

**Senator Evan J. Vickers** proposes the following substitute bill:

**PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT AMENDMENTS**

2020 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers**

House Sponsor: Suzanne Harrison

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill amends provisions relating to the practice of pharmacy.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ amends definitions;
- ▶ authorizes the dispensing of epinephrine auto-injectors and stock albuterol under certain circumstances;
- ▶ authorizes the dispensing of a quantity or dosage form different from a prescription in certain instances;
- ▶ amends provisions related to the dispensing of a substitute for albuterol;
- ▶ amends provisions relating to emergency refills;
- ▶ authorizes the dispensing of certain prescription medical devices without a prescription;
- ▶ authorizes a physician to issue a standing prescription drug order for an epinephrine auto-injector or stock albuterol in accordance with a protocol that meets certain requirements;
- ▶ exempts a physician from liability for civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the dispensing of an epinephrine auto-injector or stock albuterol under the



26 physician's standing prescription drug order;

27       ▶ exempts controlled substances dispensed for administration or use in a health care

28 facility outpatient setting from reporting to the state's controlled substance database;

29 and

30       ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

31 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

32       None

33 **Other Special Clauses:**

34       This bill provides a special effective date.

35 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

36 AMENDS:

- 37       **26-41-102 (Effective 07/01/20)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 236
- 38       **26-41-105 (Effective 07/01/20)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 236
- 39       **58-17b-605**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 423
- 40       **58-37f-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 99
- 41       **58-37f-203**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 59

42 ENACTS:

- 43       **58-17b-602.1**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 44       **58-17b-610.8**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 45       **58-17b-1001**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 46       **58-17b-1002**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 47       **58-17b-1003**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 48       **58-17b-1004**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 49       **58-17b-1005**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 50       **58-17b-1006**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 51       **58-17b-1007**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

52 REPEALS AND REENACTS:

- 53       **58-17b-608**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 280



55 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

56       Section 1. Section **26-41-102 (Effective 07/01/20)** is amended to read:

57 **26-41-102 (Effective 07/01/20). Definitions.**

58 As used in this chapter:

59 (1) "Anaphylaxis" means a potentially life-threatening hypersensitivity to a substance.

60 (a) Symptoms of anaphylaxis may include shortness of breath, wheezing, difficulty  
61 breathing, difficulty talking or swallowing, hives, itching, swelling, shock, or asthma.

62 (b) Causes of anaphylaxis may include insect sting, food allergy, drug reaction, and  
63 exercise.

64 (2) "Asthma action plan" means a written plan:

65 (a) developed with a school nurse, a student's parent or guardian, and the student's  
66 health care provider to help control the student's asthma; and

67 (b) signed by the student's:

68 (i) parent or guardian; and

69 (ii) health care provider.

70 (3) "Asthma emergency" means an episode of respiratory distress that may include  
71 symptoms such as wheezing, shortness of breath, coughing, chest tightness, or breathing  
72 difficulty.

73 (4) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a portable, disposable drug delivery device that  
74 contains a measured, single dose of epinephrine that is used to treat a person suffering a  
75 potentially fatal anaphylactic reaction.

76 (5) "Health care provider" means an individual who is licensed as:

77 (a) a physician under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;

78 (b) a physician under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;

79 (c) an advanced practice registered nurse under Section [58-31b-302](#); or

80 (d) a physician assistant under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act.

81 (6) "Pharmacist" means the same as that term is defined in Section [58-17b-102](#).

82 (7) "Pharmacy intern" means the same as that term is defined in Section [58-17b-102](#).

83 (8) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section [58-67-102](#).

84 [~~6~~] (9) "Qualified adult" means a person who:

85 (a) is 18 years of age or older; and

86 (b) (i) for purposes of administering an epinephrine auto-injector, has successfully  
87 completed the training program established in Section [26-41-104](#); and

88 (ii) for purposes of administering stock albuterol, has successfully completed the  
89 training program established in Section 26-41-104.1.

90 [(7)] (10) "Qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity":

91 (a) means a facility or organization that employs, contracts with, or has a similar  
92 relationship with a qualified adult who is likely to have contact with another person who may  
93 experience anaphylaxis; and

94 (b) includes:

95 (i) recreation camps;

96 (ii) an education facility, school, or university;

97 (iii) a day care facility;

98 (iv) youth sports leagues;

99 (v) amusement parks;

100 (vi) food establishments;

101 (vii) places of employment; and

102 (viii) recreation areas.

103 [(8)] (11) "Qualified stock albuterol entity" means a public or private school that  
104 employs, contracts with, or has a similar relationship with a qualified adult who is likely to  
105 have contact with another person who may experience an asthma emergency.

106 [(9)] (12) "Stock albuterol" means a prescription inhaled medication:

107 (a) used to treat asthma; and

108 (b) that may be delivered through a device, including:

109 (i) an inhaler; or

110 (ii) a nebulizer with a mouthpiece or mask.

111 Section 2. Section 26-41-105 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

112 **26-41-105 (Effective 07/01/20). Authority to obtain and use an epinephrine**  
113 **auto-injector or stock albuterol.**

114 (1) A qualified adult who is a teacher or other school employee at a public or private  
115 primary or secondary school in the state, or a school nurse, may obtain from the school district  
116 physician, the medical director of the local health department, or the local emergency medical  
117 services director a prescription for:

118 (a) epinephrine auto-injectors for use in accordance with this chapter; or

119 (b) stock albuterol for use in accordance with this chapter.

120 [~~(2) A qualified adult may obtain from a physician, pharmacist, or any other person or~~  
121 ~~entity authorized to prescribe or dispense prescription drugs, a prescription for an epinephrine~~  
122 ~~auto-injector or stock albuterol.]~~

123 (2) (a) A qualified adult may obtain an epinephrine auto-injector for use in accordance  
124 with this chapter that is dispersed by:

125 (i) a pharmacist as provided under Section 58-17b-1004; or

126 (ii) a pharmacy intern as provided under Section 58-17b-1004.

127 (b) A qualified adult may obtain stock albuterol for use in accordance with this chapter  
128 that is dispersed by:

129 (i) a pharmacist as provided under Section 58-17b-1004; or

130 (ii) a pharmacy intern as provided under Section 58-17b-1004.

131 (3) A qualified adult:

132 (a) may immediately administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a person exhibiting  
133 potentially life-threatening symptoms of anaphylaxis when a physician is not immediately  
134 available; and

135 (b) shall initiate emergency medical services or other appropriate medical follow-up in  
136 accordance with the training materials retained under Section 26-41-104 after administering an  
137 epinephrine auto-injector.

138 (4) If a school nurse is not immediately available, a qualified adult:

139 (a) may immediately administer stock albuterol to an individual who:

140 (i) has a diagnosis of asthma by a health care provider;

141 (ii) has a current asthma action plan on file with the school; and

142 (iii) is showing symptoms of an asthma emergency as described in the student's asthma  
143 action plan; and

144 (b) shall initiate appropriate medical follow-up in accordance with the training  
145 materials retained under Section 26-41-104.1 after administering stock albuterol.

146 (5) (a) A qualified entity that complies with Subsection (5)(b) or (c), may obtain [~~from~~  
147 ~~a physician, pharmacist, or any other person authorized to prescribe or dispense prescription~~  
148 ~~drugs, a prescription for]~~ a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors or stock albuterol, respectively,  
149 from a pharmacist under Section 58-17b-1004, or a pharmacy intern under Section

150 [58-17b-1004](#) for:

151 (i) storing:

152 (A) the epinephrine auto-injectors on the qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity's  
153 premises; and

154 (B) stock albuterol on the qualified stock albuterol entity's premises; and

155 (ii) use by a qualified adult in accordance with Subsection (3) or (4).

156 (b) A qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity shall:

157 (i) designate an individual to complete an initial and annual refresher training program  
158 regarding the proper storage and emergency use of an epinephrine auto-injector available to a  
159 qualified adult; and

160 (ii) store epinephrine auto-injectors in accordance with the standards established by the  
161 department in Section [26-41-107](#).

162 (c) A qualified stock albuterol entity shall:

163 (i) designate an individual to complete an initial and annual refresher training program  
164 regarding the proper storage and emergency use of stock albuterol available to a qualified  
165 adult; and

166 (ii) store stock albuterol in accordance with the standards established by the department  
167 in Section [26-41-107](#).

168 Section 3. Section **58-17b-602.1** is enacted to read:

169 **58-17b-602.1. Dispensing quantity or dosage form different from prescription.**

170 (1) Without specific authorization from a prescriber, a pharmacist or pharmacy intern  
171 may dispense:

172 (a) a prescription in a quantity different than the quantity prescribed if the prescribed  
173 quantity or package size is not commercially available; and

174 (b) a prescription in a dosage form different than the dosage form prescribed if in the  
175 professional judgement of the pharmacist or pharmacy intern dispensing a different dosage  
176 form is in the best interest of the patient.

177 (2) This section does not apply if:

178 (a) the substitute would change the bioavailability of the medication;

179 (b) the substitute would change the treatment parameters; or

180 (c) the prescriber has written or clearly designated "dispense as written" on the

181 prescription.

182 Section 4. Section **58-17b-605** is amended to read:

183 **58-17b-605. Drug product equivalents.**

184 (1) For the purposes of this section:

185 (a) (i) "Drug" is as defined in Section [58-17b-102](#).

186 (ii) "Drug" does not mean a "biological product" as defined in Section [58-17b-605.5](#).

187 (b) "Drug product equivalent" means:

188 (i) a drug product that is designated as the therapeutic equivalent of another drug

189 product in the Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations prepared by

190 the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research of the United States Food and Drug

191 Administration[;]; and

192 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(i), an appropriate substitute for albuterol

193 designated by division rule made under Subsection (9).

194 (2) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern dispensing a prescription order for a specific drug

195 by brand or proprietary name may substitute a drug product equivalent for the prescribed drug

196 only if:

197 (a) the purchaser specifically requests or consents to the substitution of a drug product

198 equivalent;

199 (b) the drug product equivalent is of the same generic type and is designated the

200 therapeutic equivalent in the approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations

201 prepared by the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research of the Federal Food and Drug

202 Administration;

203 (c) the drug product equivalent is permitted to move in interstate commerce;

204 (d) the pharmacist or pharmacy intern counsels the patient on the use and the expected

205 response to the prescribed drug, whether a substitute or not, and the substitution is not

206 otherwise prohibited by this chapter;

207 (e) the prescribing practitioner has not indicated that a drug product equivalent may not

208 be substituted for the drug, as provided in Subsection (6); and

209 (f) the substitution is not otherwise prohibited by law.

210 (3) (a) Each out-of-state mail service pharmacy dispensing a drug product equivalent as

211 a substitute for another drug into this state shall notify the patient of the substitution either by

212 telephone or in writing.

213 (b) Each out-of-state mail service pharmacy shall comply with the requirements of this  
214 chapter with respect to a drug product equivalent substituted for another drug, including  
215 labeling and record keeping.

216 (4) Pharmacists or pharmacy interns may not substitute without the prescriber's  
217 authorization on trade name drug product prescriptions unless the product is currently  
218 categorized in the approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations prepared  
219 by the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research of the Federal Food and Drug Administration  
220 as a drug product considered to be therapeutically equivalent to another drug product.

221 (5) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses a prescription with a drug product  
222 equivalent under this section assumes no greater liability than would be incurred had the  
223 pharmacist or pharmacy intern dispensed the prescription with the drug product prescribed.

224 (6) (a) If, in the opinion of the prescribing practitioner, it is in the best interest of the  
225 patient that a drug product equivalent not be substituted for a prescribed drug, the practitioner  
226 may indicate a prohibition on substitution either by writing "dispense as written" or signing in  
227 the appropriate space where two lines have been preprinted on a prescription order and  
228 captioned "dispense as written" or "substitution permitted".

229 (b) If the prescription is communicated orally by the prescribing practitioner to the  
230 pharmacist or pharmacy intern, the practitioner shall indicate the prohibition on substitution  
231 and that indication shall be noted in writing by the pharmacist or pharmacy intern with the  
232 name of the practitioner and the words "orally by" and the initials of the pharmacist or  
233 pharmacy intern written after it.

234 (7) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who substitutes a drug product equivalent for a  
235 prescribed drug shall communicate the substitution to the purchaser. The drug product  
236 equivalent container shall be labeled with the name of the drug dispensed, and the pharmacist,  
237 pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician shall indicate on the file copy of the prescription both  
238 the name of the prescribed drug and the name of the drug product equivalent dispensed in its  
239 place.

240 (8) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (8), "substitutes" means to substitute:

241 (i) a generic drug for another generic drug;

242 (ii) a generic drug for a nongeneric drug;



243 (iii) a nongeneric drug for another nongeneric drug; or

244 (iv) a nongeneric drug for a generic drug.

245 (b) A prescribing practitioner who makes a finding under Subsection (6)(a) for a  
246 patient with a seizure disorder shall indicate a prohibition on substitution of a drug product  
247 equivalent in the manner provided in Subsection (6)(a) or (b).

248 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(d), a pharmacist or pharmacy intern who  
249 cannot dispense the prescribed drug as written, and who needs to substitute a drug product  
250 equivalent for the drug prescribed to the patient to treat or prevent seizures shall notify the  
251 prescribing practitioner prior to the substitution.

252 (d) Notification under Subsection (8)(c) is not required if the drug product equivalent is  
253 paid for in whole or in part by Medicaid.

254 (9) (a) The division shall designate by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter  
255 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in consultation with the board, the Physicians  
256 Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201, and the Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's  
257 Licensing Board created in Section 58-68-201, appropriate substitutes for albuterol.

258 (b) Subsections (2)(b) and (4) do not apply to the substitution of a drug product  
259 equivalent for albuterol.

260 [~~9~~] (10) Failure of a licensed medical practitioner to specify that no substitution is  
261 authorized does not constitute evidence of negligence.

262 Section 5. Section 58-17b-608 is repealed and reenacted to read:

263 **58-17b-608. Emergency refills.**

264 (1) If a prescription may not otherwise be refilled, a pharmacist or pharmacy intern  
265 may refill the prescription in an emergency without the prescribing practitioner's authorization  
266 if:

267 (a) the prescription is for a drug that is not a controlled substance;

268 (b) the patient is currently using the drug prescribed;

269 (c) the prescribing practitioner is not available promptly to authorize the refill;

270 (d) the pharmacist or pharmacy intern, or another pharmacist or pharmacy inter at the  
271 same pharmacy, has not previously dispensed a refill for the prescription under this section;

272 (e) refilling the prescription is in the interest of the patient's health;

273 (f) in the professional judgment of the pharmacist or pharmacy intern the prescription

274 should be refilled;

275 (g) except as provided in Subsection (1)(h), the pharmacist or pharmacy intern  
276 dispenses the medication in accordance with the prescribing practitioner's instructions included  
277 with the prescription; and

278 (h) the pharmacist or pharmacy intern dispenses no more than the amount necessary to  
279 address the emergency.

280 (2) If the prescription for a drug dispensed under Subsection (1) is on file with the  
281 pharmacy where the drug is dispensed, the pharmacist or pharmacy intern may dispense more  
282 than a three-day supply only if:

283 (a) (i) the prescription has expired within the past 30 days; or

284 (ii) no refills are remaining on the prescription; and

285 (b) the amount dispensed does not exceed the lesser of:

286 (i) a 30-day supply; or

287 (ii) the quantity last dispensed at the pharmacy pursuant to the prescription as either a  
288 fill or a refill; and

289 (3) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses a prescription refill under this  
290 section shall inform the prescribing practitioner of the emergency refill as soon as practicable.

291 Section 6. Section **58-17b-610.8** is enacted to read:

292 **58-17b-610.8. Prescription devices.**

293 (1) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern may prescribe and dispense a prescription device  
294 described in Subsection (2) to a patient if:

295 (a) the patient has a current diagnosis, prescription, or treatment protocol from a  
296 prescribing practitioner for which one or more of the devices described in Subsection (2) is  
297 indicated; and

298 (b) the pharmacist or pharmacy intern acts in accordance with rules made by the  
299 division under Subsection (3).

300 (2) This section applies to:

301 (a) nebulizers;

302 (b) spacers for use with nebulizers or inhalers; and

303 (c) diabetic testing supplies.

304 (3) The division shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

305 Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in consultation with the board, the Physicians Licensing  
306 Board created in Section 58-67-201, and the Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's Licensing  
307 Board created in Section 58-68-201, to implement this section.

308 Section 7. Section **58-17b-1001** is enacted to read:

309 **Part 10. Epinephrine Auto-Injector and Stock Albuterol Act**

310 **58-17b-1001. Title.**

311 This part is known as the "Epinephrine Auto-Injector and Stock Albuterol Act."

312 Section 8. Section **58-17b-1002** is enacted to read:

313 **58-17b-1002. Definitions.**

314 As used in this part:

315 (1) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
316 26-41-102.

317 (2) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
318 26A-1-102.

319 (3) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-10-102.

320 (4) "Qualified adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-41-102.

321 (5) "Qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity" means the same as that term is defined  
322 in Section 26-41-102.

323 (6) "Qualified stock albuterol entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
324 26-41-102.

325 (7) "Stock albuterol" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-41-102.

326 Section 9. Section **58-17b-1003** is enacted to read:

327 **58-17b-1003. Voluntary participation.**

328 This part does not create a duty or standard of care for a person to prescribe or dispense  
329 an epinephrine auto-injector or stock albuterol.

330 Section 10. Section **58-17b-1004** is enacted to read:

331 **58-17b-1004. Authorization to dispense an epinephrine auto-injector and stock**  
332 **albuterol pursuant to a standing order.**

333 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a pharmacist or pharmacy  
334 intern may dispense an epinephrine auto-injector:

335 (a) (i) to a qualified adult for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41, Emergency

336 Response for Life-threatening Conditions; or

337 (ii) to a qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity for use in accordance with Title 26,  
338 Chapter 41, Emergency Response for Life-threatening Conditions;

339 (b) pursuant to a standing prescription drug order made in accordance with Section  
340 58-17b-1005;

341 (c) without any other prescription drug order from a person licensed to prescribe an  
342 epinephrine auto-injector; and

343 (d) in accordance with the dispensing guidelines in Section 58-17b-1006.

344 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a pharmacist or pharmacist  
345 intern may dispense stock albuterol:

346 (a) (i) to a qualified adult for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41, Emergency  
347 Response for Life-threatening Conditions; or

348 (ii) to a qualified stock albuterol entity for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41,  
349 Emergency Response for Life-threatening Conditions;

350 (b) pursuant to a standing prescription drug order made in accordance with Section  
351 58-17b-1005;

352 (c) without any other prescription drug order from a person licensed to prescribe stock  
353 albuterol; and

354 (d) in accordance with the dispensing guidelines in Section 58-17b-1006.

355 Section 11. Section **58-17b-1005** is enacted to read:

356 **58-17b-1005. Standing prescription drug orders for epinephrine auto-injectors**  
357 **and stock albuterol.**

358 (1) A physician acting in the physician's capacity as an employee of the Department of  
359 Health or as a medical director of a local health department may issue a standing prescription  
360 drug order authorizing the dispensing of the epinephrine auto-injector under Section  
361 58-17b-1004 in accordance with a protocol that:

362 (a) requires the physician to specify the persons, by professional license number,  
363 authorized to dispense the epinephrine auto-injector;

364 (b) requires the physician to review at least annually the dispensing practices of those  
365 authorized by the physician to dispense the epinephrine auto-injector;

366 (c) requires those authorized by the physician to dispense the epinephrine auto-injector

367 to make and retain a record of each dispensing, including:

368 (i) the name of the qualified adult, qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity, or  
369 individual 18 years old or older to whom the epinephrine auto-injector is dispensed;

370 (ii) a description of the epinephrine auto-injector dispensed; and

371 (iii) other relevant information; and

372 (d) is approved by the division by administrative rule made in accordance with Title  
373 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in collaboration with the Physicians  
374 Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201 and the Board of Pharmacy.

375 (2) A physician acting in the physician's capacity as an employee of the Department of  
376 Health or as a medical director of a local health department may issue a standing prescription  
377 drug order authorizing the dispensing of the stock albuterol under Section 58-17b-1004 in  
378 accordance with a protocol that:

379 (a) requires the physician to specify the persons, by professional license number,  
380 authorized to dispense the stock albuterol;

381 (b) requires the physician to review at least annually the dispensing practices of those  
382 authorized by the physician to dispense the stock albuterol;

383 (c) requires those authorized by the physician to dispense the stock albuterol to make  
384 and retain a record of each dispensing, including:

385 (i) the name of the qualified adult, qualified stock albuterol entity, or individual 18  
386 years old or older to whom the stock albuterol is dispensed;

387 (ii) a description of the stock albuterol dispensed; and

388 (iii) other relevant information; and

389 (d) is approved by the division by administrative rule made in accordance with Title  
390 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in collaboration with the Physicians  
391 Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201 and the board.

392 Section 12. Section 58-17b-1006 is enacted to read:

393 **58-17b-1006. Guidelines for dispensing an epinephrine auto-injector and stock**  
394 **albuterol.**

395 (1) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses an epinephrine auto-injector under  
396 this part shall, at a minimum, provide patient counseling to the qualified adult, qualified  
397 epinephrine auto-injector entity, or individual 18 years old or older to whom the epinephrine

398 auto-injector is dispensed regarding:

399 (a) the appropriate administration and storage of the epinephrine auto-injector;

400 (b) potential side effects and risks of the epinephrine auto-injector; and

401 (c) when to seek emergency medical attention.

402 (2) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses stock albuterol under this part

403 shall, at a minimum, provide patient counseling to the qualified adult, qualified stock albuterol

404 entity, or individual 18 years old or older to whom the stock albuterol is dispensed regarding:

405 (a) the appropriate administration and storage of the stock albuterol;

406 (b) potential side effects and risks of the stock albuterol; and

407 (c) when to seek emergency medical attention.

408 Section 13. Section **58-17b-1007** is enacted to read:

409 **58-17b-1007. Limited civil liability.**

410 (1) A physician who issues a standing prescription drug order in accordance with

411 Subsection 58-17b-1005(1) is not liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting

412 from the dispensing of an epinephrine auto-injector under this part.

413 (2) A physician who issues a standing prescription drug order in accordance with

414 Subsection 58-17b-1005(2) is not liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting

415 from the dispensing of stock albuterol under this part.

416 Section 14. Section **58-37f-201** is amended to read:

417 **58-37f-201. Controlled substance database -- Creation -- Purpose.**

418 (1) There is created within the division a controlled substance database.

419 (2) The division shall administer and direct the functioning of the database in  
420 accordance with this chapter.

421 (3) The division may, under state procurement laws, contract with another state agency  
422 or a private entity to establish, operate, or maintain the database.

423 (4) The division shall, in collaboration with the board, determine whether to operate  
424 the database within the division or contract with another entity to operate the database, based  
425 on an analysis of costs and benefits.

426 (5) The purpose of the database is to contain:

427 (a) the data described in Section 58-37f-203 regarding ~~[every prescription for a~~  
428 ~~controlled substance dispensed in the state to any individual other than an inpatient in a~~

429 ~~licensed health care facility]~~ prescriptions for dispensed controlled substances;

430 (b) data reported to the division under Section 26-21-26 regarding poisoning or  
431 overdose;

432 (c) data reported to the division under Subsection 41-6a-502(4) or 41-6a-502.5(5)(b)  
433 regarding convictions for driving under the influence of a prescribed controlled substance or  
434 impaired driving; and

435 (d) data reported to the division under Subsection 58-37-8(1)(e) or 58-37-8(2)(j)  
436 regarding certain violations of the Utah Controlled Substances Act.

437 (6) The division shall maintain the database in an electronic file or by other means  
438 established by the division to facilitate use of the database for identification of:

439 (a) prescribing practices and patterns of prescribing and dispensing controlled  
440 substances;

441 (b) practitioners prescribing controlled substances in an unprofessional or unlawful  
442 manner;

443 (c) individuals receiving prescriptions for controlled substances from licensed  
444 practitioners, and who subsequently obtain dispensed controlled substances from a drug outlet  
445 in quantities or with a frequency inconsistent with generally recognized standards of dosage for  
446 that controlled substance;

447 (d) individuals presenting forged or otherwise false or altered prescriptions for  
448 controlled substances to a pharmacy;

449 (e) individuals admitted to a general acute hospital for poisoning or overdose involving  
450 a prescribed controlled substance; and

451 (f) individuals convicted for:

452 (i) driving under the influence of a prescribed controlled substance that renders the  
453 individual incapable of safely operating a vehicle;

454 (ii) driving while impaired, in whole or in part, by a prescribed controlled substance; or

455 (iii) certain violations of the Utah Controlled Substances Act.

456 Section 15. Section 58-37f-203 is amended to read:

457 **58-37f-203. Submission, collection, and maintenance of data.**

458 (1) (a) The division shall implement on a statewide basis, including non-resident  
459 pharmacies as defined in Section 58-17b-102, the following two options for a pharmacist to

460 submit information:

461 (i) real-time submission of the information required to be submitted under this part to  
462 the controlled substance database; and

463 (ii) 24-hour daily or next business day, whichever is later, batch submission of the  
464 information required to be submitted under this part to the controlled substance database.

465 (b) (i) On and after January 1, 2016, a pharmacist shall comply with either:

466 (A) the submission time requirements established by the division under Subsection  
467 (1)(a)(i); or

468 (B) the submission time requirements established by the division under Subsection  
469 (1)(a)(ii).

470 (ii) Prior to January 1, 2016, a pharmacist may submit information using either option  
471 under this Subsection (1).

472 (c) The division shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.

473 (2) (a) The pharmacist-in-charge and the pharmacist of the drug outlet where a  
474 controlled substance is dispensed shall submit the data described in this section to the division  
475 in accordance with:

476 (i) the requirements of this section;

477 (ii) the procedures established by the division;

478 (iii) additional types of information or data fields established by the division; and

479 (iv) the format established by the division.

480 (b) A dispensing medical practitioner licensed under Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing  
481 Medical Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, shall comply with  
482 the provisions of this section and the dispensing medical practitioner shall assume the duties of  
483 the pharmacist under this chapter.

484 (3) (a) ~~[The]~~ Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the pharmacist-in-charge and the  
485 pharmacist described in Subsection (2)(b) shall, for each controlled substance dispensed by a  
486 pharmacist under the pharmacist's supervision ~~[other than those dispensed for an inpatient at a~~  
487 ~~health care facility]~~, submit to the division any type of information or data field established by  
488 the division by rule in accordance with Subsection (6) regarding:

489 (i) each controlled substance that is dispensed by the pharmacist or under the  
490 pharmacist's supervision; and



491 (ii) each noncontrolled substance that is:

492 (A) designated by the division under Subsection (8)(a); and

493 (B) dispensed by the pharmacist or under the pharmacist's supervision.

494 (b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to a drug that is dispensed for ~~[an inpatient]~~  
495 administration to, or use by, a patient at a health care facility, including a patient in an  
496 outpatient setting at the health care facility.

497 (4) An individual whose records are in the database may obtain those records upon  
498 submission of a written request to the division.

499 (5) (a) A patient whose record is in the database may contact the division in writing to  
500 request correction of any of the patient's database information that is incorrect. The patient  
501 shall provide a postal address for the division's response.

502 (b) The division shall grant or deny the request within 30 days from receipt of the  
503 request and shall advise the requesting patient of its decision by mail postmarked within 35  
504 days of receipt of the request.

505 (c) If the division denies a request under this Subsection (5) or does not respond within  
506 35 days, the patient may submit an appeal to the Department of Commerce, within 60 days  
507 after the postmark date of the patient's letter making a request for a correction under this  
508 Subsection (5).

509 (6) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
510 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish submission requirements under this part,  
511 including:

512 (a) electronic format;

513 (b) submission procedures; and

514 (c) required information and data fields.

515 (7) The division shall ensure that the database system records and maintains for  
516 reference:

517 (a) the identification of each individual who requests or receives information from the  
518 database;

519 (b) the information provided to each individual; and

520 (c) the date and time that the information is requested or provided.

521 (8) (a) The division, in collaboration with the Utah Controlled Substance Advisory

522 Committee created in Section [58-38a-201](#), shall designate a list of noncontrolled substances  
523 described in Subsection (8)(b) by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
524 Administrative Rulemaking Act.

525 (b) To determine whether a prescription drug should be designated in the schedules of  
526 controlled substances under this chapter, the division may collect information about a  
527 prescription drug as defined in Section [58-17b-102](#) that is not designated in the schedules of  
528 controlled substances under this chapter.

529 Section 16. **Effective date.**

530 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 12, 2020.

531 (2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on July 1, 2020:

532 (a) Section [26-41-102](#);

533 (b) Section [26-41-105](#);

534 (c) Section [58-17b-1001](#);

535 (d) Section [58-17b-1002](#);

536 (e) Section [58-17b-1003](#);

537 (f) Section [58-17b-1004](#);

538 (g) Section [58-17b-1005](#);

539 (h) Section [58-17b-1006](#); and

540 (i) Section [58-17b-1007](#).