1	CHILD PROTECTION UNIT AMENDMENTS	
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee	
5	Senate Sponsor: Luz Escamilla	
6 7	LONG TITLE	:
8	General Description:	
9	This bill addresses child protection units and teams.	
10	Highlighted Provisions:	
11	This bill:	
12	 repeals the Child Protection Unit Pilot Program; 	
3	removes references to a "child protection unit";	
14	amends the membership of a child protection team;	
5	 allows a sheriff or chief of police to select a representative of law enforcement to 	
16	serve as a member of a child protection team;	
7	 modifies when a child protection team may assemble for certain cases; 	
8	 allows a member of a child protection team to share case-specific information with 	
9	other members of the child protection team; and	
20	makes technical changes.	
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
22	None	
23	Other Special Clauses:	
24	None	
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
26	AMENDS:	
27	10-3-913, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 472	
28	17-22-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 197	

	62A-4a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 259 and 335
	62A-4a-202.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 459
	62A-4a-202.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 459
	62A-4a-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20
	62A-4a-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 193 and 258
	63I-1-262, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 154, 303, 304, and 358
	78A-6-322, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 459
RE	PEALS:
	62A-4a-202.9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 10-3-913 is amended to read:
	10-3-913. Authority of chief of police Oversight.
	(1) The chief of police has the same authority as the sheriff within the boundaries of
the	municipality of appointment. The chief has authority to:
	(a) suppress riots, disturbances, and breaches of the peace;
	(b) apprehend all persons violating state laws or city ordinances;
	(c) diligently discharge his duties and enforce all ordinances of the city to preserve the
pea	ace, good order, and protection of the rights and property of all persons;
	(d) attend the municipal justice court located within the city when required, provide
sec	eurity for the court, and obey its orders and directions; and
	(e) [create a] select a representative of law enforcement to serve as a member of a child
pro	etection [unit] team, as defined in Section 62A-4a-101.
	(2) This section is not a limitation of a police chief's statewide authority as otherwise
pro	ovided by law.
	(3) The chief of police shall adopt a written policy that prohibits the stopping,
det	ention, or search of any person when the action is solely motivated by considerations of

36	race, color, ethnicity, age, or gender.
57	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Sections 10-3-918 and 10-3-919, a municipality may not
58	establish a board, committee, or other entity that:
59	(i) has authority independent of the chief of police; and
60	(ii) (A) has authority to overrule a hiring or appointment proposal of the chief of
61	police;
62	(B) is required to review or approve a police department's rules, regulations, policies,
63	or procedures in order for the rules, regulations, policies, or procedures to take effect;
64	(C) has authority to veto a new policy, or strike down an existing policy, established
65	under the authority of the chief of police;
66	(D) is required to review or approve a police department's budget in order for the
67	budget to take effect; or
68	(E) has authority to review or approve a contract the police department makes with a
69	police union or other organization.
70	(b) Nothing in this Subsection (4):
71	(i) limits the authority the Utah Code provides over the chief of police;
72	(ii) prohibits the municipal council or chief executive officer from taking a lawful
73	action described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) that is allowed by law; or
74	(iii) limits the authority of a civil service commission established in accordance with
75	Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 10, Civil Service Commission.
76	(5) Subject to Subsection (4), a municipality may establish a board, committee, or other
77	entity that relates to the provision of law enforcement services and that has authority
78	independent of the chief of police if the municipality:
79	(a) directly appoints the board, committee, or other entity's members; and
80	(b) provides direct oversight of the board, committee, or other entity.
81	Section 2. Section 17-22-2 is amended to read:
82	17-22-2. Sheriff General duties.

83	(1) The sheriff shall:
84	(a) preserve the peace;
85	(b) make all lawful arrests;
86	(c) attend in person or by deputy the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals when
87	required or when the court is held within his county, all courts of record, and court
88	commissioner and referee sessions held within his county, obey their lawful orders and
89	directions, and comply with the court security rule, Rule 3-414, of the Utah Code of Judicial
90	Administration;
91	(d) upon request of the juvenile court, aid the court in maintaining order during
92	hearings and transport a minor to and from youth corrections facilities, other institutions, or
93	other designated places;
94	(e) attend county justice courts if the judge finds that the matter before the court
95	requires the sheriff's attendance for security, transportation, and escort of jail prisoners in his
96	custody, or for the custody of jurors;
97	(f) command the aid of as many inhabitants of his county as he considers necessary in
98	the execution of these duties;
99	(g) take charge of and keep the county jail and the jail prisoners;
100	(h) receive and safely keep all persons committed to his custody, file and preserve the
101	commitments of those persons, and record the name, age, place of birth, and description of
102	each person committed;
103	(i) release on the record all attachments of real property when the attachment he
104	receives has been released or discharged;
105	(j) endorse on all process and notices the year, month, day, hour, and minute of
106	reception, and, upon payment of fees, issue a certificate to the person delivering process or
107	notice showing the names of the parties, title of paper, and the time of receipt;
108	(k) serve all process and notices as prescribed by law;

(l) if he makes service of process or notice, certify on the process or notices the

110 manner, time, and place of service, or, if he fails to make service, certify the reason upon the 111 process or notice, and return them without delay; 112 (m) extinguish fires occurring in the undergrowth, trees, or wooded areas on the public 113 land within his county; 114 (n) perform as required by any contracts between the county and private contractors for 115 management, maintenance, operation, and construction of county jails entered into under the 116 authority of Section 17-53-311; 117 (o) for the sheriff of a county of the second through sixth class that enters into an 118 interlocal agreement for law enforcement service under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal 119 Cooperation Act, provide law enforcement service as provided in the interlocal agreement; 120 (p) manage search and rescue services in his county; 121 (g) obtain saliva DNA specimens as required under Section 53-10-404; (r) on or before January 1, 2003, adopt a written policy that prohibits the stopping. 122 123 detention, or search of any person when the action is solely motivated by considerations of 124 race, color, ethnicity, age, or gender; 125 (s) [create a child protection unit, as defined in Section 62A-4a-101, if the sheriff 126 determines that creation of a child protection unit is warranted] as applicable, select a 127 representative of law enforcement to serve as a member of a child protection team, as defined in Section 62A-4a-101; and 128 129 (t) perform any other duties that are required by law. 130 (2) Violation of Subsection (1)(j) is a class C misdemeanor. Violation of any other 131 subsection under Subsection (1) is a class A misdemeanor. 132 (3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3): 133 (i) "Police interlocal entity" has the same meaning as defined in Sections 17-30-3 and 134 17-30a-102.

- (ii) "Police local district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17-30-3.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(c) and 11-13-202(4), a sheriff in a county

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137	which includes within its boundary a police local district or police interlocal entity, or both:
138	(i) serves as the chief executive officer of each police local district and police interlocal
139	entity within the county with respect to the provision of law enforcement service within the
140	boundary of the police local district or police interlocal entity, respectively; and
141	(ii) is subject to the direction of the police local district board of trustees or police
142	interlocal entity governing body, as the case may be, as and to the extent provided by
143	agreement between the police local district or police interlocal entity, respectively, and the
144	sheriff.
145	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), and except as provided in Subsection
146	11-13-202(4), if a police interlocal entity or police local district enters an interlocal agreement
147	with a public agency, as defined in Section 11-13-103, for the provision of law enforcement
148	service, the sheriff:
149	(i) does not serve as the chief executive officer of any interlocal entity created under
150	that interlocal agreement, unless the agreement provides for the sheriff to serve as the chief
151	executive officer; and
152	(ii) shall provide law enforcement service under that interlocal agreement as provided
153	in the agreement.
154	Section 3. Section 62A-4a-101 is amended to read:
155	62A-4a-101. Definitions.
156	As used in this chapter:
157	(1) "Abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78A-6-105.
158	(2) "Adoption services" means:
159	(a) placing children for adoption;
160	(b) subsidizing adoptions under Section 62A-4a-105;
161	(c) supervising adoption placements until the adoption is finalized by the court;
162	(d) conducting adoption studies;

(e) preparing adoption reports upon request of the court; and

164	(1) providing postadoptive placement services, upon request of a family, for the
165	purpose of stabilizing a possible disruptive placement.
166	(3) "Child" means, except as provided in Part 7, Interstate Compact on Placement of
167	Children, a person under 18 years of age.
168	(4) "Child protection team" means a team consisting of:
169	(a) the caseworker assigned to the case;
170	(b) if applicable, the caseworker who made the decision to remove the child;
171	(c) a representative of the school or school district where the child attends school;
172	(d) <u>if applicable</u> , the [peace officer] <u>law enforcement officer</u> who removed the child
173	from the home;
174	(e) a representative of the appropriate Children's Justice Center, if one is established
175	within the county where the child resides;
176	(f) if appropriate, and known to the division, a therapist or counselor who is familiar
177	with the child's circumstances;
178	[(g) members of a child protection unit; and]
179	(g) if appropriate, a representative of law enforcement selected by the chief of police or
180	sheriff in the city or county where the child resides; and
181	(h) any other individuals determined appropriate and necessary by the team coordinator
182	and chair.
183	[(5) "Child protection unit" means any unit created by a chief of police or a sheriff of a
184	city, town, metro township, or county that is composed of at least the following individuals
185	who are trained in the prevention, identification, and treatment of abuse or neglect:]
186	[(a) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; and]
187	[(b) a child advocate selected by the chief of police or a sheriff.]
188	[6] (a) "Chronic abuse" means repeated or patterned abuse.
189	(b) "Chronic abuse" does not mean an isolated incident of abuse.
190	[(7)] (6) (a) "Chronic neglect" means repeated or patterned neglect

191	(b) "Unronic neglect" does not mean an isolated incident of neglect.
192	[8] (7) "Consult" means an interaction between two persons in which the initiating
193	person:
194	(a) provides information to another person;
195	(b) provides the other person an opportunity to respond; and
196	(c) takes the other person's response, if any, into consideration.
197	[9] [8] "Consumer" means a person who receives services offered by the division in
198	accordance with this chapter.
199	[(10)] (9) "Custody," with regard to the division, means the custody of a minor in the
200	division as of the date of disposition.
201	[(11)] (10) "Day-care services" means care of a child for a portion of the day which is
202	less than 24 hours:
203	(a) in the child's own home by a responsible person; or
204	(b) outside of the child's home in a:
205	(i) day-care center;
206	(ii) family group home; or
207	(iii) family child care home.
208	$[\frac{(12)}{(11)}]$ "Dependent child" or "dependency" means a child, or the condition of a
209	child, who is homeless or without proper care through no fault of the child's parent, guardian,
210	or custodian.
211	[(13)] (12) "Director" means the director of the Division of Child and Family Services.
212	$\left[\frac{(14)}{(13)}\right]$ "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services.
213	[(15)] (14) "Domestic violence services" means:
214	(a) temporary shelter, treatment, and related services to:
215	(i) a person who is a victim of abuse, as defined in Section 78B-7-102; and
216	(ii) the dependent children of a person who is a victim of abuse, as defined in Section
217	78B-7-102; and

218	(b) treatment services for a person who is alleged to have committed, has been
219	convicted of, or has pled guilty to, an act of domestic violence as defined in Section 77-36-1.
220	$[\frac{(16)}{(15)}]$ "Harm" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78A-6-105.
221	[(17)] (16) "Homemaking service" means the care of individuals in their domiciles, and
222	help given to individual caretaker relatives to achieve improved household and family
223	management through the services of a trained homemaker.
224	$[\frac{(18)}{(17)}]$ "Incest" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78A-6-105.
225	[(19)] (18) "Indian child" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec.
226	1903.
227	[(20)] (19) "Indian tribe" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec.
228	1903.
229	[(21)] (20) "Minor" means, except as provided in Part 7, Interstate Compact on
230	Placement of Children:
231	(a) a child; or
232	(b) a person:
233	(i) who is at least 18 years [of age] old and younger than 21 years [of age] old; and
234	(ii) for whom the division has been specifically ordered by the juvenile court to provide
235	services.
236	[(22)] (21) "Molestation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78A-6-105.
237	$\left[\frac{(23)}{(22)}\right]$ "Mutual case" means a case that has been:
238	(a) opened by the division under the division's discretion and procedures;
239	(b) opened by the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the case; and
240	(c) accepted for investigation by [the child protection unit established by the chief of
241	police or sheriff] a child protection team, as applicable.
242	[(24)] (23) "Natural parent" means a minor's biological or adoptive parent, and
243	includes a minor's noncustodial parent.
244	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(24)}\right]$ "Neglect" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78A-6-105.

245	$\left[\frac{(26)}{(25)}\right]$ "Protective custody," with regard to the division, means the shelter of a
246	child by the division from the time the child is removed from the child's home until the earlier
247	of:
248	(a) the shelter hearing; or
249	(b) the child's return home.
250	[(27)] (26) "Protective services" means expedited services that are provided:
251	(a) in response to evidence of neglect, abuse, or dependency of a child;
252	(b) to a cohabitant who is neglecting or abusing a child, in order to:
253	(i) help the cohabitant develop recognition of the cohabitant's duty of care and of the
254	causes of neglect or abuse; and
255	(ii) strengthen the cohabitant's ability to provide safe and acceptable care; and
256	(c) in cases where the child's welfare is endangered:
257	(i) to bring the situation to the attention of the appropriate juvenile court and law
258	enforcement agency;
259	(ii) to cause a protective order to be issued for the protection of the child, when
260	appropriate; and
261	(iii) to protect the child from the circumstances that endanger the child's welfare
262	including, when appropriate:
263	(A) removal from the child's home;
264	(B) placement in substitute care; and
265	(C) petitioning the court for termination of parental rights.
266	[(28)] (27) "Severe abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section
267	78A-6-105.
268	[(29)] (28) "Severe neglect" means the same as that term is defined in Section
269	78A-6-105.
270	[(30)] (29) "Sexual abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section
271	78A-6-105.

272	$\left[\frac{(31)}{(30)}\right]$ "Sexual exploitation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
273	78A-6-105.
274	[(32)] (31) "Shelter care" means the temporary care of a minor in a nonsecure facility.
275	[(33)] (32) "Sibling" means a child who shares or has shared at least one parent in
276	common either by blood or adoption.
277	[(34)] (33) "Sibling visitation" means services provided by the division to facilitate the
278	interaction between a child in division custody with a sibling of that child.
279	[(35)] <u>(34)</u> "State" means:
280	(a) a state of the United States;
281	(b) the District of Columbia;
282	(c) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
283	(d) the Virgin Islands;
284	(e) Guam;
285	(f) the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands; or
286	(g) a territory or possession administered by the United States.
287	[(36)] (35) "State plan" means the written description of the programs for children,
288	youth, and family services administered by the division in accordance with federal law.
289	[(37)] (36) "Status offense" means a violation of the law that would not be a violation
290	but for the age of the offender.
291	[(38)] (37) "Substance abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section
292	78A-6-105.
293	[(39)] (38) "Substantiated" or "substantiation" means a judicial finding based on a
294	preponderance of the evidence that abuse or neglect occurred. Each allegation made or
295	identified in a given case shall be considered separately in determining whether there should be
296	a finding of substantiated.
297	[(40)] (39) "Substitute care" means:
298	(a) the placement of a minor in a family home, group care facility, or other placement

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299	outside the minor's own home, either at the request of a parent or other responsible relative, or
300	upon court order, when it is determined that continuation of care in the minor's own home
301	would be contrary to the minor's welfare;
302	(b) services provided for a minor awaiting placement; and
303	(c) the licensing and supervision of a substitute care facility.
304	[(41)] (40) "Supported" means a finding by the division based on the evidence
305	available at the completion of an investigation that there is a reasonable basis to conclude that
306	abuse, neglect, or dependency occurred. Each allegation made or identified during the course
307	of the investigation shall be considered separately in determining whether there should be a
308	finding of supported.
309	[(42)] (41) "Temporary custody," with regard to the division, means the custody of a
310	child in the division from the date of the shelter hearing until disposition.
311	[(43)] (42) "Threatened harm" means the same as that term is defined in Section
312	78A-6-105.
313	[(44)] (43) "Transportation services" means travel assistance given to an individual
314	with escort service, if necessary, to and from community facilities and resources as part of a
315	service plan.
316	[(45)] (44) "Unsubstantiated" means a judicial finding that there is insufficient
317	evidence to conclude that abuse or neglect occurred.
318	[(46)] (45) "Unsupported" means a finding by the division at the completion of an
319	investigation that there is insufficient evidence to conclude that abuse, neglect, or dependency
320	occurred. However, a finding of unsupported means also that the division did not conclude
321	that the allegation was without merit.
322	[(47)] (46) "Without merit" means a finding at the completion of an investigation by
323	the division, or a judicial finding, that the alleged abuse, neglect, or dependency did not occur,
324	or that the alleged perpetrator was not responsible for the abuse, neglect, or dependency.

Section 4. Section **62A-4a-202.3** is amended to read:

326	62A-4a-202.3. Investigation Supported or unsupported reports Child in
327	protective custody.
328	(1) When a child is taken into protective custody in accordance with Section
329	62A-4a-202.1, 78A-6-106, or 78A-6-302, or when the division takes any other action that
330	would require a shelter hearing under Subsection 78A-6-306(1), the division shall immediately
331	initiate an investigation of the:
332	(a) circumstances of the child; and
333	(b) grounds upon which the decision to place the child into protective custody was
334	made.
335	(2) The division's investigation shall conform to reasonable professional standards, and
336	shall include:
337	(a) a search for and review of any records of past reports of abuse or neglect involving:
338	(i) the same child;
339	(ii) any sibling or other child residing in the same household as the child; and
340	(iii) the alleged perpetrator;
341	(b) with regard to a child who is five years of age or older, a personal interview with
342	the child:
343	(i) outside of the presence of the alleged perpetrator; and
344	(ii) conducted in accordance with the requirements of Subsection (7);
345	(c) if a parent or guardian can be located, an interview with at least one of the child's
346	parents or guardian;
347	(d) an interview with the person who reported the abuse, unless the report was made
348	anonymously;
349	(e) where possible and appropriate, interviews with other third parties who have had
350	direct contact with the child, including:
351	(i) school personnel; and
352	(ii) the child's health care provider;

353	(f) an unscheduled visit to the child's home, unless:
354	(i) there is a reasonable basis to believe that the reported abuse was committed by a
355	person who:
356	(A) is not the child's parent; and
357	(B) does not:
358	(I) live in the child's home; or
359	(II) otherwise have access to the child in the child's home; or
360	(ii) an unscheduled visit is not necessary to obtain evidence for the investigation; and
361	(g) if appropriate and indicated in any case alleging physical injury, sexual abuse, or
362	failure to meet the child's medical needs, a medical examination, obtained no later than 24
363	hours after the child is placed in protective custody.
364	(3) The division may rely on a written report of a prior interview rather than
365	conducting an additional interview, if:
366	(a) law enforcement:
367	(i) previously conducted a timely and thorough investigation regarding the alleged
368	abuse, neglect, or dependency; and
369	(ii) produced a written report;
370	(b) the investigation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) included one or more of the
371	interviews required by Subsection (2); and
372	(c) the division finds that an additional interview is not in the best interest of the child.
373	(4) (a) The division's determination of whether a report is supported or unsupported
374	may be based on the child's statements alone.
375	(b) Inability to identify or locate the perpetrator may not be used by the division as a
376	basis for:
377	(i) determining that a report is unsupported; or
378	(ii) closing the case.
379	(c) The division may not determine a case to be unsupported or identify a case as

unsupported solely because the perpetrator was an out-of-home perpetrator.

381	(d) Decisions regarding whether a report is supported, unsupported, or without merit
382	shall be based on the facts of the case at the time the report was made.
383	(5) The division should maintain protective custody of the child if it finds that one or
384	more of the following conditions exist:
385	(a) the child does not have a natural parent, guardian, or responsible relative who is
386	able and willing to provide safe and appropriate care for the child;
387	(b) (i) shelter of the child is a matter of necessity for the protection of the child; and
388	(ii) there are no reasonable means by which the child can be protected in:
389	(A) the child's home; or
390	(B) the home of a responsible relative;
391	(c) there is substantial evidence that the parent or guardian is likely to flee the
392	jurisdiction of the court; or
393	(d) the child has left a previously court ordered placement.
394	(6) (a) Within 24 hours after receipt of a child into protective custody, excluding
395	weekends and holidays, the division shall:
396	(i) convene a child protection team to review the circumstances regarding removal of
397	the child from the child's home or school; and
398	(ii) prepare the testimony and evidence that will be required of the division at the
399	shelter hearing, in accordance with Section 78A-6-306.
400	[(b) The child protection team may include members of a child protection unit.]
401	[(c)] (b) At the 24-hour meeting, the division shall have available for review and
402	consideration the complete child protective services and foster care history of the child and the
403	child's parents and siblings.
404	(7) (a) After receipt of a child into protective custody and prior to the adjudication
405	hearing, all investigative interviews with the child that are initiated by the division shall be:
406	(i) except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), audio or video taped; and

40 /	(11) except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), conducted with a support person of the
408	child's choice present.
409	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (7)(b)(ii), an interview described in Subsection (7)(a) may
410	be conducted without being taped if the child:
411	(A) is at least nine years old;
412	(B) refuses to have the interview audio taped; and
413	(C) refuses to have the interview video taped.
414	(ii) If, pursuant to Subsection (7)(b)(i), an interview is conducted without being taped,
415	the child's refusal shall be documented, as follows:
416	(A) the interviewer shall attempt to get the child's refusal on tape, including the reasons
417	for the refusal; or
418	(B) if the child does not allow the refusal, or the reasons for the refusal, to be taped, the
419	interviewer shall:
420	(I) state on the tape that the child is present, but has refused to have the interview,
421	refusal, or the reasons for the refusal taped; or
422	(II) if complying with Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B)(I) will result in the child, who would
423	otherwise consent to be interviewed, to refuse to be interviewed, the interviewer shall
424	document, in writing, that the child refused to allow the interview to be taped and the reasons
425	for that refusal.
426	(iii) The division shall track the number of interviews under this Subsection (7) that are
427	not taped, and the number of refusals that are not taped, for each interviewer, in order to
428	determine whether a particular interviewer has a higher incidence of refusals, or taped refusals,
429	than other interviewers.
430	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(ii), the support person who is present for an
431	interview of a child may not be an alleged perpetrator.
432	(ii) Subsection (7)(a)(ii) does not apply if the child refuses to have a support person
433	present during the interview

(iii) If a child described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii) refuses to have a support person
present in the interview, the interviewer shall document, in writing, the refusal and the reasons
for the refusal.
(iv) The division shall track the number of interviews under this Subsection (7) where
a child refuses to have a support person present for each interviewer, in order to determine
whether a particular interviewer has a higher incidence of refusals than other interviewers.
(8) The division shall cooperate with law enforcement investigations and with [a child
protection unit] the members of a child protection team, if applicable, regarding the alleged
perpetrator.
(9) The division may not close an investigation solely on the grounds that the division
investigator is unable to locate the child until all reasonable efforts have been made to locate
the child and family members including:
(a) visiting the home at times other than normal work hours;
(b) contacting local schools;
(c) contacting local, county, and state law enforcement agencies; and
(d) checking public assistance records.
Section 5. Section 62A-4a-202.8 is amended to read:
62A-4a-202.8. Child protection team meeting Timing.
(1) A child protection team may assemble for a particular case when:
(a) the case demonstrates:
(i) the likelihood of severe child abuse or neglect; or
(ii) a high risk of repetition as evidenced by previous involvements with law
enforcement or the division; and
(b) the child protection team is assembled for the purpose of information sharing and
identification of resources, services, or actions that support the child and the child's family.
[(1)] (2) Subject to Subsection $[(2)]$ (3), if the division files a petition under Section
78A-6-304, the division shall convene a child protection team meeting to:

461	(a) review the circumstances of the filing of the petition; and
462	(b) develop or review implementation of a safety plan to protect the child from further
463	abuse, neglect, or dependency.
464	[(2)] (3) The child protection team meeting required under Subsection [(1)] (2) shall be
465	held within the shorter of:
466	(a) 14 days of the day on which the petition is filed under Section 78A-6-304 if the
467	conditions of Subsection $[(2)](3)(b)$ or (c) are not met;
468	(b) 24 hours of the filing of the petition under Section 78A-6-304, excluding weekends
469	and holidays, if the child who is the subject of the petition will likely be taken into protective
470	custody unless there is an expedited hearing and services ordered under the protective
471	supervision of the court; or
472	(c) 24 hours after receipt of a child into protective custody, excluding weekends and
473	holidays, if the child is taken into protective custody as provided in Section 62A-4a-202.3.
474	[(3) The child protection team may include members of a child protection unit.]
475	(4) At its meeting the child protection team shall review the complete child protective
476	services and foster care history of the child and the child's parents and siblings.
477	Section 6. Section 62A-4a-409 is amended to read:
478	62A-4a-409. Investigation by division Temporary protective custody
479	Preremoval interviews of children.
480	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the division shall conduct a thorough
481	preremoval investigation upon receiving either an oral or written report of alleged abuse or
482	neglect, or an oral or written report under Subsection 62A-4a-404(2), when there is reasonable
483	cause to suspect that a situation of abuse, neglect, or the circumstances described under
484	Subsection 62A-4a-404(2) exist.
485	(b) The primary purpose of the investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
486	protection of the child.
487	(c) The division is not required to conduct an investigation under Subsection (1)(a) if

488 the division determines the person responsible for the child's care: 489 (i) is not the alleged perpetrator; and 490 (ii) is willing and able to ensure the alleged perpetrator does not have access to the 491 child. 492 (2) The preremoval investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include the same 493 investigative requirements described in Section 62A-4a-202.3. 494 (3) The division shall make a written report of its investigation that shall include a 495 determination regarding whether the alleged abuse or neglect is supported, unsupported, or 496 without merit. 497 (4) (a) The division shall use an interdisciplinary approach when appropriate in dealing 498 with reports made under this part. 499 (b) The division shall convene a child protection team to assist the division in the 500 division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services. 501 (c) The division may include members of a child protection [unit] team in the division's 502 protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services. 503 (d) A representative of the division shall serve as the team's coordinator and chair. 504 Members of the team shall serve at the coordinator's invitation. Whenever possible, the team 505 shall include representatives of: 506 (i) health, mental health, education, and law enforcement agencies; 507 (ii) the child; 508 (iii) parent and family support groups unless the parent is alleged to be the perpetrator; 509 and 510 (iv) other appropriate agencies or individuals. 511 (5) If a report of neglect is based upon or includes an allegation of educational neglect, 512 the division shall immediately consult with school authorities to verify the child's status in

(6) When the division completes the division's initial investigation under this part, the

accordance with Sections 53G-6-201 through 53G-6-206.

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515	division shall give notice of that completion to the person who made the initial report.
516	(7) Division workers or other child protection team members have authority to enter
517	upon public or private premises, using appropriate legal processes, to investigate reports of
518	alleged abuse or neglect, upon notice to parents of their rights under the Child Abuse
519	Prevention and Treatment Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5106, or any successor thereof.
520	(8) With regard to any interview of a child prior to removal of that child from the
521	child's home:
522	(a) except as provided in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), the division shall inform a parent of
523	the child prior to the interview of:
524	(i) the specific allegations concerning the child; and
525	(ii) the time and place of the interview;
526	(b) if a child's parent or stepparent, or a parent's paramour has been identified as the
527	alleged perpetrator, the division is not required to comply with Subsection (8)(a);
528	(c) if the perpetrator is unknown, or if the perpetrator's relationship to the child's family
529	is unknown, the division may conduct a minimal interview or conversation, not to exceed 15
530	minutes, with the child prior to complying with Subsection (8)(a);
531	(d) in all cases described in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), a parent of the child shall be
532	notified as soon as practicable after the child has been interviewed, but in no case later than 24
533	hours after the interview has taken place;
534	(e) a child's parents shall be notified of the time and place of all subsequent interviews
535	with the child; and
536	(f) the child shall be allowed to have a support person of the child's choice present,
537	who:
538	(i) may include:
539	(A) a school teacher;
540	(B) an administrator;
541	(C) a guidance counselor;

542	(D) a child care provider;
543	(E) a family member;
544	(F) a family advocate; or
545	(G) a member of the clergy; and
546	(ii) may not be an individual who is alleged to be, or potentially may be, the
547	perpetrator.
548	(9) In accordance with the procedures and requirements of Sections 62A-4a-202.1
549	through 62A-4a-202.3, a division worker or child protection team member may take a child
550	into protective custody and deliver the child to a law enforcement officer, or place the child in
551	an emergency shelter facility approved by the juvenile court, at the earliest opportunity
552	subsequent to the child's removal from the child's original environment. Control and
553	jurisdiction over the child is determined by the provisions of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile
554	Court Act, and as otherwise provided by law.
555	(10) With regard to cases in which law enforcement has or is conducting an
556	investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child:
557	(a) the division shall coordinate with law enforcement to ensure that there is an
558	adequate safety plan to protect the child from further abuse or neglect; and
559	(b) the division is not required to duplicate an aspect of the investigation that, in the
560	division's determination, has been satisfactorily completed by law enforcement.
561	(11) With regard to a mutual case in which a child protection [unit] team was involved
562	in the investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child, the division shall consult with the
563	child protection [unit] team before closing the case.
564	Section 7. Section 62A-4a-412 is amended to read:
565	62A-4a-412. Reports, information, and referrals confidential Exceptions.
566	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, reports made under this part, as well
567	as any other information in the possession of the division obtained as the result of a report are
568	private, protected, or controlled records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records

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569	Access and Management Act, and may only be made available to:
570	(a) a police or law enforcement agency investigating a report of known or suspected
571	abuse or neglect, including members of a child protection [unit] team;
572	(b) a physician who reasonably believes that a child may be the subject of abuse or
573	neglect;
574	(c) an agency that has responsibility or authority to care for, treat, or supervise a minor
575	who is the subject of a report;
576	(d) a contract provider that has a written contract with the division to render services to
577	a minor who is the subject of a report;
578	(e) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-202(10), a subject of the report, the natural
579	parents of the child, and the guardian ad litem;
580	(f) a court, upon a finding that access to the records may be necessary for the
581	determination of an issue before the court, provided that in a divorce, custody, or related
582	proceeding between private parties, the record alone is:
583	(i) limited to objective or undisputed facts that were verified at the time of the
584	investigation; and
585	(ii) devoid of conclusions drawn by the division or any of the division's workers on the
586	ultimate issue of whether or not a person's acts or omissions constituted any level of abuse or
587	neglect of another person;
588	(g) an office of the public prosecutor or its deputies in performing an official duty;
589	(h) a person authorized by a Children's Justice Center, for the purposes described in
590	Section 67-5b-102;
591	(i) a person engaged in bona fide research, when approved by the director of the
592	division, if the information does not include names and addresses;
593	(j) the State Board of Education, acting on behalf of itself or on behalf of a local

education agency, as defined in Section 63J-5-102, for the purpose of evaluating whether an

individual should be permitted to obtain or retain a license as an educator or serve as an

employee or volunteer in a school, limited to information with substantiated or supported findings involving an alleged sexual offense, an alleged felony or class A misdemeanor drug offense, or any alleged offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person, and with the understanding that the office must provide the subject of a report received under Subsection (1)(k) with an opportunity to respond to the report before making a decision concerning licensure or employment;

- (k) any person identified in the report as a perpetrator or possible perpetrator of abuse or neglect, after being advised of the screening prohibition in Subsection (2);
- (l) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-202(10), a person filing a petition for a child protective order on behalf of a child who is the subject of the report;
- (m) a licensed child-placing agency or person who is performing a preplacement adoptive evaluation in accordance with the requirements of Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130:
 - (n) an Indian tribe to:

- (i) certify or license a foster home;
- (ii) render services to a subject of a report; or
 - (iii) investigate an allegation of abuse, neglect, or dependency; or
- (o) the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, the Department of Health, or a local substance abuse authority, described in Section 17-43-201, for the purpose of providing substance abuse treatment to a pregnant woman, or the services described in Subsection 62A-15-103(2)(o).
 - (2) (a) A person, unless listed in Subsection (1), may not request another person to obtain or release a report or any other information in the possession of the division obtained as a result of the report that is available under Subsection (1)(k) to screen for potential perpetrators of abuse or neglect.
- 621 (b) A person who requests information knowing that the request is a violation of 622 Subsection (2)(a) is subject to the criminal penalty in Subsection (4).

(3) (a) Except as provided in Section 62A-4a-1007 and Subsection (3)(b), the division
and law enforcement officials shall ensure the anonymity of the person or persons making the
initial report and any others involved in its subsequent investigation.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, excluding Section 78A-6-317, but including this chapter and Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, when the division makes a report or other information in the division's possession available under Subsection (1)(e) to a subject of the report or a parent of a child, the division shall remove from the report or other information only the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals or specific information that could:
 - (i) identify the referent;
 - (ii) impede a criminal investigation; or
 - (iii) endanger a person's safety.
- (4) Any person who [wilfully] willfully permits, or aides and abets the release of data or information obtained as a result of this part, in the possession of the division or contained on any part of the Management Information System, in violation of this part or Sections 62A-4a-1003 through 62A-4a-1007, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
- (5) The physician-patient privilege is not a ground for excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries or the cause of those injuries, in any proceeding resulting from a report made in good faith pursuant to this part.
- (6) A child-placing agency or person who receives a report in connection with a preplacement adoptive evaluation pursuant to Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130:
 - (a) may provide this report to the person who is the subject of the report; and
- (b) may provide this report to a person who is performing a preplacement adoptive evaluation in accordance with the requirement of Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130, or to a licensed child-placing agency or to an attorney seeking to facilitate an adoption.
- (7) A member of a child protection team may, before the day on which the child is removed, share case-specific information obtained from the division under this section with

650 other members of the child protection team. 651 Section 8. Section **63I-1-262** is amended to read: 652 63I-1-262. Repeal dates, Title 62A. 653 (1) Subsections 62A-1-120(8)(g), (h), and (i) relating to completion of premarital 654 counseling or education under Section 30-1-34 are repealed July 1, 2023. 655 (2) Section 62A-3-209 is repealed July 1, 2023. 656 (3) Section 62A-4a-202.9 is repealed December 31, 2021. 657 [(4)] (3) Section 62A-4a-213 is repealed July 1, 2024. 658 $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$ (4) Sections 62A-5a-101, 62A-5a-102, 62A-5a-103, and 62A-5a-104, which 659 create the Coordinating Council for Persons with Disabilities, are repealed July 1, 2022. 660 [(6)] (5) Section 62A-15-114 is repealed December 31, 2021. 661 $\left[\frac{7}{1}\right]$ (6) Subsections 62A-15-116(1) and $\left[\frac{4}{1}\right]$ (5), the language that states "In consultation with the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Commission, established in Section 662 663 63C-18-202," is repealed January 1, 2023. 664 [(8)] (7) Section 62A-15-118 is repealed December 31, 2023. 665 [(9)] (8) Subsections 62A-15-605(3)(h) and (4) relating to the study of long-term needs 666 for adult beds in the state hospital are repealed July 1, 2022. 667 [(10)] (9) Section 62A-15-605, which creates the Forensic Mental Health Coordinating 668 Council, is repealed July 1, 2023. 669 $[\frac{(11)}{(10)}]$ (10) Subsections 62A-15-1100(1) and 62A-15-1101(9), in relation to the Utah 670 Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council, are repealed January 1, 2023. [(12)] (11) In relation to the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Commission, on July 671 672 1, 2023: 673 (a) Subsections 62A-15-1301(2) and 62A-15-1401(1) are repealed; 674 (b) Subsection 62A-15-1302(1)(b), the language that states "and in consultation with the commission" is repealed; 675 676 (c) [Section] Subsection 62A-15-1303(1), the language that states "In consultation with

677	the commission," is repealed;
678	(d) Subsection 62A-15-1402(2)(a), the language that states "With recommendations
679	from the commission," is repealed; and
680	(e) Subsection 62A-15-1702(6) is repealed.
681	Section 9. Section 78A-6-322 is amended to read:
682	78A-6-322. Abuse, neglect, or dependency of child Coordination of
683	proceedings.
684	(1) In each case where an information or indictment has been filed against a defendant
685	concerning abuse, neglect, or dependency of a child, and a petition has been filed in juvenile
686	court concerning the victim, the appropriate county attorney's or district attorney's office shall
687	coordinate with the attorney general's office.
688	(2) Law enforcement personnel, Division of Child and Family Services personnel, the
689	appointed guardian ad litem, pretrial services personnel, and corrections personnel shall make
690	reasonable efforts to facilitate the coordination required by this section.
691	(3) Members of interdisciplinary child protection teams, established under Section
692	62A-4a-409, may participate in the coordination required by this section.
693	(4) [Members of a child protection unit, established under Section 10-3-913 or
694	17-22-2,] A member of a child protection team, as defined in Section 62A-4a-101, may
695	coordinate with the attorney general's office, Division of Child and Family Services personnel,
696	the appointed guardian ad litem, pretrial services personnel, and corrections personnel as
697	appropriate.
698	Section 10. Repealer.
699	This bill repeals:

Section 62A-4a-202.9, Child protection unit pilot program.