to be generated within the project
752	area;
753	[(c) the amount of the property tax differential expected to be shared with other taxing
754	entities;]
755	[(d)] (c) the amount of the property tax differential expected to be used to implement
756	the project area plan, including the estimated amount of the property tax differential to be used
757	for land acquisition, public improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or
758	other incentives to private and public entities;
759	[(e)] (d) the property tax differential expected to be used to cover the cost of
760	administering the project area plan; and
761	[(f)] (e) for property that the authority owns or leases and expects to sell or sublease,
762	the expected total cost of the property to the authority and the expected selling price or lease
763	payments.
764	(3) The board may amend an adopted project area budget as and when the board
765	considers it appropriate.
766	(4) For a project area that consists of the authority jurisdictional land, the budget
767	requirements of this part are met by the authority complying with the budget requirements of
768	Part 8, Port Authority Budget, Reporting, and Audits.
769	Section 16. Section 11-58-601 is amended to read:

770	11-58-601. Port authority receipt and use of property tax differential
771	Distribution of property tax differential.
772	[(1) (a) The authority:]
773	[(i) subject to Subsections (1)(b), (c), and (d):]
774	[(A) shall be paid 100% of the property tax differential, as provided in Subsection (3),
775	for a period of 25 years after a certificate of occupancy is issued with respect to improvements
776	on a parcel, as determined by the board and as provided in this part; and]
777	[(B) may be paid up to 100% of the property tax differential, as provided in Subsection
778	(3), for a period of 15 additional years beyond the period stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) if the
779	board determines that the additional years of property tax differential will produce a significant
780	benefit; and]
781	[(ii) may use the property tax differential before, during, and after the period described
782	in Subsection (1)(a)(i).]
783	[(b) With respect to a parcel located within a project area, the period described in
784	Subsection (1)(a)(i) begins on the day on which the authority receives the first property tax
785	differential from that parcel.]
786	(1) As used in this section:
787	(a) "Designation resolution" means a resolution adopted by the board that designates a
788	transition date for the parcel specified in the resolution.
789	(b) "Post-designation differential" means 75% of property tax differential generated
790	from a post-designation parcel.
791	(c) "Post-designation parcel" means a parcel within a project area after the transition
792	date for that parcel.
793	(d) "Pre-designation differential" means 75% of property tax differential generated
794	from all pre-designation parcels within a project area.
795	(e) "Pre-designation parcel" means a parcel within a project area before the transition
796	date for that parcel.
797	(f) "Transition date" means the date after which the authority is to be paid
798	post-designation differential for the parcel that is the subject of a designation resolution.
799	(2) (a) The authority shall be paid pre-designation differential generated within the
800	authority jurisdictional land:

801	(i) for the period beginning November 2019 and ending November 2044; and
802	(ii) for a period of 15 years following the period described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) if,
803	before the end of the period described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), the board adopts a resolution
804	extending the period described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) for 15 years.
805	(b) The authority shall be paid pre-designation differential generated within a project
806	area, other than the authority jurisdictional land:
807	(i) for a period of 25 years beginning the date the board adopts a project area plan
808	under Section 11-58-502 establishing the project area; and
809	(ii) for a period of 15 years following the period described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) if,
810	before the end of the period described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the board adopts a resolution
811	extending the period described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) for 15 years.
812	(3) The authority shall be paid post-designation differential generated from a
813	post-designation parcel:
814	(a) for a period of 25 years beginning on the transition date for that parcel; and
815	(b) for a period of an additional 15 years beyond the period stated in Subsection (3)(a)
816	if the board determines by resolution that the additional years of post-designation differential
817	from that parcel will produce a significant benefit.
818	(4) (a) For purposes of this section, the authority may designate an improved portion of
819	a parcel in a project area as a separate parcel.
820	(b) An authority designation of an improved portion of a parcel as a separate parcel
821	under Subsection (4)(a) does not constitute a subdivision, as defined in Section 10-9a-103 or
822	Section 17-27a-103.
823	(c) A county assessor shall assign a separate tax identification number to the improved
824	portion of a parcel designated by the authority as a separate parcel under Subsection (4)(a).
825	[(c)] (5) The authority may not receive [property tax differential from]:
826	[(i)] (a) a taxing entity's portion of property tax differential generated from an area
827	included within a community reinvestment project area under a community reinvestment
828	project area plan, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, adopted before October 1, 2018[, from a] if
829	the taxing entity [that] has, before October 1, 2018, entered into a fully executed, legally
830	binding agreement under which the taxing entity agrees to the use of its tax increment, as
831	defined in Section 17C-1-102, under the community reinvestment project area plan; or

832	[(11)] (b) property tax differential from a parcel of land:
833	(i) that was substantially developed before December 1, 2018;
834	(ii) for which a certificate of occupancy was issued before December 1, 2018[-]; and
835	(iii) that is identified in a list that the municipality in which the land is located provides
836	to the authority and the county assessor by April 1, 2020.
837	[(d) (i)] <u>(6) (a)</u> As used in this Subsection [(1)(d)] <u>(6)</u> :
838	[(A)] (i) "Agency land" means authority jurisdictional land that is within the boundary
839	of an eligible community reinvestment agency and from which the authority is paid property
840	tax differential.
841	(ii) "Applicable differential" means the amount of property tax differential paid to the
842	authority that is generated from agency land.
843	[(B)] (iii) "Eligible community reinvestment agency" means the community
844	reinvestment agency in which agency land is located.
845	[(ii)] (b) The authority shall pay 10% of [the property tax differential generated from
846	agency land] applicable differential to the eligible community reinvestment agency, to be used
847	for affordable housing as provided in Section 17C-1-412.
848	[(2)] (7) A county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay
849	and distribute to the authority the property tax differential that the authority is entitled to collect
850	under this [title] chapter, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
851	[(3) Until the end of the period described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), the county shall pay
852	to the authority all property tax differential collected from a parcel within a project area,
853	beginning:]
854	[(a) for a parcel that is part of the authority jurisdictional land, November 2019; and]
855	[(b) for a parcel in any other project area, November of the year following the year that
856	forms the basis of the base taxable value calculation.]
857	Section 17. Section 11-58-602 is amended to read:
858	11-58-602. Allowable uses of property tax differential and other funds.
859	(1) The authority may use the property tax differential, money the authority receives
860	from the state, money the authority receives under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(iii), and other
861	funds available to the authority:
862	(a) for any purpose authorized under this chapter;

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operating expenses, including:

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863	(b) [subject to Subsection (4),] for administrative, overhead, legal, consulting, and
864	other operating expenses of the authority;
865	(c) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of the development of land
866	within a project area, including assisting the ongoing operation of a development or facility
867	within the project area;
868	(d) to pay the cost of the installation and construction of publicly owned infrastructure
869	and improvements within the project area from which the property tax differential funds were
870	collected;
871	(e) to pay the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and
872	improvements outside a project area if the board determines by resolution that the
873	infrastructure and improvements are of benefit to the project area;
874	[(f) to pay for municipal services that a municipality provides within the authority
875	jurisdictional land;]
876	[(g) to pay for other services that a taxing entity provides within the authority
877	jurisdictional land;]
878	[(h) to share growth in the amount of property tax differential over time with other
879	taxing entities;
880	[(i)] (f) to pay to a community reinvestment agency for affordable housing, as provided
881	in Subsection 11-58-601[(1)(d)](<u>6)</u> ; and
882	[(j)] <u>(g)</u> to pay the principal and interest on bonds issued by the authority.
883	(2) The authority may use revenue generated from the operation of publicly owned
884	infrastructure operated by the authority or improvements, including an intermodal facility,
885	operated by the authority to:
886	(a) operate and maintain the infrastructure or improvements; and
887	(b) pay for authority operating expenses, including administrative, overhead, and legal
888	expenses.
889	(3) The determination of the board under Subsection (1)(e) regarding benefit to the
890	project area is final.
891	[(4) The authority may not use more than 5% of property tax differential revenue

collected during the period described in Subsection 11-58-601(1)(a)(i) to pay for authority

894	[(a) administrative and overhead expenses; and]
895	[(b) legal expenses, except legal fees and expenses with respect to potential or pending
896	litigation involving the authority.]
897	[(5)] (4) The authority may not use property tax differential revenue collected from one
898	project area for a development project within another project area.
899	[(6)] (5) Until the authority adopts a business plan under Subsection 11-58-202(1)(a),
900	the authority may not spend property tax differential revenue collected from authority
901	jurisdictional land.
902	[(7)] (6) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(7)]$ (6):
903	(i) "Authority sales and use tax revenue" means money distributed to the authority
904	under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(iii).
905	(ii) "Eligible county" means a county that would be entitled to receive sales and use tax
906	revenue under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(i) in the absence of Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(iii).
907	(iii) "Eligible municipality" means a municipality that would be entitled to receive
908	sales and use tax revenue under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(i) in the absence of Subsection
909	59-12-205(2)(b)(iii).
910	(iv) "Point of sale portion" means:
911	(A) for an eligible county, the amount of sales and use tax revenue the eligible county
912	would have received under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(i) in the absence of Subsection
913	59-12-205(2)(b)(iii), excluding the retail sales portion; and
914	(B) for an eligible municipality, the amount of sales and use tax revenue the eligible
915	municipality would have received under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(i) in the absence of
916	Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(iii), excluding the retail sales portion.
917	(v) "Retail sales portion" means the amount of sales and use tax revenue collected
918	under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(i) from retail sales transactions that occur on authority
919	jurisdictional land.
920	(b) Within 45 days after receiving authority sales and use tax revenue, the authority
921	shall:
922	(i) distribute half of the point of sale portion to each eligible county and eligible
923	municipality; and

(ii) distribute all of the retail sales portion to each eligible county and eligible

923	municipanty.
926	Section 18. Section 54-17-806 is amended to read:
927	54-17-806. Qualified utility renewable energy tariff.
928	(1) The commission may authorize a qualified utility to implement a renewable energy
929	tariff in accordance with this section if the commission determines the tariff that the qualified
930	utility proposes is reasonable and in the public interest.
931	(2) The commission may authorize a tariff under Subsection (1) to apply to:
932	(a) a qualified utility customer with an aggregated electrical load of at least five
933	megawatts; or
934	(b) a combination of qualified utility customers who are separately metered if:
935	(i) the aggregated electrical load of the qualified utility customers is at least five
936	megawatts; and
937	(ii) each of the qualified utility customers [and the renewable energy source are] is
938	located within [authority jurisdictional land] a project area, as defined in Section 11-58-102.
939	(3) A customer who agrees to take service that is subject to the renewable energy tariff
940	under this section shall pay:
941	(a) the customer's normal tariff rate;
942	(b) an incremental charge in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the
943	qualified utility to supply renewable generation to the renewable energy tariff customer and the
944	qualified utility's avoided costs as defined in Subsection 54-2-1(1), or a different methodology
945	recommended by the qualified utility; and
946	(c) an administrative fee in an amount approved by the commission.
947	(4) The commission shall allow a qualified utility to recover the qualified utility's
948	prudently incurred cost of renewable generation procured pursuant to the tariff established in
949	this section that is not otherwise recovered from the proceeds of the tariff paid by customers
950	agreeing to service that is subject to the renewable energy tariff.
951	Section 19. Section 63J-1-602.1 is amended to read:
952	63J-1-602.1. List of nonlapsing appropriations from accounts and funds.
953	Appropriations made from the following accounts or funds are nonlapsing:
954	(1) The Utah Intracurricular Student Organization Support for Agricultural Education
955	and Leadership Restricted Account created in Section 4-42-102.

983

31A-3-105.

- 956 (2) The Native American Repatriation Restricted Account created in Section 9-9-407. 957 (3) The Martin Luther King, Jr. Civil Rights Support Restricted Account created in 958 Section 9-18-102. 959 (4) The National Professional Men's Soccer Team Support of Building Communities 960 Restricted Account created in Section 9-19-102. 961 (5) Funds collected for directing and administering the C-PACE district created in 962 Section 11-42a-302. 963 (6) Money received by the Utah Inland Port Authority, as provided in Section 11-58-105. 964 965 [(6)] (7) The "Support for State-Owned Shooting Ranges Restricted Account" created 966 in Section 23-14-13.5. 967 [(7)] (8) Award money under the State Asset Forfeiture Grant Program, as provided 968 under Section 24-4-117. 969 [(8)] (9) Funds collected from the program fund for local health department expenses 970 incurred in responding to a local health emergency under Section 26-1-38. 971 [(9)] (10) Funds collected from the emergency medical services grant program, as 972 provided in Section 26-8a-207. 973 [(10)] (11) The Children with Cancer Support Restricted Account created in Section 974 26-21a-304. 975 [(11)] (12) State funds for matching federal funds in the Children's Health Insurance 976 Program as provided in Section 26-40-108. 977 [(12)] (13) The Children with Heart Disease Support Restricted Account created in 978 Section 26-58-102. 979 [(13)] (14) The Nurse Home Visiting Restricted Account created in Section 26-63-601. 980 [(14)] (15) The Technology Development Restricted Account created in Section 981 31A-3-104.
- 984 [(16)] (17) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-304, 985 except to the extent that Section 31A-3-304 makes the money received under that section free 986 revenue.

[(15)] (16) The Criminal Background Check Restricted Account created in Section

987	[(17)] <u>(18)</u> The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account created in Section
988	31A-23a-415.
989	[(18)] (19) The Health Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account created in
990	Section 31A-30-115.
991	[(19)] (20) The Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created in Section
992	31A-31-108.
993	[(20)] (21) The Underage Drinking Prevention Media and Education Campaign
994	Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-306.
995	[(21)] (22) The School Readiness Restricted Account created in Section 35A-15-203.
996	[(22)] (23) Money received by the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of
997	certain products or services, as provided in Section 35A-13-202.
998	[(23)] (24) The Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5.
999	[(24)] (25) The Electronic Payment Fee Restricted Account created by Section
1000	41-1a-121 to the Motor Vehicle Division.
1001	[(25)] (26) The Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division Temporary Permit Restricted
1002	Account created by Section 41-3-110 to the State Tax Commission.
1003	[(26)] (27) The Utah Law Enforcement Memorial Support Restricted Account created
1004	in Section 53-1-120.
1005	[(27)] (28) The State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account to the Division of
1006	Emergency Management, as provided in Section 53-2a-603.
1007	[(28)] (29) The Department of Public Safety Restricted Account to the Department of
1008	Public Safety, as provided in Section 53-3-106.
1009	[(29)] (30) The Utah Highway Patrol Aero Bureau Restricted Account created in
1010	Section 53-8-303.
1011	[(30)] (31) The DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407.
1012	[(31)] (32) The Canine Body Armor Restricted Account created in Section 53-16-201.
1013	[(32)] (33) The Technical Colleges Capital Projects Fund created in Section
1014	53B-2a-118.
1015	[(33)] (34) The Higher Education Capital Projects Fund created in Section
1016	53B-22-202.
1017	[(34)] (35) A certain portion of money collected for administrative costs under the

1018	School Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202.
1019	[(35)] (36) The Public Utility Regulatory Restricted Account created in Section
1020	54-5-1.5, subject to Subsection 54-5-1.5(4)(d).
1021	[(36)] (37) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with
1022	access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-3a-105.
1023	[(37)] (38) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional
1024	Licensing for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and
1025	enforcement purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505.
1026	[(38)] (39) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with
1027	access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-22-104.
1028	[(39)] (40) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with
1029	access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-55-106.
1030	[(40)] (41) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with
1031	access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-56-3.5.
1032	[(41)] (42) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional
1033	Licensing for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as
1034	provided in Section 58-63-103.
1035	[(42)] (43) The Relative Value Study Restricted Account created in Section 59-9-105.
1036	[(43)] (44) The Cigarette Tax Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-204.
1037	[44)] (45) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal
1038	background check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202.
1039	[(45)] (46) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal
1040	background check for principal broker, associate broker, and sales agent licenses, as provided
1041	in Section 61-2f-204.
1042	[(46)] (47) Certain funds donated to the Department of Human Services, as provided in
1043	Section 62A-1-111.
1044	[(47)] (48) The National Professional Men's Basketball Team Support of Women and
1045	Children Issues Restricted Account created in Section 62A-1-202.
1046	[(48)] (49) Certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as
1047	provided in Section 62A-4a-110.
1048	[(49)] (50) The Choose Life Adoption Support Restricted Account created in Section

Subsection 78A-6-203(1)(c).

1049 62A-4a-608. 1050 [(50)] (51) Funds collected by the Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as 1051 provided in Section 63G-3-402. 1052 [(51)] (52) The Immigration Act Restricted Account created in Section 63G-12-103. 1053 [(52)] (53) Money received by the military installation development authority, as 1054 provided in Section 63H-1-504. 1055 [(53)] (54) The Computer Aided Dispatch Restricted Account created in Section 1056 63H-7a-303. 1057 [(54)] (55) The Unified Statewide 911 Emergency Service Account created in Section 1058 63H-7a-304. 1059 [(55)] (56) The Utah Statewide Radio System Restricted Account created in Section 1060 63H-7a-403. 1061 [(56)] (57) The Employability to Careers Program Restricted Account created in 1062 Section 63J-4-703. [(57)] (58) The Motion Picture Incentive Account created in Section 63N-8-103. 1063 1064 [(58)] (59) Certain money payable for expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah Athletic 1065 Commission, as provided under Section 63N-10-301. 1066 [(59)] (60) Funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state parole 1067 inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2). 1068 [(60)] (61) Certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of Forestry, 1069 Fire, and State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103. 1070 [(61)] (62) The Transportation of Veterans to Memorials Support Restricted Account 1071 created in Section 71-14-102. 1072 [(62)] (63) The Amusement Ride Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section 1073 72-16-204. 1074 [(63)] (64) Certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well drilling 1075 fines or bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25. 1076 [(64)] (65) The Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund, as provided in 1077 Section 73-23-2. 1078 [(65)] (66) Funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as provided in

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1080	[(66)] (67) Fees for certificate of admission created under Section 78A-9-102.
1081	[(67)] (68) Funds collected for adoption document access as provided in Sections
1082	78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and 78B-6-144.5.
1083	[(68)] (69) Funds collected for indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22,
1084	Part 4, Utah Indigent Defense Commission.
1085	[(69)] (70) Revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades
1086	State Park, Jordan River State Park, and Green River State Park, as provided under Section
1087	79-4-403.
1088	[(70)] (71) Certain funds received by the Division of Parks and Recreation from the
1089	sale or disposal of buffalo, as provided under Section 79-4-1001.
1090	Section 20. Repealer.
1091	This bill repeals:
1092	Section 11-58-401, Definitions.
1093	Section 11-58-402, Appeals panel.
1094	Section 11-58-402.5, Municipal processing of an inland port use application and
1095	appeal.
1096	Section 11-58-403, Appeals process and standards.