	STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AMENDMENTS
	2020 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Melissa G. Ballard
	Senate Sponsor:
LONG	GTITLE
Gener	al Description:
	This bill amends provisions relating to the State Board of Education.
Highli	ghted Provisions:
	This bill:
	► defines terms;
	 reduces the size and modifies the membership of the State Board of Education;
	 provides that members of the State Board of Education are appointed by the
govern	or, with the consent of the Senate;
	 addresses board member terms, removal, and vacancies;
	 provides for the transition from old board members to new board members;
	• removes the State Board of Education from provisions of the Election Code; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money	Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Other	Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a contingent effective date.
Utah (Code Sections Affected:
AMEN	NDS:
	20A-1-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 13
	20A-1-504 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 19

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28	20A-6-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 275
29	20A-9-408 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
30	20A-11-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 155 and 165
31	20A-11-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 74
32	20A-11-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 74
33	20A-11-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 74
34	20A-11-1202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 203
35	53E-3-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
36	ENACTS:
37	53E-3-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	REPEALS:
39	20A-11-1301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 74
40	20A-11-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 74
41	20A-11-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 74
42	20A-11-1304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
43	20A-11-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 19
44	20A-14-101.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 455
45	20A-14-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 455
46	20A-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 455
47	20A-14-102.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 330
48	20A-14-102.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 455
49	20A-14-102.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 455
50	20A-14-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 19
51	20A-14-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 507
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53	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
54	Section 1. Section 20A-1-404 is amended to read:
55	20A-1-404. Election controversies.
56	(1) (a) (i) Whenever any controversy occurs between any election officer or other
57	person or entity charged with any duty or function under this title and any candidate, or the

58 officers or representatives of any political party, or persons who have made nominations, either

59	party to the controversy may file a verified petition with the district court.
60	(ii) If a petition is filed, the petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition on the
61	respondents on the same day that the petition is filed with the court.
62	(b) The verified petition shall identify concisely the nature of the controversy and the
63	relief sought.
64	(2) After reviewing the petition, the court shall:
65	(a) issue an order commanding the respondent named in the petition to appear before
66	the court to answer, under oath, to the petition;
67	(b) summarily hear and dispose of any issues raised by the petition to obtain:
68	(i) strict compliance with all filing deadlines for financial disclosure reports under:
69	(A) Section 10-3-208, regarding campaign finance statements in municipal elections;
70	(B) Section 17-16-6.5, regarding campaign finance statements for county offices;
71	(C) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 2, State Office Candidates - Campaign Organization
72	and Financial Reporting Requirements;
73	(D) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 3, Candidates for Legislative Office - Campaign
74	Organization and Financial Reporting Requirements;
75	(E) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 4, Officeholder Financial Reporting Requirements;
76	(F) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 5, Political Party Registration and Financial Reporting
77	Requirements;
78	(G) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 6, Political Action Committee Registration and
79	Financial Reporting Requirements;
80	(H) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 7, Campaign Financial Reporting by Corporations;
81	(I) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 8, Political Issues Committees - Registration and
82	Financial Reporting; and
83	[(J) Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 13, State School Board Candidates; and]
84	[(K)] (J) Title 20A, Chapter 12, Part 3, Campaign and Financial Reporting
85	Requirements for Judicial Retention Elections; and
86	(ii) substantial compliance with all other provisions of this title by the parties to the
87	controversy; and
88	(c) make and enter orders and judgments, and issue the process of the court to enforce
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89 all of those orders and judgments.

90	Section 2. Section 20A-1-504 is amended to read:
91	20A-1-504. Midterm vacancies in the offices of attorney general, state treasurer,
92	state auditor, and lieutenant governor.
93	(1) (a) When a vacancy occurs for any reason in the office of attorney general, state
94	treasurer, or state auditor, [or State Board of Education member,] the vacancy shall be filled for
95	the unexpired term at the next regular general election.
96	(b) The governor shall fill the vacancy until the next regular general election, $by[: (i)]$
97	appointing a person who meets the qualifications for the office from three persons nominated
98	by the state central committee of the same political party as the prior officeholder[; or].
99	[(ii) for a State Board of Education vacancy, if the individual who is being replaced:]
100	[(A) was elected at a nonpartisan State Board of Education election, by appointing,
101	with the consent of the Senate, an individual who meets the qualifications and residency
102	requirements for filling the vacancy described in Section 20A-14-103;]
103	[(B) was elected at a partisan State Board of Education election, but is not a member of
104	a political party, by appointing, with the consent of the Senate, an individual who meets the
105	qualifications and residency requirements for filling the vacancy described in Section
106	20A-14-103; or]
107	[(C) was elected at a partisan State Board of Education election, and is a member of a
108	political party, by appointing an individual who meets the qualifications for the office from
109	three persons nominated by the state central committee of the same political party as the prior
110	officeholder.]
111	(2) If a vacancy occurs in the office of lieutenant governor, the governor shall, with the
112	consent of the Senate, appoint a person to hold the office until the next regular general election
113	at which the governor stands for election.
114	Section 3. Section 20A-6-305 is amended to read:
115	20A-6-305. Master ballot position list Random selection Procedures
116	Publication Surname Exemptions Ballot order.
117	(1) As used in this section, "master ballot position list" means an official list of the 26
118	characters in the alphabet listed in random order and numbered from one to 26 as provided
119	under Subsection (2).
120	(2) The lieutenant governor shall:

121	(a) within 30 days after the candidate filing deadline in each even-numbered year,
122	conduct a random selection to create a master ballot position list for all elections in accordance
123	with procedures established under Subsection (2)(c);
124	(b) publish the master ballot position list on the lieutenant governor's election website
125	no later than 15 days after creating the list; and
126	(c) establish written procedures for:
127	(i) the election official to use the master ballot position list; and
128	(ii) the lieutenant governor in:
129	(A) conducting the random selection in a fair manner; and
130	(B) providing a record of the random selection process used.
131	(3) In accordance with the written procedures established under Subsection (2)(c)(i), an
132	election officer shall use the master ballot position list for the current year to determine the
133	order in which to list candidates on the ballot for an election held during the year.
134	(4) To determine the order in which to list candidates on the ballot required under
135	Subsection (3), the election officer shall apply the randomized alphabet using:
136	(a) the candidate's surname;
137	(b) for candidates with a surname that has the same spelling, the candidate's given
138	name;
139	(c) the surname of the president and the surname of the governor for an election for the
140	offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor; and
141	(d) if the ballot provides for a ticket or a straight party ticket, the registered political
142	party name.
143	(5) Subsections (1) through (4) do not apply to:
144	(a) an election for an office for which only one candidate is listed on the ballot; or
145	(b) a judicial retention election under Section 20A-12-201.
146	(6) Subject to Subsection (7), each ticket that appears on a ballot for an election shall
147	appear separately, in the following order:
148	(a) a straight party ticket, where the voter may, with one mark, vote for all candidates
149	of one political party;
150	(b) for federal office:
151	(i) president and vice president of the United States;

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152	(ii) United States Senate office; and
153	(iii) United States House of Representatives office;
154	(c) for state office:
155	(i) governor and lieutenant governor;
156	(ii) attorney general;
157	(iii) state auditor;
158	(iv) state treasurer;
159	(v) state Senate office; and
160	(vi) state House of Representatives office; [and]
161	[(vii) State Board of Education member;]
162	(d) for county office:
163	(i) county executive office;
164	(ii) county legislative body member;
165	(iii) county assessor;
166	(iv) county or district attorney;
167	(v) county auditor;
168	(vi) county clerk;
169	(vii) county recorder;
170	(viii) county sheriff;
171	(ix) county surveyor;
172	(x) county treasurer; and
173	(xi) local school board member;
174	(e) for municipal office:
175	(i) mayor; and
176	(ii) city or town council member;
177	(f) elected planning and service district council member;
178	(g) judicial retention questions; and
179	(h) ballot propositions not described in Subsection (6)(g).
180	(7) (a) A ticket for a race for a combined office shall appear on the ballot in the place
181	of the earliest ballot ticket position that is reserved for an office that is subsumed in the
182	combined office.

183 (b) Each ticket, other than a ticket described in Subsection (6)(g), shall list: 184 (i) each candidate in accordance with Subsections (1) through (4); and 185 (ii) except as otherwise provided in this title, the party name, initials, or title following 186 each candidate's name. 187 Section 4. Section 20A-9-408 is amended to read: 188 20A-9-408. Signature-gathering process to seek the nomination of a qualified 189 political party. 190 (1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a qualified political party 191 who is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office through the 192 signature-gathering process described in this section. 193 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the form of the declaration of 194 candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking the nomination of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as 195 196 described in Section 20A-9-408.5. 197 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in Subsection 198 20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the 199 nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next 200 general election shall: 201 (a) within the period beginning on January 1 before the next regular general election 202 and ending at 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March of the same year, and before gathering 203 signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant 204 governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes: 205 (i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered 206 political party under this section; 207 (ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking 208 nomination: 209 (iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate; 210 (iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and 211 (v) other information required by the lieutenant governor; 212 (b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, 213 in person, with the filing officer on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on

214	the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and
215	(c) pay the filing fee.
216	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified political
217	party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for the
218	office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next
219	general election shall:
220	(a) on or after January 1 before the next regular general election, and before gathering
221	signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant
222	governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes:
223	(i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered
224	political party under this section;
225	(ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking
226	nomination;
227	(iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;
228	(iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and
229	(v) other information required by the lieutenant governor;
230	(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy,
231	in person, with the filing officer on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on
232	the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and
233	(c) pay the filing fee.
234	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate
235	who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified
236	political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall, before the deadline described
237	in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b)(i) or (ii), file a declaration of candidacy and submit a letter
238	from the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket
239	running mate.
240	(6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in Subsection
241	20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party
242	under this section.
243	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection $20A-9-701(2)$, the ballot shall, for each candidate who
244	is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified political

245	party that nominated the candidate.
246	(8) A member of a qualified political party may seek the nomination of the qualified
247	political party for an elective office by:
248	(a) complying with the requirements described in this section; and
249	(b) collecting signatures, on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, during the
250	period beginning on January 1 of an even-numbered year and ending at 5 p.m. 14 days before
251	the day on which the qualified political party's convention for the office is held, in the
252	following amounts:
253	(i) for a statewide race, 28,000 signatures of registered voters in the state who are
254	permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in
255	a primary election;
256	(ii) for a congressional district race, 7,000 signatures of registered voters who are
257	residents of the congressional district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote
258	for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
259	(iii) for a state Senate district race, 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are
260	residents of the state Senate district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for
261	the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
262	(iv) for a state House district race, 1,000 signatures of registered voters who are
263	residents of the state House district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for
264	the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election; and
265	[(v) for a State Board of Education race, the lesser of:]
266	[(A) 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the State Board of
267	Education district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified
268	political party's candidates in a primary election; or]
269	[(B) 3% of the registered voters of the qualified political party who are residents of the
270	applicable State Board of Education district; and]
271	[(vi)] (v) for a county office race, signatures of 3% of the registered voters who are
272	residents of the area permitted to vote for the county office and are permitted by the qualified
273	political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election.
274	(9) (a) In order for a member of the qualified political party to qualify as a candidate
275	for the qualified political party's nomination for an elective office under this section, the

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276 member shall: 277 (i) collect the signatures on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, using the same 278 circulation and verification requirements described in Sections 20A-7-204 and 20A-7-205; and 279 (ii) submit the signatures to the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 14 days 280 before the day on which the qualified political party holds the party's convention to select 281 candidates, for the elective office, for the qualified political party's nomination. 282 (b) An individual may not gather signatures under this section until after the individual 283 files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section. 284 (c) An individual who files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, 285 described in Subsection (3)(a) or (4)(a), is, beginning on the day on which the individual files 286 the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy: 287 (i) required to comply with the reporting requirements that a candidate for office is 288 required to comply with: and 289 (ii) subject to the same enforcement provisions, and civil and criminal penalties, that apply to a candidate for office in relation to the reporting requirements described in Subsection 290 291 (9)(c)(i).292 (d) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(a), the 293 election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the election 294 officer receives the signatures, or one day before the day on which the qualified political party 295 holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets 296 relate: 297 (i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature 298 packet to determine whether each individual is a resident of Utah and is at least 18 years old; 299 (ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) who is not a 300 Utah resident or who is not at least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney; 301 (iii) determine whether each signer is a registered voter who is qualified to sign the 302 petition, using the same method, described in Section 20A-7-206.3, used to verify a signature 303 on a petition; and 304 (iv) certify whether each name is that of a registered voter who is qualified to sign the 305 signature packet. 306 (e) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(a), the

307 election officer shall, no later than one day before the day on which the qualified political party 308 holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets 309 relate, notify the qualified political party and the lieutenant governor of the name of each 310 member of the qualified political party who qualifies as a nominee of the qualified political 311 party, under this section, for the elective office to which the convention relates. 312 (f) Upon receipt of a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in 313 this section, the lieutenant governor shall post the notice of intent to gather signatures for 314 candidacy on the lieutenant governor's website in the same location that the lieutenant governor 315 posts a declaration of candidacy. 316 Section 5. Section **20A-11-101** is amended to read: 317 20A-11-101. Definitions. 318 As used in this chapter: 319 (1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a 320 reporting entity has its principal office. 321 (2) "Agent of a reporting entity" means: 322 (a) a person acting on behalf of a reporting entity at the direction of the reporting 323 entity; 324 (b) a person employed by a reporting entity in the reporting entity's capacity as a 325 reporting entity; (c) the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder; 326 327 (d) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder in the 328 member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate or 329 officeholder; or 330 (e) a political consultant of a reporting entity. 331 (3) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional 332 amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by 333 the Utah Code Annotated 1953. 334 (4) "Candidate" means any person who: (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office: or 335 336 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 337 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election

338	to a public office.
339	(5) "Chief election officer" means:
340	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
341	officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
342	committees, [state school board candidates,] judges, and labor organizations, as defined in
343	Section 20A-11-1501; and
344	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
345	(6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
346	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
347	value given to the filing entity;
348	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
349	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
350	anything of value to the filing entity;
351	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
352	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
353	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
354	(v) remuneration from:
355	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist;
356	or
357	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts;
358	(vi) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and
359	(vii) in-kind contributions.
360	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
361	(i) services provided by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf
362	of the filing entity if the services are provided without compensation by the filing entity or any
363	other person;
364	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
365	business; or
366	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less
367	than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political
368	party.

369	(7) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
370	candidate or political party are provided:
371	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political
372	party does not object;
373	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
374	(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
375	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or
376	political party.
377	(8) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
378	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
379	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
380	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
381	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
382	proposition.
383	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
384	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
385	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
386	(9) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
387	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
388	the registered political party.
389	(10) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
390	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
391	20A-8-402.
392	(11) "Detailed listing" means:
393	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
394	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
395	service assistance, except to the extent that the name or address of the individual or source is
396	unknown;
397	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
398	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
399	(b) for each expenditure:

400	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
401	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
402	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
403	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
404	(12) (a) "Donor" means a person that gives money, including a fee, due, or assessment
405	for membership in the corporation, to a corporation without receiving full and adequate
406	consideration for the money.
407	(b) "Donor" does not include a person that signs a statement that the corporation may
408	not use the money for an expenditure or political issues expenditure.
409	(13) "Election" means each:
410	(a) regular general election;
411	(b) regular primary election; and
412	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
413	(14) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
414	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
415	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
416	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
417	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
418	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
419	(15) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a reporting entity or an
420	agent of a reporting entity on behalf of the reporting entity:
421	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
422	required by this chapter;
423	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
424	or anything of value made for political purposes;
425	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
426	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
427	value for political purposes;
428	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
429	without charge to a reporting entity;
430	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign

431	committee; or
432	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
433	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
434	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
435	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
436	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
437	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
438	business; or
439	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (15)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
440	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
441	(16) "Federal office" means the office of president of the United States, United States
442	Senator, or United States Representative.
443	(17) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial
444	statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections.
445	(18) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified
446	financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts,
447	donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial
448	Retention Elections.
449	(19) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the
450	candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee,
451	political party, or corporation.
452	(20) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2a, Municipal
453	Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city, town, or
454	metro township.
455	(21) "Incorporation election" means the election conducted under Section $10-2a-210$ or
456	10-2a-404.
457	(22) "Incorporation petition" means a petition described in Section 10-2a-208.
458	(23) "Individual" means a natural person.
459	(24) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value, other than money, that is accepted
460	by or coordinated with a filing entity.
461	(25) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and

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462 expenditures made since the last report. 463 (26) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker 464 of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant 465 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 466 (27) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 467 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 468 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of 469 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and 470 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or 471 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 472 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or 473 appointment to a legislative office. 474 (28) "Loan" means any of the following provided by a person that benefits a filing 475 entity if the person expects repayment or reimbursement: 476 (a) an expenditure made using any form of payment; 477 (b) money or funds received by the filing entity; 478 (c) the provision of a good or service with an agreement or understanding that payment 479 or reimbursement will be delayed; or 480 (d) use of any line of credit. 481 (29) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties that 482 have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature. 483 (30) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office. 484 (31) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the 485 governing board of a registered political party. 486 (32) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business 487 organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, 488 political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501. 489 (33) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to 490 act for the candidate as provided in this chapter. 491 (34) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section 492 20A-11-104.

493	(35) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or
494	entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
495	(i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political
496	purposes; or
497	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for [any person] an individual to refrain
498	from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or
499	county office.
500	(b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political
501	party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party
502	that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
503	(c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
504	(i) a party committee;
505	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular
506	course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
507	(iii) an individual;
508	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
509	account;
510	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political
511	action committee; or
512	(vi) a personal campaign committee.
513	(36) (a) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a reporting entity, or paid
514	by another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, to provide
515	political advice to the reporting entity.
516	(b) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (36)(a),
517	where the person:
518	(i) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;
519	(ii) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or
520	(iii) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the reporting entity or another
521	person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, be paid in the future, with
522	money or other consideration.
523	(37) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a

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524 registered political party to select candidates. 525 (38) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 526 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to: 527 (i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in 528 placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or 529 to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition; 530 (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a 531 ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any 532 proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or 533 (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the 534 ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot. (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean: 535 536 (i) a registered political party or a party committee; (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the 537 538 regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 539 (iii) an individual; 540 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 541 account; 542 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political 543 issues committee; or 544 (vi) a group of individuals who: 545 (A) associate together for the purpose of challenging or supporting a single ballot 546 proposition, ordinance, or other governmental action by a county, city, town, local district, 547 special service district, or other local political subdivision of the state; 548 (B) have a common liberty, property, or financial interest that is directly impacted by 549 the ballot proposition, ordinance, or other governmental action; 550 (C) do not associate together, for the purpose described in Subsection (38)(b)(vi)(A), 551 via a legal entity; 552 (D) do not receive funds for challenging or supporting the ballot proposition, 553 ordinance, or other governmental action from a person other than an individual in the group; 554 and

555	(E) do not expend a total of more than \$5,000 for the purpose described in Subsection
556	(38)(b)(vi)(A).
557	(39) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
558	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
559	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
560	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
561	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
562	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
563	entity;
564	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered
565	without charge to a political issues committee; and
566	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
567	less than fair market value.
568	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
569	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
570	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
571	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
572	course of business.
573	(40) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following when made by a
574	political issues committee or on behalf of a political issues committee by an agent of the
575	reporting entity:
576	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
577	the approval or the defeat of:
578	(A) a ballot proposition; or
579	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
580	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
581	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
582	(A) a ballot proposition; or
583	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
584	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
585	political issues expenditure;

586	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
587	without charge to a political issues committee; or
588	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
589	than fair market value.
590	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
591	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
592	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
593	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
594	course of business.
595	(41) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
596	tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
597	against any:
598	(a) candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political
599	convention, or election; or
600	(b) judge standing for retention at any election.
601	(42) (a) "Poll" means the survey of a person regarding the person's opinion or
602	knowledge of an individual who has filed a declaration of candidacy for public office, or of a
603	ballot proposition that has legally qualified for placement on the ballot, [which] that is
604	conducted in person or by telephone, facsimile, Internet, postal mail, or email.
605	(b) "Poll" does not include:
606	(i) a ballot; or
607	(ii) an interview of a focus group that is conducted, in person, by one individual, if:
608	(A) the focus group consists of more than three, and less than thirteen, individuals; and
609	(B) all individuals in the focus group are present during the interview.
610	(43) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election
611	laws.
612	(44) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals
613	sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action
614	committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the
615	political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the
616	individuals are listed.

618state treasurer, attorney general, [state school board member.] state senator, state619representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,620whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.621(46) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an622officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to623communicate with the officeholder's constituents:624(i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of625money or anything of value to an officeholder; or626(ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the627officeholder.628(b) "Public service assistance" does not include:629(i) anything provided by the state;630(ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all631of their time on behalf of an officeholder;632(iii) money lent to an officeholder;633(iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or634(iv) news coverage or any publication is devoted to information about the635(47) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.639(48) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11,640Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.641(49) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that642is	617	(45) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor,
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	644	(50) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that
646 Governor	645	is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant
	646	Governor.
647 (51) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:	647	(51) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:

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648 (a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%649 or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives 650 for any of its candidates for any office: or 651 (b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political 652 Party Formation and Procedures. 653 (52) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment: 654 (i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and 655 (ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned 656 during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business. 657 (b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by: 658 (i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or 659 (ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business: 660 (A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or (B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity. 661 662 (53) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, 663 a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political 664 action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as 665 defined in Section 20A-11-1501. 666 [(54) "School board office" means the office of state school board.] 667 [(55)] (54) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the 668 tangible or intangible asset that comprises the contribution. 669 (b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political 670 action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action 671 committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation. 672 [(56)] (55) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney 673 general, state auditor, and state treasurer. 674 $\left[\frac{(57)}{(57)}\right]$ (56) "State office candidate" means a person who: 675 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or 676 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 677 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or 678 appointment to a state office.

679	[(58)] (57) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
680	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
681	[(59)] (58) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that
682	allocate expenditures from a political issues committee.
683	Section 6. Section 20A-11-204 is amended to read:
684	20A-11-204. State office candidate and state officeholder Financial reporting
685	requirements Interim reports.
686	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), each state office candidate shall file an
687	interim report at the following times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration
688	of candidacy for a public office:
689	(a) (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention; or
690	(ii) for an unaffiliated candidate, the fourth Saturday in March;
691	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
692	(c) September 30; and
693	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
694	(2) If a state office candidate is a state office candidate seeking appointment for a
695	midterm vacancy, the state office candidate:
696	(a) shall file an interim report:
697	(i) (A) no later than seven days before the day on which the political party of the party
698	for which the state office candidate seeks nomination meets to declare a nominee for the
699	governor to appoint in accordance with Section 20A-1-504; and
700	(B) two days before the day on which the political party of the party for which the state
701	office candidate seeks nomination meets to declare a nominee for the governor to appoint in
702	accordance with Subsection 20A-1-504(1)(b)[(i)]; or
703	(ii) if a state office candidate decides to seek the appointment with less than seven days
704	before the party meets, or the political party schedules the meeting to declare a nominee less
705	than seven days before the day of the meeting, no later than 5 p.m. on the last day of business
706	before the day on which the party meets; and
707	(b) is not required to file an interim report at the times described in Subsection (1).
708	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
709	account required under Subsection 20A-11-201(1)(a) or (c).

710	(b) Each state officeholder who has a campaign account that has not been dissolved
711	under Section 20A-11-205 shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the following times,
712	regardless of whether an election for the state officeholder's office is held that year:
713	(i) (A) seven days before the political convention for the political party of the state
714	officeholder; or
715	(B) for an unaffiliated state officeholder, the fourth Saturday in March;
716	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
717	(iii) September 30; and
718	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
719	(4) Each interim report shall include the following information:
720	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
721	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
722	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
723	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
724	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
725	(d) a detailed listing of:
726	(i) for a state office candidate, each contribution received since the last summary report
727	that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report; or
728	(ii) for a state officeholder, each contribution and public service assistance received
729	since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
730	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
731	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
732	contributor; and
733	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
734	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
735	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
736	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
737	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
738	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
739	last summary report;
740	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:

741	(i) beginning balance;
742	(ii) total contributions and public service assistance received during the period since
743	the last statement;
744	(iii) total contributions and public service assistance received to date;
745	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
746	(v) total expenditures to date; and
747	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate or state
748	officeholder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under
749	Section 20A-11-601.
750	(5) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
751	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
752	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a state office candidate or state
753	officeholder more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this
754	section shall be included in the interim report.
755	Section 7. Section 20A-11-402 is amended to read:
756	20A-11-402. Officeholder financial reporting requirements Statement of
757	dissolution.
758	(1) An officeholder or former officeholder is active and subject to reporting
759	requirements until the officeholder or former officeholder has filed a statement of dissolution
760	with the lieutenant governor stating that:
761	(a) the officeholder or former officeholder is no longer receiving contributions or
762	public service assistance and is no longer making expenditures;
763	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
764	separate bank account required by Section 20A-11-201[;] or 20A-11-301[; or 20A-11-1301] is
765	zero; and
766	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-401 showing a zero
767	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
768	(2) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.
769	(3) (a) Each officeholder shall report to the lieutenant governor each contribution or
770	public service assistance received by the state officeholder within 31 days after the day on
771	which the officeholder receives the contribution or public service assistance.

772	(b) For each contribution or public service assistance that an officeholder fails to report
773	within the time period described in Subsection (3)(a), the lieutenant governor shall impose a
774	fine against the officeholder in an amount equal to:
775	(i) 10% of the amount of the contribution or public service assistance if the
776	officeholder reports the contribution or public service assistance within 60 days after the day on
777	which the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) ends; or
778	(ii) 20% of the amount of the contribution or public service assistance if the
779	officeholder fails to report the contribution or public service assistance within 60 days after the
780	day on which the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) ends.
781	(c) Each officeholder or former officeholder shall continue to file the year-end
782	summary report required by Section 20A-11-401 until the statement of dissolution and final
783	summary report required by this section are filed with the lieutenant governor.
784	(4) An officeholder or former officeholder may not use a contribution or public service
785	assistance deposited in an account in accordance with this chapter for:
786	(a) a personal use expenditure; or
787	(b) an expenditure prohibited by law.
788	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a former officeholder may not expend
789	or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former
790	officeholder to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
791	(b) A former officeholder may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner
792	that would cause the former officeholder to recognize the money as taxable income under
793	federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.
794	Section 8. Section 20A-11-403 is amended to read:
795	20A-11-403. Failure to file Penalties.
796	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant
797	governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
798	(a) each officeholder that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
799	(b) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
800	(2) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file the summary report required by
801	law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
802	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any

803 summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, if the lieutenant governor determines that a 804 violation has occurred: 805 (a) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and 806 (b) within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify 807 the officeholder of the violation or written complaint and direct the officeholder to file a 808 summary report correcting the problem. 809 (3) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend a summary report 810 within seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section. 811 (b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B 812 misdemeanor. 813 (c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(a) to the 814 attorney general. 815 (d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (3)(b), the lieutenant 816 governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an officeholder who violates Subsection 817 (3)(a). 818 (4) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of an interim report by an officeholder 819 under Subsection 20A-11-204(2); or 20A-11-303(1)(c), [or 20A-11-1303(1)(d);] the 820 lieutenant governor shall review each filed interim report to ensure that each interim report 821 contains the information required for the report. 822 (5) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file an interim report required by 823 law, if it appears that a filed interim report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant 824 governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any 825 interim report, the lieutenant governor shall, if the lieutenant governor determines that a 826 violation has occurred: 827 (a) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and 828 (b) within five days after the day on which the violation is discovered or a written 829 complaint is received, notify the officeholder of the violation or written complaint and direct 830 the officeholder to file an interim report correcting the problem. 831 (6) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend an interim report within seven days after the day on which the officeholder receives notice from the lieutenant 832 833 governor under this section.

834	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (6)(a) is guilty of a class B
835	misdemeanor.
836	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (6)(a) to the
837	attorney general.
838	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (6)(b), the lieutenant
839	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an officeholder who violates Subsection
840	(6)(a).
841	Section 9. Section 20A-11-1202 is amended to read:
842	20A-11-1202. Definitions.
843	As used in this part:
844	(1) "Applicable election officer" means:
845	(a) a county clerk, if the email relates only to a local election; or
846	(b) the lieutenant governor, if the email relates to an election other than a local
847	election.
848	(2) "Ballot proposition" means constitutional amendments, initiatives, referenda,
849	judicial retention questions, opinion questions, bond approvals, or other questions submitted to
850	the voters for their approval or rejection.
851	(3) "Campaign contribution" means any of the following when done for a political
852	purpose or to advocate for or against a ballot proposition:
853	(a) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, deposit of money, or anything of value
854	given to a filing entity;
855	(b) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
856	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, deposit of money, or anything
857	of value to a filing entity;
858	(c) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to a filing entity;
859	(d) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
860	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
861	(e) remuneration from:
862	(i) any organization or the organization's directly affiliated organization that has a
863	registered lobbyist; or
864	(ii) any agency or subdivision of the state, including a school district; or

865	(f) an in-kind contribution.
866	(4) (a) "Commercial interlocal cooperation agency" means an interlocal cooperation
867	agency that receives its revenues from conduct of its commercial operations.
868	(b) "Commercial interlocal cooperation agency" does not mean an interlocal
869	cooperation agency that receives some or all of its revenues from:
870	(i) government appropriations;
871	(ii) taxes;
872	(iii) government fees imposed for regulatory or revenue raising purposes; or
873	(iv) interest earned on public funds or other returns on investment of public funds.
874	(5) "Expenditure" means:
875	(a) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
876	or anything of value;
877	(b) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
878	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
879	value;
880	(c) a transfer of funds between a public entity and a candidate's personal campaign
881	committee;
882	(d) a transfer of funds between a public entity and a political issues committee; or
883	(e) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a candidate, a candidate's
884	personal campaign committee, or a political issues committee for political purposes at less than
885	fair market value.
886	(6) "Filing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-11-101.
887	(7) "Governmental interlocal cooperation agency" means an interlocal cooperation
888	agency that receives some or all of its revenues from:
889	(a) government appropriations;
890	(b) taxes;
891	(c) government fees imposed for regulatory or revenue raising purposes; or
892	(d) interest earned on public funds or other returns on investment of public funds.
893	(8) "Influence" means to campaign or advocate for or against a ballot proposition.
894	(9) "Interlocal cooperation agency" means an entity created by interlocal agreement
895	under the authority of Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.

896	(10) "Local district" means an entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
897	Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title 17D,
898	Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
899	(11) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
900	intend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
901	against any:
902	(a) candidate for public office at any caucus, political convention, primary, or election;
903	or
904	(b) judge standing for retention at any election.
905	(12) "Proposed initiative" means an initiative proposed in an application filed under
906	Section 20A-7-202 or 20A-7-502.
907	(13) "Proposed referendum" means a referendum proposed in an application filed
908	under Section 20A-7-302 or 20A-7-602.
909	(14) (a) "Public entity" includes the state, each state agency, each county, municipality,
910	school district, local district, governmental interlocal cooperation agency, and each
911	administrative subunit of each of them.
912	(b) "Public entity" does not include a commercial interlocal cooperation agency.
913	(c) "Public entity" includes local health departments created under Title 26, Chapter 1,
914	Department of Health Organization.
915	(15) (a) "Public funds" means any money received by a public entity from
916	appropriations, taxes, fees, interest, or other returns on investment.
917	(b) "Public funds" does not include money donated to a public entity by a person or
918	entity.
919	(16) (a) "Public official" means an elected or appointed member of government with
920	authority to make or determine public policy.
921	(b) "Public official" includes the person or group that:
922	(i) has supervisory authority over the personnel and affairs of a public entity; and
923	(ii) approves the expenditure of funds for the public entity.
924	(17) "Reporting entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-11-101.
925	(18) (a) "State agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
926	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,

927	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
928	(b) "State agency" includes the legislative branch, the State Board of Education, the
929	Board of Regents, the institutional councils of each higher education institution, and each
930	higher education institution.
931	Section 10. Section 53E-3-201 is amended to read:
932	53E-3-201. State board members Election and appointment of officers
933	Selection or removal of officers.
934	(1) Members of the state board [shall be nominated and elected] are appointed as
935	provided in [Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School
936	Boards] Section 53E-3-205.
937	(2) The state board shall elect from [its] among the state board's members a chair[, and
938	at least one] and a vice chair[, but no more than three vice chairs,] every other year at a meeting
939	held [any time between November 15 and] no sooner than January 1 and no later than January
940	15.
941	[(3) (a)] If the election of officers is held subsequent to the election of a new member of
942	the state board, but prior to the time that the new member takes office, the new member shall
943	assume the position of the outgoing member for purposes of the election of officers.]
944	[(b) In all other matters the outgoing member shall retain the full authority of the office
945	until replaced as provided by law.]
946	[(4) The duties of these officers shall be determined by the state board.]
947	[(5)] (3) The state board shall appoint a secretary who serves at the pleasure of the state
948	board.
949	[(6) An officer appointed or elected by the state board under this section may be
950	removed from office]
951	(4) The state board may remove an individual from the position of chair, vice chair, or
952	secretary for cause by a vote of two-thirds of the state board.
953	(5) The state board may, by majority vote, select an individual to replace an individual
954	removed from a position described in Subsection (4).
955	Section 11. Section 53E-3-205 is enacted to read:
956	53E-3-205. State board Transition Selection of members Terms
957	Vacancies Removal.

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958	(1) (a) A member of the state board, as constituted on January 1, 2021, may continue to
959	serve on the state board until the member's term ends.
960	(b) When the number of state board members drops below nine, the governor shall
961	appoint a state board member, with the consent of the Senate, to bring the number of state
962	board members to nine.
963	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the term of a state board member
964	appointed by the governor under Subsection (1)(b) is six years.
965	(b) The governor may reduce the initial term of a state board member appointed by the
966	governor under Subsection (1)(b) to ensure that the term for three members of the state board
967	begins every two years.
968	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), an individual may not serve more than two
969	consecutive six-year terms on the state board.
970	(d) An individual appointed to serve an initial term of less than six years may serve that
971	term consecutively with two, subsequent, six-year terms.
972	(3) A state board member may not, during the member's term of office, also serve as an
973	employee of the state board or as a member of a local school board.
974	(4) If, after the state board consists of nine members appointed by the governor under
975	Subsection (1)(b), a vacancy occurs in the office of state board member before the end of the
976	member's term, the governor shall, with the consent of the Senate, appoint an individual to fill
977	the vacancy for the remainder of the term of the individual being replaced.
978	(5) The governor may, with the consent of the Senate, remove a member of the state
979	board for cause.
980	Section 12. Repealer.
981	This bill repeals:
982	Section 20A-11-1301, School board office Campaign finance requirements
983	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Contribution
984	reporting deadline Report other accounts Anonymous contributions.
985	Section 20A-11-1302, School board office candidate Financial reporting
986	requirements Year-end summary report.
987	Section 20A-11-1303, School board office candidate and school board officeholder
988	Financial reporting requirements Interim reports.

989	Section 20A-11-1304, School board office candidate Financial reporting
990	requirements Termination of duty to report.
991	Section 20A-11-1305, School board office candidate Failure to file statement
992	Penalties.
993	Section 20A-14-101.1, Definitions.
994	Section 20A-14-101.5, State Board of Education Number of members State
995	Board of Education district boundaries.
996	Section 20A-14-102, State Board of Education districts.
997	Section 20A-14-102.1, Omissions from maps How resolved.
998	Section 20A-14-102.2, Uncertain boundaries How resolved.
999	Section 20A-14-102.3, County clerk, Automated Geographic Reference Center,
1000	and lieutenant governor responsibilities Maps and voting precinct boundaries.
1001	Section 20A-14-103, State Board of Education members Term Requirements.
1002	Section 20A-14-104.1, State Board of Education Candidacy.
1003	Section 13. Contingent effective date.
1004	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2021, if the amendment to the Utah Constitution
1005	proposed by H.J.R. 13, 2020 General Session, passes the Legislature and is approved by a
1006	majority of those voting on the proposed amendment at the 2020 regular general election.