{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0191 but was deleted in SB0191S01. inserted text shows text that was not in SB0191 but was inserted into SB0191S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Robert M. Spendlove proposes the following substitute bill:

# **INCOME TAX REVISIONS**

2020 GENERAL SESSION

#### STATE OF UTAH

## Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble

House Sponsor: <u>{\_\_\_\_\_}Steve Eliason</u>

#### LONG TITLE

#### **General Description:**

This bill amends provisions of the Individual Income Tax Act.

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- modifies the date for a corporation or a pass-through entity to file an income tax return;
- modifies the State Tax Commission's authority to extend the time for paying an income tax;
- clarifies when {a pass-through entity} an individual taxpayer may receive an income tax extension without penalty;
- creates a new subtraction from adjusted gross income for certain distributions from

a qualified retirement plan; and

makes technical changes.

#### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

#### **Other Special Clauses:**

This bill provides retrospective operation.

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

#### AMENDS:

59-7-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 332
59-7-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 269
59-10-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 323

59-10-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 412

59-10-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 87

59-10-514, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 87

59-10-516, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 271

59-10-522, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 2

59-10-1403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 270

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 59-7-505 is amended to read:

**59-7-505.** Returns required -- When due -- Extension of time -- Exemption from filing.

(1) Each corporation subject to taxation under this chapter shall make a return, except that a group of corporations filing a combined report under Part 4, Combined Reporting, shall file one combined report.

(a) The return shall be signed by a responsible officer of the corporation, the signature of whom need not be notarized but when signed shall be considered as made under oath.

(b) (i) In cases where receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are operating the property or business of corporations, those receivers, trustees, or assignees shall make returns for such corporations in the same manner and form as corporations are required to make returns.

(ii) Any tax due on the basis of such returns made by receivers, trustees, or assignees shall be collected in the same manner as if collected from the corporations of whose business or property they have custody and control.

(2) Returns shall be made on or before the later of:

(a) the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year[.]; or

(b) the day on which a corporation required to make a return under this chapter is required to file a federal income tax return.

(3) (a) The commission shall allow a taxpayer an extension of time for filing returns.

- (b) The extension under Subsection (3)(a) may not exceed six months.
- (4) Each return shall be made to the commission.

(5) A corporation incorporated or qualified to do business in this state prior to January 1, 1973, is not liable for filing a return or paying tax measured by income for the taxable year in which [it] the corporation legally terminates its existence.

(6) A corporation incorporated or qualified to do business or which had its authority to do business reinstated on or after January 1, 1973, shall file a return and pay the tax measured by income for each period during which it had the right to do business in this state, and the return shall be filed and the tax paid within three months and 15 days after the close of this period.

(7) If a corporation terminates its existence under Section 16-10a-1401, no returns are required to be filed if a statement is furnished to the commission that no business has been conducted during that period.

(8) (a) A corporation commencing to do business in Utah after qualification or incorporation with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code is not required to file a return for the period commencing with the date of incorporation or qualification and ending on the last day of the same month, if that corporation was not doing business in and received no income from sources in the state during such period.

(b) In determining whether a corporation comes within the provisions of this chapter, affidavits on behalf of the corporation that it did no business in and received no income from sources in Utah during such period shall be filed with the commission.

Section 2. Section 59-7-507 is amended to read:

59-7-507. Payment of tax.

(1) (a) If quarterly estimated payments are not made as provided in Section 59-7-504, the amount of tax imposed by this chapter shall be paid no later than the original due date of the return.

(b) If an extension of time is necessary for filing a return, as provided in Subsection 59-7-505(3) or Section 59-7-803, payment must be made no later than the original due date of the return in an amount equal to the lesser of:

(i) The greater of:

(A) 90% of the total tax reported on the return for the current taxable year; or

(B) 100% of the minimum tax described in Section 59-7-104; or

(ii) 100% of the total tax liability for the taxable year immediately preceding the current taxable year.

(c) If payment is not made as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the commission shall add an extension penalty as provided in Section 59-1-401, until the tax is paid during the period of extension.

(2) (a) [At the request of the taxpayer, the] The commission may extend the time for payment of the amount determined as the tax by the taxpayer, or any part of that amount, for a period not to exceed six months from the date prescribed for the payment of the tax.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a), the amount <u>[in respect of] for</u> which the extension is granted shall be paid on or before the date of the expiration of the period of the extension.

Section  $\frac{1}{2}$ . Section 59-10-103 is amended to read:

#### 59-10-103. Definitions.

(1) As used in this chapter:

(a) "Adjusted gross income":

(i) for a resident or nonresident individual, is as defined in Section 62, Internal Revenue Code; or

(ii) for a resident or nonresident estate or trust, is as calculated in Section 67(e), Internal Revenue Code.

(b) "Corporation" includes:

(i) an association;

(ii) a joint stock company; and

- (iii) an insurance company.
- (c) "Distributable net income" is as defined in Section 643, Internal Revenue Code.
- (d) "Employee" is as defined in Section 59-10-401.
- (e) "Employer" is as defined in Section 59-10-401.
- (f) "Federal taxable income":
- (i) for a resident or nonresident individual, means taxable income as defined by Section

63, Internal Revenue Code; or

- (ii) for a resident or nonresident estate or trust, is as calculated in Section 641(a) and(b), Internal Revenue Code.
  - (g) "Fiduciary" means:
  - (i) a guardian;
  - (ii) a trustee;
  - (iii) an executor;
  - (iv) an administrator;
  - (v) a receiver;
  - (vi) a conservator; or
  - (vii) any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any individual.
  - (h) "Guaranteed annuity interest" is as defined in 26 C.F.R. Sec. 1.170A-6(c)(2).

(i) "Homesteaded land diminished from the Uintah and Ouray Reservation" means the homesteaded land that was held to have been diminished from the Uintah and Ouray Reservation in Hagen v. Utah, 510 U.S. 399 (1994).

(j) "Individual" means a natural person and includes aliens and minors.

(k) "Irrevocable trust" means a trust in which the settlor may not revoke or terminate all or part of the trust without the consent of a person who has a substantial beneficial interest in the trust and the interest would be adversely affected by the exercise of the settlor's power to revoke or terminate all or part of the trust.

(1) "Military service" is as defined in Pub. L. No. 108-189, Sec. 101.

(m) "Nonresident individual" means an individual who is not a resident of this state.

(n) "Nonresident trust" or "nonresident estate" means a trust or estate which is not a resident estate or trust.

(o) (i) "Partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other

unincorporated organization:

(A) through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on; and

(B) which is not, within the meaning of this chapter:

(I) a trust;

(II) an estate; or

(III) a corporation.

(ii) "Partnership" does not include any organization not included under the definition of "partnership" in Section 761, Internal Revenue Code.

(iii) "Partner" includes a member in a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or organization described in Subsection (1)(o)(i).

(p) "Pass-through entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.

(q) "Pass-through entity taxpayer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.

[(p)] (r) "Qualified nongrantor charitable lead trust" means a trust:

- (i) that is irrevocable;
- (ii) that has a trust term measured by:
- (A) a fixed term of years; or
- (B) the life of a person living on the day on which the trust is created;
- (iii) under which:
- (A) a portion of the value of the trust assets is distributed during the trust term:
- (I) to an organization described in Section 170(c), Internal Revenue Code; and

(II) as a:

(Aa) guaranteed annuity interest; or

(Bb) unitrust interest; and

(B) assets remaining in the trust at the termination of the trust term are distributed to a beneficiary:

(I) designated in the trust; and

- (II) that is not an organization described in Section 170(c), Internal Revenue Code;
- (iv) for which the trust is allowed a deduction under Section 642(c), Internal Revenue

Code; and

(v) under which the grantor of the trust is not treated as the owner of any portion of the trust for federal income tax purposes.

[(q)] (s) "Resident individual" means an individual who is domiciled in this state for any period of time during the taxable year, but only for the duration of the period during which the individual is domiciled in this state.

 $[(\mathbf{r})]$  (t) "Resident estate" or "resident trust" is as defined in Section 75-7-103.

[(s)] (u) "Servicemember" is as defined in Pub. L. No. 108-189, Sec. 101.

[(t)] (v) "State income tax percentage for a nonresident estate or trust" means a percentage equal to a nonresident estate's or trust's state taxable income for the taxable year divided by the nonresident estate's or trust's total adjusted gross income for that taxable year after making the adjustments required by:

(i) Section 59-10-202;

- (ii) Section 59-10-207;
- (iii) Section 59-10-209.1; or
- (iv) Section 59-10-210.

[(u)] (w) "State income tax percentage for a nonresident individual" means a percentage equal to a nonresident individual's state taxable income for the taxable year divided by the difference between:

(i) subject to Section 59-10-1405, the nonresident individual's total adjusted gross income for that taxable year, after making the:

(A) additions and subtractions required by Section 59-10-114; and

(B) adjustments required by Section 59-10-115; and

(ii) if the nonresident individual described in Subsection [(1)(u)(i)](1)(w)(i) is a servicemember, the compensation the servicemember receives for military service if the servicemember is serving in compliance with military orders.

[(v)](x) "State income tax percentage for a part-year resident individual" means, for a taxable year, a fraction:

(i) the numerator of which is the sum of:

(A) subject to Section 59-10-1404.5, for the time period during the taxable year that the part-year resident individual is a resident, the part-year resident individual's total adjusted gross

income for that time period, after making the:

(I) additions and subtractions required by Section 59-10-114; and

(II) adjustments required by Section 59-10-115; and

(B) for the time period during the taxable year that the part-year resident individual is a nonresident, an amount calculated by:

(I) determining the part-year resident individual's adjusted gross income for that time period, after making the:

(Aa) additions and subtractions required by Section 59-10-114; and

(Bb) adjustments required by Section 59-10-115; and

(II) calculating the portion of the amount determined under Subsection [(1)(v)(i)(B)(I)](1)(x)(i)(B)(I) that is derived from Utah sources in accordance with Section 59-10-117; and

(ii) the denominator of which is the difference between:

(A) the part-year resident individual's total adjusted gross income for that taxable year, after making the:

(I) additions and subtractions required by Section 59-10-114; and

(II) adjustments required by Section 59-10-115; and

(B) if the part-year resident individual is a servicemember, any compensation the servicemember receives for military service during the portion of the taxable year that the servicemember is a nonresident if the servicemember is serving in compliance with military orders.

[(w)] (y) "Taxable income" or "state taxable income":

(i) subject to Section 59-10-1404.5, for a resident individual, means the resident individual's adjusted gross income after making the:

(A) additions and subtractions required by Section 59-10-114; and

(B) adjustments required by Section 59-10-115;

(ii) for a nonresident individual, is an amount calculated by:

(A) determining the nonresident individual's adjusted gross income for the taxable year, after making the:

(I) additions and subtractions required by Section 59-10-114; and

(II) adjustments required by Section 59-10-115; and

(B) calculating the portion of the amount determined under Subsection [(1)(w)(ii)(A)]

(1)(y)(ii)(A) that is derived from Utah sources in accordance with Section 59-10-117;

(iii) for a resident estate or trust, is as calculated under Section 59-10-201.1; and

(iv) for a nonresident estate or trust, is as calculated under Section 59-10-204.

[(x)] (z) "Taxpayer" means any [individual, estate, trust, or beneficiary of an estate or trust,] of the following that has income subject in whole or part to the tax imposed by this chapter[-]:

(i) an individual;

(ii) an estate, a trust, or a beneficiary of an estate or trust, that is not a pass-through entity or a pass-through entity taxpayer;

(iii) a pass-through entity; or

(iv) pass-through entity taxpayer.

[(y)] (aa) "Trust term" means a time period:

(i) beginning on the day on which a qualified nongrantor charitable lead trust is created; and

(ii) ending on the day on which the qualified nongrantor charitable lead trust described in Subsection [(1)(y)(i)] (1)(aa)(i) terminates.

[(z)] (bb) "Uintah and Ouray Reservation" means the lands recognized as being included within the Uintah and Ouray Reservation in:

(i) Hagen v. Utah, 510 U.S. 399 (1994); and

(ii) Ute Indian Tribe v. Utah, 114 F.3d 1513 (10th Cir. 1997).

[(aa)] (cc) "Unadjusted income" means an amount equal to the difference between:

(i) the total income required to be reported by a resident or nonresident estate or trust on the resident or nonresident estate's or trust's federal income tax return for estates and trusts

for the taxable year; and

(ii) the sum of the following:

(A) fees paid or incurred to the fiduciary of a resident or nonresident estate or trust:

(I) for administering the resident or nonresident estate or trust; and

(II) that the resident or nonresident estate or trust deducts as allowed on the resident or nonresident estate's or trust's federal income tax return for estates and trusts for the taxable year;

(B) the income distribution deduction that a resident or nonresident estate or trust

deducts under Section 651 or 661, Internal Revenue Code, as allowed on the resident or nonresident estate's or trust's federal income tax return for estates and trusts for the taxable year;

(C) the amount that a resident or nonresident estate or trust deducts as a deduction for estate tax or generation skipping transfer tax under Section 691(c), Internal Revenue Code, as allowed on the resident or nonresident estate's or trust's federal income tax return for estates and trusts for the taxable year; and

(D) the amount that a resident or nonresident estate or trust deducts as a personal exemption under Section 642(b), Internal Revenue Code, as allowed on the resident or nonresident estate's or trust's federal income tax return for estates and trusts for the taxable year.

[(bb)] (dd) "Unitrust interest" is as defined in 26 C.F.R. Sec. 1.170A-6(c)(2).

[(cc)] (ee) "Ute tribal member" means a person who is enrolled as a member of the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation.

[(dd)] (ff) "Ute tribe" means the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation. [(ce)] (gg) "Wages" is as defined in Section 59-10-401.

(2) (a) Any term used in this chapter has the same meaning as when used in comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes unless a different meaning is clearly required.

(b) Any reference to the Internal Revenue Code or to the laws of the United States shall mean the Internal Revenue Code or other provisions of the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes that are in effect for the taxable year.

(c) Any reference to a specific section of the Internal Revenue Code or other provision of the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes shall include any corresponding or comparable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as amended, redesignated, or reenacted.

Section  $\frac{2}{4}$ . Section **59-10-114** is amended to read:

59-10-114. Additions to and subtractions from adjusted gross income of an individual.

(1) There shall be added to adjusted gross income of a resident or nonresident individual:

(a) a lump sum distribution that the taxpayer does not include in adjusted gross income on the taxpayer's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year;

(b) the amount of a child's income calculated under Subsection (4) that:

(i) a parent elects to report on the parent's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year; and

(ii) the parent does not include in adjusted gross income on the parent's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year;

(c) (i) a withdrawal from a medical care savings account and any penalty imposed for the taxable year if:

 (A) the resident or nonresident individual does not deduct the amounts on the resident or nonresident individual's federal individual income tax return under Section 220, Internal Revenue Code;

(B) the withdrawal is subject to Subsections 31A-32a-105(1) and (2); and

(C) the withdrawal is subtracted on, or used as the basis for claiming a tax credit on, a return the resident or nonresident individual files under this chapter;

(ii) a disbursement required to be added to adjusted gross income in accordance with Subsection 31A-32a-105(3); or

(iii) an amount required to be added to adjusted gross income in accordance with Subsection 31A-32a-105(5)(c);

(d) the amount withdrawn under Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Utah Educational Savings Plan, from the account of a resident or nonresident individual who is an account owner as defined in Section 53B-8a-102, for the taxable year for which the amount is withdrawn, if that amount withdrawn from the account of the resident or nonresident individual who is the account owner:

(i) is not expended for:

(A) higher education costs as defined in Section 53B-8a-102.5; or

(B) a payment or distribution that qualifies as an exception to the additional tax for distributions not used for educational expenses provided in Sections 529(c) and 530(d), Internal Revenue Code; and

(ii) is:

(A) subtracted by the resident or nonresident individual:

(I) who is the account owner; and

(II) on the resident or nonresident individual's return filed under this chapter for a taxable year beginning on or before December 31, 2007; or

(B) used as the basis for the resident or nonresident individual who is the account owner to claim a tax credit under Section 59-10-1017;

(e) except as provided in Subsection (5), for bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness acquired on or after January 1, 2003, the interest from bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness:

(i) issued by one or more of the following entities:

(A) a state other than this state;

(B) the District of Columbia;

(C) a political subdivision of a state other than this state; or

(D) an agency or instrumentality of an entity described in Subsections (1)(e)(i)(A) through (C); and

(ii) to the extent the interest is not included in adjusted gross income on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year;

(f) subject to Subsection (2)(c), any distribution received by a resident beneficiary of a resident trust of income that was taxed at the trust level for federal tax purposes, but was subtracted from state taxable income of the trust pursuant to Subsection 59-10-202(2)(b);

(g) any distribution received by a resident beneficiary of a nonresident trust of undistributed distributable net income realized by the trust on or after January 1, 2004, if that undistributed distributable net income was taxed at the trust level for federal tax purposes, but was not taxed at the trust level by any state, with undistributed distributable net income considered to be distributed from the most recently accumulated undistributed distributable net income; and

(h) any adoption expense:

(i) for which a resident or nonresident individual receives reimbursement from another person; and

(ii) to the extent to which the resident or nonresident individual subtracts that adoption expense:

(A) on a return filed under this chapter for a taxable year beginning on or before

December 31, 2007; or

(B) from federal taxable income on a federal individual income tax return.

(2) There shall be subtracted from adjusted gross income of a resident or nonresident individual:

(a) the difference between:

(i) the interest or a dividend on an obligation or security of the United States or an authority, commission, instrumentality, or possession of the United States, to the extent that interest or dividend is:

(A) included in adjusted gross income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year; and

(B) exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States; and

(ii) any interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the obligation or security described in Subsection (2)(a)(i);

(b) for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, if the conditions of Subsection (3)(a) are met, the amount of income derived by a Ute tribal member:

(i) during a time period that the Ute tribal member resides on homesteaded land diminished from the Uintah and Ouray Reservation; and

(ii) from a source within the Uintah and Ouray Reservation;

(c) an amount received by a resident or nonresident individual or distribution received by a resident or nonresident beneficiary of a resident trust:

(i) if that amount or distribution constitutes a refund of taxes imposed by:

(A) a state; or

(B) the District of Columbia; and

(ii) to the extent that amount or distribution is included in adjusted gross income for that taxable year on the federal individual income tax return of the resident or nonresident individual or resident or nonresident beneficiary of a resident trust;

(d) the amount of a railroad retirement benefit:

(i) paid:

(A) in accordance with The Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, 45 U.S.C. Sec. 231 et seq.;

(B) to a resident or nonresident individual; and

(C) for the taxable year; and

(ii) to the extent that railroad retirement benefit is included in adjusted gross income on that resident or nonresident individual's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year;

(e) an amount:

(i) received by an enrolled member of an American Indian tribe; and

(ii) to the extent that the state is not authorized or permitted to impose a tax under this part on that amount in accordance with:

(A) federal law;

(B) a treaty; or

(C) a final decision issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;

(f) an amount received:

(i) for the interest on a bond, note, or other obligation issued by an entity for which state statute provides an exemption of interest on its bonds from state individual income tax;

(ii) by a resident or nonresident individual;

(iii) for the taxable year; and

(iv) to the extent the amount is included in adjusted gross income on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year;

(g) the amount of all income, including income apportioned to another state, of a nonmilitary spouse of an active duty military member if:

(i) both the nonmilitary spouse and the active duty military member are nonresident individuals;

(ii) the active duty military member is stationed in Utah;

(iii) the nonmilitary spouse is subject to the residency provisions of 50 U.S.C. Sec.4001(a)(2); and

(iv) the income is included in adjusted gross income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year;

(h) for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019, but beginning on or before December 31, 2019, only:

(i) the amount of any FDIC premium paid or incurred by the taxpayer that is disallowed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes under Section 162(r), Internal

Revenue Code, on the taxpayer's 2018 federal income tax return; plus

(ii) the amount of any FDIC premium paid or incurred by the taxpayer that is disallowed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes under Section 162(r), Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year; [and]

(i) for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, the amount of any FDIC premium paid or incurred by the taxpayer that is disallowed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes under Section 162(r), Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year[-]; and

(j) an amount of a distribution from a qualified retirement plan under Section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code, if:

(i) the amount of the distribution is included in adjusted gross income on the resident or nonresident individual's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year; and

(ii) for the taxable year when the amount of the distribution was contributed to the qualified retirement plan, the amount of the distribution:

(A) was not included in adjusted gross income on the resident or nonresident individual's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year; and

(B) was taxed by another state of the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States.

(3) (a) A subtraction for an amount described in Subsection (2)(b) is allowed only if:

(i) the taxpayer is a Ute tribal member; and

(ii) the governor and the Ute tribe execute and maintain an agreement meeting the requirements of this Subsection (3).

(b) The agreement described in Subsection (3)(a):

(i) may not:

(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;

(B) provide a subtraction under this section greater than or different from the subtraction described in Subsection (2)(b); or

(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation; and

(ii) shall:

(A) provide for the implementation of the subtraction described in Subsection (2)(b);

(B) be in writing;

(C) be signed by:

(I) the governor; and

(II) the chair of the Business Committee of the Ute tribe;

(D) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law; and

(E) state the effective date of the agreement.

(c) (i) The governor shall report to the commission by no later than February 1 of each year regarding whether or not an agreement meeting the requirements of this Subsection (3) is in effect.

(ii) If an agreement meeting the requirements of this Subsection (3) is terminated, the subtraction permitted under Subsection (2)(b) is not allowed for taxable years beginning on or after the January 1 following the termination of the agreement.

(d) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:

(i) for determining whether income is derived from a source within the Uintah and Ouray Reservation; and

(ii) that are substantially similar to how adjusted gross income derived from Utah sources is determined under Section 59-10-117.

(4) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (4), "Form 8814" means:

(i) the federal individual income tax Form 8814, Parents' Election To Report Child's Interest and Dividends; or

(ii) (A) a form designated by the commission in accordance with Subsection
(4)(a)(ii)(B) as being substantially similar to 2000 Form 8814 if for purposes of federal individual income taxes the information contained on 2000 Form 8814 is reported on a form other than Form 8814; and

(B) for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules designating a form as being substantially similar to 2000 Form 8814 if for purposes of federal individual income taxes the information contained on 2000 Form 8814 is reported on a form other than Form 8814.

(b) The amount of a child's income added to adjusted gross income under Subsection (1)(b) is equal to the difference between:

(i) the lesser of:

(A) the base amount specified on Form 8814; and

(B) the sum of the following reported on Form 8814:

(I) the child's taxable interest;

(II) the child's ordinary dividends; and

(III) the child's capital gain distributions; and

(ii) the amount not taxed that is specified on Form 8814.

(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e), interest from bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued by an entity described in Subsections (1)(e)(i)(A) through (D) may not be added to adjusted gross income of a resident or nonresident individual if, as annually determined by the commission:

(a) for an entity described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A) or (B), the entity and all of the political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities of the entity do not impose a tax based on income on any part of the bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of this state; or

(b) for an entity described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(C) or (D), the following do not impose a tax based on income on any part of the bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of this state:

(i) the entity; or

(ii) (A) the state in which the entity is located; or

(B) the District of Columbia, if the entity is located within the District of Columbia.

Section 5. Section 59-10-507 is amended to read:

59-10-507. Return by a pass-through entity.

(1) As used in this section [:]

**}**\_(b) "Taxable], "taxable year" means a year or other time period that would be a taxable year of a pass-through entity if the pass-through entity were subject to taxation under this chapter.

(2) A pass-through entity having any income derived from or connected with Utah sources shall make a return for the taxable year in accordance with Section 59-10-514.

Section 6. Section **59-10-514** is amended to read:

## 59-10-514. Return filing requirements -- Rulemaking authority.

(1) Subject to Subsection (3) and Section 59-10-518:

(a) an individual income tax return filed for a tax imposed in accordance with Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information, shall be filed with the commission on or before the day on which a federal individual income tax return is due [under the Internal Revenue Code];

(b) a fiduciary income tax return filed for a tax imposed in accordance with Part 2, Trusts and Estates, shall be filed with the commission on or before the day on which a federal return for estates and trusts is due [under the Internal Revenue Code]; or

(c) a return filed in accordance with Section 59-10-507 shall be filed with the commission on or before <u>the later of:</u>

(i)\_the 15th day of the fourth month following the last day of the taxpayer's taxable year[-]; or

(ii) the day on which the taxpayer is required to file a federal income tax return.

(2) A person required to make and file a return under this chapter shall, without assessment, notice, or demand, pay any tax due:

(a) to the commission; and

(b) before the due date for filing the return, without regard to any extension of time for filing the return.

(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules prescribing what constitutes filing a return with the commission.

Section  $\frac{3}{7}$ . Section **59-10-516** is amended to read:

#### 59-10-516. Filing extension -- Payment of tax -- Penalty -- Foreign residency.

(1) (a) The commission shall allow a taxpayer an extension of time for filing a return.

(b) (i) For a return filed by a taxpayer except for a partnership, the extension under Subsection (1)(a) may not exceed six months.

(ii) For a return filed by a partnership, the extension under Subsection (1)(a) may not exceed five months.

(2) [(a)] Except as provided in Subsection [(2)(b)] (3), the commission may not impose [on a taxpayer] a penalty under Section 59-1-401 on:

(a) a pass-through entity during the extension period described under Subsection (1) if the pass-through entity<del>{ pays}</del>, on or before the <del>{15th day of the fourth month following the</del> close of the pass-through entity's taxable year, the tax the pass-through entity}return due date,

pays or withholds the tax on behalf of a pass-through entity taxpayer; or

(b) a taxpayer other than a taxpayer described in Subsection (2)(a) during the extension period prescribed under Subsection (1) [a penalty under Section 59-1-401] if the taxpayer pays, on or before the [15th day of the fourth month following the close of the taxpayer's taxable year] return due date, the lesser of:

(i) 90% of the total tax reported on the return for the current taxable year; or

(ii) 100% of the total tax liability for the taxable year immediately preceding the current taxable year.

[(b)] (3) If a taxpayer fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (2)[(a)], the commission may apply to the total balance due a penalty as provided in Section 59-1-401.

[(3)] (4) If a federal income tax return filing is lawfully delayed pending a determination of qualification for a federal tax exemption due to residency outside of the United States, a taxpayer shall file a return within 30 days after that determination is made.

Section 8. Section 59-10-522 is amended to read:

#### 59-10-522. Extension of time for paying tax.

(1) The commission [, except as otherwise provided by this chapter,] may extend the time for payment of the amount shown, or required to be shown, on any return required under authority of this chapter (or any installment thereof), for a reasonable period not to exceed six months from the date fixed for payment thereof. Such extension may exceed six months in the cases of taxpayers who are outside the states of the union and the District of Columbia.

(2) Under rules prescribed by the commission, the time for payment of the amount determined as a deficiency may be extended for a period not to exceed 18 months from the date fixed for payment of the deficiency, and, in exceptional cases, for a further period not to exceed 12 months. An extension under this subsection may be granted only where it is shown to the satisfaction of the commission that the payment of a deficiency upon the date fixed for the payment thereof will result in undue hardship to the taxpayer. No extension may be granted if the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules, or to fraud with intent to evade tax.

(3) Extensions of time for payment of any portion of a claim for tax under this chapter, allowed in bankruptcy or receivership proceedings, which is unpaid, may be had in the same manner and subject to the same provisions and limitations as provided in Subsection (2) in

respect of a deficiency in tax.

Section  $\frac{4}{9}$ . Section **59-10-1403** is amended to read:

#### 59-10-1403. Income tax treatment of a pass-through entity -- Returns --

#### Classification same as under Internal Revenue Code.

(1) Subject to Subsection (3), a pass-through entity is not subject to a tax imposed by this chapter.

(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1403.3, the income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of a pass-through entity shall be passed through to one or more pass-through entity taxpayers as provided in this part.

(3) A pass-through entity is subject to the return filing requirements of Sections 59-10-507 [and], 59-10-514, and 59-10-516.

(4) For purposes of taxation under this title, a pass-through entity that transacts business in the state shall be classified in the same manner as the pass-through entity is classified for federal income tax purposes.

Section  $\frac{5}{10}$ . Retrospective operation.

 $\frac{\text{This}}{(1)}$  Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,  $\frac{2020}{2019}$ .

(2) The changes to the following sections have retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2020:

(a) Section 59-10-103;

(b) Section 59-10-114;

(c) Section 59-10-516; and

(d) Section 59-10-1403.