# HJR020S01 compared with HJR020

{deleted text} shows text that was in HJR020 but was deleted in HJR020S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HJR020 but was inserted into HJR020S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

**Representative Jennifer Dailey-Provost** proposes the following substitute bill:

# JOINT RESOLUTION ENCOURAGING LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS TO SET LICENSING RULES

2020 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jennifer {Dailey-Provost} Dailey-Provost

Senate	Sponsor:	

#### **LONG TITLE**

### **General Description:**

This joint resolution encourages local boards of health to enact regulations to limit the number of tobacco retail permits the local health department may issue.

## **Highlighted Provisions:**

This resolution:

- ▶ highlights the adverse health effects of electronic cigarette use in youth; and
- encourages local boards of health to enact regulations that limit the number of tobacco retail permits the local health department may issue.

#### **Special Clauses:**

None

## HJR020S01 compared with HJR020

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

WHEREAS, in 2018, the Surgeon General of the United States issued an advisory on electronic cigarette use among youth, calling the rise in youth electronic cigarette use an epidemic;

WHEREAS, in addition to nicotine exposure, the aerosol and flavoring that electronic cigarette users inhale can expose them to other harmful substances, including heavy metals, volatile organic compounds, and ultrafine particles;

WHEREAS, nicotine exposure during adolescence can harm the developing brain and impact memory, learning, and attention;

WHEREAS, approximately two-thirds of 15-24 year-olds surveyed did not know that electronic cigarettes contained nicotine;

WHEREAS, the use of electronic cigarettes among Utah high school students increased from 5.8% in 2013 to 11.1% in 2017;

WHEREAS, in 2017, 32.1% of high school seniors had tried an electronic cigarette;

WHEREAS, there is substantial evidence that youth who use electronic cigarettes are four times more likely to become traditional cigarette users;

WHEREAS, in 2017, nearly 10% of Utah students reported that they bought electronic cigarette products in vape shops and an additional 8.6% bought electronic cigarette products in other stores, tobacco specialty shops, or on the Internet;

WHEREAS, higher densities of tobacco retailer stores increase the likelihood of a minor's ability to access electronic cigarettes and other nicotine and tobacco products;

<u>WHEREAS</u>, there is a specific need to limit licensing for mixed retail tobacco licenses and specialty tobacco licenses; and

WHEREAS, in 2019, Summit County enacted an ordinance to limit the total number of tobacco retail permits issued by the local health department to a level that is appropriate and meaningful for its jurisdiction:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah encourages local boards of health to enact regulations to limit the number of tobacco retail permits local health departments may issue.