28	1997 to 8,715,204 in 2017;
29	WHEREAS, motorcycle profiling means the illegal use of the fact that a person rides a
30	motorcycle or wears motorcycle-related apparel as a factor in deciding to stop and question,
31	take enforcement action, arrest, or search a person or vehicle $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{with} \ \mathbf{or}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ without legal basis
31a	under
32	the United States Constitution;
33	WHEREAS, as of August 2016, the annual National Motorcycle Profiling Survey
34	conducted by the Motorcycle Profiling Project found that approximately half of the
35	motorcyclists surveyed felt that they had been profiled by law enforcement at least once;
36	WHEREAS, complaints surrounding motorcycle profiling have been cited in all 50
37	states;
38	WHEREAS, nationwide protests to raise awareness and combat motorcycle profiling
39	have been held in multiple states;
40	WHEREAS, in 2011, the state of Washington enacted legislation requiring the Criminal
41	Justice Training Commission to ensure that issues related to motorcycle profiling are addressed
42	in basic law enforcement training, and that training is offered to in-service law enforcement
43	officers in conjunction with existing training regarding profiling; and
44	WHEREAS, according to the American Motorcyclist Association, the states of
45	Maryland, Louisiana, and Idaho also enacted legislation prohibiting the profiling of
46	motorcyclists, and 19 states have restricted motorcycle-only checkpoints by state law or
47	judicial action:
48	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah
49	encourages collaboration and communication between the motorcycle community and law
50	enforcement to engage in efforts to end motorcycle profiling.
51	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature urges state law enforcement
52	officials to include statements condemning motorcycle profiling in written policies and training
53	materials.