Representative Brady Brammer proposes the following substitute bill:

SHARED MEDICAL COSTS
2021 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Brady Brammer
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Utah Child Support Act in relation to medical costs of pregnancy.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 defines terms; and
 requires an unmarried father to pay 50% of a mother's:
 insurance premiums while she is pregnant; and
• pregnancy-related medical costs, including the hospital birth of the child, that
are not paid by another person.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
78B-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 96
ENACTS:
78B-12-105.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953

26	78B-12-212.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
27	
28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
29	Section 1. Section 78B-12-102 is amended to read:
30	78B-12-102. Definitions.
31	As used in this chapter:
32	(1) "Adjusted gross income" means income calculated under Subsection
33	78B-12-204(1).
34	(2) "Administrative agency" means the Office of Recovery Services or the Department
35	of Human Services.
36	(3) "Administrative order" means an order that has been issued by the Office of
37	Recovery Services, the Department of Human Services, or an administrative agency of another
38	state or other comparable jurisdiction with similar authority to that of the office.
39	(4) "Base child support award" means the award that may be ordered and is calculated
40	using the guidelines before additions for medical expenses and work-related child care costs.
41	(5) "Base combined child support obligation table," "child support table," "base child
42	support obligation table," "low income table," or "table" means the appropriate table in Part 3,
43	Tables.
44	(6) "Cash medical support" means an obligation to equally share all reasonable and
45	necessary medical and dental expenses of children.
46	(7) "Child" means:
47	(a) a son or daughter under the age of 18 years who is not otherwise emancipated,
48	self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States;
49	(b) a son or daughter over the age of 18 years, while enrolled in high school during the
50	normal and expected year of graduation and not otherwise emancipated, self-supporting,
51	married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
52	(c) a son or daughter of any age who is incapacitated from earning a living and, if able
53	to provide some financial resources to the family, is not able to support self by own means.
54	(8) "Child support" means a base child support award, or a monthly financial award for
55	uninsured medical expenses, ordered by a tribunal for the support of a child, including current
56	periodic payments, arrearages that accrue under an order for current periodic payments, and

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57	sum certain judgments awarded for arrearages, medical expenses, and child care costs.
58	(9) "Child support order" or "support order" means a judgment, decree, or order of a
59	tribunal whether interlocutory or final, whether or not prospectively or retroactively modifiable,
60	whether incidental to a proceeding for divorce, judicial or legal separation, separate
61	maintenance, paternity, guardianship, civil protection, or otherwise that:
62	(a) establishes or modifies child support;
63	(b) reduces child support arrearages to judgment; or
64	(c) establishes child support or registers a child support order under Chapter 14, Utah
65	Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
66	(10) "Child support services" or "IV-D child support services" means services provided
67	pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651 et seq.
68	(11) "Court" means the district court or juvenile court.
69	(12) "Guidelines" means the directions for the calculation and application of child
70	support in Part 2, Calculation and Adjustment.
71	(13) "Health care coverage" means coverage under which medical services are
72	provided to a dependent child through:
73	(a) fee for service;
74	(b) a health maintenance organization;
75	(c) a preferred provider organization;
76	(d) any other type of private health insurance; or
77	(e) public health care coverage.
78	(14) (a) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or other payment due to an
79	individual, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus,
80	pay, allowances, contract payment, or otherwise, including severance pay, sick pay, and
81	incentive pay.
82	(b) "Income" includes:
83	(i) all gain derived from capital assets, labor, or both, including profit gained through
84	sale or conversion of capital assets;
85	(ii) interest and dividends;
86	(iii) periodic payments made under pension or retirement programs or insurance
87	policies of any type;

88	(iv) unemployment compensation benefits;
89	(v) workers' compensation benefits; and
90	(vi) disability benefits.
91	(15) "Joint physical custody" means the child stays with each parent overnight for more
92	than 30% of the year, and both parents contribute to the expenses of the child in addition to
93	paying child support.
94	(16) "Medical expenses" means health and dental expenses and related insurance costs.
95	(17) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or another comparable
96	jurisdiction to whom child support is owed or who is entitled to reimbursement of child
97	support or public assistance.
98	(18) "Obligor" means a person owing a duty of support.
99	(19) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services within the Department of Human
100	Services.
101	(20) "Parent" includes a natural parent, or an adoptive parent.
102	(21) "Pregnancy expenses" means an amount equal to:
103	(a) the sum of a pregnant mother's:
104	(i) health insurance premiums while pregnant; and
105	(ii) medical costs related to the pregnancy, incurred after the date of conception and
106	before the pregnancy ends; minus
107	(b) any portion of the amount described in Subsection (21)(a) that a court determines is
108	equitable based on the totality of the circumstances, not including any amount paid by the
109	mother or father of the child.
110	[(21)] (22) "Split custody" means that each parent has physical custody of at least one
111	of the children.
112	[(22)] (23) "State" includes a state, territory, possession of the United States, the
113	District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Native American Tribe, or other
114	comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
115	[(23)] (24) "Temporary" means a period of time that is projected to be less than 12
116	months in duration.
117	[(24)] (25) "Third party" means an agency or a person other than the biological or
118	adoptive parent or a child who provides care, maintenance, and support to a child.

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119	[(25)] (26) "Tribunal" means the district court, the Department of Human Services,
120	Office of Recovery Services, or court or administrative agency of a state, territory, possession
121	of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Native
122	American Tribe, or other comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
123	[(26)] (27) "Work-related child care costs" means reasonable child care costs for up to
124	a full-time work week or training schedule as necessitated by the employment or training of a
125	parent under Section 78B-12-215.
126	[(27)] (28) "Worksheets" means the forms used to aid in calculating the base child
127	support award.
128	Section 2. Section 78B-12-105.1 is enacted to read:
129	78B-12-105.1. Duty of unmarried father to share pregnancy expenses.
130	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an unmarried father of a child has a
131	duty to pay 50% of the mother's pregnancy expenses.
132	(2) (a) If paternity is disputed, an unmarried father owes no duty under this section
133	until the unmarried father's paternity is established.
134	(b) Once paternity is established, the unmarried father is subject to Subsection (1).
135	(3) (a) Any portion of a mother's pregnancy expenses paid by the mother or the
136	unmarried father reduces that parent's 50% share under Subsection (1), not the total amount of
137	pregnancy expenses.
138	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies regardless of when the mother or unmarried father pays
139	the pregnancy expense.
140	(4) If a mother receives an abortion, as defined in Section 76-7-301, without the
141	unmarried father's consent, the unmarried father owes no duty under this section, unless:
142	(a) the abortion is necessary to avert the death of the mother; or
143	(b) the mother was pregnant as a result of:
144	(i) rape, as described in Section 76-5-402;
145	(ii) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1; or
146	(iii) incest, as described in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) or Section 76-7-102.
147	(5) Subsection (1) does not apply if a court apportions pregnancy expenses under
148	<u>Section 30-3-5.</u>
149	(6) A person may seek payment under Subsection (1) in accordance with Section

150 <u>78B-12-113.</u>

- 151 Section 3. Section **78B-12-212.1** is enacted to read:
- 152 <u>78B-12-212.1.</u> Pregnancy expenses.
- 153 If a person seeks payment under Section 78B-12-105.1 by providing documentation of
- 154 payments, medical expenses, and insurance premiums, the district court shall, after review,
- 155 order the payment of the expenses.