

20	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Clan:
27	Section 1. Section 20A-6-301 is amended to read:
28	20A-6-301. Paper ballots Regular general election.
29	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
30	(a) all paper ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain:
31	(i) no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section;
32	(ii) no symbols, markings, or other descriptions of a political party or group, except for
33	a registered political party that has chosen to nominate its candidates in accordance with
34	Section 20A-9-403; and
35	(iii) no indication that a candidate for elective office has been nominated by, or has
36	been endorsed by, or is in any way affiliated with a political party or group, unless the
37	candidate has been nominated by a registered political party in accordance with Subsection
38	20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5).
39	(b) immediately below the perforated ballot stub, the following endorsements are
40	printed in 18 point bold type:
41	(i) "Official Ballot for County, Utah";
42	(ii) the date of the election; and
43	(iii) the words "Clerk of County" or, as applicable, the name of a
44	combined office that includes the duties of a county clerk;
45	(c) the party name or title is printed in capital letters not less than one-fourth of an inch
46	high;
47	(d) unaffiliated candidates, candidates not affiliated with a registered political party,
48	and all other candidates for elective office who were not nominated by a registered political
49	party in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5), are listed with
50	the other candidates for the same office in accordance with Section 20A-6-305, without a party
51	name or title[, and with a mark referencing the following statement at the bottom of the ticket:
52	"This candidate is not affiliated with, or does not qualify to be listed on the ballot as affiliated
53	with, a political party."];
54	(e) each ticket containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and device,
55	are separated by heavy parallel lines;
56	(f) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the

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57	candidates for those offices;
58	(g) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than one-eighth nor
59	more than one-fourth of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than 10 point, between
60	lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart; and
61	(h) on a ticket for a race in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and in
62	which a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601:
63	(i) the ballot includes a space for a write-in candidate immediately following the last
64	candidate listed on that ticket; or
65	(ii) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant
66	governor, the ballot includes two spaces for write-in candidates immediately following the last
67	candidates on that ticket, one placed above the other, to enable the entry of two valid write-in
68	candidates.
69	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
70	(a) each person nominated by any registered political party under Subsection
71	20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5), and no other person, is placed on the ballot:
72	(i) under the registered political party's name, if any; or
73	(ii) under the title of the registered political party as designated by them in their
74	certificates of nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
75	(b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Title 20A,
76	Chapter 9, Part 5, Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
77	(c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot
78	instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
79	(d) the ballots contain no other names.
80	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure
81	that:
82	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of
83	candidates to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight point;
84	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;

(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of candidates for

(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are

which the voter may vote)" extend to the extreme right of the column;

candidates;

- (e) the names in each group are placed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305 with the surnames last; and
- (f) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to _____ (the number of candidates for which the voter may vote)," according to the number to be elected.
 - (4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
- (a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-107;
- (b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-107; and
- (c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
 - Section 2. Section **20A-9-403** is amended to read:

20A-9-403. Regular primary elections.

- (1) (a) Candidates for elective office that are to be filled at the next regular general election shall be nominated in a regular primary election by direct vote of the people in the manner prescribed in this section. The regular primary election is held on the date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5. Nothing in this section shall affect a candidate's ability to qualify for a regular general election's ballot as an unaffiliated candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to participate in a regular general election as a write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601.
- (b) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall nominate the registered political party's candidates for elective office in the manner described in this section.
- (c) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a registered political party or any other political group and a candidate for elective office who is not nominated in the manner prescribed in this section or in Subsection 20A-9-202(4).
 - (d) Unless noted otherwise, the dates in this section refer to those that occur in each

even-numbered year in which a regular general election will be held.

- (2) (a) Each registered political party, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor, shall:
 - (i) either declare the registered political party's intent to participate in the next regular primary election or declare that the registered political party chooses not to have the names of the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured on the ballot at the next regular general election; and
 - (ii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary election, identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the registered political party's candidates and whether individuals identified as unaffiliated with a political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates.
 - (b) (i) A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) with the lieutenant governor no later than 5 p.m. on November 30 of each odd-numbered year.
 - (ii) An organization that is seeking to become a registered political party under Section 20A-8-103 shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) at the time that the registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103.
 - (c) (i) A presidential primary election and a regular primary election held during the same year are considered one primary election for the purpose of determining whether a voter may vote in the primary election for a particular political party.
 - (ii) Consistent with Subsection (2)(c)(i), an individual who, after voting in a presidential primary election and before voting in the regular primary election during the same year, changes the individual's political party affiliation status may not vote in the regular primary election of a political party other than the political party in whose presidential primary the individual voted.
 - (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), an individual who submits a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 shall appear as a candidate for elective office on the regular primary ballot of the registered political party listed on the declaration of candidacy only if the individual is certified by the appropriate filing officer as having submitted a set of nomination petitions that was:
 - (i) circulated and completed in accordance with Section 20A-9-405; and

- (ii) signed by at least 2% of the registered political party's members who reside in the political division of the office that the individual seeks.
- (b) (i) A candidate for elective office shall submit nomination petitions to the appropriate filing officer for verification and certification no later than 5 p.m. on the final day in March.
- (ii) A candidate may supplement the candidate's submissions at any time on or before the filing deadline.
- (c) (i) The lieutenant governor shall determine for each elective office the total number of signatures that must be submitted under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) by counting the aggregate number of individuals residing in each elective office's political division who have designated a particular registered political party on the individuals' voter registration forms on or before November 15 of each odd-numbered year.
- (ii) The lieutenant governor shall publish the determination for each elective office no later than November 30 of each odd-numbered year.
 - (d) The filing officer shall:
- (i) verify signatures on nomination petitions in a transparent and orderly manner, no later than 14 days after the day on which a candidate submits the signatures to the filing officer;
- (ii) for all qualifying candidates for elective office who submit nomination petitions to the filing officer, issue certifications referenced in Subsection (3)(a) no later than the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b)(i) or (ii);
 - (iii) consider active and inactive voters eligible to sign nomination petitions;
- (iv) consider an individual who signs a nomination petition a member of a registered political party for purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ii) if the individual has designated that registered political party as the individual's party membership on the individual's voter registration form; and
- (v) utilize procedures described in Section 20A-7-206.3 to verify submitted nomination petition signatures, or use statistical sampling procedures to verify submitted nomination petition signatures in accordance with rules made under Subsection (3)(f).
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Subsection (3), a candidate for lieutenant governor may appear on the regular primary ballot of a registered political party without submitting nomination petitions if the candidate files a declaration of candidacy and

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substantially the following form:

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181	complies with Subsection 20A-9-202(3).
182	(f) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
183	director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make rules that:
184	(i) provide for the use of statistical sampling procedures that:
185	(A) filing officers are required to use to verify signatures under Subsection (3)(d); and
186	(B) reflect a bona fide effort to determine the validity of a candidate's entire
187	submission, using widely recognized statistical sampling techniques; and
188	(ii) provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and
189	certification of nomination petition signatures.
190	(g) The county clerk shall:
191	(i) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of
192	education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;
193	(ii) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a
194	local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two
195	candidates have filed for the same seat; and
196	(iii) determine the order of the local board of education candidates' names on the ballot
197	in accordance with Section 20A-6-305.
198	(4) (a) Before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c), the lieutenant
199	governor shall provide to the county clerks:
200	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single
201	county, and county offices who have received certifications under Subsection (3), along with
202	instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with
203	Section 20A-6-305; and
204	(ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a
205	registered political party under Subsection (5)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the
206	unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot.
207	(b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as
208	joint-ticket running mates shall appear jointly on the primary election ballot.

(c) After the county clerk receives the certified list from the lieutenant governor under

Subsection (4)(a), the county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in

212	"Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,
213	(year), to nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan
214	local school board positions listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct
215	is The polls will open at 7 a.m. and continue open until 8 p.m. of the same day.
216	Attest: county clerk."
217	(5) (a) A candidate who, at the regular primary election, receives the highest number of
218	votes cast for the office sought by the candidate is:
219	(i) nominated for that office by the candidate's registered political party; or
220	(ii) for a nonpartisan local school board position, nominated for that office.
221	(b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general
222	election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive the
223	highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of the candidates'
224	party for those positions.
225	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (5)(c), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
226	(A) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification under Subsection (3)
227	for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party for a
228	particular elective office; or
229	(B) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
230	number of candidates who receive certification under Subsection (3) for the regular primary
231	election of the candidate's registered political party does not exceed the total number of
232	candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.
233	(ii) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election
234	of a registered political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the
235	primary election ballot.
236	(6) (a) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any national, state, or other
237	office that represents more than one county, the governor, lieutenant governor, and attorney
238	general shall, at a public meeting called by the governor and in the presence of the candidates
239	involved, select the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner the governor determines.
240	(b) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any county office, the district
241	court judges of the district in which the county is located shall, at a public meeting called by
242	the judges and in the presence of the candidates involved, select the nominee by lot cast in

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243 whatever manner the judges determine.

- (7) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any primary election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.
- (8) An individual may not file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party permits otherwise under the registered political party's bylaws.
 - Section 3. Section **20A-9-406** is amended to read:
 - 20A-9-406. Qualified political party -- Requirements and exemptions.
 - The following provisions apply to a qualified political party:
- (1) the qualified political party shall, no later than 5 p.m. on November 30 of each odd-numbered year, certify to the lieutenant governor the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the qualified political party's candidates and whether unaffiliated voters may vote for the qualified political party's candidates;
- (2) the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) through (2)(b) and (3) through (4)(a), Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c), and Section 20A-9-405 do not apply to a nomination for the qualified political party;
- (3) an individual may only seek the nomination of the qualified political party by using a method described in Section 20A-9-407, Section 20A-9-408, or both;
- (4) the qualified political party shall comply with the provisions of Sections 20A-9-407, 20A-9-408, and 20A-9-409;
- (5) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-301(1)(a), (1)(f), or (2)(a), each election officer shall ensure that a ballot described in Section 20A-6-301 includes each individual nominated by a qualified political party:
 - (a) under the qualified political party's name, if any; or
- (b) under the title of the qualified registered political party as designated by the qualified political party in the certification described in Subsection (1), or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
- 272 (6) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-302(1)(a), each election officer shall ensure, for 273 paper ballots in regular general elections, that each candidate who is nominated by the qualified

274 political party is listed by party;

- (7) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-303(1)(d), each election officer shall ensure that the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is printed immediately adjacent to the candidate's name on ballot sheets or ballot labels;
- (8) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-304(1)(e), each election officer shall ensure that the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is displayed adjacent to the candidate's name on an electronic ballot;
- (9) "candidates for elective office," defined in Subsection 20A-9-101(1)(a), also includes an individual who files a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-407 or 20A-9-408 to run in a regular general election for a federal office, constitutional office, multicounty office, or county office;
- (10) an individual who is nominated by, or seeking the nomination of, the qualified political party is not required to comply with Subsection 20A-9-201(1)(c);
- (11) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(3), the qualified political party is entitled to have each of the qualified political party's candidates for elective office appear on the primary ballot of the qualified political party with an indication that each candidate is a candidate for the qualified political party;
- (12) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(a), the lieutenant governor shall include on the list provided by the lieutenant governor to the county clerks:
- (a) the names of all candidates of the qualified political party for federal, constitutional, multicounty, and county offices; and
- (b) the names of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by the qualified political party and instruct the county clerks to exclude such candidates from the primary-election ballot;
- (13) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c), a candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election of the qualified political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the primary ballot; and
- (14) notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) and (2) and Section 20A-9-405, the qualified political party is entitled to have the names of its candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election.