

SB0227S02 compared with SB0227S01

~~text~~ shows text that was in SB0227S01 but was deleted in SB0227S02.

text shows text that was not in SB0227S01 but was inserted into SB0227S02.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

GENETIC INFORMATION PRIVACY ACT

2021 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble

House Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill enacts the Genetic Information Privacy Act.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ requires a direct-to-consumer genetic testing company to:
 - provide a consumer clear information regarding the company's collection, use, and disclosure of genetic data;
 - provide a consumer a publicly available privacy notice;
 - obtain a consumer's consent for certain collection, use, or disclosure of the consumer's genetic data;
 - protect a consumer's genetic data;

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- allow a consumer to access and delete the consumer's genetic data; and
- upon request, destroy a consumer's biological sample;
- ▶ prohibits a direct-to-consumer genetic testing company from disclosing a consumer's genetic data to certain persons; and
- ▶ empowers the Office of the Attorney General to take enforcement action against violators.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

ENACTS:

13-58-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953

13-58-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953

13-58-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953

13-58-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953

13-58-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953

13-58-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **13-58-101** is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 58. GENETIC INFORMATION PRIVACY ACT

Part 1. General Provisions

13-58-101. Title.

This chapter is known as the "Genetic Information Privacy Act."

Section 2. Section **13-58-102** is enacted to read:

13-58-102. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Biological sample" means any human material known to contain DNA, including tissue, blood, urine, or saliva.

(2) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of the state.

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(3) "Deidentified data" means data that:

(a) cannot reasonably be linked to an identifiable individual; and

(b) possessed by a company that:

(i) takes administrative and technical measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with a particular consumer;

(ii) makes a public commitment to maintain and use data in deidentified form and not attempt to reidentify data; and

(iii) enters into legally enforceable contractual obligation that prohibits a recipient of the data from attempting to reidentify the data.

(4) "Direct-to-consumer genetic testing company" or "company" means an entity that:

(a) offers consumer genetic testing products or services directly to consumers; or

(b) collects, uses, or analyzes genetic data that a consumer provides to the entity.

(5) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.

(6) "Express consent" means a consumer's affirmative response to a clear, meaningful, and prominent notice regarding the collection, use, or disclosure of genetic data for a specific purpose.

(7) (a) "Genetic data" means any data, regardless of format, concerning a consumer's genetic characteristics.

(b) "Genetic data" includes:

(i) raw sequence data that result from sequencing all or a portion of a consumer's extracted DNA;

(ii) genotypic and phenotypic information obtained from analyzing a consumer's raw sequence data; and

(iii) self-reported health information regarding a consumer's health conditions that the consumer provides to a company that the company:

(A) uses for scientific research or product development; and

(B) analyzes in connection with the consumer's raw sequence data.

(c) "Genetic data" does not include deidentified data.

(8) "Genetic testing" means:

(a) a laboratory test of a consumer's complete DNA, regions of DNA, chromosomes, genes, or gene products to determine the presence of genetic characteristics of the consumer; or

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(b) an interpretation of a consumer's genetic data.

Section 3. Section **13-58-103** is enacted to read:

13-58-103. Limitations.

This chapter does not apply to:

(1) protected health information that is collected by a covered entity or business associate as those terms are defined in 45 C.F.R Parts 160 and 164~~(f)(2)~~;

(2) a public or private institution of higher education; or

(3) an entity owned or operated by a public or private institution of higher education.

Section 4. Section **13-58-201** is enacted to read:

Part 2. Consumer Genetic Data

13-58-201. Consumer genetic information -- Privacy notice -- Consent -- Access -- Deletion -- Destruction.

(1) A direct-to-consumer genetic testing company shall:

(a) provide to a consumer:

(i) essential information about the company's collection, use, and disclosure of genetic data; and

(ii) a prominent, publicly available privacy notice that includes information about the company's data collection, consent, use, access, disclosure, transfer, security, retention, and deletion practices;

(b) obtain a consumer's initial express consent for collection, use, or disclosure of the consumer's genetic data that:

(i) clearly describes the company's use of the genetic data that the company collects through the company's genetic testing product or service;

(ii) specifies who has access to test results; and

(iii) specifies how the company may share the genetic data;

(c) if the company engages in any of the following, obtain a consumer's:

(i) separate express consent for:

(A) the transfer or disclosure of the consumer's genetic data to any person other than the company's vendors and service providers;

(B) the use of genetic data beyond the primary purpose of the company's genetic testing product or service; or

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(C) the company's retention of any biological sample provided by the consumer following the company's completion of the initial testing service requested by the consumer;

(ii) informed consent in accordance with the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects, 45 C.F.R. Part 46, for transfer or disclosure of the consumer's genetic data to a third party for:

(A) research purposes; or

(B) research conducted under the control of the company for the purpose of publication or generalizable knowledge; and

(iii) express consent for:

(A) marketing to a consumer based on the consumer's genetic data; or

(B) marketing by a third party person to a consumer based on the consumer having ordered or purchased a genetic testing product or service;

(d) require valid legal process for the company's disclosure of a consumer's genetic data to law enforcement or any government entity without the consumer's express written consent;

(e) develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive security program to protect a consumer's genetic data against unauthorized access, use, or disclosure; and

(f) provide a process for a consumer to:

(i) access the consumer's genetic data;

(ii) delete the consumer's account and genetic data; and

(iii) destroy the consumer's biological sample.

(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(iii), a direct-to-consumer genetic testing company with a first-party relationship to a consumer may, without obtaining the consumer's express consent, provide customized content or offers on the company's website or through the company's application or service.

Section 5. Section **13-58-202** is enacted to read:

13-58-202. Prohibited disclosures.

A direct-to-consumer genetic testing company may not disclose a consumer's genetic data **without the consumer's written consent** to:

(1) an entity that offers health insurance, life insurance, or long-term care insurance; or

(2) an employer of the consumer.

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Section 6. Section **13-58-301** is enacted to read:

Part 3. Enforcement

13-58-301. Enforcement powers of the attorney general.

- (1) The attorney general may enforce this chapter.
- (2) The attorney general may initiate a civil enforcement action against a person for violating this chapter.
- (3) In an action to enforce this chapter, the attorney general may recover:
 - (a) actual damages to the consumer;
 - (b) costs;
 - (c) attorney fees; and
 - (d) \$2,500 for each violation of this chapter.