1	TRANSIENT ROOM TAX AMENDMENTS
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Carl R. Albrecht
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to the transient room sales tax.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>modifies the requirements for how a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class spends</li> </ul>
13	revenue from the transient room tax;
14	<ul> <li>authorizes a county of the fifth or sixth class, after advising the State Tax</li> </ul>
15	Commission, to audit a person that is required to collect and remit the transient
16	room tax and to pursue collection of unpaid transient room tax;
17	<ul> <li>directs a county and the State Tax Commission to coordinate who will be</li> </ul>
18	responsible for conducting the audit or pursuing collection to avoid unnecessary
19	duplication in auditing and collection; and
20	<ul> <li>imposes reporting requirements on a county that chooses to audit or pursue</li> </ul>
21	collection of unpaid transient room tax.
22	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
23	None
24	Other Special Clauses:
25	None
26	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
27	AMENDS:



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17-31-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 315
59-12-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 315
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17-31-2 is amended to read:
17-31-2. Purposes of transient room tax and expenditure of revenue Purchase
or lease of facilities Mitigating impacts of recreation, tourism, or conventions
Issuance of bonds.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Aircraft" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-10-102.
(b) "Airport" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-10-102.
(c) "Airport authority" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-10-102.
(d) "Airport operator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-10-102.
(e) "Base year revenue" means the amount of revenue generated by a transient room tax
and collected by a county for fiscal year 2018-19.
(f) "Base year promotion expenditure" means the amount of revenue generated by a
transient room tax that a county spent for the purpose described in Subsection (2)(a) during
fiscal year 2018-19.
(g) "Economic diversification activity" means an economic development activity that is
reasonably similar to, supplements, or expands any economic program as administered by the
state or the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) "Eligible town" means a town that:
(i) is located within a county that has a national park within or partially within the
county's boundaries; and
(ii) imposes a resort communities tax authorized by Section 59-12-401.
[(h)] (i) "Emergency medical services provider" means an eligible town, a local district,
or a special service district.
[(i)] (j) "Town" means a municipality that is classified as a town in accordance with
Section 10-2-301.
$[\frac{1}{2}]$ (k) "Transient room tax" means a tax at a rate not to exceed 4.25% authorized by
Section 59-12-301.

59	(2) Subject to the requirements of this section, a county legislative body may impose
60	the transient room tax for the purposes of:
61	(a) establishing and promoting:
62	(i) recreation, tourism, film production, and conventions; or
63	(ii) an economic diversification activity if:
64	(A) the county is a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class; and
65	(B) the county has more than one national park within or partially within the county's
66	boundaries;
67	(b) acquiring, leasing, constructing, furnishing, maintaining, or operating:
68	(i) convention meeting rooms;
69	(ii) exhibit halls;
70	(iii) visitor information centers;
71	(iv) museums;
72	(v) sports and recreation facilities including practice fields, stadiums, and arenas;
73	(vi) related facilities;
74	(vii) if a national park is located within or partially within the [county] county's
75	<u>boundaries</u> , the following on any route designated by the county legislative body:
76	(A) transit service, including shuttle service; and
77	(B) parking infrastructure; and
78	(viii) an airport, if:
79	(A) the county is a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class; and
80	(B) the county is the airport operator of the airport;
81	(c) acquiring land, leasing land, or making payments for construction or infrastructure
82	improvements required for or related to the purposes listed in Subsection (2)(b);
83	(d) as required to mitigate the impacts of recreation, tourism, or conventions in
84	counties of the fourth, fifth, and sixth class, paying for:
85	(i) solid waste disposal operations;
86	(ii) emergency medical services;
87	(iii) search and rescue activities;
88	(iv) law enforcement activities; and
89	(v) road repair and upgrade of:

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90	(A) class B roads, as defined in Section 72-3-103;
91	(B) class C roads, as defined in Section 72-3-104; or
92	(C) class D roads, as defined in Section 72-3-105; and
93	(e) making the annual payment of principal, interest, premiums, and necessary reserves
94	for any of the aggregate of bonds authorized under Subsection (5).
95	(3) (a) The county legislative body of a county that imposes a transient room tax at a
96	rate of 3% or less may expend the revenue generated as provided in Subsection (4), after
97	making any reduction required by Subsection (6).
98	(b) The county legislative body of a county that imposes a transient room tax at a rate
99	that exceeds 3% or increases the rate of transient room tax above 3% may expend:
100	(i) the revenue generated from the transient room tax at a rate of 3% as provided in
101	Subsection (4), after making any reduction required by Subsection (6); and
102	(ii) the revenue generated from the portion of the rate that exceeds 3%:
103	(A) for any combination of the purposes described in Subsections (2) and (5); and
104	(B) regardless of the limitation on expenditures for the purposes described in
105	Subsection (4).
106	(4) Subject to [Subsection] Subsections (6) and (7), a county may not expend more than
107	1/3 of the revenue generated by a rate of transient room tax that does not exceed 3%, for any
108	combination of the purposes described in Subsections (2)(b) through (2)(e).
109	(5) (a) The county legislative body may issue bonds or cause bonds to be issued, as
110	permitted by law, to pay all or part of any costs incurred for the purposes set forth in
111	Subsections (2)(b) through (2)(d) that are permitted to be paid from bond proceeds.
112	(b) If a county legislative body does not need the revenue generated by the transient
113	room tax for payment of principal, interest, premiums, and reserves on bonds issued as
114	provided in Subsection (2)(e), the county legislative body shall expend that revenue for the
115	purposes described in Subsection (2), subject to the limitation of Subsection (4).
116	(6) (a) In addition to the purposes described in Subsection (2), a county legislative
117	body may expend up to 4% of the total revenue generated by a transient room tax to pay a
118	provider for emergency medical services in one or more eligible towns.

(b) A county legislative body shall reduce the amount that the county is authorized to

expend for the purposes described in Subsection (4) by subtracting the amount of transient

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121	room tax revenue expended in accordance with Subsection (6)(a) from the amount of revenue
122	described in Subsection (4).
123	(7) (a) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a county legislative body in a
124	county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class shall expend the revenue generated by a transient room
125	tax as follows:
126	(i) an amount equal to the county's base year promotion expenditure for the purpose
127	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i);
128	(ii) an amount equal to the difference between the county's base year revenue and the
129	county's base year promotion expenditure in accordance with Subsections (3) through (6); and
130	(iii) (A) 37% of the revenue that exceeds the county's base year revenue for the purpose
131	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
132	(B) subject to Subsection $[\frac{(7)(b)}{(7)(c)}, 63\%$ of the revenue that exceeds the county's
133	base year revenue for any combination of the purposes described in Subsections [(2)(b)]
134	(2)(a)(ii) through (e) or to pay an emergency medical services provider for emergency medical
135	services in one or more eligible towns.
136	(b) A county legislative body in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class with one or
137	more national parks or national recreation areas as designated by the National Park Service
138	within or partially within the county's boundaries may expend the revenue generated by a
139	transient room tax as follows:
140	(i) for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), the greater of:
141	(A) an amount equal to the county's base year promotion expenditure; or
142	(B) 37% of the transient room tax revenue; and
143	(ii) the remainder of the transient room tax not expended in accordance with
144	Subsection (7)(b)(i) for any combination of the purposes described in Subsection (2) and,
145	subject to the limitation described in Subsection (7)(c), Subsection (6).
146	[(b)] (c) A county legislative body in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class may
147	not:
148	(i) expend more than 4% of the revenue generated by a transient room tax to pay an
149	emergency medical services provider for emergency medical services in one or more eligible
150	towns; or
151	(ii) expend revenue generated by a transient room tax for the purpose described in

152	Subsection (2)(e) in an amount that exceeds the county's base year promotion expenditure.
153	[(c)] (d) The provisions of this Subsection (7) apply notwithstanding any other
154	provision of this section.
155	[(d)] (e) If the total amount of revenue generated by a transient room tax in a county of
156	the fourth, fifth, or sixth class is less than the county's base year promotion expenditure:
157	(i) Subsections (7)(a) through [ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(d)</u> do not apply; and
158	(ii) the county legislative body shall expend the revenue generated by the transient
159	room tax in accordance with Subsections (3) through (6).
160	Section 2. Section <b>59-12-302</b> is amended to read:
161	59-12-302. Collection of tax Administrative charge.
162	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), [and] (4), and (5), the tax authorized
163	under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
164	(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
165	(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
166	(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
167	(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
168	(2) The location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections
169	59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
170	(3) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
171	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).
172	(4) (a) A county auditor may coordinate with the commission in determining whether
173	to require an audit of any person that is required to remit a tax authorized under this part.
174	(b) (i) After advising the commission, a county auditor in a county of the fifth or sixth
175	class may audit any person that is required to collect and remit a tax authorized under this part.
176	(ii) To avoid unnecessary duplication in auditing, the county auditor and the
177	commission shall coordinate whether the county or the commission will conduct the audit
178	under this Subsection (4)(b).
179	(iii) A county auditor that conducts an audit in accordance with this Subsection (4)(b)
180	shall provide the findings of any audit to the commission for coordinated enforcement.
181	(5) (a) After advising the commission, a county auditor, a county treasurer, or a county
182	attorney in a county of a first class may pursue collection against a person that has not remitted

183	a tax authorized under this part for more than 90 days after the conclusion of the audit
184	described in Subsection (4).
185	(b) To avoid unnecessary duplication in collection measures, the county auditor, the
186	county treasurer, or the county attorney and the commission shall coordinate whether the
187	county or the commission will pursue collection.
188	(c) A county auditor, a county treasurer, or a county attorney that pursues collection in
189	accordance with this Subsection (5) shall report to the commission on the results of the
190	collection measures:
191	(i) quarterly; or
192	(ii) at the commission's direction.
193	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ The commission:
194	(a) shall distribute the revenue collected from the tax to the county within which the
195	revenue was collected; and
196	(b) shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section
197	59-1-306 from revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.