1	GUBERNATORIAL TRANSFER OF POWER
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
5	House Sponsor: Robert M. Spendlove
6	1 1
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill provides for the transition between gubernatorial administrations.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 defines terms;
13	 requires the Office of Executive Protection to provide security and protection to the
14	lieutenant governor, the lieutenant governor's family, a governor-elect, a
15	governor-elect's family, a lieutenant governor-elect, and a lieutenant
16	governor-elect's family;
17	 permits the Office of Executive Protection, in certain circumstances and at certain
18	times, to provide security and protection to candidates for the offices of governor
19	and lieutenant governor, and to an outgoing governor or outgoing lieutenant
20	governor;
21	 allows the Senate to waive the requirement that the governor provide nominee
22	information at least 30 days before the day of an extraordinary session for certain
23	gubernatorial nominees after a new governor's term begins;
24	 requires the executive branch and an incoming gubernatorial administration to work
25	together to facilitate an efficient transition between gubernatorial administrations;
26	 provides an incoming gubernatorial administration with office space and equipment
27	to be used during the transition period;

28	 authorizes the executive branch to share information and documents with an
29	incoming gubernatorial administration;
30	 permits a governor-elect and lieutenant governor-elect to hire staff to assist with the
31	transition into the offices of governor and lieutenant governor;
32	 allows appropriations to be made to the executive branch for use after a general
33	election for the office of governor, and to an incoming gubernatorial administration
34	to use in making the transition into the offices of governor and lieutenant governor;
35	 specifies how the governor's proposed budget is to be prepared in a year in which
36	there is a transition between gubernatorial administrations; and
37	 makes technical and conforming changes.
38	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
39	None
40	Other Special Clauses:
41	None
42	Utah Code Sections Affected:
43	AMENDS:
44	53-1-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 146
45	67-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373 and last amended by
46	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 365, and 373
47	ENACTS:
48	67-1b-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	67-1b-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	67-1b-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	67-1b-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	67-1b-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	67-1b-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	67-1b-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	67-1b-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	67-1b-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	67-1b-110, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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59	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
60	Section 1. Section 53-1-114 is amended to read:
61	53-1-114. Office of Executive Protection Security and protection for governor,
62	lieutenant governor, and their families Protection for other officials.
63	(1) The Office of Executive Protection shall provide all necessary security and
64	protection for the governor [and], the governor's immediate family, the lieutenant governor,
65	and the lieutenant governor's immediate family.
66	(2) (a) Subject to the direction of the commissioner, the Office of Executive Protection
67	may provide protection to other public officials.
68	(b) That protection may not extend for more than 15 days without review and approval
69	by majority vote of the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House, and the
70	commissioner.
71	(c) Review and approval by the same majority vote shall be required at the end of each
72	15-day period.
73	(3) The Office of Executive Protection shall provide security and protection in
74	accordance with Section 67-1b-108.
75	Section 2. Section 67-1-2 is amended to read:
76	67-1-2. Senate confirmation of gubernatorial nominees Verification of
77	nomination requirements Consultation on appointments Notification of anticipated
78	vacancies.
79	[(1) Until October 1, 2020, unless waived by a majority of the president of the Senate,
80	the Senate majority leader, and the Senate minority leader, 15 days before any Senate session to
81	confirm any gubernatorial nominee, except a judicial appointment, the governor shall send to
82	each member of the Senate and to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel:]
83	[(a) a list of each nominee for an office or position made by the governor in accordance
84	with the Utah Constitution and state law; and]
85	[(b) any information that may support or provide biographical information about the
86	nominee, including resumes and curriculum vitae.]
87	[(2)] (1) Except as provided in [Subsection (3), beginning October 1, 2020]
88	Subsections (2) and (3), at least 30 days before the day of an extraordinary session of the
89	Senate to confirm a gubernatorial nominee, the governor shall send to each member of the

90	Senate and to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel the following
91	information for each nominee:
92	(a) the nominee's name and biographical information, including a resume and
93	curriculum vitae with personal contact information, including home address, email address, and
94	telephone number, redacted, except that the governor shall send to the Office of Legislative
95	Research and General Counsel the contact information for the nominee;
96	(b) a detailed list, with citations, of the legal requirements for the appointed position;
97	(c) a detailed list with supporting documents explaining how, and verifying that, the
98	nominee meets each statutory and constitutional requirement for the appointed position;
99	(d) a written certification by the governor that the nominee satisfies all requirements
100	for the appointment; and
101	(e) public comment information collected in accordance with Section 63G-24-204.
102	[(3)] (2) (a) Subsection $[(2)]$ (1) does not apply to a judicial nominee.
103	(b) [Beginning October 1, 2020, a] \underline{A} majority of the president of the Senate, the
104	Senate majority leader, and the Senate minority leader may waive the 30-day requirement
105	described in Subsection [(2)] (1) for a gubernatorial nominee other than a nominee for the
106	following:
107	(i) the executive director of a department;
108	(ii) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
109	(iii) the executive director of the Labor Commission;
110	(iv) a member of the State Tax Commission;
111	(v) a member of the State Board of Education;
112	(vi) a member of the Utah Board of Higher Education; or
113	(vii) an individual:
114	(A) whose appointment requires the advice and consent of the Senate; and
115	(B) whom the governor designates as a member of the governor's cabinet.
116	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), within 45 days after the end of a transition
117	period, as defined in Section 67-1b-102, a majority of the president of the Senate, the Senate
118	majority leader, and the Senate minority leader may waive the 30-day requirement described in
119	Subsection (1) for gubernatorial nominees to the positions described in Subsections (2)(b)(i)
120	through (iii) and (2)(b)(vii).

121	(4) [Beginning October 1, 2020, the] The Senate shall hold a confirmation hearing for a
122	nominee for an individual described in Subsection $[(3)]$ (2)(b)(i) through (vii).
123	(5) [Beginning on October 1, 2020, the] The governor shall:
124	(a) if the governor is aware of an upcoming vacancy in a position that requires Senate
125	confirmation, provide notice of the upcoming vacancy to the president of the Senate, the Senate
126	minority leader, and the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel at least 30 days
127	before the day on which the vacancy occurs; and
128	(b) establish a process for government entities and other relevant organizations to
129	provide input on gubernatorial appointments.
130	(6) When the governor makes a judicial appointment, the governor shall immediately
131	provide to the president of the Senate and the Office of Legislative Research and General
132	Counsel:
133	(a) the name of the judicial appointee; and
134	(b) the judicial appointee's:
135	(i) resume;
136	(ii) complete file of all the application materials the governor received from the
137	Judicial Nominating Commission; and
138	(iii) any other related documents, including any letters received by the governor about
139	the appointee, unless the letter specifically directs that it may not be shared.
140	(7) The governor shall inform the president of the Senate and the Office of Legislative
141	Research and General Counsel of the number of letters withheld pursuant to Subsection
142	(6)(b)(iii).
143	(8) (a) Letters of inquiry submitted by any judge at the request of any judicial
144	nominating commission shall be classified as private in accordance with Section 63G-2-302.
145	(b) All other records received from the governor pursuant to this Subsection (8) may be
146	classified as private in accordance with Section 63G-2-302.
147	(9) The Senate shall consent or refuse to give its consent to the nomination or judicial
148	appointment.
149	(10) A judicial nominating commission shall, at the time the judicial nominating
150	commission certifies a list of the most qualified judicial applicants to the governor under
151	Section 78A-10-104, submit the same list to the president of the Senate, the Senate minority

152	leader, and the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
153	Section 3. Section 67-1b-101 is enacted to read:
154	CHAPTER 1b. TRANSITION TO NEW GUBERNATORIAL ADMINISTRATION
155	<u>67-1b-101.</u> Title.
156	This chapter is known as "Transition to New Gubernatorial Administration."
157	Section 4. Section 67-1b-102 is enacted to read:
158	<u>67-1b-102.</u> Definitions.
159	As used in this chapter:
160	(1) "Board of canvassers" means the state board of canvassers created in Section
161	<u>20A-4-306</u>
162	(2) "Capitol hill complex" means the same as that term is defined in Section
163	<u>63C-9-102.</u>
164	(3) "Department of Administrative Services" means the department created in Section
165	<u>63A-1-104</u>
166	(4) "Department of Technology Services" means the department created in Section
167	<u>63F-1-103.</u>
168	(5) "Division of Facilities Construction and Management" means the division created
169	<u>in Section 63A-5b-301.</u>
170	(6) (a) "Executive branch" means:
171	(i) the governor, the governor's staff, and the governor's appointed advisors;
172	(ii) the lieutenant governor and lieutenant governor's staff;
173	(iii) cabinet level officials;
174	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), an agency, board, department, division,
175	committee, commission, council, office, or other administrative subunit of the executive branch
176	of state government;
177	(v) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a cabinet officer, elected official, executive
178	director, or board or commission vested with:
179	(A) policy making and oversight responsibility for a state executive branch agency; or
180	(B) authority to appoint and remove the director of a state executive branch agency;
181	(vi) executive ministerial officers;
182	(vii) each gubernatorial appointee to a state board, committee, commission, council, or

183	authority;
184	(viii) each executive branch management position, as defined in Section 67-1-1.5;
185	(ix) each executive branch policy position, as defined in Section 67-1-1.5; and
186	(x) the military forces of the state.
187	(b) "Executive branch" does not include:
188	(i) the legislative branch;
189	(ii) the judicial branch;
190	(iii) the State Board of Education;
191	(iv) the Utah Board of Higher Education;
192	(v) institutions of higher education;
193	(vi) independent entities as defined in Section 63E-1-102;
194	(vii) elective constitutional offices of the executive department, including the state
195	auditor, the state treasurer, and the attorney general;
196	(viii) a county, municipality, school district, local district, or special service district; or
197	(ix) an administrative subdivision of a county, municipality, school district, local
198	district, or special service district.
199	(7) "Executive director of the Capitol Preservation Board" means the executive director
200	appointed under Section 63C-9-401.
201	(8) "Executive residence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 67-1-8.1.
202	(9) "Governor-elect" means, during a transition period, an individual whom the board
203	of canvassers determines to be the successful candidate for governor after a general election for
204	the office of governor, if that successful candidate is an individual other than the incumbent
205	governor.
206	(10) "Governor-elect's staff" means:
207	(a) an individual that a governor-elect intends to nominate as a department head;
208	(b) an individual that a governor-elect intends to appoint to a key position in the
209	executive branch;
210	(c) an individual hired by a governor-elect under Section 67-1b-107; and
211	(d) any other individual expressly engaged by the governor-elect to assist with the
212	governor-elect's transition into the office of governor.
213	(11) "Governor's Office of Management and Budget" means the office created in

214	Section 63J-4-201.
215	(12) "Incoming gubernatorial administration" means a governor-elect, a
216	governor-elect's staff, a lieutenant governor-elect, and a lieutenant governor-elect's staff.
217	(13) "Lieutenant governor-elect" means, during a transition period, an individual whom
218	the board of canvassers determines to be the successful candidate for lieutenant governor after
219	a general election for the office of lieutenant governor, if that successful candidate is an
220	individual other than the incumbent lieutenant governor.
221	(14) "Lieutenant governor-elect's staff" means:
222	(a) an individual hired by a lieutenant governor-elect under Section 67-1b-107; and
223	(b) any other individual expressly engaged by the lieutenant governor-elect to assist
224	with the lieutenant governor-elect's transition into the office of lieutenant governor.
225	(15) "Office of Executive Protection" means the office created in Section 53-1-112.
226	(16) "Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst" means the office created in Section
227	<u>36-12-13.</u>
228	(17) "Record" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-2-103.
229	(18) "State Building Board" means the board created in Section 63A-5b-201.
230	(19) "State Capitol Preservation Board" means the board created in Section 63C-9-201.
231	(20) "Transition period" means the period of time beginning the day after the meeting
232	of the board of canvassers under Section 20A-4-306 in a year in which the board of canvassers
233	determines that the successful candidate for governor is an individual other than the incumbent
234	governor, and ending on the first Monday of the next January.
235	Section 5. Section 67-1b-103 is enacted to read:
236	<u>67-1b-103.</u> Applicability.
237	(1) Except as otherwise provided, this chapter applies when there is a transition from
238	the administration of one governor to the administration of the next governor following a
239	regular general election at which a new governor is elected.
240	(2) Except as otherwise provided, this chapter does not apply:
241	(a) to a transition from the administration of one governor to the administration of
242	another governor due to a vacancy in the office of governor under Utah Constitution, Article
243	VII, Section 11; or
244	(b) if the successful candidate for governor is the incumbent governor.

245	Section 6. Section 67-1b-104 is enacted to read:
246	<u>67-1b-104.</u> Duties during transition period.
247	(1) During a transition period, the executive branch shall:
248	(a) provide any lawful assistance that the incoming gubernatorial administration may
249	reasonably request related to the transition between gubernatorial administrations; and
250	(b) take reasonable steps to:
251	(i) avoid or minimize disruptions that might be occasioned by a transition between
252	gubernatorial administrations; and
253	(ii) facilitate an efficient transition between gubernatorial administrations.
254	(2) During a transition period, the incoming gubernatorial administration shall take
255	reasonable steps to:
256	(a) avoid or minimize disruptions that might be occasioned by a transition between
257	gubernatorial administrations; and
258	(b) facilitate an efficient transition between gubernatorial administrations.
259	Section 7. Section 67-1b-105 is enacted to read:
260	<u>67-1b-105.</u> Office space Supplies and equipment Technology services
261	Executive residence.
262	(1) During a transition period, the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
263	shall make suitable office space reasonably proximate to the governor's office available to the
264	incoming gubernatorial administration.
265	(2) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall coordinate with the
266	executive director of the Capitol Preservation Board to determine whether space at the capitol
267	hill complex may be made available under Subsection (1).
268	(3) If space at the capitol hill complex is available to be used under Subsection (1), the
269	Division of Facilities Construction and Management and the executive director of the Capitol
270	Preservation Board shall coordinate to make that space available to the incoming gubernatorial
271	administration.
272	(4) The Department of Administrative Services shall furnish the office space provided
273	to the incoming gubernatorial administration under Subsection (1) with appropriate and
274	reasonable fixtures, furniture, office supplies, and office machines and equipment.
275	(5) The Department of Technology Services shall:

276	(a) provide suitable information and communication systems, products, and resources
277	for the office space made available to the incoming gubernatorial administration under
278	Subsection (1); and
279	(b) provide the members of the incoming gubernatorial administration, upon the
280	incoming gubernatorial administration's request, with reasonable mobile computing devices,
281	including mobile phones, tablet computers, or laptop computers.
282	(6) (a) In a year in which the board of canvassers determines that the successful
283	candidate for governor is the incumbent governor, the Division of Facilities Construction and
284	Management and the Capitol Preservation Board shall coordinate to make reasonable space
285	available, at the incumbent governor's request, for the incumbent governor's office to use to
286	prepare for the incumbent governor's next term.
287	(b) If the incumbent governor requests space under Subsection (6)(a), the Division of
288	Facilities Construction and Management and the Capitol Preservation Board shall make
289	available space that is reasonably proximate to the governor's office during the period of time
290	beginning the day after the meeting of the board of canvassers under Section 20A-4-306 and
291	ending on the first Monday of the next January.
292	(7) During a transition period, the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
293	shall coordinate with the incumbent governor, the governor-elect, and the State Building Board
294	to facilitate the transition of occupancy of the executive residence between the incumbent
295	governor and the governor-elect, including the completion of any maintenance, repair,
296	rehabilitation, alteration, or restoration projects that are scheduled to take place or which may
297	reasonably be accomplished during a transition period.
298	Section 8. Section 67-1b-106 is enacted to read:
299	67-1b-106. Access to records and information.
300	(1) During a transition period, the incoming gubernatorial administration shall be
301	timely provided, upon the incoming gubernatorial administration's request, with all records and
302	information from the executive branch upon any subject relating to the executive branch's
303	condition, expenditures, expenses, management, operations, personnel, and receipts.
304	(2) For a record requested by the incoming gubernatorial administration under
305	Subsection (1) that is classified as private or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
306	Records Access and Management Act, there is a rebuttable presumption that disclosure of the

307	record to the incoming gubernatorial administration meets the conditions for disclosure under
308	Subsection 63G-2-201(5).
309	(3) Members of an incoming gubernatorial administration who receive records under
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	this section are subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
311	and Management Act, governing the use and disclosure of records.
312	(4) The disclosure of a record that is classified as private or protected to an incoming
313	gubernatorial administration does not affect the classification of that record under Title 63G,
314	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
315	Section 9. Section 67-1b-107 is enacted to read:
316	67-1b-107. Employees of governor-elect and lieutenant governor-elect.
317	(1) During a transition period, a governor-elect may hire employees of the
318	governor-elect's choosing to assist the governor-elect with the governor-elect's preparations to
319	assume the office of governor.
320	(2) During a transition period, a lieutenant governor-elect may hire employees of the
321	lieutenant governor-elect's choosing to assist the lieutenant governor-elect with the lieutenant
322	governor-elect's preparations to assume the office of lieutenant governor.
323	(3) A governor-elect or lieutenant governor-elect may use funds appropriated under
324	Subsection 67-1b-109(1)(b) to provide reasonable compensation for employees hired under this
325	section.
326	(4) During a transition period, employees hired by a governor-elect or lieutenant
327	governor-elect under this section are not state employees and are not subject to the provisions
328	of Title 67, State Officers and Employees.
329	Section 10. Section 67-1b-108 is enacted to read:
330	<u>67-1b-108.</u> Security and protection.
331	(1) As used in this section, "commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety
332	appointed under Section 53-1-107.
333	(2) The Office of Executive Protection shall provide all necessary security and
334	protection for the governor-elect, the governor-elect's immediate family, the lieutenant
335	governor-elect, and the lieutenant governor-elect's immediate family during a transition period.
336	(3) The Office of Executive Protection may provide protection to a candidate for
337	governor, a candidate for governor's immediate family, a candidate for lieutenant governor, or a

338	candidate for lieutenant governor's immediate family during the time beginning on the date of
339	the general election and ending on the date of the meeting of the board of canvassers under
340	<u>Section 20A-4-306, if:</u>
341	(a) the candidate requests protection under this section; and
342	(b) the candidate's request for protection is approved by a majority vote of the president
343	of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the commissioner.
344	(4) (a) If requested by an outgoing governor and approved by a majority vote of the
345	president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representative, and the commissioner, the
346	Office of Executive Protection may provide protection to an outgoing governor, an outgoing
347	governor's immediate family, an outgoing lieutenant governor, or an outgoing lieutenant
348	governor's immediate family beginning on the day that the outgoing governor's term expires.
349	(b) Protection provided under Subsection (4)(a) shall be subject to the provisions of
350	<u>Subsections 53-1-114(2)(b) and (c).</u>
351	Section 11. Section 67-1b-109 is enacted to read:
352	<u>67-1b-109.</u> Appropriations.
353	(1) At the annual general session in each year in which there is a general election to
354	elect a new governor, the Legislature may:
355	(a) appropriate funds to be used by the executive branch to:
356	(i) fulfill the executive branch's responsibilities in relation to a transition between
357	gubernatorial administrations, including the duties described in Sections 67-1b-104 through
358	<u>67-1b-106, 67-1b-108, and 67-1b-110; or</u>
359	(ii) prepare for the incumbent governor's next term, in a year in which the board of
360	canvassers determines that the successful candidate for governor is the incumbent governor;
361	and
362	(b) appropriate funds to be used by a governor-elect and lieutenant governor-elect in
363	fulfilling the incoming gubernatorial administration's duties under Subsection 67-1b-104(2).
364	(2) A governor-elect may request supplemental appropriations from the Legislature.
365	(3) Any unexpended balance of an appropriation made under this section shall lapse to
366	the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year.
367	Section 12. Section 67-1b-110 is enacted to read:
368	<u>67-1b-110.</u> Governor's budget.

369 (1) During a transition period: (a) the governor-elect is entitled to participate in all budget meetings: 370 371 (b) the executive branch shall make all records and information related to the 372 preparation of the governor's confidential draft proposed budget available to the governor-elect 373 in accordance with Section 67-1b-106; and 374 (c) the incumbent governor shall consider any proposed additions or changes from the governor-elect in preparing the governor's confidential draft proposed budget recommendations 375 376 to be submitted to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst in accordance with Section 377 63J-1-201. 378 (2) (a) If the governor-elect proposes additions or changes to the governor that are not 379 adopted by the governor in preparing the governor's confidential draft proposed budget 380 recommendations, the governor-elect may prepare confidential proposed additions or changes 381 and submit them to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst concurrent with the governor's 382 confidential draft proposed budget recommendations. 383 (b) The Governor's Office of Management and Budget shall, at the request of the 384 governor-elect, assist the governor-elect in preparing confidential proposed additions or 385 changes to the incumbent governor's draft proposed budget recommendations for submission to 386 the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst. 387 (3) (a) After the incumbent governor's confidential draft proposed budget 388 recommendations are submitted to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, the 389 governor-elect is responsible for preparing the proposed budget to be submitted to the presiding 390 officers of each house of the Legislature in accordance with Section 63J-1-201, and shall 391 submit the proposed budget to the presiding officers of each house of the Legislature after 392 assuming the office of governor. 393 (b) The executive branch shall provide the governor-elect with any assistance 394 reasonably requested by the governor-elect to prepare the proposed budget to be submitted to 395 the presiding officers of each house of the Legislature. 396 (c) A governor whose term ends following a transition period may not submit a

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397 proposed budget to the presiding officers of each house of the Legislature.