1	REPORTING REQUIREMENT AMENDMENTS
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Brian S. King
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses reporting requirements for the abuse, neglect, or exploitation of
10	certain individuals.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	► amends the reporting requirement for the suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
14	of a vulnerable adult;
15	 provides exceptions to the reporting requirement for suspected abuse, neglect, or
16	exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
17	 clarifies the physician-patient privilege in regards to reporting suspected abuse,
18	neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
19	 requires Adult Protective Services to file a complaint in certain circumstances;
20	 addresses civil and criminal liability for reporting, or failing to report, suspected
21	abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to Adult Protective Services or
22	the nearest police officer or law enforcement agency;
23	 addresses prosecution for willful failure to report suspected abuse, neglect, or
24	exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
25	amends the reporting requirement for the suspected abuse or neglect of a child;
26	 provides exceptions to the reporting requirement for suspected abuse or neglect of a
27	child;
28	 clarifies the physician-patient privilege in regards to reporting suspected abuse or
29	neglect of a child;

30	 requires the Division of Child and Family Services to file a complaint in certain
31	circumstances;
32	 addresses civil and criminal liability for reporting, or failing to report, suspected
33	abuse or neglect of a child to the Division of Child and Family Services or the
34	nearest police officer or law enforcement agency;
35	 addresses prosecution for willful failure to report suspected abuse or neglect of a
36	child;
37	► makes it a crime for an individual to threaten, intimidate, or attempt to intimidate
38	certain individuals when a report is made, or an investigation is being conducted, in
39	regards to the abuse or neglect of a child;
40	repeals a statute with a reporting requirement for abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
41	vulnerable adult; and
42	makes technical and conforming changes.
43	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
44	None
45	Other Special Clauses:
46	None
47	Utah Code Sections Affected:
48	AMENDS:
49	62A-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 328
50	62A-4a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20
51	62A-4a-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 395
52	62A-4a-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 299
53	62A-4a-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 193 and 258
54	REPEALS:
55	76-5-111.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 50

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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58	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read:
59	62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity
60	Penalties Nonmedical healing.
61	[(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of
62	abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake or the
63	nearest law enforcement agency. When the initial report is made to law enforcement, law
64	enforcement shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake. Adult Protective
65	Services and law enforcement shall coordinate, as appropriate, their efforts to provide
66	protection to the vulnerable adult.]
67	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), if an individual has reason to believe that a
68	vulnerable adult is, or has been, the subject of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, the individual
69	shall immediately report the suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation to Adult Protective
70	Services or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency.
71	(2) (a) If a peace officer or a law enforcement agency receives a report under
72	Subsection (1), the peace officer or the law enforcement agency shall immediately notify Adult
73	Protective Services.
74	(b) Adult Protective Services and the peace officer or the law enforcement agency shall
75	coordinate, as appropriate, efforts to investigate the report under Subsection (1) and to provide
76	protection to the vulnerable adult.
77	[(2)] (3) When [the initial report or] a report under Subsection (1), or a subsequent
78	investigation by Adult Protective Services, indicates that a criminal offense may have occurred
79	against a vulnerable adult:
80	(a) Adult Protective Services shall notify the nearest local law enforcement agency
81	regarding the potential offense; and
82	(b) the law enforcement agency [may] shall initiate an investigation in cooperation
83	with Adult Protective Services.
84	[(3) A person who in good faith makes a report or otherwise notifies a law enforcement
85	agency or Adult Protective Services of suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation is immune

86	from civil and criminal liability in connection with the report or other notification.]
87	[(4) (a) A person who willfully fails to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
88	of a vulnerable adult is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.]
89	[(b) A covered provider or covered contractor, as defined in Section 26-21-201, that
90	knowingly fails to report suspected abuse or neglect, as required by this section, is subject to a
91	private right of action and liability for the abuse or neglect of another person that is committed
92	by the individual who was not reported to Adult Protective Services in accordance with this
93	section.]
94	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the reporting requirement described in Subsection (1)
95	does not apply to:
96	(a) a member of the clergy, with regard to any confession made to the member of the
97	clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy and without the
98	consent of the individual making the confession, if:
99	(i) the perpetrator made the confession directly to the member of the clergy; and
100	(ii) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice, bound
101	to maintain the confidentiality of that confession; or
102	(b) an attorney, or an individual employed by the attorney, if knowledge of the
103	suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult arises from the representation of
104	a client, unless the attorney is permitted to reveal the suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
105	of the vulnerable adult to prevent reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm in
106	accordance with Utah Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 1.6.
107	(5) (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about abuse, neglect, or
108	exploitation of a vulnerable adult from any source other than confession of the perpetrator, the
109	member of the clergy is required to report that information even though the member of the
110	clergy may have also received information about abuse or neglect from the confession of the
111	perpetrator.
112	(b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for an individual described in Subsection
113	(4) does not exempt the individual from any other efforts required by law to prevent further

114	abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult by the perpetrator.
115	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "physician" means an individual licensed to
116	practice as a physician or osteopath in this state under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
117	Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
118	(b) The physician-patient privilege does not:
119	(i) excuse a physician from reporting suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
120	vulnerable adult under Subsection (1); or
121	(ii) constitute grounds for excluding evidence regarding a vulnerable adult's injuries, or
122	the cause of the vulnerable adult's injuries, in any judicial or administrative proceeding
123	resulting from a report under Subsection (1).
124	(7) (a) An individual who in good faith makes a report under Subsection (1), or who
125	otherwise notifies Adult Protective Services or a peace officer or law enforcement agency, is
126	immune from civil and criminal liability in connection with the report or notification.
127	(b) A covered provider or covered contractor, as defined in Section 26-21-201, that
128	knowingly fails to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to
129	Adult Protective Services, or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency, under
130	Subsection (1), is subject to a private right of action and liability for the abuse, neglect, or
131	exploitation of a vulnerable adult that is committed by the individual who was not reported to
132	Adult Protective Services or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency.
133	(c) This Subsection (7) does not provide immunity with respect to acts or omissions of
134	a governmental employee except as provided in Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity
135	Act of Utah.
136	(8) If Adult Protective Services has substantial grounds to believe that an individual
137	has knowingly failed to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult in
138	accordance with this section, Adult Protective Services shall file a complaint with:
139	(a) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing if the individual is a health
140	care provider, as defined in Section 62A-4a-404, or a mental health therapist, as defined in
141	Section 58-6-102;

142	(b) the appropriate law enforcement agency if the individual is a law enforcement
143	officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; and
144	(c) the State Board of Education if the individual is an educator, as defined in Section
145	<u>53E-6-102.</u>
146	(9) (a) An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual willfully fails
147	to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to Adult Protective
148	Services, or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency under Subsection (1).
149	(b) If an individual is convicted under Subsection (9)(a), the court may order the
150	individual, in addition to any other sentence the court imposes, to:
151	(i) complete community service hours; or
152	(ii) complete a program on preventing abuse, neglect, and exploitation of vulnerable
153	adults.
154	(c) In determining whether it would be appropriate to charge an individual with a
155	violation of Subsection (9)(a), the prosecuting attorney shall take into account whether a
156	reasonable individual would not have reported suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
157	vulnerable adult because reporting would have placed the individual in immediate danger of
158	death or serious bodily injury.
159	(d) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a prosecuting attorney may not use
160	an individual's violation of Subsection (9)(a) as the basis for charging the individual with
161	another offense.
162	(e) A prosecution for failure to report under Subsection (9)(a) shall be commenced
163	within two years after the day on which the individual had knowledge of the suspected abuse,
164	neglect, or exploitation and willfully failed to report.
165	[(5)] (10) Under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 76-8-508, [a
166	person who] an individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual threatens,
167	intimidates, or attempts to intimidate a vulnerable adult who is the subject of a report[, a
168	witness, the person who made the report] under Subsection (1), the individual who made the
169	report under Subsection (1), a witness, or any other person cooperating with an investigation

170	conducted [pursuant to] in accordance with this chapter [is guilty of a class B misdemeanor].
171	[6] An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the
172	reason that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in
173	lieu of medical care.
174	Section 2. Section 62A-4a-403 is amended to read:
175	62A-4a-403. Reporting requirements Exceptions.
176	[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when any individual, including an
177	individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67,
178	Utah Medical Practice Act, has reason to believe that a child has been subjected to abuse or
179	neglect, or observes a child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that would
180	reasonably result in abuse or neglect, that individual shall immediately report the alleged abuse
181	or neglect to the nearest peace officer, law enforcement agency, or office of the division.]
182	[(b) (i) Upon receipt of a report described in Subsection (1)(a)]
183	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if an individual, including an individual
184	licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
185	Practice Act, has reason to believe that a child is, or has been, the subject of abuse or neglect,
186	or observes a child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that would reasonably result
187	in abuse or neglect, the individual shall immediately report the suspected abuse or neglect to
188	the division or to the nearest peace office or law enforcement agency.
189	(2) (a) (i) If a peace officer or a law enforcement agency receives a report under
190	Subsection (1), the peace officer or law enforcement agency shall immediately notify the
191	nearest office of the division.
192	(ii) [If an initial report of abuse or neglect is made to the division] If the division
193	receives a report under Subsection (1), the division shall immediately notify the appropriate
194	local law enforcement agency.
195	[(e)] (b) (i) The division shall, in addition to the division's own investigation in
196	accordance with Section 62A-4a-409, coordinate with the law enforcement agency on
197	investigations [by law enforcement undertaken to investigate a report described in Subsection

198	(1)(a)] undertaken by the law enforcement agency to investigate the report of abuse or neglect
199	under Subsection (1).
200	(ii) If <u>a</u> law enforcement <u>agency</u> undertakes an investigation of a [report described in
201	Subsection (1)(a) report under Subsection (1), the law enforcement agency [undertaking the
202	investigation] shall provide a final investigatory report to the division upon request.
203	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ Subject to Subsection $[\frac{(3)}{(4)}]$, the $[\frac{(4)}{(4)}]$ reporting requirement
204	described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a)}{2}]$ does not apply to:
205	(a) a member of the clergy, with regard to any confession made to the member of the
206	clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy and without the
207	consent of the individual making the confession, if:
208	[(a)] (i) the perpetrator made the confession directly to the member of the clergy; and
209	[(b)] (ii) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice,
210	bound to maintain the confidentiality of that confession[-]; or
211	(b) an attorney, or an individual employed by the attorney, if the knowledge or belief of
212	the suspected abuse or neglect of a child arises from the representation of a client, unless the
213	attorney is permitted to reveal the suspected abuse or neglect of the child to prevent reasonably
214	certain death or substantial bodily harm in accordance with Utah Rules of Professional
215	Conduct, Rule 1.6.
216	[(3)] (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about abuse or neglect
217	from any source other than confession of the perpetrator, the member of the clergy is required
218	to report that information even though the member of the clergy may have also received
219	information about abuse or neglect from the confession of the perpetrator.
220	(b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for [a member of the clergy] an individual
221	described in Subsection (3) does not exempt the [member of the clergy] individual from any
222	other efforts required by law to prevent further abuse or neglect by the perpetrator.
223	Section 3. Section 62A-4a-410 is amended to read:
224	62A-4a-410. Immunity from liability Exception.
225	(1) (a) Any person who in good faith makes a report under Section 62A-4a-403,

226	62A-4a-404, or 62A-4a-405, or who otherwise notifies the division or a peace officer or law
227	enforcement agency of suspected abuse or neglect of a child, is immune from civil and criminal
228	liability in connection with the report or notification.
229	[(1)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3), any person, official, or institution
230	[participating in good faith in making a report,] taking photographs or X-rays, assisting an
231	investigator from the division, serving as a member of a child protection team, or taking a child
232	into protective custody [pursuant to] in accordance with this part, is immune from [any
233	liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of those actions] civil or
234	criminal liability in connection with those actions.
235	(2) This section does not provide immunity with respect to acts or omissions of a
236	governmental employee except as provided in Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity
237	Act of Utah.
238	(3) The immunity described in Subsection (1)(b) does not apply if the person, official,
239	or institution:
240	(a) acted or failed to act through fraud or willful misconduct;
241	(b) in a judicial or administrative proceeding, intentionally or knowingly gave, upon a
242	lawful oath or in any form allowed by law as a substitute for an oath, false testimony material
243	to the issue or matter of inquiry in the proceeding; or
244	(c) intentionally or knowingly:
245	(i) fabricated evidence; or
246	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4), with a conscious disregard for the rights of
247	others, failed to disclose evidence that:
248	(A) was known to the person, official, or institution; and
249	(B) (I) was known by the person, official, or institution to be relevant to a material
250	issue or matter of inquiry in a pending judicial or administrative proceeding if the person,
251	official, or institution knew of the pending judicial or administrative proceeding; or
252	(II) was known by the person, official, or institution to be relevant to a material issue or
253	matter of inquiry in a judicial or administrative proceeding, if disclosure of the evidence was

254	requested of the employee by a party to the proceeding or counsel for a party to the proceeding.
255	(4) Immunity is not lost under Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if the person, official, or
256	institution:
257	(a) failed to disclose evidence described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii), because the person,
258	official, or institution is prohibited by law from disclosing the evidence; or
259	(b) (i) [pursuant to] in accordance with the provisions of 45 [CFR] C.F.R.
260	164.502(g)(5), refused to disclose evidence described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii) to a person who
261	requested the evidence; and
262	(ii) after refusing to disclose the evidence under Subsection (4)(b)(i), complied with or
263	responded to a valid court order or valid subpoena received by the person, official, or
264	institution to disclose the evidence described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
265	Section 4. Section 62A-4a-411 is amended to read:
266	62A-4a-411. Failure to report Threats and intimidation Penalties.
267	[Any person, official, or institution required to report a case of suspected abuse, neglect,
268	fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency, who willfully fails to do so is guilty of a
269	class B misdemeanor. Action for failure to report must be commenced within four years from
270	the date of knowledge of the offense and the willful failure to report.]
271	(1) If the division has substantial grounds to believe that an individual has knowingly
272	failed to report suspected abuse, neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency in
273	accordance with this part, the division shall file a complaint with:
274	(a) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing if the individual is a health
275	care provider, as defined in Section 62A-4a-404, or a mental health therapist, as defined in
276	Section 58-6-102;
277	(b) the appropriate law enforcement agency if the individual is a law enforcement
278	officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; and
279	(c) the State Board of Education if the individual is an educator, as defined in Section
280	<u>53E-6-102.</u>
281	(2) (a) An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual willfully fails

282	to report the suspected abuse, neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency in
283	accordance with this part.
284	(b) If an individual is convicted under Subsection (2)(a), the court may order the
285	individual, in addition to any other sentence the court imposes, to:
286	(i) complete community service hours; or
287	(ii) complete a program on preventing abuse and neglect of children.
288	(c) In determining whether it would be appropriate to charge an individual with a
289	violation of Subsection (2)(a), the prosecuting attorney shall take into account whether a
290	reasonable individual would not have reported suspected abuse or neglect of a child because
291	reporting would have placed the individual in immediate danger of death or serious bodily
292	<u>injury.</u>
293	(d) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a prosecuting attorney may not use
294	an individual's violation of Subsection (2)(a) as the basis for charging the individual with
295	another offense.
296	(e) A prosecution for failure to report under Subsection (2)(a) shall be commenced
297	within two years after the day on which the individual had knowledge of the suspected abuse,
298	neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency and willfully failed to report.
299	(3) Under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 76-8-508, an
300	individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual threatens, intimidates, or
301	attempts to intimidate a child who is the subject of a report under this part, the individual who
302	made the report, a witness, or any other person cooperating with an investigation conducted in
303	accordance with this chapter.
304	Section 5. Section 62A-4a-412 is amended to read:
305	62A-4a-412. Reports, information, and referrals confidential.
306	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, reports made under this part, as well
307	as any other information in the possession of the division obtained as the result of a report are
308	private, protected, or controlled records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
309	Access and Management Act, and may only be made available to:

310 (a) a police or law enforcement agency investigating a report of known or suspected 311 abuse or neglect, including members of a child protection unit; 312 (b) a physician who reasonably believes that a child may be the subject of abuse or 313 neglect; (c) an agency that has responsibility or authority to care for, treat, or supervise a minor 314 315 who is the subject of a report; 316 (d) a contract provider that has a written contract with the division to render services to 317 a minor who is the subject of a report; 318 (e) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-202(10), a subject of the report, the natural 319 parents of the child, and the guardian ad litem; (f) a court, upon a finding that access to the records may be necessary for the 320 321 determination of an issue before the court, provided that in a divorce, custody, or related 322 proceeding between private parties, the record alone is: 323 (i) limited to objective or undisputed facts that were verified at the time of the 324 investigation; and 325 (ii) devoid of conclusions drawn by the division or any of the division's workers on the ultimate issue of whether or not a person's acts or omissions constituted any level of abuse or 326 neglect of another person; 327 328 (g) an office of the public prosecutor or its deputies in performing an official duty; 329 (h) a person authorized by a Children's Justice Center, for the purposes described in Section 67-5b-102; 330 331 (i) a person engaged in bona fide research, when approved by the director of the 332 division, if the information does not include names and addresses; 333 (i) the State Board of Education, acting on behalf of itself or on behalf of a local 334 education agency, as defined in Section 63J-5-102, for the purpose of evaluating whether an individual should be permitted to obtain or retain a license as an educator or serve as an 335 employee or volunteer in a school, limited to information with substantiated or supported 336

findings involving an alleged sexual offense, an alleged felony or class A misdemeanor drug

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offense, or any alleged offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person, and with the understanding that the office must provide the subject of a report received under Subsection (1)(k) with an opportunity to respond to the report before making a decision concerning licensure or employment; (k) any person identified in the report as a perpetrator or possible perpetrator of abuse or neglect, after being advised of the screening prohibition in Subsection (2); (1) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-202(10), a person filing a petition for a child protective order on behalf of a child who is the subject of the report; (m) a licensed child-placing agency or person who is performing a preplacement adoptive evaluation in accordance with the requirements of Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130: (n) an Indian tribe to: (i) certify or license a foster home; (ii) render services to a subject of a report; or (iii) investigate an allegation of abuse, neglect, or dependency; or (o) the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, the Department of Health, or a local substance abuse authority, described in Section 17-43-201, for the purpose of providing substance abuse treatment to a pregnant woman, or the services described in Subsection 62A-15-103(2)(o). (2) (a) A person, unless listed in Subsection (1), may not request another person to obtain or release a report or any other information in the possession of the division obtained as a result of the report that is available under Subsection (1)(k) to screen for potential perpetrators of abuse or neglect. (b) A person who requests information knowing that the request is a violation of Subsection (2)(a) is subject to the criminal penalty in Subsection (4).

(3) (a) Except as provided in Section 62A-4a-1007 and Subsection (3)(b), the division

and law enforcement officials shall ensure the anonymity of the person or persons making the

initial report and any others involved in [its] a subsequent investigation.

366	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, excluding Section 78A-6-317, but
367	including this chapter and Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
368	Act, when the division makes a report or other information in the division's possession
369	available under Subsection (1)(e) to a subject of the report or a parent of a child, the division
370	shall remove from the report or other information only the names, addresses, and telephone
371	numbers of individuals or specific information that could:
372	(i) identify the referent;
373	(ii) impede a criminal investigation; or
374	(iii) endanger a person's safety.
375	(4) Any person who [wilfully] willfully permits, or aides and abets the release of data
376	or information obtained as a result of this part, in the possession of the division or contained on
377	any part of the Management Information System, in violation of this part or Sections
378	62A-4a-1003 through 62A-4a-1007, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
379	[(5) The physician-patient privilege is not a ground for excluding evidence regarding a
380	child's injuries or the cause of those injuries, in any proceeding resulting from a report made in
381	good faith pursuant to this part.]
382	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5), "physician" means an individual licensed to
383	practice as a physician or osteopath in this state under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
384	Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
385	(b) The physician-patient privilege does not:
386	(i) excuse a physician from reporting suspected abuse, neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome,
387	or fetal drug dependency under this part; and
388	(ii) constitute grounds for excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries, or the cause
389	of the child's injuries, in any judicial or administrative proceeding resulting from a report under
390	this part.
391	(6) A child-placing agency or person who receives a report in connection with a
392	preplacement adoptive evaluation pursuant to Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130:
393	(a) may provide this report to the person who is the subject of the report; and

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394	(b) may provide this report to a person who is performing a preplacement adoptive
395	evaluation in accordance with the requirement of Sections 78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130, or to a
396	licensed child-placing agency or to an attorney seeking to facilitate an adoption.
397	Section 6. Repealer.
398	This bill repeals:
399	Section 76-5-111.1, Reporting requirements Investigation Immunity
400	Violation Penalty Physician-patient privilege Nonmedical healing.