

1 **FACE COVERING REQUIREMENTS**

2 2021 FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

3 STATE OF UTAH

4 **Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson**

5 Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers

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7 **LONG TITLE**

8 **General Description:**

9 This bill prohibits a face covering requirement in the system of higher education and in  
10 the public education system.

11 **Highlighted Provisions:**

12 This bill:

- 13 ▶ defines terms;
- 14 ▶ prohibits an institution of higher education from requiring a face covering to  
15 participate in or attend instruction, activities, or in any other place on the campus of  
16 the institution after the end of the spring semester in 2021;
- 17 ▶ prohibits the Utah Board of Higher Education from requiring a face covering to  
18 participate in or attend instruction, activities, or in any other place on the campus of  
19 the institution after the end of the spring semester in 2021; and
- 20 ▶ prohibits a face covering requirement to participate in or attend instruction,  
21 activities, or in any other place on the school campus or facilities in the system of  
22 public education after the end of the 2020-2021 school year.

23 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

24 None

25 **Other Special Clauses:**

26 This bill provides a special effective date.

27 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

28 AMENDS:

29 **53B-2-113**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 258

30 [53B-3-103](#), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 258

31 [53G-9-210](#), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 435

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33 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

34 Section 1. Section **53B-2-113** is amended to read:

35 **53B-2-113. Vaccination requirements -- Exemptions -- Face covering**  
36 **requirements.**

37 (1) An institution of higher education described in Section [53B-2-101](#) may not require  
38 proof of vaccination as a condition for enrollment or attendance unless the institution allows  
39 for the following exemptions:

40 (a) a medical exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the  
41 claimed exemption is for a medical reason; and

42 (b) a personal exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the  
43 claimed exemption is for a personal or religious belief.

44 (2) An institution that offers both remote and in-person learning options may not deny  
45 a student who is exempt from a requirement to receive a vaccine under Subsection (1) to  
46 participate in an in-person learning option based upon the student's vaccination status.

47 (3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3), "face covering" means the same as that term  
48 is defined in Section [53G-9-210](#).

49 (b) An institution of higher education described in Section [53B-2-101](#) may not require  
50 an individual to wear a face covering to attend or participate in in-person instruction,  
51 institution-sponsored athletics, institution-sponsored extracurricular activities, in dormitories,  
52 or in any other place on a campus of an institution within the system of higher education at any  
53 time after the end of the spring semester in 2021.

54 ~~(3)~~ (4) Subsections (1) ~~[and]~~, (2), and (3) do not apply to a student studying in a  
55 medical setting at an institution of higher education.

56 ~~(4)~~ (5) Nothing in this section restricts a state or local health department from acting  
57 under applicable law to contain the spread of an infectious disease.

58 Section 2. Section **53B-3-103** is amended to read:

59 **53B-3-103. Power of board to adopt rules and enact regulations.**

60 (1) The board may enact regulations governing the conduct of university and college  
61 students, faculty, and employees.

62 (2) (a) The board may:

63 (i) enact and authorize higher education institutions to enact traffic, parking, and  
64 related regulations governing all individuals on campuses and other facilities owned or  
65 controlled by the institutions or the board; and

66 (ii) acknowledging that the Legislature has the authority to regulate, by law, firearms at  
67 higher education institutions:

68 (A) authorize higher education institutions to establish no more than one secure area at  
69 each institution as a hearing room as prescribed in Section [76-8-311.1](#), but not otherwise  
70 restrict the lawful possession or carrying of firearms; and

71 (B) authorize a higher education institution to make a rule that allows a resident of a  
72 dormitory located at the institution to request only roommates who are not licensed to carry a  
73 concealed firearm under Section [53-5-704](#) or [53-5-705](#).

74 (b) In addition to the requirements and penalty prescribed in Subsections  
75 [76-8-311.1](#)(3), (4), (5), and (6), the board shall make rules to ensure that:

76 (i) reasonable means such as mechanical, electronic, x-ray, or similar devices are used  
77 to detect firearms, ammunition, or dangerous weapons contained in the personal property of or  
78 on the person of any individual attempting to enter a secure area hearing room;

79 (ii) an individual required or requested to attend a hearing in a secure area hearing  
80 room is notified in writing of the requirements related to entering a secured area hearing room  
81 under this Subsection (2)(b) and Section [76-8-311.1](#);

82 (iii) the restriction of firearms, ammunition, or dangerous weapons in the secure area  
83 hearing room is in effect only during the time the secure area hearing room is in use for  
84 hearings and for a reasonable time before and after its use; and

85 (iv) reasonable space limitations are applied to the secure area hearing room as

86 warranted by the number of individuals involved in a typical hearing.

87 (c) (i) The board may not require proof of vaccination as a condition for enrollment or  
88 attendance within the system of higher education unless the board allows for the following  
89 exemptions:

90 (A) a medical exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the  
91 claimed exemption is for a medical reason; and

92 (B) a personal exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the  
93 claimed exemption is for a personal or religious belief.

94 (ii) An institution that offers both remote and in-person learning options may not deny  
95 a student who is exempt from a requirement to receive a vaccine under Subsection (2)(c)(i) to  
96 participate in an in-person learning option based upon the student's vaccination status.

97 (iii) Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (ii) do not apply to a student studying in a medical setting  
98 at an institution of higher education.

99 (iv) Nothing in this section restricts a state or local health department from acting  
100 under applicable law to contain the spread of an infectious disease.

101 (d) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (2)(d), "face covering" means the same as that  
102 term is defined in Section 53G-9-210.

103 (ii) The board may not require an individual to wear a face covering as a condition of  
104 attendance for in-person instruction, institution-sponsored athletics, institution-sponsored  
105 extracurricular activities, in dormitories, or in any other place on a campus of an institution  
106 within the system of higher education at any time after the end of the spring semester in 2021.

107 (iii) Subsection (2)(d)(ii) does not apply to an individual in a medical setting at an  
108 institution of higher education.

109 (3) The board shall enact regulations that require all testimony be given under oath  
110 during an employee grievance hearing for a non-faculty employee of an institution of higher  
111 education if the grievance hearing relates to the non-faculty employee's:

112 (a) demotion; or

113 (b) termination.

114 (4) The board and institutions may enforce these rules and regulations in any  
115 reasonable manner, including the assessment of fees, fines, and forfeitures, the collection of  
116 which may be by withholding from money owed the violator, the imposition of probation,  
117 suspension, or expulsion from the institution, the revocation of privileges, the refusal to issue  
118 certificates, degrees, and diplomas, through judicial process or any reasonable combination of  
119 these alternatives.

120 Section 3. Section **53G-9-210** is amended to read:

121 **53G-9-210. Requirement for in-person instruction -- Test to stay programs --**  
122 **Face coverings.**

123 (1) As used in this section:

124 (a) "Case threshold" means as applicable, the number of students in a school, or  
125 percentage of students in a school who meet the conditions described in Subsection (3).

126 (b) "COVID-19" means:

127 (i) severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2; or

128 (ii) the disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2.

129 (c) "Extracurricular activity" means the same as that term is defined in Section

130 [53G-7-501](#).

131 (d) "Face covering" means a mask, shield, or other device that is intended to be worn in  
132 a manner to cover the mouth, nose, or face to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

133 [~~(e)~~] (e) "In-person instruction" means instruction offered by a school that allows a  
134 student to choose to attend school in-person at least four days per week if the student:

135 (i) is enrolled in a school that is not implementing a test to stay program; or

136 (ii) (A) is enrolled in a school that is implementing a test to stay program; and

137 (B) meets the test to stay program's criteria for attending school in person.

138 [~~(f)~~] (f) "Local Education Agency" or LEA means:

139 (i) a school district;

140 (ii) a charter school, other than an online-only charter school; or

141 (iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

142           ~~[(e)]~~ (g) "School" means a school other than an online-only charter school or an  
143 online-only public school.

144           ~~[(f)]~~ (h) "Test to stay program" means a program through which an LEA provides  
145 testing for COVID-19 for students during an outbreak of COVID-19 at a school in order to:

- 146           (i) identify cases of COVID-19; and
- 147           (ii) allow individuals who test negative for COVID-19 to attend school in person.

148           (2) (a) An LEA shall:

149           (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), beginning on March 22, 2021, ensure that a  
150 school offers in-person instruction; and

151           (ii) require a school that reaches the case threshold to:

152           (A) fulfill the requirement described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) by initiating a test to stay  
153 program for the school; and

154           (B) provide a remote learning option for students who do not wish to attend in person.

155           (b) The requirement to provide in-person instruction described in Subsection (2)(a)  
156 does not apply for a temporary period if the governor, the president of the Senate, the speaker  
157 of the House of Representatives, and the state superintendent of public instruction jointly  
158 concur with an LEA's assessment that due to public health emergency circumstances, the risks  
159 related to in-person instruction temporarily outweigh the value of in-person instruction.

160           (3) (a) For purposes of determining whether a school has reached the school's case  
161 threshold, a student is included in positive cases for the school if the student:

162           (i) within the preceding 14 days:

163           (A) attended at least some in-person instruction at the school; and

164           (B) tested positive for COVID-19; and

165           (ii) did not receive the student's positive COVID-19 test results through regular  
166 periodic testing required to participate in LEA-sponsored athletics or another LEA-sponsored  
167 extracurricular activity.

168           (b) (i) A school with 1,500 or more students meets the case threshold if at least 2% of  
169 the school's students meet the conditions described in Subsection (3)(a).

170 (ii) A school with fewer than 1,500 students meets the case threshold if 30 or more of  
171 the school's students meet the conditions described in Subsection (3)(a).

172 (4) (a) An LEA may not test a student for COVID-19 who is younger than 18 years old  
173 without the consent of the student's parent.

174 (b) An LEA may seek advance consent from a student's parent for future testing for  
175 COVID-19.

176 (5) An LEA, an LEA governing board, the state board, the state superintendent, or a  
177 school may not require an individual to wear a face covering to attend or participate in  
178 in-person instruction, LEA-sponsored athletics, or another LEA-sponsored extracurricular  
179 activity, or in any other place on the campus of a school or school facility after the end of the  
180 2020-2021 school year.

181 Section 4. **Effective date.**

182 If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect  
183 upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah  
184 Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,  
185 the date of veto override.