{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0027S01 but was deleted in SB0027S02.

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0027S01 but was inserted into SB0027S02.

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Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT ACT AMENDMENTS

2021 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble

House Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions relating to the practice of a physician assistant.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- amends the scope of practice for a physician assistant;
- removes the requirement that a physician assistant maintain a specific relationship with a physician or any other health care provider;
- {changes the membership of the Physician Assistant Licensing Board;
- authorizes} enacts and amends provisions relating to practice as a physician assistant to be eligible for direct payment by all public and private payers;
- creates requirements for newly graduated physician assistants;
- permits a physician assistant to respond during a health care emergency or disaster;

and

makes technical and corresponding changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

58-70a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 309

58-70a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 37

58-70a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 339

58-70a-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349

58-70a-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 339

58-70a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 309

58-70a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 72

58-70a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 25

ENACTS:

58-70a-307, Utah Code Annotated 1953

58-70a-507, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 58-70a-102 is amended to read:

58-70a-102. Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:

- (1) "Board" means the Physician Assistant Licensing Board created in Section 58-70a-201.
- [(2) (a) "Delegation of services agreement" means written criteria jointly developed by a physician assistant's supervising physician and substitute supervising physicians and the physician assistant, that permits a physician assistant, working under the direction or review of the supervising physician, to assist in the management of common illnesses and injuries.]
 - (b) The agreement defines the working relationship and delegation of duties between

the supervising physician and the physician assistant as specified by division rule and shall include:

- (i) the prescribing of controlled substances;
- [(ii) the degree and means of supervision;]
- [(iii) the frequency and mechanism of quality review, including the mechanism for review of patient data and documentation of the review, as determined by the supervising physician and the physician assistant;]
- [(iv) procedures addressing situations outside the scope of practice of the physician assistant; and]
- [(v) procedures for providing backup for the physician assistant in emergency situations.]
 - [(3) "Direct supervision" means the supervising physician is:]
- [(a) physically present at the point of patient treatment on site where the physician assistant he is supervising is practicing; and]
 - (b) immediately available for consultation with the physician assistant.
- (2) "Competence" means possessing the requisite cognitive, non-cognitive, and communicative abilities and qualities to perform effectively within the scope of practice of the physician assistant's practice while adhering to professional and ethical standards.
 - (3) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
 - (4) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-67-102.
- (5) "Physician assistant" means an individual who is licensed to practice {medicine} tunder this chapter.
- [(4)] (6) "Practice as a physician assistant" means[:(a)] the professional activities and conduct of a physician assistant, also known as a PA, in diagnosing, treating, advising, or prescribing for any human disease, ailment, injury, infirmity, deformity, pain, or other condition[, dependent upon and under the supervision of a supervising physician or substitute supervising physician in accordance with a delegation of services agreement; and under the provisions of this chapter.
- [(b) the physician assistant acts as the agent of the supervising physician or substitute supervising physician when acting in accordance with a delegation of services agreement.]
 - [(5) "Substitute supervising physician" means an individual who meets the

requirements of a supervising physician under this chapter and acts as the supervising physician in the absence of the supervising physician.]

- [(6) "Supervising physician" means an individual who:]
- [(a) is currently licensed to practice under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;]
- [(b) acts as the primary supervisor of a physician assistant and takes responsibility for the professional practice and conduct of a physician assistant in accordance with this chapter; and]
 - [(c) is not an employee of the physician assistant whom the individual supervises.]
- [(7) "Supervision" means the supervising physician is available for consultation with the physician assistant, either personally or by other means permitting direct verbal communication between the physician and the physician assistant.]
- [(8)] (7) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is [as] defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-70a-502.
 - [(9)] (8) "Unprofessional conduct" [is] means "unprofessional conduct":
- (a) as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-70a-503; and [as may be further defined by rule.]
 - (b) as further defined by the division by rule.

Section 2. Section 58-70a-201 is amended to read:

58-70a-201. Board.

- (1) There is created the Physician Assistant Licensing Board, which consists of seven members:
- (a) {[] three {] two} licensed physicians[, at least two of whom are individuals who are supervising or who have supervised a physician assistant] who currently work or have previously worked collaboratively with a physician assistant;
- (b) {{} three{{} four}} physician assistants, one of whom is involved in the administration of an approved physician assistant education program within the state; and
 - (c) one person from the general public.
 - (2) The board shall be appointed and serve in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
- (3) (a) The duties and responsibilities of the board are in accordance with Sections 58-1-202 and 58-1-203. [In addition, the]

- (b) The board shall designate one of its members on a permanent or rotating basis to:
- [(a)] (i) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or unprofessional conduct of a licensee; and
 - [(b)] (ii) advise the division in [its] the division's investigation of these complaints.
- (4) (a) A board member who has, under Subsection (3), reviewed a complaint or advised in its investigation may be disqualified from participating with the board when the board serves as a presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint.
 - (b) The board member described in Subsection (4)(a) may be disqualified:
- [(a)] (i) on the member's own motion, due to actual or perceived bias or lack of objectivity; or
- [(b)] (ii) upon challenge for cause raised on the record by any party to the adjudicative proceeding.

Section 3. Section 58-70a-302 is amended to read:

58-70a-302. Qualifications for licensure.

Each applicant for licensure as a physician assistant shall:

- (1) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
- (2) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
- (3) have successfully completed a physician assistant program accredited by [the]:
- (a) the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant; or
- (b) if prior to January 1, 2001, either the:
- (i) Committee on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs; or
- (ii) Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation;
- (4) have passed the licensing examinations required by division rule made in collaboration with the board; and
- (5) meet with the board and representatives of the division, if requested, for the purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for licensure[; and].
- [(6) (a) if the applicant desires to practice in Utah, complete a form provided by the division indicating:]
- [(i) the applicant has completed a delegation of services agreement signed by the physician assistant and the supervising physician; and]
 - (ii) the agreement is on file at the Utah practice sites; or

[(b) complete a form provided by the division indicating the applicant is not practicing in Utah and, prior to practicing in Utah, the applicant will meet the requirements of Subsection (6)(a).]

Section 4. Section 58-70a-305 is amended to read:

58-70a-305. Exemptions from licensure.

- (1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307,[-the following persons] an individual described in Subsection (2) may engage in acts included within the definition of practice as a physician assistant, subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this chapter[:].
- [(1)] (2) Subsection (1) applies to a student enrolled in an accredited physician assistant education program while engaged in activities as a physician assistant:
 - (a) that are a part of the education program;
 - (b) that are conducted at an affiliated medical facility under the direct supervision of a:
 - (i) physician associated with the program; or
 - (ii) licensed physician assistant associated with the medical faculty; and
 - (c) for which the program accepts in writing the responsibility for the student[; and].
 - [(2) a "medical assistant," as defined in Sections 58-67-102 and 58-68-102, who:]
- [(a) does not diagnose, advise, independently treat, or prescribe to or on behalf of any person; and]
 - (b) for whom the supervising physician accepts responsibility.

Section 5. Section 58-70a-306 is amended to read:

58-70a-306. Temporary license.

- (1) An applicant for licensure as a physician assistant who has met all qualifications for licensure except passing an examination component as required in Section 58-70a-302, may apply for and be granted a temporary license to practice under Subsection (2).
- (2) (a) The applicant shall submit to the division evidence of completion of a physician assistant program as defined in Subsection 58-70a-302(3).
- (b) (i) The temporary license shall be issued for a period not to exceed 120 days to allow the applicant to pass the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination.
 - (ii) The temporary license may not be renewed or extended.
 - (c) A physician assistant holding a temporary license may work only under the direct

supervision of an approved supervising or substitute supervising physician in accordance with a delegation of services agreement, and all patient charts shall be reviewed and countersigned by the supervising or substitute supervising physician.]

(c) A temporary license holder shall work under the direct supervision of : <u>a physician.</u>

Section 6. Section **58-70a-307** is enacted to read:

58-70a-307. Collaboration requirements -- Clinical practice experience -- Requirements for independent practice in a new specialty.

- (1) As used in this section, "collaboration" means the interaction and relationship that a physician assistant has with one or more physicians in which:
- (a) the physician assistant and physician are cognizant of the physician assistant's qualifications and limitations in caring for patients;
- (b) the physician assistant, while responsible for care that the physician assistant provides, consults with the physician or physicians regarding patient care; and
 - (c) the physician or physicians give direction and guidance to the physician assistant.
- (2) A physician assistant with less than 10,000 hours of post-graduate clinical practice experience shall:
 - (a) practice under written policies and procedures established at a practice level that:
- (i) describe how collaboration will occur in accordance with this section and Subsections 58-70a-501(2) and (3);
- (ii) describe methods for evaluating the physician assistant's competency, knowledge, and skills;
- (b) provide a copy of the written policies and procedures and documentation of compliance with this Subsection (2) to the board upon the board's request; and
- (c) engage in collaboration with a physician for the first 4,000 hours of the physician assistant's post-graduate clinical practice experience.
- (3) (a) A physician assistant who has more than 4,000 hours of practice experience and less than 10,000 hours of practice experience shall enter into a written collaborative agreement with:
 - (i) a physician; or
 - (ii) a licensed physician assistant {; or

- (iii) an individual licensed to engage in the practice of advanced practice registered nursing as defined in Section 58-31b-102.
- Section 6} with more than 10,000 hours of practice experience in the same specialty as the physician assistant.
 - (b) The collaborative agreement described in Subsection (3)(a) shall:
- (i) describe how collaboration under this section and Subsections 58-70a-501(2) and (3) will occur;
 - (ii) be kept on file at the physician assistant's practice location; and
 - (iii) be provided by the physician assistant to the board upon the board's request.
- (4) A physician assistant who wishes to change specialties to another specialty in which the PA has less than 4,000 hours of experience shall engage in collaboration for a minimum of 4,000 hours with a physician who is trained and experienced in the specialty to which the physician assistant is changing.

Section 7. Section 58-70a-501 is amended to read:

58-70a-501. Scope of practice.

- (1) {(a)} A physician assistant may provide any medical services that are not specifically prohibited under this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, and that are[:(a)] within the physician assistant's skills and scope of competence[;].
- [(b) within the usual scope of practice of the physician assistant's supervising physician; and]
- [(c) provided under the supervision of a supervising physician and in accordance with a delegation of services agreement.]
- ({b}<u>2</u>) A physician assistant shall consult, collaborate with, and refer to appropriate members of the health care team:
 - (fi)a) as indicated by the patient's condition;
- (\fix)\b) based on the physician assistant's education, experience, and competencies; \frac{1}{2}
 - (\fiii)c) the applicable standard of care\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2}; and
- ({c) The}d) if applicable, in accordance with the requirements described in Section 58-70a-307.
 - (3) Subject to Section 58-70a-307, the degree of collaboration under Subsection

<u>({1}</u> <u>2</u>) <u>:</u>
(tba) shall be determined at the physician assistant's practice, including decisions
made by the physician assistant's:
(i) employer;
(ii) group;
(iii) hospital service; or
(iv) health care facility credentialing and privileging system (); and
(\{d\}b) \{\text{The services provided}\} \text{may also be determined by a managed care}
organization with whom the physician assistant {includes, but is not limited to:
(i) obtaining a comprehensive health history;
(ii) performing a physical examination;
(iii) evaluating, diagnosing, managing, and providing medical treatment;
(iv) ordering, performing, and interpreting diagnostic studies and therapeutic
procedures;
(v) educating a patient on health promotion and disease prevention;
(vi) providing a consultation upon request; and
(vii) writing medical orders.
(e) is a network provider.
(4) A physician assistant may only provide healthcare services:
(a) for which the physician assistant has been trained and credentialed, privileged, or
authorized to perform; and
(b) that are within the physician assistant's {scope of } practice {:} specialty.
({i) provide a service in any health care facility or program including:
(A) a hospital;
(B) a nursing care facility;
(C) an assisted living facility; and
(D) hospice;
(ii) obtain informed consent:

and

(iv) certify the health or disability of a patient for any local, state, or federal program;

(iii) supervise, delegate, and assign therapeutic and diagnostic measures;

- (v) 35) A physician assistant may authenticate through a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit, or endorsement any document that may be authenticated by a physician and that is within the physician assistant's scope of practice.
- (A physician assistant is responsible for the care that the physician assistant provides.
 - ({g) An insurer as defined in Section 31A-1-301 may not:
 - (i) solely on the basis that a physician assistant is licensed as a physician assistant:
- (A) prohibit the physician assistant from billing and receiving direct payment for a medically necessary service that the physician assistant provides to the insurer's enrollee;
- (B) deny a claim for a medically necessary service that the physician assistant provides to the insurer's enrollee; or
 - (C) prohibit 7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7):
 - (i) "ALS/ACLS certification" means a certification:
 - (A) in advanced life support by the American Red Cross;
 - (B) in advanced cardiac life support by the American Heart Association; or
 - (C) that is equivalent to a certification described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B).
 - (ii) "Minimal sedation anxiolysis" means creating a drug induced state:
 - (A) during which a patient responds normally to verbal commands;
 - (B) which may impair cognitive function and physical coordination; and
 - (C) which does not affect airway, reflexes, or ventilatory and cardiovascular function.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsections (c) through (e), a physician assistant {from being listed as the provider in the billing and claims process for payment of the service; or
- (ii) impose a practice, education, or collaboration requirement on a physician assistant that is inconsistent with or more restrictive than the requirements in this title.
- (h) (i) may not administer general anesthetics.
- (c) A physician assistant may {provide health care services as a volunteer for a charitable organization or at a public or private event, including a religious event, youth camp, community event, or health fair, if the physician assistant:
 - (A) receives no compensation for such services; and
- (B) provides the health care services in a manner that is consistent with perform minimal sedation anxiolysis if the procedure is within the physician assistant's {education,

experience, and competence.

- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), scope of practice.
- (d) A physician assistant may perform rapid sequence induction for intubation of a patient if:
 - (i) the procedure is within the physician assistant's scope of practice;
- (ii) the physician assistant holds a valid ALS/ACLS certification and is credentialed and privileged at the hospital where the procedure is performed; and
 - (iii) (A) a qualified physician is not available and able to perform the procedure; or
- (B) the procedure is performed by the physician assistant under supervision of or delegation by a physician.
- (e) Subsection (7)(b) does not apply to anesthetics administered by a physician assistant who is providing volunteer health services under this Subsection (1)(h) may not issue a prescription to a patient for a controlled substance.

(2) }:

- (i) in an intensive care unit of a hospital;
- (ii) for the purpose of enabling a patient to tolerate ventilator support or intubation; and
- (iii) under supervision of or delegation by a physician whose usual scope of practice includes the procedure.
- [(2)] (8) (a) A physician assistant[, in accordance with a delegation of services agreement,] may prescribe or administer an appropriate controlled substance that is within the physician assistant's scope of practice if[:(a)] the physician assistant holds a Utah controlled substance license and a DEA registration[; and].
- [(b) the prescription or administration of the controlled substance is within the prescriptive practice of the supervising physician and also within the delegated prescribing stated in the delegation of services agreement.]
- (b) A physician assistant may prescribe, {dispense, }order, administer, and procure a drug or medical device that is within the physician assistant's scope of practice.
- (c) A physician assistant may {plan and initiate a therapeutic regimen that may include ordering and prescribing:
- (i) non-pharmacological interventions, including durable medical equipment, nutrition, blood, and blood products; and

(ii) diagnostic support services, including home health care, hospice, physical therapy, and occupational therapy. (3) A physician assistant with less than 4,000 hours of post-graduate clinical practice experience shall practice under written policies and procedures established at a practice level that: (a) describe how collaboration will occur under Subsections (1)(b) and (c); (b) describe methods for evaluating dispense a drug if dispensing the drug: (i) is permitted under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act; and (ii) is within the physician assistant's {competency, knowledge, and skills; and (c) provide a copy of the written policies and procedures and documentation of compliance with this Subsection (3) to the board upon the board's request. (4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies to a physician assistant who: (i) has less than 10,000 hours of practice experience; and (ii) does not practice at: (A) a licensed health care facility; (B) a facility with a credentialing and privileging system; or (C) a physician-owned office, facility, or practice. (b) scope of practice. (9) A physician assistant {described in Subsection (4)(a) shall enter into a written collaborative agreement with: (i) a physician; or (ii) a licensed physician assistant with more than 10,000 hours of practice experience in the same specialty as the physician assistant; (c) The collaborative practice agreement described in Subsection (4)(b) shall: (i) describe how collaboration under Subsection (1)(b) will occur; (ii) be kept on file at the physician assistant's practice location; and (iii) be provided by practicing independently may only perform or provide a health care service that: (a) is appropriate to perform or provide outside of a health care facility; and (b) the physician assistant {to the board upon the board's request. (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, a physician assistant may provide

mental health care and mental health therapy and treatment in a non-psychiatric practice setting if the services are consistent with:

- (a) customary and accepted practices in similar practice settings; and
- (b) applicable standards of care.
- [(3)] (6) has been trained and credentialed or authorized to provide or perform independently without physician supervision.
 - [(3)] (10) A physician assistant [shall], while practicing as a physician assistant[5]:
- (a) shall wear an identification badge showing the physician assistant's license classification as a physician assistant[:]; { and }
 - [(4) A physician assistant may not:]
- [(a) independently charge or bill a patient, or others on behalf of the patient, for services rendered;]
 - [(b) identify himself or herself]
 - (b) shall identify themselves to a patient as a physician assistant; and
- $(\{b\}c)$ may not identify $\{b\}$ to any person in connection with activities allowed under this chapter other than as a physician assistant [a,b] or \underline{PA} .
- [(c) use the title "doctor" or "physician," or by any knowing act or omission lead or permit anyone to believe the physician assistant is a physician.]

Section $\frac{7}{8}$. Section **58-70a-502** is amended to read:

58-70a-502. Unlawful conduct.

["Unlawful conduct" includes engaging in practice as a licensed physician assistant while not under the supervision of a supervising physician or substitute supervising physician.]

Reserved.

Section (8) <u>9</u>. Section **58-70a-503** is amended to read:

58-70a-503. Unprofessional conduct.

- (1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes:
- (a) violation of a patient confidence to any person who does not have a legal right and a professional need to know the information concerning the patient;
- (b) knowingly prescribing, selling, giving away, or directly or indirectly administering, or offering to prescribe, sell, furnish, give away, or administer any prescription drug except for a legitimate medical purpose upon a proper diagnosis indicating use of that drug in the amounts

prescribed or provided;

- (c) prescribing prescription drugs for oneself or administering prescription drugs to oneself, except those that have been legally prescribed for the physician assistant by a licensed practitioner and that are used in accordance with the prescription order for the condition diagnosed;
- [(d) failure to maintain at the practice site a delegation of services agreement that accurately reflects current practices;]
- [(e) failure to make the delegation of services agreement available to the division for review upon request;]
- [(f)] (d) in a practice that has physician assistant ownership interests, failure to allow [the supervising] a physician the independent final decision making authority on [patient] treatment decisions[, as set forth in the delegation of services agreement or as defined by rule {;} for the physician's patient;
- [(g)] ((d)e) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable; [or] and
- [(h)] (\frac{\{e\}f\}) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
- (i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
- (ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through [(g)] ((d)e) or Subsection 58-1-501(1).
- (2) (a) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, when registered as a qualified medical provider, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending the use of medical cannabis.
- [(3)] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the division, in consultation with the board and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define unprofessional conduct for a physician assistant described in Subsection (2)(a).

Section 10. Section 58-70a-507 is enacted to read:

58-70a-507. Volunteer health care services.

(1) A physician assistant may provide health care services as a volunteer for a

charitable organization or at a public or private event, including a religious event, youth camp, community event, or health fair, if the physician assistant:

- (a) receives no compensation for such services; and
- (b) provides the health care services in a manner that is consistent with the physician assistant's education, experience, and scope of practice.
- (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 58-70a-501(8), a physician assistant who is providing volunteer health services under this section may not issue a prescription to a patient for a controlled substance.