| I | ELECTRONIC FREE SPEECH AMENDMENTS |
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| 2 | 2021 GENERAL SESSION |
| 3 | STATE OF UTAH |
| 4 | Chief Sponsor: Michael K. McKell |
| 5 | House Sponsor: Brady Brammer |
| 6 | |
| 7 | LONG TITLE |
| 8 | General Description: |
| 9 | This bill amends provisions with respect to the regulation of social media corporations. |
| 10 | Highlighted Provisions: |
| 11 | This bill: |
| 12 | defines terms; |
| 13 | requires social media corporations to, for Utah account holders, provide: |
| 14 | clear information about the social media corporation's moderation practices; |
| 15 | notice when the social media corporation uses a moderation practice with |
| 16 | respect to a Utah account holder's account; |
| 17 | an opportunity for a Utah account holder to appeal a moderation practice that |
| 18 | the social media corporation employs on a Utah account holder's account or |
| 19 | post; and |
| 20 | an independent review board to review the social media corporation's |
| 21 | moderation practices with respect to Utah account holders; |
| 22 | provides, if a social media corporation violates its terms of use with respect to |
| 23 | moderation practices: |
| 24 | • a mechanism for a Utah account holder to make a complaint to the Division of |
| 25 | Consumer Protection (division) and the attorney general; |



| 26 | a mechanism for the division to investigate alleged violations; and |
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| 27 | • an enforcement and penalty mechanism for the attorney general if the division |
| 28 | refers a violation to the attorney general; |
| 29 | creates a restricted account to deposit penalties and provides for the distributions |
| 30 | from the account; and |
| 31 | provides for severability if a provision is found to be invalid. |
| 32 | Money Appropriated in this Bill: |
| 33 | None |
| 34 | Other Special Clauses: |
| 35 | None |
| 36 | Utah Code Sections Affected: |
| 37 | ENACTS: |
| 38 | 13-58-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 39 | 13-58-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 40 | 13-58-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 41 | 13-58-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 42 | 13-58-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 43 | 13-58-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 44 | 13-58-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 45 | 13-58-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 46 | 13-58-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 47 | 13-58-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 48 | 13-58-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 49 | 13-58-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
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| 51 | Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: |
| 52 | Section 1. Section 13-58-101 is enacted to read: |
| 53 | CHAPTER 58. FREEDOM FROM BIASED MODERATION ACT |
| 54 | Part 1. General Provisions |
| 55 | <u>13-58-101.</u> Title. |
| 56 | This chapter is known as the "Freedom from Biased Moderation Act." |

| 57 | Section 2. Section 13-58-102 is enacted to read: |
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| 58 | <u>13-58-102.</u> Definitions. |
| 59 | In this chapter: |
| 60 | (1) "Account holder" means a Utah resident who has or opens an account to use a |
| 61 | social media corporation's platform. |
| 62 | (2) "Director" means the director of the division. |
| 63 | (3) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection in the Department of |
| 64 | Commerce established in Section 13-2-1. |
| 65 | (4) "Flag" means the act of a social media corporation singling out a post because of |
| 66 | the post's content. |
| 67 | (5) (a) "Inequitable moderation practice" means a moderation practice that results in a |
| 68 | social media corporation removing, suppressing, or flagging an account holder's post or |
| 69 | account because of the content of the post. |
| 70 | (b) "Inequitable moderation practice" includes: |
| 71 | (i) an inconsistent application of a social media corporation's terms of use to justify a |
| 72 | moderation practice; and |
| 73 | (ii) moderating content that does not violate a social media corporation's terms of use. |
| 74 | (6) (a) "Interactive computer service" means any information service, system, or access |
| 75 | software provider that: |
| 76 | (i) provides or enables computer access by multiple users to a computer server; $\hat{S} \rightarrow and \leftarrow \hat{S}$ |
| 77 | (ii) provides access to the Internet $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{1}{2}]$ |
| 78 | (iii) provides a platform; and |
| 79 | $\frac{\text{(iv) has at least 20,000,000 account holders}}{\text{(iv) has at least 20,000,000 account holders}} \leftarrow \hat{S} $ |
| 80 | (b) "Interactive computer service" includes: |
| 81 | (i) a web service; |
| 82 | (ii) a web system; |
| 83 | (iii) a website; |
| 84 | (iv) a web application; or |
| 85 | (v) a web portal. |
| 86 | (7) (a) "Moderation practice" means a method a social media corporation employs to |
| 87 | regulate a post. |

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| 88 | (b) "Moderation practice" includes: |
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| 89 | (i) flagging a post; |
| 90 | (ii) removing a post; |
| 91 | (iii) suspending an account holder's account; or |
| 92 | (iv) revoking an account holder's access to a platform. |
| 93 | (8) (a) "Platform" means an online forum that a social media corporation makes |
| 94 | available for an account holder to: |
| 95 | (i) create a profile; |
| 96 | (ii) upload posts; |
| 97 | (iii) view the posts of other account holders; and |
| 98 | (iv) interact with other account holders or users. |
| 99 | (b) "Platform" does not include: |
| 100 | (i) electronic mail; or |
| 101 | (ii) an online service, website, or application on which: |
| 102 | (A) the majority of the content that is posted or created is posted or created by the |
| 103 | provider of the online service, website, or application; and |
| 104 | (B) the ability to chat, comment, or interact with other users is directly related to the |
| 105 | provider's content. |
| 106 | (9) "Post" means content that an account holder makes available on the account |
| 107 | holder's account for other account holders or users to view. |
| 108 | (10) "Social media corporation" means any domestic corporation or foreign corporation |
| 109 | that $\hat{S} \rightarrow provides$ a platform that has at least 20,000,000 account holders and $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ is an |
| 109a | interactive computer service. |
| 110 | (11) "Terms of use" means the terms to which an account holder must agree before an |
| 111 | account holder can open or continue to use an account on a platform. |
| 112 | (12) (a) "User" means an individual who has access to view the post of an account |
| 113 | <u>holder.</u> |
| 114 | (b) "User" includes an account holder. |
| 115 | (13) (a) "Utah resident" means a person who lives or operates in Utah and: |
| 116 | (i) if the person is an individual, has a primary residence in Utah; or |
| 117 | (ii) if the person is a business, has a principal place of business in Utah. |
| 118 | (b) "Utah resident" does not include a person who has a primary residence or principal |
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| 119 | place of business in another state. |
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| 120 | (14) "Violation" means a social media corporation's use of a moderation practice |
| 121 | against an account holder that does not comply with the social media corporation's terms of |
| 122 | <u>use.</u> |
| 123 | Section 3. Section 13-58-201 is enacted to read: |
| 124 | Part 2. Transparency |
| 125 | 13-58-201. Communication of moderation practices. |
| 126 | (1) Beginning on July 1, 2021, and once every year following July 1, 2021, a social |
| 127 | media corporation shall clearly communicate to account holders the social media corporation's |
| 128 | moderation practices before the account holder continues to engage with the social media |
| 129 | corporation's platform. |
| 130 | (2) A social media corporation shall ensure that the corporation's communication of |
| 131 | moderation practices: |
| 132 | (a) provides a complete list of potential moderation practices to all account holders; |
| 133 | (b) informs an account holder about the social media corporation's terms of use |
| 134 | regarding content that the social media corporation allows on the platform; |
| 135 | (c) explains the steps the social media corporation takes to ensure a post or account |
| 136 | complies with the social media corporation's terms of use; |
| 137 | (d) explains the methods users can use to notify the social media corporation of content |
| 138 | that may violate the terms of use; and |
| 139 | (e) includes information about the appeals process described in Section 13-58-204 and |
| 140 | the independent review board described in Section 13-58-205. |
| 141 | Section 4. Section 13-58-202 is enacted to read: |
| 142 | 13-58-202. Prohibited moderation practices. |
| 143 | A social media corporation may not: |
| 144 | (1) employ inequitable moderation practices; or |
| 145 | (2) communicate the information described in Section 13-58-201 in a method that |
| 146 | includes any information not specifically related to the social media corporation's moderation |
| 147 | practices. |
| 148 | Section 5. Section 13-58-203 is enacted to read: |
| 149 | 13-58-203. Notice requirement. |

| 150 | (1) A social media corporation shall provide written notice to an account holder no |
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| 151 | more than 24 hours after moderating the account holder's post or account. |
| 152 | (2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall include: |
| 153 | (a) a description of the post or account moderated; |
| 154 | (b) a description of the method the social media corporation used to moderate the post |
| 155 | or account; |
| 156 | (c) a citation to the terms of use that the moderated post or account violated; |
| 157 | (d) information about the independent review board described in Section 13-58-204; |
| 158 | (e) information about the appeal process; and |
| 159 | (f) an appeal form. |
| 160 | (3) The account holder shall have 30 days to submit an appeal form. |
| 161 | (4) The social media corporation shall make the appeal form: |
| 162 | (a) simple to submit; |
| 163 | (b) contain an option for the account holder to submit up to five examples of similar |
| 164 | content that the social media corporation has not moderated; and |
| 165 | (c) contain an option for the account holder to explain why the post or account should |
| 166 | not have been moderated. |
| 167 | Section 6. Section 13-58-204 is enacted to read: |
| 168 | <u>13-58-204.</u> Appeal process. |
| 169 | (1) A moderator who was not involved in the original moderation decision shall review |
| 170 | each appeal form. |
| 171 | (2) The moderator shall provide to the account holder, in writing: |
| 172 | (a) an explanation of whether the post or account violates the social media |
| 173 | corporation's terms of use; |
| 174 | (b) an explanation of why the social media corporation: |
| 175 | (i) treated the examples the account holder provided on the appeal form differently |
| 176 | than the social media corporation treated the account holder's post or account; or |
| 177 | (ii) will moderate the examples the account holder provided; and |
| 178 | (c) a conclusion stating whether: |
| 179 | (i) the social media corporation engaged in an inequitable moderation practice in |
| 180 | moderating the post or account; |

| 181 | (ii) there is a possibility that the social media corporation engaged in an inequitable |
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| 182 | moderation practice in moderating the post or account; or |
| 183 | (iii) the social media corporation acted properly in moderating the post or account. |
| 184 | (3) The moderator shall provide the written response no more than 30 days after the |
| 185 | day on which the social media corporation receives the appeal form. |
| 186 | (4) No more than 24 hours after the moderator concludes the social media corporation |
| 187 | engaged in an inequitable moderation practice in moderating the post or account, the social |
| 188 | media corporation shall reinstate the moderated post or account in the post or account's original |
| 189 | <u>form.</u> |
| 190 | (5) If the moderator concludes that there is a possibility that the social media |
| 191 | corporation engaged in an inequitable moderation practice in moderating the post or account, |
| 192 | the moderator shall refer the instance of moderation to the independent review board described |
| 193 | <u>in Section 13-58-205.</u> |
| 194 | Section 7. Section 13-58-205 is enacted to read: |
| 195 | 13-58-205. Independent review board. |
| 196 | (1) A social media corporation shall engage the services of an independent review |
| 197 | board to review the social media corporation's content moderation decisions. |
| 198 | (2) A moderator conducting the appeal process described in Section 13-58-204 shall |
| 199 | refer an instance of moderation to the independent review board if, during the appeal process, |
| 200 | the moderator concludes that there is a possibility that the social media corporation engaged in |
| 201 | an inequitable moderation practice in moderating the content. |
| 202 | (3) (a) The independent review board shall consist of at least 11 members who |
| 203 | represent a diverse cross-section of political, religious, racial, generational, and social |
| 204 | perspectives. |
| 205 | (b) The social media corporation shall provide on the social media corporation's |
| 206 | platform biographies of all of the members of the independent review board. |
| 207 | (4) When conducting a review of an instance of moderation, the independent review |
| 208 | board shall determine whether a social media corporation engaged in an inequitable moderation |
| 209 | practice in moderating the post or account. |
| 210 | (5) The independent review board shall notify the social media corporation of the need |
| 211 | to reverse an instance of moderation if the independent review board concludes by a simple |

| 212 | majority that it is more likely than not that the social media corporation engaged in an |
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| 213 | inequitable moderation practice in moderating the post or account. |
| 214 | (6) The independent review board shall make a determination within 30 days after the |
| 215 | day on which the independent review board receives a referral to review an instance of |
| 216 | moderation. |
| 217 | (7) No more than 24 hours after the independent review board determines the social |
| 218 | media corporation engaged in an inequitable moderation practice in moderating the post or |
| 219 | account, the social media corporation shall reinstate the moderated post or account in the post |
| 220 | or account's original form. |
| 221 | Section 8. Section 13-58-301 is enacted to read: |
| 222 | Part 3. Enforcement |
| 223 | 13-58-301. Investigative powers of the division. |
| 224 | (1) The division shall establish and administer a system to receive consumer |
| 225 | complaints regarding whether a social media corporation has committed a violation. |
| 226 | (2) (a) The division may investigate a consumer complaint to determine whether the |
| 227 | social media corporation has committed a violation. |
| 228 | (b) If the results of the division's investigation give the director reasonable cause to |
| 229 | believe that substantial evidence exists that a social media corporation identified in a consumer |
| 230 | complaint has committed a violation, the director shall refer the matter to the attorney general. |
| 231 | (c) Upon request, the division shall provide consultation and assistance to the attorney |
| 232 | general in enforcing this chapter. |
| 233 | Section 9. Section 13-58-302 is enacted to read: |
| 234 | 13-58-302. Enforcement powers of the attorney general. |
| 235 | (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the attorney general has the exclusive |
| 236 | authority to enforce this chapter. |
| 237 | (2) Nothing in this chapter creates a private right of action. |
| 238 | (3) Upon referral from the division, the attorney general may initiate an enforcement |
| 239 | action against a social media corporation that commits a violation. |
| 240 | (4) (a) At least 30 days before the day on which the attorney general initiates an |
| 241 | enforcement action against a social media corporation, the attorney general shall provide the |
| 242 | social media corporation: |
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| 243 | (1) written notice identifying each alleged violation; and |
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| 244 | (ii) an explanation of the basis for each allegation. |
| 245 | (b) The attorney general may not initiate an action if the social media corporation: |
| 246 | (i) cures the noticed violation within 30 days after the day on which the social media |
| 247 | corporation receives the written notice described in Subsection (4)(a); and |
| 248 | (ii) provides the attorney general an express written statement that: |
| 249 | (A) the social media corporation cured the violation; and |
| 250 | (B) no further violation will occur. |
| 251 | (c) The attorney general may initiate a civil action against a social media corporation |
| 252 | <u>that:</u> |
| 253 | (i) fails to cure a violation after receiving the notice described in Subsection (4)(a); or |
| 254 | (ii) after curing a noticed violation and providing a written statement in accordance |
| 255 | with Subsection (4)(b), commits another violation. |
| 256 | (d) In an action described in Subsection (4)(c), the attorney general may recover: |
| 257 | (i) actual damages to the consumer; and |
| 258 | (ii) for each violation, a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 per consumer affected by |
| 259 | the violation. |
| 260 | (5) The attorney general shall bring an action under this chapter in: |
| 261 | (a) the district court located in Salt Lake City; or |
| 262 | (b) the district court for the district in which resides a consumer who is affected by the |
| 263 | violation. |
| 264 | (6) All civil penalties received from an action under this chapter shall be deposited into |
| 265 | the Protecting Internet Speech Restricted Account established in Section 13-58-303. |
| 266 | Section 10. Section 13-58-303 is enacted to read: |
| 267 | 13-58-303. Protecting Internet Speech Restricted Account. |
| 268 | (1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the |
| 269 | "Protecting Internet Speech Restricted Account." |
| 270 | (2) The account shall be funded by money received through civil enforcement actions |
| 271 | under this chapter. |
| 272 | (3) Upon appropriation, the division or the attorney general may use money deposited |
| 273 | into the account for: |

| 274 | (a) investigation and administrative costs incurred by the division in investigating |
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| 275 | consumer complaints alleging violations of this chapter; |
| 276 | (b) recovery of costs and attorney fees accrued by the attorney general in enforcing this |
| 277 | chapter; and |
| 278 | (c) providing consumer and business education regarding: |
| 279 | (i) consumer rights under this chapter; and |
| 280 | (ii) compliance with the provisions of this chapter for social media corporations. |
| 281 | (4) If the balance of the account exceeds \$1,000,000 at the close of any fiscal year, the |
| 282 | Division of Finance shall transfer the amount that exceeds \$1,000,000 into the General Fund. |
| 283 | Section 11. Section 13-58-304 is enacted to read: |
| 284 | 13-58-304. Attorney general report. |
| 285 | (1) The attorney general and the division shall compile a report: |
| 286 | (a) evaluating the liability and enforcement provisions of this chapter, including: |
| 287 | (i) the effectiveness of the attorney general's and the division's efforts to enforce this |
| 288 | chapter; and |
| 289 | (ii) any recommendations for changes to this chapter; and |
| 290 | (b) summarizing the moderation practices protected and not protected by this chapter, |
| 291 | including a list of alleged violations the attorney general and the division have received. |
| 292 | (2) The attorney general and the division may update the report as new information |
| 293 | becomes available. |
| 294 | (3) The attorney general and the division shall submit the report to the Business and |
| 295 | Labor Interim Committee before July 1, 2023. |
| 296 | Section 12. Section 13-58-401 is enacted to read: |
| 297 | Part 4. Severability |
| 298 | <u>13-58-401.</u> Severability. |
| 299 | If any provision of this chapter or the application of any provision to any person is held |
| 300 | invalid by a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this chapter |
| 301 | shall be given effect without the invalid provision or application. |