Representative Kyle R. Andersen proposes the following substitute bill:

1	FINANC	CIAL EXPLOITATION PRE	EVENTION ACT
2		2020 GENERAL SESSIO	Ν
3		STATE OF UTAH	
4		Chief Sponsor: Kyle R. Ar	ndersen
5		Senate Sponsor:	
6	Cosponsors:	Marsha Judkins	Travis M. Seegmiller
7	Susan Duckworth	Karen Kwan	
	Suzanne Harrison		
8			
9	LONG TITLE		
10	General Description:		
11	This bill enacts the l	Financial Exploitation Prevention A	.ct.
12	Highlighted Provisions:		
13	This bill:		
14	 defines terms; 		
15	 requires a covere 	ed financial institution to take certain	in actions before executing
16	certain transactions;		
17	 permits a covere 	d financial institution to delay certa	in transactions under certain
18	circumstances;		
19	 permits a covere 	d financial institution to notify a law	w enforcement agency or Adult
20	Protective Services under co	ertain circumstances;	
21	 establishes penal 	ties;	
22	 grants immunity 	to a covered financial institution, e	xcept under certain
23	circumstances; and		

24	 requires the Office of the Attorney General to provide certain information regarding
25	financial exploitation on the attorney general's website.
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	None
30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	13-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 115, 423 and last amended by
33	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 115
34	ENACTS:
35	13-57-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	13-57-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	13-57-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	13-57-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	13-57-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	13-57-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	13-57-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	13-57-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43 44	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
45	Section 1. Section 13-2-1 is amended to read:
46	13-2-1. Consumer protection division established Functions.
47	(1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer
48	Protection.
49	(2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:
50	(a) Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act;
51	(b) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;
52	(c) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;
53	(d) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;
54	(e) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act;

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55	(f) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;
56	(g) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;
57	(h) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;
58	(i) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;
59	(j) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;
60	(k) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
61	(1) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
62	(m) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary Proprietary School Act;
63	(n) Chapter 34a, Utah Postsecondary School State Authorization Act;
64	(o) Chapter 39, Child Protection Registry;
65	(p) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;
66	(q) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;
67	(r) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;
68	(s) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;
69	(t) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;
70	(u) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;
71	(v) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act; [and]
72	(w) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act[-]; and
73	(x) Chapter 57, Financial Exploitation Prevention Act.
74	Section 2. Section 13-57-101 is enacted to read:
75	CHAPTER 57. FINANCIAL EXPLOITATION PREVENTION ACT
76	Part 1. General Provisions
77	<u>13-57-101.</u> Title.
78	This chapter is known as the "Financial Exploitation Prevention Act."
79	Section 3. Section 13-57-102 is enacted to read:
80	<u>13-57-102.</u> Definitions.
81	As used in this chapter:
82	(1) "Adult Protective Services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
83	<u>62A-3-301.</u>
84	(2) "Covered financial institution" means any of the following that operate in the state:
85	(a) a state or federally chartered:

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86	<u>(i) bank;</u>
87	(ii) savings and loan association;
88	(iii) savings bank;
89	(iv) industrial bank;
90	(v) credit union;
91	(vi) trust company; or
92	(vii) institution that:
93	(A) holds or receives deposits, savings, or share accounts;
94	(B) issues certificates of deposit; or
95	(C) provides to customers accounts that are subject to withdrawal by checks, drafts, or
96	other instruments or by electronic means to effect third party payments; or
97	(b) an institution under the jurisdiction of the commissioner of Financial Institutions as
98	provided in Title 7, Financial Institutions Act.
99	(3) "Financial exploitation" means:
100	(a) the wrongful or unauthorized taking, withholding, appropriation, or use of money,
101	assets, or other property of an individual; or
102	(b) an act or omission, including through a power of attorney, guardianship, or
103	conservatorship of an individual, to:
104	(i) obtain control, through deception, intimidation, or undue influence, over the
105	individual's money, assets, or other property to deprive the individual of the ownership, use,
106	benefit, or possession of the individual's money, assets, or other property; or
107	(ii) convert the individual's money, assets, or other property to deprive the individual of
108	the ownership, use, benefit, or possession of the individual's money, assets, or other property.
109	(4) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
110	<u>53-1-102.</u>
111	(5) "Qualified individual" means:
112	(a) a branch manager of a covered financial institution; or
113	(b) a director, officer, employee, agent, or other representative that a covered financial
114	institution designates.
115	(6) "Third party associated with a vulnerable adult" means an individual:
116	(a) who is a parent, spouse, adult child, sibling, or other known family member of a

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117	vulnerable adult;
118	(b) whom a vulnerable adult authorizes the financial institution to contact;
119	(c) who is a co-owner, additional authorized signatory, or beneficiary on a vulnerable
120	adult's account; or
121	(d) who is an attorney, trustee, conservator, guardian or other fiduciary whom a court
122	or a government agency selects to manage some or all of the financial affairs of the vulnerable
123	<u>adult.</u>
124	(7) "Transaction" means any of the following services that a covered financial
125	institution provides:
126	(a) a transfer or request to transfer or disburse funds or assets in an account;
127	(b) a request to initiate a wire transfer, initiate an automated clearinghouse transfer, or
128	issue a money order, cashier's check, or official check;
129	(c) a request to negotiate a check or other negotiable instrument;
130	(d) a request to change the ownership of, or access to, an account;
131	(e) a request to sell or transfer a security or other asset, or a request to affix a medallion
132	stamp or provide any form of guarantee or endorsement in connection with an attempt to sell or
133	transfer a security or other asset, if the person selling or transferring the security or asset is not
134	required to obtain a license under Section 61-1-3;
135	(f) a request for a loan, extension of credit, or draw on a line of credit;
136	(g) a request to encumber any movable or immovable property; or
137	(h) a request to designate or change the designation of beneficiaries to receive any
138	property, benefit, or contract right.
139	(8) "Vulnerable adult" means:
140	(a) an individual who is 65 years of age or older; or
141	(b) the same as that term is defined in Section 62A-3-301.
142	Section 4. Section 13-57-201 is enacted to read:
143	Part 2. General Prevention of Financial Exploitation
144	<u>13-57-201.</u> Required approval for certain wire transfers.
145	(1) This section applies to a wire transfer that transfers money internationally from a
146	consumer account at a covered financial institution.
147	(2) Before a covered financial institution may execute a wire transfer described in

148	Subsection (1), a qualified individual shall:
149	(a) discuss with the individual initiating the wire transfer financial scam information
150	and characteristics, as described on the Office of the Attorney General's website as provided in
151	<u>Section 13-57-202;</u>
152	(b) in the presence of the individual initiating the wire transfer, attempt to contact each
153	joint or co-owner on the account; and
154	(c) obtain written documentation from the individual initiating the wire transfer that the
155	qualified individual:
156	(i) held the discussion described in Subsection (2)(a); and
157	(ii) attempted to contact each joint or co-owner on the account as described in
158	Subsection (2)(b).
159	(3) (a) If a qualified individual reasonably believes that an individual initiating a wire
160	transfer will result in financial exploitation, the covered financial institution may:
161	(i) delay the wire transfer; and
162	(ii) contact a law enforcement agency or Adult Protective Services.
163	(b) The delay of a wire transfer described in this Subsection (3) expires when the
164	earlier of the following occurs:
165	(i) the covered financial institution reasonably determines that the wire transfer is not
166	financial exploitation; or
167	(ii) 15 business days pass after the day on which the covered financial institution first
168	initiated the delay of the wire transfer.
169	Section 5. Section 13-57-202 is enacted to read:
170	<u>13-57-202.</u> Office of the Attorney General website.
171	The Office of the Attorney General shall post on the Office of the Attorney General's
172	website up-to-date information regarding financial scams, including:
173	(1) the most prominent and common characteristics of financial scams;
174	(2) current or trending financial scams;
175	(3) resources for a vulnerable adult who suspects a financial scam; and
176	(4) resources for an individual who suspects the financial exploitation of a vulnerable
177	<u>adult.</u>
178	Section 6. Section 13-57-301 is enacted to read:

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179	Part 3. Permitted Acts to Prevent Financial Exploitation of Vulnerable Adults
180	<u>13-57-301.</u> Delay of a transaction involving a vulnerable adult.
181	(1) A covered financial institution may delay a transaction involving a vulnerable adult,
182	<u>if:</u>
183	(a) a qualified individual reasonably believes that the requested transaction will result
184	in financial exploitation of the vulnerable adult; or
185	(b) a law enforcement agency provides the covered financial institution information
186	demonstrating that it is reasonable to believe that financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult is
187	occurring, has or may have occurred, is being attempted, or has been or may have been
188	attempted.
189	(2) (a) A covered financial institution that delays a transaction in accordance with
190	Subsection (1):
191	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), shall no later than two business days after
192	the day on which the transaction is delayed, send notice of the delay and the reason for the
193	delay to each party:
194	(A) authorized to transact business on the account; and
195	(B) for which the covered financial institution has contact information;
196	(ii) may send notice of the delay, the reason for the delay, or any additional information
197	about the transaction to:
198	(A) a law enforcement agency; or
199	(B) Adult Protective Services.
200	(b) A covered financial institution may:
201	(i) subject to Subsection 13-57-201(2), decide not to provide notice to a party described
202	in Subsection (2)(a)(i) if a qualified individual reasonably believes the party has engaged in
203	attempted financial exploitation of the vulnerable adult; and
204	(ii) send a notice described in Subsection (2)(a) electronically.
205	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the delay of a transaction described in
206	Subsection (1) expires when the earlier of the following occurs:
207	(i) the covered financial institution reasonably determines that the transaction will not
208	result in financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult; or
209	(ii) 15 business days pass after the day on which the covered financial institution first

210	initiated the delay of the transaction.
210	(b) (i) If a covered financial institution receives a request from a law enforcement
211	agency to extend the delay of a transaction beyond the expiration date established in Subsection
213	(3)(a), the covered financial institution may extend the delay no more than 25 business days
214	after the day on which the covered financial institution first initiated the delay.
215	(ii) A court of competent jurisdiction may enter an order:
216	(A) extending or shortening the delay of a transaction; or
217	(B) providing relief based on the petition of the covered financial institution, law
218	enforcement agency, or an interested party.
219	Section 7. Section 13-57-302 is enacted to read:
220	13-57-302. Permitted notifications.
221	(1) A covered financial institution may notify a law enforcement agency or Adult
222	Protective Services if a qualified individual believes that the financial exploitation of a
223	vulnerable adult is occurring, has or may have occurred, is being attempted, or has been or may
224	have been attempted.
225	(2) A covered financial institution may notify a third party associated with a vulnerable
226	adult if a qualified individual believes that the financial exploitation of the vulnerable adult is
227	occurring, has or may have occurred, is being attempted, or has been or may have been
228	attempted.
229	(3) Subject to Subsection 13-57-201(2), a covered financial institution may choose not
230	to notify a third party associated with a vulnerable adult as described in Subsection (2), if a
231	qualified individual reasonably believes that the third party is, may be, or may have been
232	engaged in the financial exploitation of the vulnerable adult.
233	Section 8. Section 13-57-401 is enacted to read:
234	Part 4. Enforcement
235	<u>13-57-401.</u> Penalties.
236	A covered financial institution that fails to comply with Subsection 13-57-201(2) is
237	liable to the individual who initiates the wire transfer:
238	(1) if a court determines that the wire transfer resulted in fraud or financial exploitation
239	of the individual; and
240	(2) for an amount that is no more than:

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241	(a) the lesser of:
242	(i) the wire transfer amount; or
243	(ii) \$50,000; and
244	(b) attorney fees.
245	Section 9. Section 13-57-402 is enacted to read:
246	<u>13-57-402.</u> Immunity.
247	(1) A covered financial institution or a director, officer, employee, attorney,
248	accountant, agent, or other representative of the covered financial institution:
249	(a) except as required in Subsection 13-57-201(2), has no duty to act under this chapter
250	to protect a vulnerable adult from financial exploitation by a third person; and
251	(b) is immune from all criminal, civil, and administrative liability for not taking a
252	permissive action under this chapter.
253	(2) A covered financial institution or a director, officer, employee, attorney,
254	accountant, agent, or other representative of the covered financial institution who chooses to
255	act as described in:
256	(a) Subsection 13-57-201(3), is immune from all criminal, civil, and administrative
257	liability for the act, unless the act is done in bad faith; and
258	(b) Section 13-57-301 or 13-57-302, is immune from all criminal, civil, and
259	administrative liability for the act, unless the act:
260	(i) is done in bad faith; and
261	(ii) causes pecuniary loss to a vulnerable adult suspected of being a victim of financial
262	exploitation.
263	(3) The immunity described in this section does not extend to an individual that is a
264	principal, a conspirator, or an accessory after the fact to a criminal offense involving the

265 <u>financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.</u>